

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memorandum was tabled dated 5 April, 1965, from the Commissioner, for Council's consideration; regarding Territorial Grant for Yukon Federation of Home and School Association.

I understand that the provision of \$500.00 in the Estimates for 1965/6 for a Territorial Grant payable to the Yukon Federation of Home and School Association is in question and that you would like to be supplied with a copy of the Sessional Paper No. 33 dated 7th April, 1964, and a copy of pages 284 285 and 286 of the Votes and Proceedings for the Spring Session last year, when the Territorial Grant for this Association was first considered.

I have pleasure in enclosing a copy of those papers herewith.  
Signed: G.R. Cameron, Commissioner.

Also tabled was a memorandum from the Commissioner dated 5 April, 1965, in reply to Motion for Production of Paper No. 5 Land Policy, set out as Sessional Paper #45. Sessional  
Paper  
#45

Mr. Boyd, seconded by Mr. Taylor, introduced Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS. Introduc-  
tion  
Bill #9

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. MacKinnon gave notice of Motion respecting Core Type National Park for the Yukon Territory. Notices of  
Motions  
#39

Mr. Watt gave Notice of Motion respecting Winter Works Programme. #40

Mr. Watt gave Notice of Motion respecting Amendments to the Legal Professions Ordinance. #41

Mr. MacKinnon gave Notice of Motion respecting Inadequate Subsidy for School Children Away from Home. #42

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I wonder if a motion related to National Parks would be in order at this time in view of the House having discussed this matter at this session.

Mr. Speaker: I haven't seen the exact content of the Motion Mr. Taylor but National Parks of course would take in many facets of it, the same as any other thing it can be discussed and if Council feels it is out of order - because I don't know the exact contents of it I can't rightly accept it or reject it.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, Mr. Speaker, the matter has been under discussion and it was the decision of this Council that the matter will be referred to the parties thereto and I don't feel that such a motion would be in order at this time.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I think that Mr. Taylor is out of order in bringing this up at this time. I think he should see the motion. I don't think there has been any reference yet to a core type national park. This is a specific type of item and I seconded the motion and it is simply a request for firm information to Ottawa, this is all the motion entails. I think that when the motion comes up would be the proper time to decide whether it is out of order or not.

Mr. MacKinnon gave notice of Motion respecting Street Lighting at Beaver Creek. #43

Motion  
#37

Mr. Southam moved, seconded by Mr. Watt, it is respectfully requested that Commissioner Cameron and Mr. Fitzgerald be invited to meet with Council to discuss an amendment to the Game Ordinance that would have the effect of defining "resident" for the purposes of issuing hunting licences as being anyone who has resided continuously in the Territory for 31 consecutive days and on providing evidence of being employed for six months in the Territory.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Speaker, I think, in my own opinion, that when you come to work in this Territory here and you are gainfully employed immediately if you own a car you must get a car licence, that is the first thing. Secondly I think anyone who is working in the Territory should be entitled to everything that goes with it. I admit that quite frequently people don't stay as long as others, but in the motion I made a slight error, I intended to have that who ever it was should give evidence that he would be gainfully employed for the next six months. However, leave it as is, and it is still my opinion that if you have to go to the trouble of getting yourself a car licence immediately, I don't see why you can't have a hunting licence.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, on seconding the motion it is simply a request to ask that the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald meet with us in Committee, it is a request in the motion to discuss this in committee and it is a forewarning to Councillors that this is coming up and I think it is fair that we should do this when discussing game in our budget. I would like to have support of Council and have this referred to Committee when the experts are here so that they can tell us how this motion would effect the game population. The motion itself as it stands is simply a request that the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald be requested to attend and give their reaction on this. I think it will only be fair if the Council would have this so that we could get this further information from the Administration to see how this would effect the game population and the Ordinance, revenues, and everything else involved in this. I think that Mr. Southam has a very good motion there and I think it should receive the support of Council and as Mr. Southam has said there is an inadequacy and unfairness pointed out in respect to those who are living in the Territory and are coming to the Territory. I know of one particular case, and there are others like this, where these construction people come in and one particular case they have been here between 8 and 9 months every year for three years, and they have spent more time living in the Yukon Territory than they have any place else in the last few years, and probably more time right in the Territory than a lot of people who call their residence the Yukon Territory. I think it would be fair to have the motion deferred to Committee until such time as Mr. Fitzgerald is here.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, it looks like a fairly reasonable request to discuss this with the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald, I can really see nothing to difficult in that part of it.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, it is really a shame that Councillor Watt has put this motion before the table again. This has happened ever since, I believe, the first election, of the former Council - a political promise that has never been fulfilled, thank God for that. He has stated that his motion is strictly a request to have these people down and I disagree Mr. Speaker. This is not simply a request to have the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald express their view points, the Honourable Member has listened to their

Motion  
#37

Mr. Southam moved, seconded by Mr. Watt, it is respectfully requested that Commissioner Cameron and Mr. Fitzgerald be invited to meet with Council to discuss an amendment to the Game Ordinance that would have the effect of defining "resident" for the purposes of issuing hunting licences as being anyone who has resided continuously in the Territory for 31 consecutive days and on providing evidence of being employed for six months in the Territory.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Speaker, I think, in my own opinion, that when you come to work in this Territory here and you are gainfully employed immediately if you own a car you must get a car licence, that is the first thing. Secondly I think anyone who is working in the Territory should be entitled to everything that goes with it. I admit that quite frequently people don't stay as long as others, but in the motion I made a slight error, I intended to have that who ever it was should give evidence that he would be gainfully employed for the next six months. However, leave it as is, and it is still my opinion that if you have to go to the trouble of getting yourself a car licence immediately, I don't see why you can't have a hunting licence.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, on seconding the motion it is simply a request to ask that the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald meet with us in Committee, it is a request in the motion to discuss this in committee and it is a forewarning to Councillors that this is coming up and I think it is fair that we should do this when discussing game in our budget. I would like to have support of Council and have this referred to Committee when the experts are here so that they can tell us how this motion would effect the game population. The motion itself as it stands is simply a request that the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald be requested to attend and give their reaction on this. I think it will only be fair if the Council would have this so that we could get this further information from the Administration to see how this would effect the game population and the Ordinance, revenues, and everything else involved in this. I think that Mr. Southam has a very good motion there and I think it should receive the support of Council and as Mr. Southam has said there is an inadequacy and unfairness pointed out in respect to those who are living in the Territory and are coming to the Territory. I know of one particular case, and there are others like this, where these construction people come in and one particular case they have been here between 8 and 9 months every year for three years, and they have spent more time living in the Yukon Territory than they have any place else in the last few years, and probably more time right in the Territory than a lot of people who call their residence the Yukon Territory. I think it would be fair to have the motion deferred to Committee until such time as Mr. Fitzgerald is here.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, it looks like a fairly reasonable request to discuss this with the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald, I can really see nothing to difficult in that part of it.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, it is really a shame that Councillor Watt has put this motion before the table again. This has happened ever since, I believe, the first election, of the former Council - a political promise that has never been fulfilled, thank God for that. He has stated that his motion is strictly a request to have these people down and I disagree Mr. Speaker. This is not simply a request to have the Commissioner and Mr. Fitzgerald express their view points, the Honourable Member has listened to their

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memorandum was tabled dated 5 April, 1965, from the Commissioner, for Council's consideration; regarding Territorial Grant for Yukon Federation of Home and School Association.

I understand that the provision of \$500.00 in the Estimates for 1965/6 for a Territorial Grant payable to the Yukon Federation of Home and School Association is in question and that you would like to be supplied with a copy of the Sessional Paper No. 33 dated 7th April, 1964, and a copy of pages 284 285 and 286 of the Votes and Proceedings for the Spring Session last year, when the Territorial Grant for this Association was first considered.

I have pleasure in enclosing a copy of those papers herewith.  
Signed: G.R. Cameron, Commissioner.

Also tabled was a memorandum from the Commissioner dated 5 April, 1965, in reply to Motion for Production of Paper No. 5 Land Policy, set out as Sessional Paper #45. Sessional Paper #45

Mr. Boyd, seconded by Mr. Taylor, introduced Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS. Introduction Bill #9

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. MacKinnon gave notice of Motion respecting Core Type National Park for the Yukon Territory. Notices of Motions #39

Mr. Watt gave Notice of Motion respecting Winter Works Programme. #40

Mr. Watt gave Notice of Motion respecting Amendments to the Legal Professions Ordinance. #41

Mr. MacKinnon gave Notice of Motion respecting Inadequate Subsidy for School Children Away from Home. #42

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I wonder if a motion related to National Parks would be in order at this time in view of the House having discussed this matter at this session.

Mr. Speaker: I haven't seen the exact content of the Motion Mr. Taylor but National Parks of course would take in many facets of it, the same as any other thing it can be discussed and if Council feels it is out of order - because I don't know the exact contents of it I can't rightly accept it or reject it.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, Mr. Speaker, the matter has been under discussion and it was the decision of this Council that the matter will be referred to the parties thereto and I don't feel that such a motion would be in order at this time.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I think that Mr. Taylor is out of order in bringing this up at this time. I think he should see the motion. I don't think there has been any reference yet to a core type national park. This is a specific type of item and I seconded the motion and it is simply a request for firm information to Ottawa, this is all the motion entails. I think that when the motion comes up would be the proper time to decide whether it is out of order or not.

Mr. MacKinnon gave notice of Motion respecting Street Lighting at Beaver Creek. #43

view points ever since the last Council - he knows very well the view point of everyone on this particular score. He has taken a different tact by asking Councillor Southam to propose his own motion which shows that he of course has not the courage of his own convictions to place his own motion before the floor.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, point of order now.

Mr. Speaker: Order, please sit. Continue Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Watt: I rose on a point of order Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, the honourable Member from Whitehorse West has for two days been attempting to find someone to put this motion in for him. I know this and I think every Member at this table knows this, and I think we might as well call it for what it is. The effect of affecting this motion would not only be having Commissioner Cameron, Mr. Fitzgerald down here but it would be further wasting the time of Council, in my opinion, for the purpose of, as I said, fulfilling a political promise. We have a good sound working Game Ordinance we have had a good working game ordinance with respect to the fulfillment of resident qualifications in the Yukon Territory. This, Mr. Speaker, provides that you shall reside here for six months, now there must be a reason why we ask people to reside here for six months before having a game licence, and that is so that the people may acquaint themselves with not only our game, but with our game regulations our country, with many things, and I see no need to change it at this time and I would urge all Members of Council to have this motion defeated.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, the motion hasn't fooled anybody even though it was moved by Mr. Southam. It has been defeated in principle I think ever session that I have sat since being elected or since coming to this table. The people who live here are people who are trying to do something with this country they want to see it progress, they want to see the game protected and the very fact that we have our roots here it is rather irksome to find someone come in here who doesn't even have a gun, never lived where he could use a gun, he buys a gun and the first thing he wants to do is fire it at the first thing he can see. He doesn't have a clue in many, many, many, cases. I would say by far the majority, as to what he would do with an animal if he got one. If you want some stories, I have lots of them. I will site one that happened last year and I think it can be verified without any trouble. Three of these very people that we are talking about drive out to Mill 1120 odd, on the Highway, and they shoot a bull moose. Three of them. What happened to the bull mosse? He's still there. Now I can go on to all kinds of these fabulous deals. They don't own a nickel in the country they are here today and gone to-morrow. This includes all kinds of people who have no intentions of staying here other than to earn the money in the summer time, get out of the country in the winter time and take their money with them. They're not building the Yukon in any sense of the word. Without going any further, I am not prepared, and do not want to sit and listen to any discussion with Mr. Cameron or Mr. Fitzgerald on this particular subject, and I say that with respect to those people. It will not change my thinking in any way, and I agree that it is a form of wasting at least my time and, I feel, a lot of Council's time.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I rise once again on a point of privilege, I rose once before, and our rules, Standing Order #18(1) Whenever any matter of privilege arises it shall be taken into consideration immediately.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Speaker, I would just like to answer that, the Speaker has the say as to whether it is a matter of privilege or not, and he is entitled to listen to it long enough to find out whether it is privilege or not, and he makes the decision, not the Councillors. You don't make your own decisions in this case.

Mr. Speaker: Gentlemen, please be seated. I will read S.O. 18(1) When two or more members rise to speak, Mr. Speaker calls upon the member who first rose in his place. Mr. Taylor was speaking and had the floor, and I ruled that he should continue to have the floor and I did not feel that your point of order was valid enough to have the floor Mr. Watt, that is the ruling on this.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, speaking on this motion I don't think that any Territorial Councillor should be asked to sit in this Council Chamber and have to listen to personal insult from anybody from Watson Lake or any place else. Now, he has made accusations here and they were unfair accusations - now we are having trouble getting elected Members to run for Territorial Council and if we have to listen to somebody from Watson Lake like we have here now to come up here and listen to this kind of garbage that he has thrown into us here - do you expect to have any respect in this Territorial Council - we have no respect now, and we are going to have less in the future if we keep this up. When ever this individual gets up it is a personal slam every time and nobody should have to take something like this from this guy at Watson Lake here. I don't know what he is trying to do and I have had just about enough of this. If the Speaker won't call a little bit of order when there is some personal slam and accusations made against somebody then I think that this Council should start looking at itself a little bit and start going over the rules a little bit, and have a little respect for each other, I think this is just about enough of this. This motion was put in in good faith and it is bringing attention to a wrong that is being done and is perpetrated and I have heard enough of somebody getting up here and saying this is a political promise, a political gimmick - you can say that same thing for every single motion in this book that we've had in this last - in this session, but there is no other individual in this Chamber that has been insulting enough and mean enough to rise and make this accusation against somebody else and this same accusation has been made three or four times by this same Councillor here against myself, and not once was he called to order. Are we going to have rules here so that we can stand up here and start slaming people and do this type of thing - I know we have a Council here that is run by the hinter land and it is much to the disgrace of Council and we have a pretty hard time representing the 70% of the population that is in the Whitehorse area. The request is simple, it is made by Mr. Southam, this request has never been put here before that anybody be given a resident hunting licence after a specified period of time such as this. The statements that Mr. Taylor made were false - the other day I stood here and I listened to the member from Watson Lake saying a document that was tabled here was false, it was wrong, and he said you're a liar - as much as said you're a liar - and he kept this up for three solid hours and not once, and we went through the document, and not once did he say this was false or if he did he was wrong, and did he have the courage to get up and apologize-no. We have a Council here where a Member has got a right to get up and call somebody false, a liar, and everything else. He hasn't got the courage to get up and apologize and this is the type of thing we are going to keep putting up with in the Yukon Territory - if this is what we are going to do then we deserve the kind of respect that we are getting in this Territory and I must

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Speaker, I would just like to answer that; the Speaker has the say as to whether it is a matter of privilege or not, and he is entitled to listen to it long enough to find out whether it is privilege or not, and he makes the decision, not the Councillors. You don't make your own decisions in this case.

Mr. Speaker: Gentlemen, please be seated. I will read S.O. 18(1) When two or more members rise to speak, Mr. Speaker calls upon the member who first rose in his place. Mr. Taylor was speaking and had the floor, and I ruled that he should continue to have the floor and I did not feel that your point of order was valid enough to have the floor Mr. Watt, that is the ruling on this.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, speaking on this motion I don't think that any Territorial Councillor should be asked to sit in this Council Chamber and have to listen to personal insult from anybody from Watson Lake or any place else. Now, he has made accusations here and they were unfair accusations - now we are having trouble getting elected Members to run for Territorial Council and if we have to listen to somebody from Watson Lake like we have here now to come up here and listen to this kind of garbage that he has thrown into us here - do you expect to have any respect in this Territorial Council - we have no respect now, and we are going to have less in the future if we keep this up. When ever this individual gets up it is a personal slam every time and nobody should have to take something like this from this guy at Watson Lake here. I don't know what he is trying to do and I have had just about enough of this. If the Speaker won't call a little bit of order when there is some personal slam and accusations made against somebody then I think that this Council should start looking at itself a little bit and start going over the rules a little bit, and have a little respect for each other, I think this is just about enough of this. This motion was put in in good faith and it is bringing attention to a wrong that is being done and is perpetrated and I have heard enough of somebody getting up here and saying this is a political promise, a political gimmick - you can say that same thing for every single motion in this book that we've had in this last - in this session, but there is no other individual in this Chamber that has been insulting enough and mean enough to rise and make this accusation against somebody else and this same accusation has been made three or four times by this same Councillor here against myself, and not once was he called to order. Are we going to have rules here so that we can stand up here and start slaming people and do this type of thing - I know we have a Council here that is run by the hinter land and it is much to the disgrace of Council and we have a pretty hard time representing the 70% of the population that is in the Whitehorse area. The request is simple, it is made by Mr. Southam, this request has never been put here before that anybody be given a resident hunting licence after a specified period of time such as this. The statements that Mr. Taylor made were false - the other day I stood here and I listened to the member from Watson Lake saying a document that was tabled here was false, it was wrong, and he said you're a liar - as much as said you're a liar - and he kept this up for three solid hours and not once, and we went through the document, and not once did he say this was false or if he did he was wrong, and did he have the courage to get up and apologize-no. We have a Council here where a Member has got a right to get up and call somebody false, a liar, and everything else. He hasn't got the courage to get up and apologize and this is the type of thing we are going to keep putting up with in the Yukon Territory - if this is what we are going to do then we deserve the kind of respect that we are getting in this Territory and I must

view points ever since the last Council - he knows very well the view point of everyone on this particular score. He has taken a different tact by asking Councillor Southam to propose his own motion which shows that he of course has not the courage of his own convictions to place his own motion before the floor.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, point of order now.

Mr. Speaker: Order, please sit. Continue Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Watt: I rose on a point of order Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, the honourable Member from Whitehorse West has for two days been attempting to find someone to put this motion in for him. I know this and I think every Member at this table knows this, and I think we might as well call it for what it is. The effect of affecting this motion would not only be having Commissioner Cameron, Mr. Fitzgerald down here but it would be further wasting the time of Council, in my opinion, for the purpose of, as I said, fulfilling a political promise. We have a good sound working Game Ordinance we have had a good working game ordinance with respect to the fulfillment of resident qualifications in the Yukon Territory. This, Mr. Speaker, provides that you shall reside here for six months, now there must be a reason why we ask people to reside here for six months before having a game licence, and that is so that the people may acquaint themselves with not only our game, but with our game regulations our country, with many things, and I see no need to change it at this time and I would urge all Members of Council to have this motion defeated.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, the motion hasn't fooled anybody even though it was moved by Mr. Southam. It has been defeated in principle I think ever session that I have sat since being elected or since coming to this table. The people who live here are people who are trying to do something with this country they want to see it progress, they want to see the game protected and the very fact that we have our roots here it is rather irksome to find someone come in here who doesn't even have a gun, never lived where he could use a gun, he buys a gun and the first thing he wants to do is fire it at the first thing he can see. He doesn't have a clue in many, many, many, cases. I would say by far the majority, as to what he would do with an animal if he got one. If you want some stories, I have lots of them. I will site one that happened last year and I think it can be verified without any trouble. Three of these very people that we are talking about drive out to Mill 1120 odd, on the Highway, and they shoot a bull moose. Three of them. What happened to the bull moose? He's still there. Now I can go on to all kinds of these fabulous deals. They don't own a nickel in the country they are here today and gone to-morrow. This includes all kinds of people who have no intentions of staying here other than to earn the money in the summer time, get out of the country in the winter time and take their money with them. They're not building the Yukon in any sense of the word. Without going any further, I am not prepared, and do not want to sit and listen to any discussion with Mr. Cameron or Mr. Fitzgerald on this particular subject, and I say that with respect to those people. It will not change my thinking in any way, and I agree that it is a form of wasting at least my time and, I feel, a lot of Council's time.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I rise once again on a point of privilege, I rose once before, and our rules, Standing Order #18(1) Whenever any matter of privilege arises it shall be taken into consideration immediately.

say respect in this Council is slipping considerably.

Mr. Speaker: I have listened to these discussions and it appears to me gentlemen that Mr. Watt has felt that he has been unduly criticized, I would also feel in my judgment that Mr. Taylor has also been unduly criticized. We have two Members that get quite annoyed at each other, the remarks that were made, the matter of order, I think it is quite common that one sometimes refers to the other Honourable Member and it may not be in terms that they feel are complimentary, I don't think that that is anything that is against the Rules of Parliament or of Council, in fact I cannot see that I could interfere in what has been said today. Words such as liar and things like that are not permitted but in discussing these matters there are many times that Members disagree and so far in this particular matter I see no more offence given by the Member of Watson Lake to the Member of Whitehorse, than has been given by the Member of Whitehorse to the Member of Watson Lake. I suggest gentlemen that we forget the small things such as this - retain our tempers and go on with the business. We are discussing Motion #37 by Mr. Southam.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Speaker, I haven't anything more to say and I would move that question be called on the motion.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, the Member had asked me for an apology in this regard might I reply to this?

Mr. Speaker: I think we will leave the matter as it is Mr. Taylor. The question has been called.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Mr. Taylor, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Boyd and  
Mr. Speaker voting in the negative.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw that the matter of amusement tax be discussed in Committee of the Whole with Commissioner Cameron and Mr. MacKenzie in attendance. Motion #38

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, at the last fall session of Council we discussed this matter in Committee in order to try and find some relief for the operators of theatres in the out-lying districts and it was decided at that time that Mr. Commissioner or the Administration would write to these theatre owners in an attempt to see if they could find out how hard this tax was really hitting these operators. Now that I believe sufficient time has transpired and that we may have received this information - and also in view of the fact that Mr. Shaw would then be able to also discuss this in Committee of the Whole - I would ask that this motion be carried so that amusement tax could be discussed.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, speaking on the motion I think that you will find that all the Whitehorse Councillors are willing to have anything discussed before Committee and will spend our time willingly doing this and particularly if it is for somebody from the hinter land and you will find the co-operation that we are giving you is more than the co-operation that we are receiving, I will therefore vote for the motion Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MacKinnon: Well Mr. Speaker, it is just a simple request like the last one, I would go along with it.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Taylor: I have one question Mr. Speaker. I wonder if Mr. Clerk has received any information on this question #1 as to when we may receive a reply.

Clerk-of-Council: Well Mr. Speaker, Question #1 has been forwarded to Ottawa and I haven't any indication as to when I will receive a reply but I don't expect it will be too long.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the Clerk if he could inform us just on the regulations of pilot cars through the Territory.

Clerk-of-Council in his capacity as Registrar of Motor Vehicles: Mr. Speaker, the only regulations concerning pilot cars are that any company transporting a load which is over 11 feet in width must have a pilot car fore and aft, whether it is going through the Territory or whether it is from one point to another in the Territory. Does that answer your question Mr. MacKinnon?

Mr. MacKinnon: Not exactly, no. What are the regulations in regard to their licencing in this respect?

Clerk-of-Council: The licencing, or the permit requirement for a load being transported through the Territory applies only to the vehicle carrying the load. If he does not have a Yukon licence entitling him to haul goods into the Territory or through the Territory then he must obtain a permit, which costs him \$100.00 for one trip into the Territory to unload goods in the Territory or \$50.00 for one trip taking a load of goods through the Territory. The pilot car does not require any special licence whatsoever, it is merely a vehicle travelling through the Territory. I believe Mr. MacKinnon's point is that he would like these pilot cars to be forced to obtain a licence also, but this is not the case at the moment.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I believe in the Provinces that we would be stopped if we were piloting a load through -from the Territory with a territorial licence. Could you inform us as to whether that is true.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Registrar of Motor Vehicles): I don't know whether that is true or not Mr. Speaker, but I certainly will make inquiries, I won't be able to do it this week, but I will make inquiries, and if it is the case I have no hesitation in recommending that we follow suit, and do the same thing here.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions and the Main Supply Bill.

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee  
of the  
Whole

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee continued with Bill #4, Vote 20, with Mr. Spray, Area Development Officer, and Mr. MacKenzie, Territorial Treasurer, in attendance.

Mayo Sewer System (New) - \$76,100.00.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Chairman, are they still going to put in this sewer? I understood that it was going to be left in abeyance for some time to come. In any case it would be left to the people of the town wouldn't it before it was put in, this is just in case they want to put it in?

Mr. Taylor: I have one question Mr. Speaker. I wonder if Mr. Clerk has received any information on this question #1 as to when we may receive a reply.

Clerk-of-Council: Well Mr. Speaker, Question #1 has been forwarded to Ottawa and I haven't any indication as to when I will receive a reply but I don't expect it will be too long.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the Clerk if he could inform us just on the regulations of pilot cars through the Territory.

Clerk-of-Council in his capacity as Registrar of Motor Vehicles: Mr. Speaker, the only regulations concerning pilot cars are that any company transporting a load which is over 11 feet in width must have a pilot car fore and aft, whether it is going through the Territory or whether it is from one point to another in the Territory. Does that answer your question Mr. MacKinnon?

Mr. MacKinnon: Not exactly, no. What are the regulations in regard to their licensing in this respect?

Clerk-of-Council: The licencing, or the permit requirement for a load being transported through the Territory applies only to the vehicle carrying the load. If he does not have a Yukon licence entitling him to haul goods into the Territory or through the Territory then he must obtain a permit, which costs him \$100.00 for one trip into the Territory to unload goods in the Territory or \$50.00 for one trip taking a load of goods through the Territory. The pilot car does not require any special licence whatsoever, it is merely a vehicle travelling through the Territory. I believe Mr. MacKinnon's point is that he would like these pilot cars to be forced to obtain a licence also, but this is not the case at the moment.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I believe in the Provinces that we would be stopped if we were piloting a load through -from the Territory with a territorial licence. Could you inform us as to whether that is true.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Registrar of Motor Vehicles): I don't know whether that is true or not Mr. Speaker, but I certainly will make inquiries, I won't be able to do it this week, but I will make inquiries, and if it is the case I have no hesitation in recommending that we follow suit, and do the same thing here.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions and the Main Supply Bill.

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee  
of the  
Whole

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee continued with Bill #4, Vote 20, with Mr. Spray, Area Development Officer, and Mr. MacKenzie, Territorial Treasurer, in attendance.

Mayo Sewer System (New) - \$76,100.00.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Chairman, are they still going to put in this sewer? I understood that it was going to be left in abeyance for some time to come. In any case it would be left to the people of the town wouldn't it before it was put in, this is just in case they want to put it in?

say respect in this Council is slipping considerably.

Mr. Speaker: I have listened to these discussions and it appears to me gentlemen that Mr. Watt has felt that he has been unduly criticized, I would also feel in my judgment that Mr. Taylor has also been unduly criticized. We have two Members that get quite annoyed at each other, the remarks that were made, the matter of order, I think it is quite common that one sometimes refers to the other Honourable Member and it may not be in terms that they feel are complimentary, I don't think that that is anything that is against the Rules of Parliament or of Council, in fact I cannot see that I could interfere in what has been said today. Words such as liar and things like that are not permitted but in discussing these matters there are many times that Members disagree and so far in this particular matter I see no more offence given by the Member of Watson Lake to the Member of Whitehorse, than has been given by the Member of Whitehorse to the Member of Watson Lake. I suggest gentlemen that we forget the small things such as this - retain our tempers and go on with the business. We are discussing Motion #37 by Mr. Southam.

Mr. Southam: Mr. Speaker, I haven't anything more to say and I would move that question be called on the motion.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, the Member had asked me for an apology in this regard might I reply to this?

Mr. Speaker: I think we will leave the matter as it is Mr. Taylor. The question has been called.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Mr. Taylor, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Boyd and  
Mr. Speaker voting in the negative.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw that the matter of amusement tax be discussed in Committee of the Whole with Commissioner Cameron and Mr. MacKenzie in attendance.

Motion  
#38

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, at the last fall session of Council we discussed this matter in Committee in order to try and find some relief for the operators of theatres in the outlying districts and it was decided at that time that Mr. Commissioner or the Administration would write to these theatre owners in an attempt to see if they could find out how hard this tax was really hitting these operators. Now that I believe sufficient time has transpired and that we may have received this information - and also in view of the fact that Mr. Shaw would then be able to also discuss this in Committee of the Whole - I would ask that this motion be carried so that amusement tax could be discussed.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, speaking on the motion I think that you will find that all the Whitehorse Councillors are willing to have anything discussed before Committee and will spend our time willingly doing this and particularly if it is for somebody from the hinter land and you will find the co-operation that we are giving you is more than the co-operation that we are receiving, I will therefore vote for the motion Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MacKinnon: Well Mr. Speaker, it is just a simple request like the last one, I would go along with it.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. MacKenzie: Mr. Chairman, in this connection you might say that the proposal to spend this money on piped sewer and water at Mayo has been referred to Treasury Board. If the Department of Northern Affairs feel that it is out of line with the 5-Year Agreement which did not envisage piped systems but only trucked systems, but when Finance Committee met in Ottawa last month it was understood that the Department would refer the matter to Treasury Board. If expenditure is provided by Treasury Board and by the Department then the proposals will be referred to the residents of Mayo. However the position is complicated by the doubt as to whether or not Mayo is to be removed to another site.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I would like to point out for the record again and possibly Treasury Board would take this into consideration when they do consider our sewer systems and water systems is that Council in fact did envisage this in negotiating the 5-Year Agreement and Treasury Board, or the Committee on Finance in Ottawa failed to recognize our wishes, and I think that it might be wise to point out to Treasury Board that we had in fact envisaged this which brought this to their attention. I would like to ask Mr. MacKenzie when he feels we may have a reply from Treasury Board on these systems and would also like to ask a question in relation to Mayo sewer system - if the people of Mayo decide what direction they wish to follow in relocating the town and say were to go up on the higher ground right adjacent to the community. Would this sewer system still be available to them at that site?

Mr. MacKenzie: Well I think the whole question would have to be reviewed because this system takes into account the existing system. They would have to come up with fresh plans altogether.

Mr. Taylor: I was thinking, Mr. Chairman, more in the line of the actual funds, I mean would funds - I see there is an item of \$76,000.00 for sewer and 104,000.00, so say roughly \$200,000.00, so this would still be available to Mayo.

Mr. MacKenzie: Not necessarily to Mayo, it would all depend upon the particular circumstances at the time. If there was a need for the expenditures then the money would be spent.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, it is so far up in the air that there is no harm in leaving it in here but I cannot for the life of me see how they could possibly spend - here we talked yesterday about moving a place, we talked about surveying another town - another area behind where it is, and nothing is settled so this is just in here and we might as well forget about it for the time being.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, it is a step forward insofar as the money is provided and if it is possible to have it in I think that any group of people that can get water and sewer, it is a wonderful thing. There is quite a health situation developing there they must have one or the other, sewer or water, according to the health department, and the money is provided providing treasury can go along with it, myself I am very much in accord with it and the details can be worked out later. If it is not in here then nothing can be done, if it is in here there is a possibility.

Watson Lake Sewer System - \$106,100.00.

Mr. Chairman: This is contingent upon a plebiscite of the users.

Mr. MacKenzie: This is for Treasury Board approval, we spend the money on a piped sewer system, then we go down to Watson Lake and sound the people out.

Community Development Grants - \$56,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Boyd in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I had hoped that Mr. Commissioner could be with this on discussions of this matter, as you know we have made an arrangement whereby the Whitehorse Members will contribute, in view of the fact that they get this \$250,000.00 grant, to the balance of the Territory this year, and as a result we are going to have \$21,500.00 for our centennial projects. This will entitle us to get going on these projects this year, as a matter of fact I think we will have these projects completed by this fall if all goes well, at least in my district. I am wondering what effective control that each individual Councillor will be able to have over his district. Like we will bill these funds, Ottawa are going to match it now on this community development grant money and the Members from Whitehorse have kindly consented to go along with this and we will wind up with \$21,500.00 in effect in each of our districts. Will we still be able to approve the expenditure of these funds in our district, and I site for instance I believe Councillor MacKinnon has had a problem in his district centennial wise which I understand has been resolved, and I had a problem in mine which is not yet resolved and I would like the assurance that no monies would be spent until the Councillor for the area has approved the distribution of these funds. Could I have your assurance Mr. MacKenzie, that this would be so? Or does this have to be discussed further?

Mr. MacKenzie: I would say it should be discussed with the Commissioner, he is handling the centennial arrangements personally and I would say this is an item that would require his consent.

Whitehorse Road Construction Grants - \$45,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: This is in accordance Mr. Chairman with the Departmental Agreement whereby the City puts up 50% and the Territorial Government makes the grant..

Total - \$563,898.00.

Mr. Chairman: Do you have any other questions related to Municipal and Area Development?

Mr. Boyd: This is a case of where this \$8,000.00 is going to come out of this year's grant or allotment in total. I can visualize this money laying somewhere for a year to a year and a half. In the meantime we, the Whitehorse Councillors might have need to use some of this money rather than having it laying dormant. I mentioned this yesterday when Mr. Cameron was down here. I also verified this position at the time we promised to give up one year's holdings, by asking if this could be split over say two years, if it had to all come out of one year. The answer was no it didn't have to come out of one year that was an off the cuff answer but there isn't any sense in leaving this money laying dormant with nobody being able to use it according to my way of thinking when next year's money would suffice just as well.

Mr. Spray was excused from Committee.

Mr. MacKenzie: This is for Treasury Board approval, we spend the money on a piped sewer system, then we go down to Watson Lake and sound the people out.

Community Development Grants - \$56,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Boyd in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I had hoped that Mr. Commissioner could be with this on discussions of this matter, as you know we have made an arrangement whereby the Whitehorse Members will contribute, in view of the fact that they get this \$250,000.00 grant, to the balance of the Territory this year, and as a result we are going to have \$21,500.00 for our centennial projects. This will entitle us to get going on these projects this year, as a matter of fact I think we will have these projects completed by this fall if all goes well, at least in my district. I am wondering what effective control that each individual Councillor will be able to have over his district. Like we will bill these funds, Ottawa are going to match it now on this community development grant money and the Members from Whitehorse have kindly consented to go along with this and we will wind up with \$21,500.00 in effect in each of our districts. Will we still be able to approve the expenditure of these funds in our district, and I site for instance I believe Councillor MacKinnon has had a problem in his district centennial wise which I understand has been resolved, and I had a problem in mine which is not yet resolved and I would like the assurance that no monies would be spent until the Councillor for the area has approved the distribution of these funds. Could I have your assurance Mr. MacKenzie, that this would be so? Or does this have to be discussed further?

Mr. MacKenzie: I would say it should be discussed with the Commissioner, he is handling the centennial arrangements personally and I would say this is an item that would require his consent.

Whitehorse Road Construction Grants - \$45,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: This is in accordance Mr. Chairman with the Departmental Agreement whereby the City puts up 50% and the Territorial Government makes the grant..

Total - \$563,898.00.

Mr. Chairman: Do you have any other questions related to Municipal and Area Development?

Mr. Boyd: This is a case of where this \$8,000.00 is going to come out of this year's grant or allotment in total. I can visualize this money laying somewhere for a year to a year and a half. In the meantime we, the Whitehorse Councillors might have need to use some of this money rather than having it laying dormant. I mentioned this yesterday when Mr. Cameron was down here. I also verified this position at the time we promised to give up one year's holdings, by asking if this could be split over say two years, if it had to all come out of one year. The answer was no it didn't have to come out of one year that was an off the cuff answer but there isn't any sense in leaving this money laying dormant with nobody being able to use it according to my way of thinking when next year's money would suffice just as well.

Mr. Spray was excused from Committee.

Mr. MacKenzie: Mr. Chairman, in this connection you might say that the proposal to spend this money on piped sewer and water at Mayo has been referred to Treasury Board. If the Department of Northern Affairs feel that it is out of line with the 5-Year Agreement which did not envisage piped systems but only trucked systems, but when Finance Committee met in Ottawa last month it was understood that the Department would refer the matter to Treasury Board. If expenditure is provided by Treasury Board and by the Department then the proposals will be referred to the residents of Mayo. However the position is complicated by the doubt as to whether or not Mayo is to be removed to another site.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I would like to point out for the record again and possibly Treasury Board would take this into consideration when they do consider our sewer systems and water systems is that Council in fact did envisage this in negotiating the 5-Year Agreement and Treasury Board, or the Committee on Finance in Ottawa failed to recognize our wishes, and I think that it might be wise to point out to Treasury Board that we had in fact envisaged this which brought this to their attention. I would like to ask Mr. MacKenzie when he feels we may have a reply from Treasury Board on these systems and would also like to ask a question in relation to Mayo sewer system - if the people of Mayo decide what direction they wish to follow in relocating the town and say were to go up on the higher ground right adjacent to the community. Would this sewer system still be available to them at that site?

Mr. MacKenzie: Well I think the whole question would have to be reviewed because this system takes into account the existing system. They would have to come up with fresh plans altogether.

Mr. Taylor: I was thinking, Mr. Chairman, more in the line of the actual funds, I mean would funds - I see there is an item of \$76,000.00 for sewer and 104,000.00, so say roughly \$200,000.00, so this would still be available to Mayo.

Mr. MacKenzie: Not necessarily to Mayo, it would all depend upon the particular circumstances at the time. If there was a need for the expenditures then the money would be spent.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, it is so far up in the air that there is no harm in leaving it in here but I cannot for the life of me see how they could possibly spend - here we talked yesterday about moving a place, we talked about surveying another town - another area behind where it is, and nothing is settled so this is just in here and we might as well forget about it for the time being.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, it is a step forward insofar as the money is provided and if it is possible to have it in I think that any group of people that can get water and sewer, it is a wonderful thing. There is quite a health situation developing there they must have one or the other, sewer or water, according to the health department, and the money is provided providing treasury can go along with it, myself I am very much in accord with it and the details can be worked out later. If it is not in here then nothing can be done, if it is in here there is a possibility.

Watson Lake Sewer System - \$106,100.00.

Mr. Chairman: This is contingent upon a plebiscite of the users.

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 8, General.

Administration - \$32,769.00

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. MacKenzie what this machine rental is, maybe it would be better to buy that machine.

Mr. MacKenzie: It is not possible to buy this machine. The makers do not sell it but rent it. It is a postage machine.

Mr. Thompson: Might I ask how many are employed in Central Registry.

Mr. MacKenzie: They are partly Federal you know, I believe it is five. The person in charge is federal but a large part of the business is Territorial so we subscribe to some of the staff

Mr. Thompson: Where would I find a breakdown?

Mr. MacKenzie: On page 7.

Insurance - Property - \$53,846.00

Mr. Shaw: I note Mr. MacKenzie has some insurance policies on his file. Could he advise us what coverage that will give us in respect to \$53,846.00.

Mr. MacKenzie: You will notice in the breakdown of the \$53,846 the principle item is fire \$51,720.00. That covers the cost of all our buildings and there contents. In event of a total loss we would recover the full amount of our cost, would be fully reimbursed.

Mr. Thompson: Do you mean to tell me that if we have a fire in the liquor store that we would receive \$99,000.00?

Mr. MacKenzie: That is so. I hope we would receive a good deal more than that because \$99,000.00 wouldn't cover it. That is the cost of the building, \$99,000.00. If that were totally destroyed that would be the amount of money we would receive. The contents are another matter, they are insured separately.

Mr. Boyd: How do you arrive at your cost? You say it was built in 1930 it cost \$99,000.00, is this the figure we are using or are we working on a depreciation figure as well?

Mr. MacKenzie: No, depreciation does not enter into it. If we spend \$99,000.00 on this liquor store ten years ago, it is insured ten years ago for \$99,000.00 and it is insured for the same amount today, even though to replace it might cost \$150,000 or \$200,000. What we spend we insure, depreciation doesn't come into it and neither does replacement value.

Mr. Chairman: One question from the Chair, under Watson Lake you have got a power plant insured for \$4,100.00. Where would this be? This is on page 12.

Mr. MacKenzie: I couldn't answer that at the moment, I would have to do a little research.

Mr. Boyd: We have requested Mr. MacKenzie to look into the situation concerning insurance and I think before we leave here Mr. MacKenzie may have some paper presented to us which might change our thinking entirely on this insurance and I would like to suggest that we await his reply and not go into the questioning of the odd details here until we have his reply as requested.

Mr. MacKenzie: On this matter I have a memorandum that I have written to the Commissioner on this question that Council put to me in Committee the other day. The Commissioner has agreed to the action I propose and if you like I will read it out to you to save time otherwise it will take a couple of days for the paper to get to you.

Agreed.

Mr. MacKenzie then read the letter which is to be tabled at a later date and set out as a sessional paper.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think that gives us the answer we are looking for. It is possible to cut down our premium and still not carry too much risk ourselves because the first 50% of any loss will be covered fully. Then again this is the immediate future prospect if we are carrying the full risk ourselves.

Mr. Shaw: When Mr. MacKenzie mentioned covered fully does that mean up to a certain amount, certain figure for a building. For example we are getting the premium would be in half, obviously we cannot get the full benefit as we have in the past but how could we possibly get the full coverage on a building?

Mr. MacKenzie: Suppose we take a building for a million dollars as the cost price. We are going to insure that for half, \$500,000.00. Suppose that building is partially destroyed by fire and the total loss is say \$400,000.00. Then we would recover the full \$400,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: This would mean then that we will get up to a maximum regardless of the loss. We will get up to a maximum of 50% of the cost price.

Mr. Boyd: This is getting down to where we are beginning to see something worth while using the same comparison on that building. If the fire damage was \$600,000.00 on a million dollar building we would still collect half a million dollars and we would take from there on. I would like to suggest that we await this memorandum which has just been read to us and vote according to our desires on what shall be done at that time, providing it is at this session in relation to property insurance.

Agreed.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. MacKenzie would you make a note to find out where this power plant is?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes I will.

Insurance - Equipment - \$17,795.00

Mr. Boyd: This is another case where we had better start thinking too. For instance I notice this power plant-\$4,000.00. They burn up very, very rarely. We could afford to take the same attitude as we are with our property in the case of buildings.

Mr. Boyd: We have requested Mr. MacKenzie to look into the situation concerning insurance and I think before we leave here Mr. MacKenzie may have some paper presented to us which might change our thinking entirely on this insurance and I would like to suggest that we await his reply and not go into the questioning of the odd details here until we have his reply as requested.

Mr. MacKenzie: On this matter I have a memorandum that I have written to the Commissioner on this question that Council put to me in Committee the other day. The Commissioner has agreed to the action I propose and if you like I will read it out to you to save time otherwise it will take a couple of days for the paper to get to you.

Agreed.

Mr. MacKenzie then read the letter which is to be tabled at a later date and set out as a sessional paper.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think that gives us the answer we are looking for. It is possible to cut down our premium and still not carry too much risk ourselves because the first 50% of any loss will be covered fully. Then again this is the immediate future prospect if we are carrying the full risk ourselves.

Mr. Shaw: When Mr. MacKenzie mentioned covered fully does that mean up to a certain amount, certain figure for a building. For example we are getting the premium would be in half, obviously we cannot get the full benefit as we have in the past but how could we possibly get the full coverage on a building?

Mr. MacKenzie: Suppose we take a building for a million dollars as the cost price. We are going to insure that for half, \$500,000.00. Suppose that building is partially destroyed by fire and the total loss is say \$400,000.00. Then we would recover the full \$400,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: This would mean then that we will get up to a maximum regardless of the loss. We will get up to a maximum of 50% of the cost price.

Mr. Boyd: This is getting down to where we are beginning to see something worth while using the same comparison on that building. If the fire damage was \$600,000.00 on a million dollar building we would still collect half a million dollars and we would take from there on. I would like to suggest that we await this memorandum which has just been read to us and vote according to our desires on what shall be done at that time, providing it is at this session in relation to property insurance.

Agreed.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. MacKenzie would you make a note to find out where this power plant is?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes I will.

Insurance - Equipment - \$17,795.00

Mr. Boyd: This is another case where we had better start thinking too. For instance I notice this power plant-\$4,000.00. They burn up very, very rarely. We could afford to take the same attitude as we are with our property in the case of buildings.

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 8, General.

Administration - \$32,769.00

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. MacKenzie what this machine rental is, maybe it would be better to buy that machine.

Mr. MacKenzie: It is not possible to buy this machine. The makers do not sell it but rent it. It is a postage machine.

Mr. Thompson: Might I ask how many are employed in Central Registry.

Mr. MacKenzie: They are partly Federal you know, I believe it is five. The person in charge is federal but a large part of the business is Territorial so we subscribe to some of the staff.

Mr. Thompson: Where would I find a breakdown?

Mr. MacKenzie: On page 7.

Insurance - Property - \$53,846.00

Mr. Shaw: I note Mr. MacKenzie has some insurance policies on his file. Could he advise us what coverage that will give us in respect to \$53,846.00.

Mr. MacKenzie: You will notice in the breakdown of the \$53,846 the principle item is fire \$51,720.00. That covers the cost of all our buildings and there contents. In event of a total loss we would recover the full amount of our cost, would be fully reimbursed.

Mr. Thompson: Do you mean to tell me that if we have a fire in the liquor store that we would receive \$99,000.00?

Mr. MacKenzie: That is so. I hope we would receive a good deal more than that because \$99,000.00 wouldn't cover it. That is the cost of the building, \$99,000.00. If that were totally destroyed that would be the amount of money we would receive. The contents are another matter, they are insured separately.

Mr. Boyd: How do you arrive at your cost? You say it was built in 1930 it cost \$99,000.00, is this the figure we are using or are we working on a depreciation figure as well?

Mr. MacKenzie: No, depreciation does not enter into it. If we spend \$99,000.00 on this liquor store ten years ago, it is insured ten years ago for \$99,000.00 and it is insured for the same amount today, even though to replace it might cost \$150,000 or \$200,000. What we spend we insure, depreciation doesn't come into it and neither does replacement value.

Mr. Chairman: One question from the Chair, under Watson Lake you have got a power plant insured for \$4,100.00. Where would this be? This is on page 12.

Mr. MacKenzie: I couldn't answer that at the moment, I would have to do a little research.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) In the matter of equipment insurance I don't know that possibly we should decrease this insurance because here I think lies our greatest risk. Of course I am thinking in terms of the fact you are hiring seasonal employees and this type of thing in some instances. This covers all our equipment and vehicles, I imagine, for heavy equipment, pickups, cars, panels, etc. - it seems to me we should keep this insurance on. I really feel this way.

Mr. Boyd: I would not pursue it at the present time, personally, speaking for myself, but certainly if we are going to get into the situation where we are going to have the highway and all that equipment as our own responsibility. Then I think it is time to start thinking about something.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if I could ask if Mr. MacKenzie could give us a comparison in these two types of insurance, in our general insurance and our equipment insurance, say for the last 4 or 5 years. The total amount of premiums paid and the total amount of claims against either in this period.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Chairman, that could be done, it would have to be extracted of course.

Mr. Thompson: I think Mr. Chairman, that this would give us some indication of what we are trying to arrive at. How much we have actually expended in premiums as opposed to how much the claims that we have presented. Here again it just takes a bit of swallowing this interpretation that you got from Mr. Firth on this insurance basis. I am not very happy myself but we will wait until we get this from you in the form of a sessional paper and discuss it more fully. I think in the meantime if you could come up with these figures it would conceivably give us, shed a little light on this and give us some indication as to the outlay as opposed to the claims.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, but you can see pretty well now what the position is regarding, I think you said property insurance. You can see the premium is down there 1963-4 - \$48,000; 1962-3 - \$64,000.00; 1961-2 - \$26,000.00 and \$26,000.00 the year before and we have only had, in the past ten years really two claims of any size, one was the Dawson School that was \$6,000.00 I think and the other was a \$5,000.00 building at Carmacks in about eight years anyway. So we are well out of pocket there. Now the equipment, of course, we have had quite a number of small claims there but those would have to be extracted. I will have it done.

Mr. Thompson: Thank you.

Grant-B.C.-Yukon Chamber of Mines, Whitehorse - \$500.00

Mr. Taylor: (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) I would like to rise at this time with regard to the B.C. Yukon Chamber of Mines grant. I would like to point out that the grant money that is extended to this organization is bringing great accrued benefit to the Yukon Territory and would like to point out that the Chamber of Mines, since we started this grant, have certainly increased their facilities, to industry and to the general public. They have provided themselves with a tremendous layout over here in the next street. They are providing the people and the industry greater assistance every year through education through their prospecting schools, through their great library facilities and through their

individual assistance to individuals. In the advertising field, in relation to Yukon, besides their conferences such as the last great Resources Conference, the articles published by the Chamber relating to <sup>resource</sup> activity in the Yukon. They are now providing a service in order to stimulate investment and investors in the Territory, bringing us our stock returns twice a day over the radio, CBC, and also they have started a series in this regard to advise the investor on how to wisely to invest his money and the points to look at and not to, in general in other fields they are working with the prospectors, the mining companies and any other companies, survey or otherwise, that come into the Yukon. I would like to ask that in the future, possibly next year, that some earnest consideration be given to increasing this grant to a \$1,000.00 and bring it into line with some of the other grants. I really think that we are getting true value for these dollars. These people are encouraging great amounts of revenue into the Territory, this of course reflects back to our Territorial coffers in any respect. In this regard I would ask that this be considered in any event for next year for presentation to the Council.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to add that this year the B.C. Chamber and the Edmonton, Alberta Chamber have had their grants increased by a considerable amount by the Federal Government. It seems our Member of Parliament kind of forgot that we were here and didn't get our little dig in in time to be of any value to us, either forgot or didn't do it at least.

Mr. Chairman: Are we clear on this item?

All Clear.

Fitness and Amateur Sport - \$10,000.00

Mr. Chairman: Was it not the recommendation of the Financial Advisory Committee to have this amount increased in view of the interest in this Fitness and Amateur Sport grant this year.

Mr. MacKenzie: I don't recall that. It is picking up though.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if the Territorial Treasurer can tell us how much was spent last year.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, up to a point. Last year meaning the year ending March 31, 1965. I have the figures up to the time these estimates were prepared, ~~were~~ finalized, which was November, they are way out of date. At that time it was \$595.00. Since then there has been quite a number of payments.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to ask the same question of the Clerk, maybe he can give us a more up to date answer, even though it is rough.

Clerk-of-Council: As a matter of fact I saw this Fitness and Amateur Sport grant in here the other day at \$10,000.00 and I know that we have spent over \$20,000.00 now and is probably closer to \$35,000.00 to date. I think Mr. Judd is aware of that and looking after it.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Judd administers this program, he is the man to supply details to you but I can easily obtain an up to date figure of what has been paid out and I will do so.

Mr. Chairman: One further question, would not this \$10,000.00, I believe there is an item of about fifty thousand some odd dollars applied to this annually and would not this \$10,000.00 restrict us for this coming year.

individual assistance to individuals. In the advertising field, in relation to Yukon, besides their conferences such as the last great Resources Conference, the articles published by the Chamber relating to <sup>resource</sup> activity in the Yukon. They are now providing a service in order to stimulate investment and investors in the Territory, bringing us our stock returns twice a day over the radio, CBC, and also they have started a series in this regard to advise the investor on how to wisely to invest his money and the points to look at and not to, in general in other fields they are working with the prospectors, the mining companies and any other companies, survey or otherwise, that come into the Yukon. I would like to ask that in the future, possibly next year, that some earnest consideration be given to increasing this grant to a \$1,000.00 and bring it into line with some of the other grants. I really think that we are getting true value for these dollars. These people are encouraging great amounts of revenue into the Territory, this of course reflects back to our Territorial coffers in any respect. In this regard I would ask that this be considered in any event for next year for presentation to the Council.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to add that this year the B.C. Chamber and the Edmonton, Alberta Chamber have had their grants increased by a considerable amount by the Federal Government. It seems our Member of Parliament kind of forgot that we were here and didn't get our little dig in in time to be of any value to us, either forgot or didn't do it at least.

Mr. Chairman: Are we clear on this item?

All Clear.

Fitness and Amateur Sport - \$10,000.00

Mr. Chairman: Was it not the recommendation of the Financial Advisory Committee to have this amount increased in view of the interest in this Fitness and Amateur Sport grant this year.

Mr. MacKenzie: I don't recall that. It is picking up though.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if the Territorial Treasurer can tell us how much was spent last year.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, up to a point. Last year meaning the year ending March 31, 1965. I have the figures up to the time these estimates were prepared, ~~were~~ finalized, which was November, they are way out of date. At that time it was \$595.00. Since then there has been quite a number of payments.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to ask the same question of the Clerk, maybe he can give us a more up to date answer, even though it is rough.

Clerk-of-Council: As a matter of fact I saw this Fitness and Amateur Sport grant in here the other day at \$10,000.00 and I know that we have spent over \$20,000.00 now and is probably closer to \$35,000.00 to date. I think Mr. Judd is aware of that and looking after it.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Judd administers this program, he is the man to supply details to you but I can easily obtain an up to date figure of what has been paid out and I will do so.

Mr. Chairman: One further question, would not this \$10,000.00, I believe there is an item of about fifty thousand some odd dollars applied to this annually and would not this \$10,000.00 restrict us for this coming year.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) In the matter of equipment insurance I don't know that possibly we should decrease this insurance because here I think lies our greatest risk. Of course I am thinking in terms of the fact you are hiring seasonal employees and this type of thing in some instances. This covers all our equipment and vehicles, I imagine, for heavy equipment, pickups, cars, panels, etc. - it seems to me we should keep this insurance on. I really feel this way.

Mr. Boyd: I would not pursue it at the present time, personally, speaking for myself, but certainly if we are going to get into the situation where we are going to have the highway and all that equipment as our own responsibility. Then I think it is time to start thinking about something.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if I could ask if Mr. MacKenzie could give us a comparison in these two types of insurance, in our general insurance and our equipment insurance, say for the last 4 or 5 years. The total amount of premiums paid and the total amount of claims against either in this period.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Chairman, that could be done, it would have to be extracted of course.

Mr. Thompson: I think Mr. Chairman, that this would give us some indication of what we are trying to arrive at. How much we have actually expended in premiums as opposed to how much the claims that we have presented. Here again it just takes a bit of swallowing this interpretation that you got from Mr. Firth on this insurance basis. I am not very happy myself but we will wait until we get this from you in the form of a sessional paper and discuss it more fully. I think in the meantime if you could come up with these figures it would conceivably give us, shed a little light on this and give us some indication as to the outlay as opposed to the claims.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, but you can see pretty well now what the position is regarding, I think you said property insurance. You can see the premium is down there 1963-4 - \$48,000; 1962-3 - \$64,000.00; 1961-2 - \$26,000.00 and \$26,000.00 the year before and we have only had, in the past ten years really two claims of any size, one was the Dawson School that was \$6,000.00 I think and the other was a \$5,000.00 building at Carmacks in about eight years anyway. So we are well out of pocket there. Now the equipment, of course, we have had quite a number of small claims there but those would have to be extracted. I will have it done.

Mr. Thompson: Thank you.

Grant-B.C.-Yukon Chamber of Mines, Whitehorse - \$500.00

Mr. Taylor: (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) I would like to rise at this time with regard to the B.C. Yukon Chamber of Mines grant. I would like to point out that the grant money that is extended to this organization is bringing great accrued benefit to the Yukon Territory and would like to point out that the Chamber of Mines, since we started this grant, have certainly increased their facilities, to industry and to the general public. They have provided themselves with a tremendous layout over here in the next street. They are providing the people and the industry greater assistance every year through education through their prospecting schools, through their great library facilities and through their

Mr. MacKenzie: No, formerly, as you can see, \$59,000.00, which we didn't use anything like that. In 1963-4 we used \$5,700.00, in 1962-3 we used \$7,900.00 and up to the time these estimates were finalized we had paid out \$595.00. So what was the point in putting \$59,000.00 in your estimates when we're not going to spend it. So I had put in \$10,000.00 as being based on past experience. Now if that proves to be inadequate it is simple enough to increase it.

Mr. Chairman: But if applications are made in this regard, up to \$59,000.00, the total of our federal grant, will these be honoured?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes and covered by Supplementary Estimate.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. MacKenzie, your line of reasoning amazes me at times. You say that there is no point in putting it in if you are not going to spend it and then on another page we make arrangements for two or three hundred thousand dollars for something else and you say, leave it in because we might get around to it, we aren't too sure but if it is in there then we are sure of getting it. I feel, somebody has said that we have just spent \$30 or \$40,000.00, I am hoping that this was last years figures that they are talking about. If this is the case then I can't see where \$10,000.00 is going to be nearly enough for this year. I would like, at this time, to see it increased, if this is possible, but if it isn't possible make arrangements to set aside the difference between ten and fifty so that it is going to cover these exigencies because this is becoming more and more popular in this part of the country. I feel it is money well spent.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Chairman, it has quite suddenly become, I think, a popular program. It has been labouring for the first couple of years, couldn't get it off the ground, now it is off the ground all right and it appears that \$10,000.00 might not be sufficient.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, the reason it was laboring to some degree ~~it is~~ the feeling that the Administration had a lot to do with its curtailment. We couldn't get it off the ground. It was popular to start with. Now as long as we have your assurance that we will not be told that the money is all spent based on some such thinking as this. We want a guarantee, as Mr. Thompson points out, we want some guarantee that this money is going to be in there and no monkey business.

Mr. MacKenzie: There is no question about it.

Mr. Boyd: I hope you will be able to live through that deal.

Mr. MacKenzie: No question about it and regarding Mr. Thompson's comments on my reasoning, my reasoning depends upon the point I am trying to reach.

Mr. Thompson: I believe you.

Alaska-B.C.Yukon Conference - \$3,000.00

Mr. Chairman: This is a deletable item is it not.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, this has been postponed as we all know, so this money will not be utilized. But leave it in because it might prove useful to transfer to Fitness and Amateur Sport.

All Agreed.

Mr. Chairman: That brings us to a total of \$221,786.00 with two items deferred, Property and Equipment Insurance.

All Agreed.

Centennial Projects Programme - \$86,000.00

Mr. Shaw: Is this not a duplication to an extent with the centennial money. For the Community Development Grant we have the \$56,000.00 plus the \$13,000.00 tied up in one particular amount in Vote 20 - in other words there is a duplication of expenditures here.

Mr. MacKenzie: There has to be Mr. Chairman, you notice this is covered by the recoverable section down there.

Mr. Shaw: You are quite correct.

Mr. MacKenzie: Voted in one goes into recovery and comes out again as a capital vote. This is quite in order.

Mr. Shaw: I am not questioning the order, I am just wondering why, when you total all these expenditures up you have the \$56,000.00 in one group and you also have it here, and actually you aren't spending an additional \$56,000.00.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish Commissioner Cameron down for this?

Mr. Boyd: I don't know if it is going to get us anywhere. I have made my request to him and if he is able to cooperate I feel he will and I don't think I can get any more out of him than that.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) In regard to these grants I was worried for the past year that this subject, as raised by Councillor Boyd, would come up. In effect what this would mean in the outlying areas with our \$21,500.00 split into several communities, it would mean that we would be unable to proceed with our projects this year because our projects are small enough that they can be concluded and more probably will be concluded in one year. We have not got the borrowing power from the bank nor the money to pay the interest on borrowed money and if the Whitehorse members withdraw any part of their capital on this project it will mean that we will be retarded another year. We won't be able to start our projects until the actual centennial year, 1967. As I say I have been worried about this for a year that this subject would come up. I know that we in the outlying districts are losing our \$8,000.00 for community projects because we are the same as the Whitehorse members, though you are giving it to us for centennial project funds, we in the outlying districts are also doing the same thing. We are applying our \$8,000.00 to centennial projects and we are having to let our community associations go and all the normal things which we normally do. Unless we can keep the fund intact you are going to place a hardship on all these little projects, because unless you can get the funds to pay these things off they can't be done. The other question was the one I raised this morning, that I would certainly like the assurance of the Administration that each member will have the final approval of the distribution of that \$21,500.00 in his district in conjunction with his centennial convenor.

Mr. Boyd: This is none of my business, as far as this approval is concerned. I thought if you had a centennial committee and so on and if they had come to a decision I wouldn't want to

Mr. Chairman: That brings us to a total of \$221,786.00 with two items deferred, Property and Equipment Insurance.

All Agreed.

Centennial Projects Programme - \$86,000.00

Mr. Shaw: Is this not a duplication to an extent with the centennial money. For the Community Development Grant we have the \$56,000.00 plus the \$13,000.00 tied up in one particular amount in Vote 20 - in other words there is a duplication of expenditures here.

Mr. MacKenzie: There has to be Mr. Chairman, you notice this is covered by the recoverable section down there.

Mr. Shaw: You are quite correct.

Mr. MacKenzie: Voted in one goes into recovery and comes out again as a capital vote. This is quite in order.

Mr. Shaw: I am not questioning the order, I am just wondering why, when you total all these expenditures up you have the \$56,000.00 in one group and you also have it here, and actually you aren't spending an additional \$56,000.00.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish Commissioner Cameron down for this?

Mr. Boyd: I don't know if it is going to get us anywhere. I have made my request to him and if he is able to cooperate I feel he will and I don't think I can get any more out of him than that.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) In regard to these grants I was worried for the past year that this subject, as raised by Councillor Boyd, would come up. In effect what this would mean in the outlying areas, with our \$21,500.00 split into several communities, it would mean that we would be unable to proceed with our projects this year because our projects are small enough that they can be concluded and more probably will be concluded in one year. We have not got the borrowing power from the bank nor the money to pay the interest on borrowed money and if the Whitehorse members withdraw any part of their capital on this project it will mean that we will be retarded another year. We won't be able to start our projects until the actual centennial year, 1967. As I say I have been worried about this for a year that this subject would come up. I know that we in the outlying districts are losing our \$8,000.00 for community projects because we are the same as the Whitehorse members, though you are giving it to us for centennial project funds, we in the outlying districts are also doing the same thing. We are applying our \$8,000.00 to centennial projects and we are having to let our community associations go and all the normal things which we normally do. Unless we can keep the fund intact you are going to place a hardship on all these little projects, because unless you can get the funds to pay these things off they can't be done. The other question was the one I raised this morning, that I would certainly like the assurance of the Administration that each member will have the final approval of the distribution of that \$21,500.00 in his district in conjunction with his centennial convenor.

Mr. Boyd: This is none of my business, as far as this approval is concerned. I thought if you had a centennial committee and so on and if they had come to a decision I wouldn't want to

Mr. MacKenzie: No, formerly, as you can see, \$59,000.00, which we didn't use anything like that. In 1963-4 we used \$5,700.00, in 1962-3 we used \$7,900.00 and up to the time these estimates were finalized we had paid out \$595.00. So what was the point in putting \$59,000.00 in your estimates when we're not going to spend it. So I had put in \$10,000.00 as being based on past experience. Now if that proves to be inadequate it is simple enough to increase it.

Mr. Chairman: But if applications are made in this regard, up to \$59,000.00, the total of our federal grant, will these be honoured?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes and covered by Supplementary Estimate.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. MacKenzie, your line of reasoning amazes me at times. You say that there is no point in putting it in if you are not going to spend it and then on another page we make arrangements for two or three hundred thousand dollars for something else and you say, leave it in because we might get around to it, we aren't too sure but if it is in there then we are sure of getting it. I feel, somebody has said that we have just spent \$30 or \$40,000.00, I am hoping that this was last years figures that they are talking about. If this is the case then I can't see where \$10,000.00 is going to be nearly enough for this year. I would like, at this time, to see it increased, if this is possible, but if it isn't possible make arrangements to set aside the difference between ten and fifty so that it is going to cover these exigencies because this is becoming more and more popular in this part of the country. I feel it is money well spent.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, Mr. Chairman, it has quite suddenly become, I think, a popular program. It has been labouring for the first couple of years, couldn't get it off the ground, now it is off the ground all right and it appears that \$10,000.00 might not be sufficient.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, the reason it was laboring to some degree it is the feeling that the Administration had a lot to do with its curtailment. We couldn't get it off the ground. It was popular to start with. Now as long as we have your assurance that we will not be told that the money is all spent based on some such thinking as this. We want a guarantee, as Mr. Thompson points out, we want some guarantee that this money is going to be in there and no monkey business.

Mr. MacKenzie: There is no question about it.

Mr. Boyd: I hope you will be able to live through that deal.

Mr. MacKenzie: No question about it and regarding Mr. Thompson's comments on my reasoning, my reasoning depends upon the point I am trying to reach.

Mr. Thompson: I believe you.

Alaska-B.C.Yukon Conference - \$3,000.00

Mr. Chairman: This is a deletable item is it not.

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, this has been postponed as we all know, so this money will not be utilized. But leave it in because it might prove useful to transfer to Fitness and Amateur Sport.

All Agreed.

be, as a Councillor, interfering with their decisions and I wouldn't want them to be coming to me and saying - can I do it. This is a community deal and decided by the community people, however, that is your business not mine, I would not attempt to do it in Whitehorse with any of my people.

Mr. Taylor: The thing was that this thing in my district, the other major community was not consulted in this regard and they have only now been aware of the fact that Watson Lake wanted this \$21,500.00, the whole lump sum of it, leaving the rest of the district with absolutely nothing and no opportunity to participate in this birthday. I think we have got the matter pretty well under control. The community in question, of course, is Teslin. Teslin have held one meeting a few nights ago and I've got to go back to Teslin following this session and by that time they will have all their plans drawn up on their project. They phoned me to the effect that they want to put in a municipal park and playground area within the community itself but they are going to require, they feel, anywhere between \$6-9,000.00 or approximately \$8,000.00 of this fund. I feel that the individual member concerned, which in this case is myself, should have the opportunity of insuring that these funds may be distributed in an equitable manner.

Mr. Boyd: This brings another point to me. Here yesterday we voted \$7,000.00, you might say across the board, for wherever there was schools, for putting in what I would call very considerable space and playground area, football goal posts to the tune of \$50.00 per post and so on. Now these are pretty elaborate school grounds. As I see these small settlements, Teslin in particular and Carcross, there is ample playground there to take care of the community. I am beginning to wonder if this kind of duplication of playgrounds is being wise, in the first place, genuinely wise if it was looked at from a point of view of being your own money or private enterprise, you would certainly soon gather up your football and get it onto that other playground that is already existing without trying to maintain, keep and build another one. I think there is some food for thought here.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, Mr. Chairman, the Member just defeated his own argument when he said we shouldn't interfere with the centennial committee's in these communities. I **think** the real reason behind these little parks and recreational areas is because that in the outlying areas we are not given enough money to build anything with. We couldn't construct anything a building of this nature which would be anything or which would conform as a centennial project. This complex here of \$250,000.00 is a worthy complex or anything that would run \$60,000, \$50,000 in the form of an arena or something like this. But we don't have this kind of money and we don't have the money to maintain and keep these things up after we construct them. So, as you will note throughout most of the Yukon, many communities at least have decided to put in a municipal park, that is recreational areas. I think in Watson Lake, the second choice down there, which will probably be the ultimate choice, was a recreation area out near Watson Lake where the citizens could go out on a picnic, in other words something which is wholesome and something which is good for the whole family and not directed just at children or at adults and this is the type of thing that is envisaged at Teslin and other communities and I think it is very worthy. If they have only got \$8,000.00 to spend they can't do very much else and this way they can celebrate the birthday and provide a service to the community.

Mr. Shaw: In these matters such as this, it usually works out that what ever electoral district you may be in, the area which has the most people, usually is the most aggressive, has the most say and ends up with the most money. This has happened in my particular area and Dawson itself is getting this amount of money. There were public meetings called in relation to centennial projects, and they had various ~~and~~ sundry meetings with the people and they decided on this particular, I think they have a memorial park or something like this to construct. Myself, I am quite happy not to have to make decisions on this because this is something separate that every citizen had the right to go and decide what they wanted to have and as far as I am concerned I am quite willing to go along with their decision. I am not saying that I necessarily approve of their decision, I might have wanted something else personally. But there is a committee and it was formed in a democratic manner and so that is what they decided and I accepted it as that. However, there are small communities. I have Old Crow, Granville and Bear Creek and so on and these places of course don't have the big say that the larger centers will have. It is all relative Mr. Chairman. So I propose that for the following year, when the money becomes available from the grant, that they must have prior consideration on account of they got nothing for one particular year. It will be my problem to try and make it somewhat equitable to see that these smaller places get the consideration that they did not get in this centennial planning as it is.

Mr. Taylor: This is exactly what I am doing with the exception that I have two larger communities in my constituency, being Teslin and Watson Lake. The apportionment, as it would appear, taking both wishes into account would be that \$13,500.00 would go to Watson Lake and \$8,000.00 to Teslin, give or take as the case might be. This would be the ~~contribution of the centennial~~ funds and any other funds would have to be donated, or this type of thing, to either project, in excess of this.

Committee recessed until 2:00 P.M.

Mr. Shaw: In these matters such as this, it usually works out that what ever electoral district you may be in, the area which has the most people, usually is the most aggressive, has the most say and ends up with the most money. This has happened in my particular area and Dawson itself is getting this amount of money. There were public meetings called in relation to centennial projects, and they had various ~~and~~ sundry meetings with the people and they decided on this particular, I think they have a memorial park or something like this to construct. Myself, I am quite happy not to have to make decisions on this because this is something separate that every citizen had the right to go and decide what they wanted to have and as far as I am concerned I am quite willing to go along with their decision. I am not saying that I necessarily approve of their decision, I might have wanted something else personally. But there is a committee and it was formed in a democratic manner and so that is what they decided and I accepted it as that. However, there are small communities. I have Old Crow, Granville and Bear Creek and so on and these places of course don't have the big say that the larger centers will have. It is all relative Mr. Chairman. So I propose that for the following year, when the money becomes available from the grant, that they must have prior consideration on account of they got nothing for one particular year. It will be my problem to try and make it somewhat equitable to see that these smaller places get the consideration that they did not get in this centennial planning as it is.

Mr. Taylor: This is exactly what I am doing with the exception that I have two larger communities in my constituency, being Teslin and Watson Lake. The apportionment, as it would appear, taking both wishes into account would be that \$13,500.00 would go to Watson Lake and \$8,000.00 to Teslin, give or take as the case might be. This would be the ~~contribution of the centennial~~ funds and any other funds would have to be donated, or this type of thing, to either project, in excess of this.

Committee recessed until 2:00 P.M.

be, as a Councillor, interfering with their decisions and I wouldn't want them to be coming to me and saying - can I do it. This is a community deal and decided by the community people, however, that is your business not mine, I would not attempt to do it in Whitehorse with any of my people.

Mr. Taylor: The thing was that this thing in my district, the other major community was not consulted in this regard and they have only now been aware of the fact that Watson Lake wanted this \$21,500.00, the whole lump sum of it, leaving the rest of the district with absolutely nothing and no opportunity to participate in this birthday. I think we have got the matter pretty well under control. The community in question, of course, is Teslin. Teslin have held one meeting a few nights ago and I've got to go back to Teslin following this session and by that time they will have all their plans drawn up on their project. They phoned me to the effect that they want to put in a municipal park and playground area within the community itself but they are going to require, they feel, anywhere between \$6-9,000.00 or approximately \$8,000.00 of this fund. I feel that the individual member concerned, which in this case is myself, should have the opportunity of insuring that these funds may be distributed in an equitable manner.

Mr. Boyd: This brings another point to me. Here yesterday we voted \$7,000.00, you might say across the board, for wherever there was schools, for putting in what I would call very considerable space and playground area, football goal posts to the tune of \$50.00 per post and so on. Now these are pretty elaborate school grounds. As I see these small settlements, Teslin in particular and Carcross, there is ample playground there to take care of the community. I am beginning to wonder if this kind of duplication of playgrounds is being wise, in the first place, genuinely wise if it was looked at from a point of view of being your own money or private enterprise, you would certainly soon gather up your football and get it onto that other playground that is already existing without trying to maintain, keep and build another one. I think there is some food for thought here.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, Mr. Chairman, the Member just defeated his own argument when he said we shouldn't interfere with the centennial committee's in these communities. I think the real reason behind these little parks and recreational areas is because that in the outlying areas we are not given enough money to build anything with. We couldn't construct anything a building of this nature which would be anything or which would conform as a centennial project. This complex here of \$250,000.00 is a worthy complex or anything that would run \$60,000, \$50,000 in the form of an arena or something like this. But we don't have this kind of money and we don't have the money to maintain and keep these things up after we construct them. So, as you will note throughout most of the Yukon, many communities at least have decided to put in a municipal park, that is recreational areas. I think in Watson Lake, the second choice down there, which will probably be the ultimate choice, was a recreation area out near Watson Lake where the citizens could go out on a picnic, in other words something which is wholesome and something which is good for the whole family and not directed just at children or at adults and this is the type of thing that is envisaged at Teslin and other communities and I think it is very worthy. If they have only got \$8,000.00 to spend they can't do very much else and this way they can celebrate the birthday and provide a service to the community.

Tuesday, April 6th, 1965.  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Committee continued with discussion on Vote 20 with Mr. Judd in attendance.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): This morning I raised the question with respect to Centennial Projects. Possibly Mr. Judd would be in a position to give me an answer in this regard. As members of Committee will recall, I pointed out two problems, one being that if the total funds, as outlined here, are not made available to the outlying districts in the form of \$21,500.00 for each district, it may be impossible for us to embark on **our projects** this year and we would have to wait till the last year until we had sufficient funds. This is where any one of the Whitehorse members may wish to withdraw a certain amount of funds for community projects. However, if we can keep this fund intact it would be most desirable. The second point I raised was that I feel that the approval and expenditure of these funds in each district should be considered by each Councillor before they are actually expended. That is in total to the degree of ensuring that they have been equitably distributed throughout their own area. I cited the one case of the Watson Lake district whereby our plans are not formulated yet. Teslin's are just coming in and I would not want to see any lump sum go out to any one district. Therefore, I would ask that these funds be approved, as in the past, by the Councillor in each district and I would like to hear Mr. Judd's thoughts in this regard.

Mr. Judd: What I thought might be most useful at the beginning would be to present a brief report on the work of the Centennial Committee. It will only take a moment.

All: Agreed:

Mr. Judd: This report is an oral one. It will be followed by a written one in about a week. I mention that because I am appearing here as the Chairman of the Centennial Committee and any report I make must have the approval of the Committee. My draft report has gone out to the Committee members. It should be back within a week and I have no reason to believe that they won't agree with it because it is pretty much a summary of what we discussed. In fact, it is entirely a summary of what we discussed, so anything I say here today is subject to the subsequent approval of the Committee itself. When the report is written it will be sent to the Commissioner and to each Councillor. When the Centennial Committee met on March 26th, it discussed several aspects of the Centennial Project. I assume that Council now will be interested only in the projects for the four outlying districts and I will talk just about these. This is the scheme by which \$86,000.00 has been set aside from Territorial and Federal funds. The Centennial project for Dawson City was presented by Mr. Tom Retallack. The constituency intends to revamp, enlarge and improve Minto Park in the City of Dawson and they feel that they can do this with the \$21,500.00. There seems to have been general approval of the project and your Centennial Committee gave approval in principle at the meeting. Mrs. Jean Gordon presented the Centennial report for Mayo, Elsa and Keno. There is a Centennial Committee in that constituency comprised of representatives from all three communities and they have agreed to build up a park picnic ground recreational area at a place called Black Lake, which is half way between Elsa and Mayo. Again this can probably be done within the \$21,500.00 and again there seems to be pretty general approval of the idea from the constituency itself. The

Committee gave approval in principle. The Reverend Mr. Bay Clennett is the representative for Carmacks Kluane and he offered the following breakdown on the \$21,500.00, which again was tentatively approved by the Centennial Committee. The breakdown is this: Pally River \$1,500.00 in the hope that a light plant can be provided in the community hall; Haines Junction \$9,500.00 for the community club; Carmacks \$7,000.00 for the curling rink; Beaver Creek \$2,000.00 for their community club; \$1,700.00 to be shared between Destruction Bay and Burwash Landing. I believe that some of this will still have to be worked out on the ground by the constituency representatives. The committee decided to let the matter stand until its next meeting sometime towards the end of May. Father Studer is the representative from Watson Lake. He proposed to set aside \$2,000.00 for the community of Teslin and \$19,500.00 for Watson Lake to build a skating and hockey arena. Before I conclude, I think it would be useful if I mention what is perhaps the most important set of ideas to come out of this recent meeting. The Committee approved in principle all of these projects but the approval is subject to the following things: that the projects must be completed by 1967, that each project must display the Centennial plaque and that the projects must be for the use of all citizens. Fourthly, if the programme envisaged can't be paid for entirely by the Centennial contribution then the Committee wants to have firm financial proof that there is money in the bank to complete the project. We define "firm financial proof" in the terms of such things as bonds or co-signers at a bank. The fifth criterion is that it should be a functioning unit. In other words, if you are going to build a project which costs \$40,000.00 and you get only \$10,000.00 from the Centennial Fund, that \$10,000.00 is going to be used to build four walls and no roof and then it won't be approved. If you trim your plan down so that it costs only \$10,000.00 to build one segment of the building (say a curling rink or a meeting hall) then it will be approved. The sixth criterion is that there must be a local group of citizens in the community who will accept responsibility for overseeing the construction and the completion of the project. There will be no Government agency insofar as I know which will supervise or construct any of these projects. Finally, there are no funds for maintenance under the Centennial programme. The community and the Committee must assure themselves that the continuing costs of maintenance are going to be well taken care of.

Mr. Taylor: This has been most informative. I just forget what the first item was, but I have all the rest and this certainly gives us a clear picture of what is required. I am wondering if once again I could refer to the item of will these Councillors in these four outlying districts be in a position to give final approval on the expenditure of these funds before they are, in effect, expended in principle.

Mr. Judd: This was discussed by the Yukon Centennial Committee at its last meeting. We asked ourselves "What are we doing here, what is our role?" Here I am speaking on behalf of the Committee. The Committee felt that it had a real role in two ways. One was to instigate and initiate discussion between the four constituencies to try and get a consensus within the constituencies. I think it has been successful so far in two constituencies, Mayo and Dawson. It may still be successful in Carmacks Kluane and Watson Lake. That is our aim. The second role of the Committee was to recommend to the Commissioner and to the Council, not only the specific projects for the which the money should be spent, but generally the way it should be spent. In other words, some of these criteria that I read out are the thinking of the

Committee gave approval in principle. The Reverend Mr. Ray Clennett is the representative for Carmacks Kluane and he offered the following breakdown on the \$21,500.00, which again was tentatively approved by the Centennial Committee. The breakdown is this: Pally River \$1,500.00 in the hope that a light plant can be provided in the community hall; Haines Junction \$9,500.00 for the community club; Carmacks \$7,000.00 for the curling rink; Beaver Creek \$2,000.00 for their community club; \$1,700.00 to be shared between Destruction Bay and Burwash Landing. I believe that some of this will still have to be worked out on the ground by the constituency representatives. The committee decided to let the matter stand until its next meeting sometime towards the end of May. Father Studer is the representative from Watson Lake. He proposed to set aside \$2,000.00 for the community of Teslin and \$19,500.00 for Watson Lake to build a skating and hockey arena. Before I conclude, I think it would be useful if I mention what is perhaps the most important set of ideas to come out of this recent meeting. The Committee approved in principle all of these projects but the approval is subject to the following things: that the projects must be completed by 1967, that each project must display the Centennial plaque and that the projects must be for the use of all citizens. Fourthly, if the programme envisaged can't be paid for entirely by the Centennial contribution then the Committee wants to have firm financial proof that there is money in the bank to complete the project. We define "firm financial proof" in the terms of such things as bonds or co-signers at a bank. The fifth criterion is that it should be a functioning unit. In other words, if you are going to build a project which costs \$40,000.00 and you get only \$10,000.00 from the Centennial Fund, that \$10,000.00 is going to be used to build four walls and no roof and then it won't be approved. If you trim your plan down so that it costs only \$10,000.00 to build one segment of the building (say a curling rink or a meeting hall) then it will be approved. The sixth criterion is that there must be a local group of citizens in the community who will accept responsibility for overseeing the construction and the completion of the project. There will be no Government agency insofar as I know which will supervise or construct any of these projects. Finally, there are no funds for maintenance under the Centennial programme. The community and the Committee must assure themselves that the continuing costs of maintenance are going to be well taken care of.

Mr. Taylor: This has been most informative. I just forget what the first item was, but I have all the rest and this certainly gives us a clear picture of what is required. I am wondering if once again I could refer to the item of will these Councillors in these four outlying districts be in a position to give final approval on the expenditure of these funds before they are, in effect, expended in principle.

Mr. Judd: This was discussed by the Yukon Centennial Committee at its last meeting. We asked ourselves "What are we doing here, what is our role?" Here I am speaking on behalf of the Committee. The Committee felt that it had a real role in two ways. One was to instigate and initiate discussion between the four constituencies to try and get a consensus within the constituencies. I think it has been successful so far in two constituencies, Mayo and Dawson. It may still be successful in Carmacks Kluane and Watson Lake. That is our aim. The second role of the Committee was to recommend to the Commissioner and to the Council, not only the specific projects for the which the money should be spent, but generally the way it should be spent. In other words, some of these criteria that I read out are the thinking of the

Tuesday, April 6th, 1965.  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Committee continued with discussion on Vote 20 with Mr. Judd in attendance.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): This morning I raised the question with respect to Centennial Projects. Possibly Mr. Judd would be in a position to give me an answer in this regard. As members of Committee will recall, I pointed out two problems, one being that if the total funds, as outlined here, are not made available to the outlying districts in the form of \$21,500.00 for each district, it may be impossible for us to embark on our projects this year and we would have to wait till the last year until we had sufficient funds. This is where any one of the Whitehorse members may wish to withdraw a certain amount of funds for community projects. However, if we can keep this fund intact it would be most desirable. The second point I raised was that I feel that the approval and expenditure of these funds in each district should be considered by each Councillor before they are actually expended. That is in total to the degree of ensuring that they have been equitably distributed throughout their own area. I cited the one case of the Watson Lake district whereby our plans are not formulated yet. Teslin's are just coming in and I would not want to see any lump sum go out to any one district. Therefore, I would ask that these funds be approved, as in the past, by the Councillor in each district and I would like to hear Mr. Judd's thoughts in this regard.

Mr. Judd: What I thought might be most useful at the beginning would be to present a brief report on the work of the Centennial Committee. It will only take a moment.

All: Agreed:

Mr. Judd: This report is an oral one. It will be followed by a written one in about a week. I mention that because I am appearing here as the Chairman of the Centennial Committee and any report I make must have the approval of the Committee. My draft report has gone out to the Committee members. It should be back within a week and I have no reason to believe that they won't agree with it because it is pretty much a summary of what we discussed. In fact, it is entirely a summary of what we discussed, so anything I say here today is subject to the subsequent approval of the Committee itself. When the report is written it will be sent to the Commissioner and to each Councillor. When the Centennial Committee met on March 26th, it discussed several aspects of the Centennial Project. I assume that Council now will be interested only in the projects for the four outlying districts and I will talk just about these. This is the scheme by which \$86,000.00 has been set aside from Territorial and Federal funds. The Centennial project for Dawson City was presented by Mr. Tom Retallack. The constituency intends to revamp, enlarge and improve Minto Park in the City of Dawson and they feel that they can do this with the \$21,500.00. There seems to have been general approval of the project and your Centennial Committee gave approval in principle at the meeting. Mrs. Jean Gordon presented the Centennial report for Mayo, Elsa and Keno. There is a Centennial Committee in that constituency comprised of representatives from all three communities and they have agreed to build up a park picnic ground recreational area at a place called Black Lake, which is half way between Elsa and Mayo. Again this can probably be done within the \$21,500.00 and again there seems to be pretty general approval of the idea from the constituency itself. The

Committee. They don't necessarily come from the Centennial Committee. The answer to the question then is that the Committee will make specific recommendations to the Commissioner and to Council and I would assume that the expenditure of the funds would have to be approved of in the usual fashion by the Commissioner and Council.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, this is true and in accepting this Centennial programme in the amount of \$86,000.00 we would, of course, then give our concurrence for the expenditure of the funds. I am not taking case with the projects themselves but I am taking cause with the appropriation of money and, as I pointed out, Teslin was overlooked and just in the last number of days they have held a Community Club meeting and formed a committee of 4 to formulate their programme. They have decided to build a recreational part within the community which would be a playground and an all encompassing sort of a deal which is something that they really don't have right now. They predict that they shall require about \$8,000.00 of this fund and this would leave \$13,000.00 for Watson Lake. These are the only two communities which can really participate in the programme. Brooks Brook and Swift River are Government camps and the Government generally provides for their needs. Ross River are unable at this time to participate in the birthday in this manner. Therefore, I feel very strongly that if these people desire these funds they should have them. This would leave Watson Lake with \$13,500.00 and give Teslin \$8,000.00. I would not want to see these funds expended all in Watson Lake or to the deference of the community of Teslin. This is why I have asked that the member involved could be assured that he will have the right to make sure that these funds are being expended equally before they are expended.

Mr. Thompson: I was of the opinion that all the Territorial Councillors voted to turn these funds over for Centennial projects and I feel that there our interest in the matter ceases. We have set up a Centennial Committee. We have looked after the producing of the funds and now it is up to the Centennial Committee to see that they are expended in the proper way. This is their problem, not the individual Councillors' any longer.

Mr. MacKinnon: I might add that things seem to be going very well in my area and I would like to see it left that way. I can't see any sense in me getting involved if I don't have to. It's fine the way it is.

Mr. Taylor: I didn't have the opportunity to meet with the Centennial Committee that day because we were in Council. I feel that \$8,000.00 of this money is the property of the district and I feel that it is going to work. I just want the assurance that Teslin will be recognized here. Possibly the Centennial Committee wishes to place the balance of this money into Watson Lake and only give Teslin \$2,000.00. As a matter of fact, Teslin wasn't aware of what was going on until a few days ago. This representation of \$2,000.00 was given by one man in Teslin, not by any group so consequently I want the assurance that they will be able to get their share. Either that, or we might be able to get around this by withdrawing the \$8,000.00 from my district and leaving the balance for the other.

Mr. Boyd: We are talking in circles. Mr. Thompson has a very good point and if you weren't at the meeting of the Centennial Committee and you are a little disturbed about things, it is certainly no business of ours. We are not going to settle the Centennial Committee's reasoning or thinking. It is up to them

to settle their own and keep them out of our hands entirely. I won't make any decisions about anything and I don't expect anyone else would be happy to make any. This is strictly a Centennial deal. The money is in their pockets. It is up to you to settle with your own Centennial committee if you are not happy, but that is it. It is not up to us in any shape or form.

Mr. Taylor: I couldn't attend that meeting because we were meeting here in Council.

Mr. Boyd: That is beside the point. So be it. It doesn't say that we, because you weren't there, should be put on the spot of deciding issues on your behalf. You could have had a representative there. Maybe you did, maybe you didn't. I don't know, but it is certainly none of our concern here and I wouldn't want to say what we are going to do with that money. I don't want any part of it. We are giving the \$8,000.00 to a Centennial Committee. This is where our problems end as Council.

Mr. Shaw: I think I have suggested before what I have done in such circumstances and there were no problems there. The Dawson group actually got it all because it is a large population and the others didn't have too much say in it. I wasn't worried about that and the simple reason is that in future years I will see that the smaller areas will get their share. It might be a year behind but they will get their fair share of this amount and I would suggest to Mr. Taylor that he could give prime consideration to these people of Teslin in future years in view of the fact that Watson Lake got all the consideration for this particular year. You might not call it a Centennial programme but it balances out and you have the facility whatever it may be.

Mr. Taylor: I thank the member for his suggestion. However, I can't concur. I feel that Teslin was left out and that the people of Teslin never had an opportunity to have a Centennial committee. Nobody encouraged it. Nobody went near them. They never had a meeting on this till just a few days ago when they learned about this deal here. This is a \$30,000.00 skating rink that they are trying to build in Watson Lake and \$21,500.00 is not going to build it. As I say, Teslin have now held a meeting. They've got their four man committee getting up a project which is going to cost about \$8,000.00 and I feel that they are entitled to this. This is the only reason why I suggest that the members should have an opportunity of apportioning these funds. If I had known a little sooner I could have taken time off from Council and gone over and talked to the Centennial Committee, but I can't be in two places at once. This is why I ask for this consideration. I don't want to see the people of Teslin sold down the drain on this birthday. It is my intention to meet with the people following this Council Session, at which time they should have their plans formulated and submit them to the Administration. This is at their request.

Mr. Thompson: It seems rather inconceivable that anybody in the Territory wasn't aware of a Centennial project. It was in the papers. It was on the air. It was featured on News of the North and our good friend the Women's page of the Yukon and things of that nature. I can't see what all the hulabaloo is about. If they have only now got a project lined up I imagine that they have made overtures to the Centennial Committee as such, and this was their problem. I don't see where it is ours at all.

Mr. Taylor: I am probably to blame myself in this regard. The people of Teslin were aware that there is a Centennial coming up

to settle their own and keep them out of our hands entirely. I won't make any decisions about anything and I don't expect anyone else would be happy to make any. This is strictly a Centennial deal. The money is in their pockets. It is up to you to settle with your own Centennial committee if you are not happy, but that is it. It is not up to us in any shape or form.

Mr. Taylor: I couldn't attend that meeting because we were meeting here in Council.

Mr. Boyd: That is beside the point. So be it. It doesn't say that we, because you weren't there, should be put on the spot of deciding issues on your behalf. You could have had a representative there. Maybe you did, maybe you didn't. I don't know, but it is certainly none of our concern here and I wouldn't want to say what we are going to do with that money. I don't want any part of it. We are giving the \$8,000.00 to a Centennial Committee. This is where our problems end as Council.

Mr. Shaw: I think I have suggested before what I have done in such circumstances and there were no problems there. The Dawson group actually got it all because it is a large population and the others didn't have too much say in it. I wasn't worried about that and the simple reason is that in future years I will see that the smaller areas will get their share. It might be a year behind but they will get their fair share of this amount and I would suggest to Mr. Taylor that he could give prime consideration to these people of Teslin in future years in view of the fact that Watson Lake got all the consideration for this particular year. You might not call it a Centennial programme but it balances out and you have the facility whatever it may be.

Mr. Taylor: I thank the member for his suggestion. However, I can't concur. I feel that Teslin was left out and that the people of Teslin never had an opportunity to have a Centennial committee. Nobody encouraged it. Nobody went near them. They never had a meeting on this till just a few days ago when they learned about this deal here. This is a \$30,000.00 skating rink that they are trying to build in Watson Lake and \$21,500.00 is not going to build it. As I say, Teslin have now held a meeting. They've got their four man committee getting up a project which is going to cost about \$8,000.00 and I feel that they are entitled to this. This is the only reason why I suggest that the members should have an opportunity of apportioning these funds. If I had known a little sooner I could have taken time off from Council and gone over and talked to the Centennial Committee, but I can't be in two places at once. This is why I ask for this consideration. I don't want to see the people of Teslin sold down the drain on this birthday. It is my intention to meet with the people following this Council Session, at which time they should have their plans formulated and submit them to the Administration. This is at their request.

Mr. Thompson: It seems rather inconceivable that anybody in the Territory wasn't aware of a Centennial project. It was in the papers. It was on the air. It was featured on News of the North and our good friend the Women's page of the Yukon and things of that nature. I can't see what all the hulaballoo is about. If they have only now got a project lined up I imagine that they have made overtures to the Centennial Committee as such, and this was their problem. I don't see where it is ours at all.

Mr. Taylor: I am probably to blame myself in this regard. The people of Teslin were aware that there is a Centennial coming up

Committee. They don't necessarily come from the Centennial Committee. The answer to the question then is that the Committee will make specific recommendations to the Commissioner and to Council and I would assume that the expenditure of the funds would have to be approved of in the usual fashion by the Commissioner and Council.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, this is true and in accepting this Centennial programme in the amount of \$86,000.00 we would, of course, then give our concurrence for the expenditure of the funds. I am not taking case with the projects themselves but I am taking cause with the appropriation of money and, as I pointed out, Teslin was overlooked and just in the last number of days they have held a Community Club meeting and formed a committee of 4 to formulate their programme. They have decided to build a recreational part within the community which would be a playground and an all encompassing sort of a deal which is something that they really don't have right now. They predict that they shall require about \$8,000.00 of this fund and this would leave \$13,000.00 for Watson Lake. These are the only two communities which can really participate in the programme. Brooks Brook and Swift River are Government camps and the Government generally provides for their needs. Ross River are unable at this time to participate in the birthday in this manner. Therefore, I feel very strongly that if these people desire these funds they should have them. This would leave Watson Lake with \$13,500.00 and give Teslin \$8,000.00. I would not want to see these funds expended all in Watson Lake or to the deference of the community of Teslin. This is why I have asked that the member involved could be assured that he will have the right to make sure that these funds are being expended equally before they are expended.

Mr. Thompson: I was of the opinion that all the Territorial Councillors voted to turn these funds over for Centennial projects and I feel that there our interest in the matter ceases. We have set up a Centennial Committee. We have looked after the producing of the funds and now it is up to the Centennial Committee to see that they are expended in the proper way. This is their problem, not the individual Councillors' any longer.

Mr. MacKinnon: I might add that things seem to be going very well in my area and I would like to see it left that way. I can't see any sense in me getting involved if I don't have to. It's fine the way it is.

Mr. Taylor: I didn't have the opportunity to meet with the Centennial Committee that day because we were in Council. I feel that \$8,000.00 of this money is the property of the district and I feel that it is going to work. I just want the assurance that Teslin will be recognized here. Possibly the Centennial Committee wishes to place the balance of this money into Watson Lake and only give Teslin \$2,000.00. As a matter of fact, Teslin wasn't aware of what was going on until a few days ago. This representation of \$2,000.00 was given by one man in Teslin, not by any group so consequently I want the assurance that they will be able to get their share. Either that, or we might be able to get around this by withdrawing the \$8,000.00 from my district and leaving the balance for the other.

Mr. Boyd: We are talking in circles. Mr. Thompson has a very good point and if you weren't at the meeting of the Centennial Committee and you are a little disturbed about things, it is certainly no business of ours. We are not going to settle the Centennial Committee's reasoning or thinking. It is up to them

and they were aware that there were going to be funds made available but they didn't know how much nor what they did to get them, and unfortunately the convener did not contact the community as a whole. He got one person in the community appointed by the Community Club of Teslin and that was where the whole thing stopped. The convener never went back to the Community Club to explain anything to them and there was a request from them for information regarding this - how do they get in on it, what do they get, is it a grant? They didn't have any idea at all until the other day and now, in haste to catch up with it, they are getting their project lined up. They know what they want and they think they know what it is going to cost. They say it is going to cost in the vicinity of \$8,000.00. If this is the case, then I think they are going to have to receive special consideration. It is probably my fault. I thought that the Centennial convener would do this and I have been doing other things. I take the blame for not informing them, but nevertheless we have arrived at this situation.

Mr. Shaw: I am going to ask Mr. Judd to resolve this. I can see that there is a problem. Apparently all members are satisfied with what has come out of the Centennial. I think these people must be complimented for the work they have done on it but there does appear to be a problem in this respect which I see Councillor Taylor has. I would like to help him resolve it if possible without jeopardizing the present existing agreement. Let's assume that they get this \$2,000.00 this year. Could that project for Teslin not be completed in, let's say, 1966. In other words, they start the project with \$2,000.00 and go on to the next year and still call it a Centennial project. Actually it is a matter of procedure.

Mr. Judd: There are two answers to that question. The first answer, as far as I know and subject to the approval of Council next year, is that there will be additional funds in the community and these can be applied in the usual fashion. The second answer is that the Centennial Committee is still in the working stage on these projects. None of these projects have been approved finally by the Centennial Committee and none of them have been approved in Ottawa. They all have to be approved by the Centennial Committee before we can get the share of our Federal funds. The Committee's business is to be certain that anything they approve will be okayed by Ottawa, so Ottawa's approval will be more or less automatic. What I am saying is that there is still room for change. If any Centennial representative comes to the Committee and says "We've changed our minds", then we can revise their programme. My own supposition is that Dawson and Mayo are going to go ahead with what they have decided upon. I think there will probably be some changes and room for negotiation in Carmacks Klyane and Watson Lake and it was for this reason that the Centennial Committee left matters the way they were. Between now and the end of May, when there will be another meeting, the Centennial representatives will be responsible for seeing that any programme they propose can be got off the ground.

Mr. Southam: In the Mayo district we held a meeting, and the first thing that I told the group was that I didn't intend to have anything to do with it other than to try to advise in what I thought might make a Centennial project. No matter what you do, \$21,500.00 is not too much money and I advised them to have in reserve projects for the different parts of the community and this is what they did. I don't want anything to do with it as far as the money part goes and I told Mrs. Gordon that she would be the one who would be responsible. I was just there as an advisor and

nothing else. Probably this is what Councillor Taylor wants to do too.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Judd what will happen with money that might not be used. Will that go back to the Recreational Fund or can that be then transferred to another community if one community does not go ahead with its Centennial project?

Mr. Judd: I assume that the question of unused funds will have to be settled by Council as it is a matter of allocation of public funds. I would suggest that if the money is not used within one of the four constituencies, it be applied to a project within the same constituency. In other words, if Pelly River doesn't use all its money and Beaver Creek can use some more then I assume that Council are agreed that that money will be transferred. However, if it is a switch between constituencies then I would suggest that this is a matter for Council.

Mr. Shaw: There is still room for negotiation. These are not the final plans and perhaps Councillor Taylor could get into the frame and resolve this on the local level.

Mr. Taylor: I did not realize that I'd get such a stirring debate going here but this is my one big fear and I feel very strongly about it. As long as I can have some assurance that they will get their \$8,000.00, I will be quite content. This is all I wanted to ensure - that no one person could go and grab the lion's share of this thing. I might point out that my Teslin Community Hall is still in debt and when the Community Development Funds are released next year they will have to go to all the communities, which they can't under this Centennial.

Mr. Thompson: This brings up another problem which Mr. Boyd raised, which was the possibility of, rather than taking the full \$8,000.00 from the Community Development Fund this year in the event that some of these Centennial projects don't get off the ground this year, would 50% of the Whitehorse funds conceivably be available for community projects this year at 50% of next year's Community Development Fund being earmarked for the balance of the Centennial programme. This again is purely supposition. Our thinking was that between the three of us there are \$24,000.00 to be donated to the other four areas. If this money has not been allocated or spent by June or July we will again wonder if we are going to be able to spend any of it this year. If not, then could we, with the Territorial Treasurer's permission, use half of our own money this summer and take half of our next year's allotment to make up the difference. Do you think this sounds reasonable, or should we have Mr. MacKenzie here?

Mr. Judd: From my point of view, going on instinct, I think it is most unlikely that all this money will be spent during the next 12 months. If Council wishes to change the precise allocation this year, I see no practical reason why it would not work. In other words, I assume that the three Whitehorse constituencies would withdraw a total of \$12,000.00 from the \$86,000.00 allocated this year and that that \$12,000.00 would be subsequently applied during 1966/67. I can see no reason why this would not work.

Mr. Taylor: I did point out that in the Carmacks Kluane area, where the projects are smaller and require less funds, it is the general desire to fulfil these projects in one year. You get a cat on the job and you buy equipment and get a move on and you can do this in one year. If this money is withdrawn then there will

nothing else. Probably this is what Councillor Taylor wants to do too.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Judd what will happen with money that might not be used. Will that go back to the Recreational Fund or can that be then transferred to another community if one community does not go ahead with its Centennial project?

Mr. Judd: I assume that the question of unused funds will have to be settled by Council as it is a matter of allocation of public funds. I would suggest that if the money is not used within one of the four constituencies, it be applied to a project within the same constituency. In other words, if Pally River doesn't use all its money and Beaver Creek can use some more then I assume that Council are agreed that that money will be transferred. However, if it is a switch between constituencies then I would suggest that this is a matter for Council.

Mr. Shaw: There is still room for negotiation. These are not the final plans and perhaps Councillor Taylor could get into the frame and resolve this on the local level.

Mr. Taylor: I did not realize that I'd get such a stirring debate going here but this is my one big fear and I feel very strongly about it. As long as I can have some assurance that they will get their \$8,000.00, I will be quite content. This is all I wanted to ensure - that no one person could go and grab the lion's share of this thing. I might point out that my Teslin Community Hall is still in debt and when the Community Development Funds are released next year they will have to go to all the communities, which they can't under this Centennial.

Mr. Thompson: This brings up another problem which Mr. Boyd raised, which was the possibility of, rather than taking the full \$8,000.00 from the Community Development Fund this year in the event that some of these Centennial projects don't get off the ground this year, would 50% of the Whitehorse funds conceivably be available for community projects this year at 50% of next year's Community Development Fund being earmarked for the balance of the Centennial programme. This again is purely supposition. Our thinking was that between the three of us there are \$24,000.00 to be donated to the other four areas. If this money has not been allocated or spent by June or July we will again wonder if we are going to be able to spend any of it this year. If not, then could we, with the Territorial Treasurer's permission, use half of our own money this summer and take half of our next year's allotment to make up the difference. Do you think this sounds reasonable, or should we have Mr. MacKenzie here?

Mr. Judd: From my point of view, going on instinct, I think it is most unlikely that all this money will be spent during the next 12 months. If Council wishes to change the precise allocation this year, I see no practical reason why it would not work. In other words, I assume that the three Whitehorse constituencies would withdraw a total of \$12,000.00 from the \$86,000.00 allocated this year and that that \$12,000.00 would be subsequently applied during 1966/67. I can see no reason why this would not work.

Mr. Taylor: I did point out that in the Carmacks Kluane area, where the projects are smaller and require less funds, it is the general desire to fulfil these projects in one year. You get a cat on the job and you buy equipment and get a move on and you can do this in one year. If this money is withdrawn then there will

and they were aware that there were going to be funds made available but they didn't know how much nor what they did to get them, and unfortunately the convener did not contact the community as a whole. He got one person in the community appointed by the Community Club of Teslin and that was where the whole thing stopped. The convener never went back to the Community Club to explain anything to them and there was a request from them for information regarding this - how do they get in on it, what do they get, is it a grant? They didn't have any idea at all until the other day and now, in haste to catch up with it, they are getting their project lined up. They know what they want and they think they know what it is going to cost. They say it is going to cost in the vicinity of \$8,000.00. If this is the case, then I think they are going to have to receive special consideration. It is probably my fault. I thought that the Centennial convener would do this and I have been doing other things. I take the blame for not informing them, but nevertheless we have arrived at this situation.

Mr. Shaw: I am going to ask Mr. Judd to resolve this. I can see that there is a problem. Apparently all members are satisfied with what has come out of the Centennial. I think these people must be complimented for the work they have done on it but there does appear to be a problem in this respect which I see Councillor Taylor has. I would like to help him resolve it if possible without jeopardizing the present existing agreement. Let's assume that they get this \$2,000.00 this year. Could that project for Teslin not be completed in, let's say, 1966. In other words, they start the project with \$2,000.00 and go on to the next year and still call it a Centennial project. Actually it is a matter of procedure.

Mr. Judd: There are two answers to that question. The first answer, as far as I know and subject to the approval of Council next year, is that there will be additional funds in the community and these can be applied in the usual fashion. The second answer is that the Centennial Committee is still in the working stage on these projects. None of these projects have been approved finally by the Centennial Committee and none of them have been approved in Ottawa. They all have to be approved by the Centennial Committee before we can get the share of our Federal funds. The Committee's business is to be certain that anything they approve will be okayed by Ottawa, so Ottawa's approval will be more or less automatic. What I am saying is that there is still room for change. If any Centennial representative comes to the Committee and says "We've changed our minds", then we can revise their programme. My own supposition is that Dawson and Mayo are going to go ahead with what they have decided upon. I think there will probably be some changes and room for negotiation in Carmacks Klyane and Watson Lake and it was for this reason that the Centennial Committee left matters the way they were. Between now and the end of May, when there will be another meeting, the Centennial representatives will be responsible for seeing that any programme they propose can be got off the ground.

Mr. Southam: In the Mayo district we held a meeting, and the first thing that I told the group was that I didn't intend to have anything to do with it other than to try to advise in what I thought might make a Centennial project. No matter what you do, \$21,500.00 is not too much money and I advised them to have in reserve projects for the different parts of the community and this is what they did. I don't want anything to do with it as far as the money part goes and I told Mrs. Gordon that she would be the one who would be responsible. I was just there as an advisor and

not be funds enough to make these projects worthwhile. We might as well chalk off doing anything here and hold them over. None of the outside members or the Whitehorse members can spend anything on community development because we have also given ours up for Centennial projects so we don't have any money either and we are in a kind of a spot as well and I can appreciate this. Possibly the answer lies in not detracting from this \$86,000.00 but asking the Administration to loan \$4,000.00 to each electoral district, such loans to be paid back next Spring. Maybe this is the answer. In that way we do not detract from the Centennial programme and the Government make us a loan for each electoral district of \$4,000.00 repayable the following year.

Mr. Thompson: I did not intend to detract from it at all. I merely said that if, in the opinion of Administration, these projects, regardless of how small they are, are not approved until it is too late to do something ... There is another meeting in May so this conceivably means June before it gets to Ottawa, July before it gets approval. Conceivably this leaves you August and maybe September. We are not going to accomplish very much. I don't wish to take the \$4,000.00 out now. This is not my intent. My intent is that, if this work is not to be done this year, I can see no harm in using half of it this year and replenishing it next year. This is the only point that I make. I don't wish to have any project unfulfilled or stopped because of lack of funds. I can't see where all the Centennial committees are going to be in a position to start and finish their projects this year.

Mr. Boyd: No matter how optimistic you are, half of these projects are not going to get started this year. In the meantime, this money is lying idle when it could be well put to use. It isn't going to hurt anybody, because it is lying idle. It's better to use it. I can set an example. I don't think there is very much chance that Carmacks Curling Club will be on the ground and ready to go by fall. Labour is going to be scarce. They haven't got a clue and they'll have to have some really good advice along with it. Curling rocks are at a premium. If they placed their order now they wouldn't get curling rocks for two years. If we came along to Mr. Judd and said "How much of this stuff is not going to get started this year", and he said "Two thirds of it won't get started until next spring", then what is wrong with us taking half of this money that is sitting there idle and using it? We have a use for it. We also have a duty in the line of interest to pay and so on. We just don't want to see the money lying idle.

Mr. Taylor: I agree. Nobody agrees more than I but the only thing I fear is that we might get started on a project and then come and find that there are no funds available with which to complete it this year. This is the problem I have put before you. Possibly this can be resolved the other way. If for instance, the members withdraw a total of \$12,000.00 and Watson Lake gets its programme under way and they've got \$13,500.00 and they wish to complete the project this summer, which they could very easily do (so could Teslin for that matter), then without funds we have to go to the bank till more funds are available and pay interest on it. Which association are we going to get to pay the interest? In other words, I think you may see my point. That is that if anybody wants to complete a project this year he will have the assurance that the \$21,500.00 or whatever it is, will be available to the extent of the Government loaning it to the Centennial Fund.

Mr. Boyd: You have missed the point Mr. Taylor. You think that we don't see your point. You haven't seen ours. There is no

thought of us taking any money from anyone. We are going to leave it there until such time as we know what is not going to be used. We don't care what is going to be used this year. It is there. You can use it, but it is the part that is not going to be used that we are going to concern ourselves with. We will use that from now till next spring or from July or August this year until next spring and nobody is going to be hurt. You can still go ahead and finish anything you like. We are not going to spend the money until we find out what is not going to be used and this is the money we will spend.

Mr. Taylor: I am clear on that now. As long as I have the assurance that this money is going to be available and everyone is in agreement, this is good, but I would like to know how the people get this money when they start on these projects. Do you hire a cat to do a certain amount of work? How do we work it out?

Mr. Judd: As I said in the report of the Centennial Committee, in each community where there is a Centennial project, there must be a recognized body of citizens who are responsible for the project. Let me illustrate it with an example. Dawson is going to revamp and expand and improve the park. There is a Centennial Committee composed of about 7 people who will oversee this. Some of their goods will be donated. That doesn't concern us. Those services and goods which they have to pay for, they will buy and send us receipts. We have arranged with the Centennial Commission in Ottawa so that we can claim immediately as often as suits the local group for reimbursement and we have a whole set of civil service forms to be processed. I would say that it would take at the most two weeks at any one time for a local community to be reimbursed. They can ask for payment as often as they need it.

Mr. Taylor: We could not send you the bill? We'd have to pay the bill before you would reimburse us?

Mr. Judd: We would prefer to have the receipt, but if it is not possible we can take the bill.

Mr. Taylor: I was just wondering where you would go to get \$3,000.00 or \$4,000.00 worth of equipment.

Mr. Shaw: I am not quite sure whether the new members are aware of the procedure in the past which was that certain members may have a project in their area and it is quite in order for them to borrow money from another area which will be repaid in the forthcoming year. A number of years ago, I borrowed an amount from the Carmacks Kluane district and paid it back the following year. However, in this particular year where we are transferring this fund, it appears to me that Council does not enter into the financial matters. They are taken over by the Centennial Committee. Therefore, this money that is not used this year will be the decision of the Administration. I have given my section over to the Centennial Committee in co-operation with the Federal Government's donation and I might say it is gone. That is why I suggested that if I had funds available in there, I would be pleased to lend them to any member that wanted them, in Whitehorse or any other place. In this case it appears that I have no say.

Mr. Taylor: If that was for my benefit, I didn't ask any questions.

thought of us taking any money from anyone. We are going to leave it there until such time as we know what is not going to be used. We don't care what is going to be used this year. It is there. You can use it, but it is the part that is not going to be used that we are going to concern ourselves with. We will use that from now till next spring or from July or August this year until next spring and nobody is going to be hurt. You can still go ahead and finish anything you like. We are not going to spend the money until we find out what is not going to be used and this is the money we will spend.

Mr. Taylor: I am clear on that now. As long as I have the assurance that this money is going to be available and everyone is in agreement, this is good, but I would like to know how the people get this money when they start on these projects. Do you hire a cat to do a certain amount of work? How do we work it out?

Mr. Judd: As I said in the report of the Centennial Committee, in each community where there is a Centennial project, there must be a recognized body of citizens who are responsible for the project. Let me illustrate it with an example. Dawson is going to revamp and expand and improve the part. There is a Centennial Committee composed of about 7 people who will oversee this. Some of their goods will be donated. That doesn't concern us. Those services and goods which they have to pay for, they will buy and send us receipts. We have arranged with the Centennial Commission in Ottawa so that we can claim immediately as often as suits the local group for reimbursement and we have a whole set of civil service forms to be processed. I would say that it would take at the most two weeks at any one time for a local community to be reimbursed. They can ask for payment as often as they need it.

Mr. Taylor: We could not send you the bill? We'd have to pay the bill before you would reimburse us?

Mr. Judd: We would prefer to have the receipt, but if it is not possible we can take the bill.

Mr. Taylor: I was just wondering where you would go to get \$3,000.00 or \$4,000.00 worth of equipment.

Mr. Shaw: I am not quite sure whether the new members are aware of the procedure in the past which was that certain members may have a project in their area and it is quite in order for them to borrow money from another area which will be repaid in the forthcoming year. A number of years ago, I borrowed an amount from the Carmacks Kluane district and paid it back the following year. However, in this particular year where we are transferring this fund, it appears to me that Council does not enter into the financial matters. They are taken over by the Centennial Committee. Therefore, this money that is not used this year will be the decision of the Administration. I have given my section over to the Centennial Committee in co-operation with the Federal Government's donation and I might say it is gone. That is why I suggested that if I had funds available in there, I would be pleased to lend them to any member that wanted them, in Whitehorse or any other place. In this case it appears that I have no say.

Mr. Taylor: If that was for my benefit, I didn't ask any questions.

not be funds enough to make these projects worthwhile. We might as well chalk off doing anything here and hold them over. None of the outside members or the Whitehorse members can spend anything on community development because we have also given ours up for Centennial projects so we don't have any money either and we are in a kind of a spot as well and I can appreciate this. Possibly the answer lies in not detracting from this \$86,000.00 but asking the Administration to loan \$4,000.00 to each electoral district, such loans to be paid back next Spring. Maybe this is the answer. In that way we do not detract from the Centennial programme and the Government make us a loan for each electoral district of \$4,000.00 repayable the following year.

Mr. Thompson: I did not intend to detract from it at all. I merely said that if, in the opinion of Administration, these projects, regardless of how small they are, are not approved until it is too late to do something ... There is another meeting in May so this conceivably means June before it gets to Ottawa, July before it gets approval. Conceivably this leaves you August and maybe September. We are not going to accomplish very much. I don't wish to take the \$4,000.00 out now. This is not my intent. My intent is that, if this work is not to be done this year, I can see no harm in using half of it this year and replenishing it next year. This is the only point that I make. I don't wish to have any project unfulfilled or stopped because of lack of funds. I can't see where all the Centennial committees are going to be in a position to start and finish their projects this year.

Mr. Boyd: No matter how optimistic you are, half of these projects are not going to get started this year. In the meantime, this money is lying idle when it could be well put to use. It isn't going to hurt anybody, because it is lying idle. It's better to use it. I can set an example. I don't think there is very much chance that Carmacks Curling Club will be on the ground and ready to go by fall. Labour is going to be scarce. They haven't got a clue and they'll have to have some really good advice along with it. Curling rocks are at a premium. If they placed their order now they wouldn't get curling rocks for two years. If we came along to Mr. Judd and said "How much of this stuff is not going to get started this year", and he said "Two thirds of it won't get started until next spring", then what is wrong with us taking half of this money that is sitting there idle and using it? We have a use for it. We also have a duty in the line of interest to pay and so on. We just don't want to see the money lying idle.

Mr. Taylor: I agree. Nobody agrees more than I but the only thing I fear is that we might get started on a project and then come and find that there are no funds available with which to complete it this year. This is the problem I have put before you. ... Possibly this can be resolved the other way. If, for instance, the members withdraw a total of \$12,000.00 and Watson Lake gets its programme under way and they've got \$13,500.00 and they wish to complete the project this summer, which they could very easily do (so could Teslin for that matter), then without funds we have to go to the bank till more funds are available and pay interest on it. Which association are we going to get to pay the interest? In other words, I think you may see my point. That is that if anybody wants to complete a project this year he will have the assurance that the \$21,500.00 or whatever it is, will be available to the extent of the Government loaning it to the Centennial Fund.

Mr. Boyd: You have missed the point Mr. Taylor. You think that we don't see your point. You haven't seen ours. There is no

Mr. Shaw: No, it was not for your benefit.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would suggest that we leave Mr. Boyd's proposal with Mr. Judd. I am sure that he will not let the loaning of each district's money out of hand. I am quite sure of that.

Mr. Judd: I am not sure I understand the drift of this. I don't see how I, as a civil servant, can loan or allocate money without Council's approval. All I can say is that, in my opinion, we will not need the \$86,000.00 during the next 12 months. One Councillor has mentioned a total figure of \$12,000.00. The available total for the fiscal year is \$74,000.00. In my opinion that will be ample. What is done with the other \$12,000.00, if anything is done with it at all, is I think a matter for Council.

Mr. MacKinnon: Then will Council have to approve this? Maybe we should make a motion to that effect now that this could be done. If we wait till next fall it will be too late for them to use it too.

Mr. Taylor: Apparently you won't know till next fall whether these funds will be available or not.

Mr. Shaw: If there is money in my area and we are not using it, then by all means. I don't know when they are going to hit with it. I haven't a clue.

Mr. Thompson: I think there is a small matter of principle. If we approve this amount at this time then it is no longer for us to say what will become of it. In other words, it has been approved for Centennial funds and it is then in Centennial hands. What I am asking for in principle is the opportunity to use a portion of this as I have stated before, if the occasion arises and if it is permissible. Maybe we should have the Treasurer here to see if this is feasible or the Commissioner to see if it is possible or maybe we should just go ahead and say "We're going to use it all this year, so let's lop off \$30,000.00 or \$40,000.00".

Mr. Boyd: This would be approved as is subject to a withdrawal of \$12,000.00 in the event that it is not going to be required until this time next year. Would this suffice? They are going to have to vote it again next year. It isn't going to be spent. They are going to be asked to vote on it again anyway.

Mr. Thompson: I don't think it should be a case of having to vote. It is a case of being taken out of our funds and put into the Centennial Committee's budget as it were.

Mr. Judd: As I understand my Territorial finances, they are quite different from Federal finances. This money won't last at the end of this current fiscal year. We have \$86,000.00 in the kitty. If we spend \$10,000.00 the remaining money will be there and will still be good next year for the Centennial Project. I can only reiterate what I have said - that I am certain that we will not spend all this money this year and if Council wishes to set aside a certain amount to be borrowed, so to speak, it will not cripple or endanger the programme.

Mr. Thompson: By the same token, Whitehorse is not going to spend its \$250,000.00 on their Centennial project this year. That is certain.

Mr. Judd: That \$250,000.00 is purely Federal money. It comes

straight from Ottawa.

Mr. Shaw: I don't know how we can help these four people in Whitehorse. I won't make a motion at the time but I would suggest that perhaps if advice was given by this Committee to the Administration that they could make this money available to the Whitehorse members once they have the assurance from the various committees that the projects would not be completed in 1965. I think that would resolve it.

Mr. Boyd: I think that we should ask Mr. MacKenzie to come down here and tell him what we are thinking of, because he is the man who is going to write the cheque. If he cracks the whips and says "No" ... Regardless of what we have said here he could say "It's just too bad", but if we can get him to say what it is going to be then I think we will know where we stand.

Mr. Shaw: I don't agree with that. Mr. Judd is in charge of this Centennial Committee. Mr. MacKenzie's function is to write out the cheque. I don't see where Mr. MacKenzie would fit in, except for that purpose in this particular instance.

Mr. Boyd: We are going to vote this money and the moment we do, it gets out of our hands and it gets into Mr. Judd's hands. Now Mr. Judd has no authority to loan us any money and I am sure that the Territorial Treasurer isn't going to loan us any money, but if Mr. MacKenzie will say that he will withhold \$12,000.00 of this particular money for our use on the promise of it being paid next March, then we are home free.

Mr. Shaw: I was of the understanding that the Commissioner directed what went on in the Territory in relation to the Administration.

Mr. Judd: There is one point here that enters my mind. I cannot get involved in this matter of debate but I assume that if this money, which may be held back, is going to be of any use the three Whitehorse Councillors would have to know about it by May or June. I assume that knowing about it next March will not be of any value to them. What I am suggesting is that I think that if Council wishes to debate this matter, it should be debated now and I could probably, on behalf of the Committee, give the three Whitehorse Councillors an accurate report by mid-June on how much money will be left over, and I can say now that it will easily be \$12,000.00.

Mr. Taylor resumed the Chair.

It was moved by Councillor Shaw, seconded by Councillor Southam, that the Commissioner ascertain in writing from the various Centennial Committees, the amount of funds they will not require in this current year and that an amount, if sufficient, can be made available to the three Whitehorse districts on a basis of repayment in the following year, and that this sum shall not exceed \$12,000.00 in total.

Mr. Thompson: Does this sound feasible? Mr. Judd, do you concur with this? I take it that the onus then would be on the various committees telling you whether they will require this money this year or not.

Mr. Judd: It is not my position to pass judgement on the Councillors. It seems to me that all I can do is say again what I said before - that I am certain that at least \$12,000.00 of this

straight from Ottawa.

Mr. Shaw: I don't know how we can help these four people in Whitehorse. I won't make a motion at the time but I would suggest that perhaps if advice was given by this Committee to the Administration that they could make this money available to the Whitehorse members once they have the assurance from the various committees that the projects would not be completed in 1965. I think that would resolve it.

Mr. Boyd: I think that we should ask Mr. MacKenzie to come down here and tell him what we are thinking of, because he is the man who is going to write the cheque. If he cracks the whips and says "No" ... Regardless of what we have said here he could say "It's just too bad", but if we can get him to say what it is going to be then I think we will know where we stand.

Mr. Shaw: I don't agree with that. Mr. Judd is in charge of this Centennial Committee. Mr. MacKenzie's function is to write out the cheque. I don't see where Mr. MacKenzie would fit in, except for that purpose in this particular instance.

Mr. Boyd: We are going to vote this money and the moment we do, it gets out of our hands and it gets into Mr. Judd's hands. Now Mr. Judd has no authority to loan us any money and I am sure that the Territorial Treasurer isn't going to loan us any money, but if Mr. MacKenzie will say that he will withhold \$12,000.00 of this particular money for our use on the promise of it being paid next March, then we are home free.

Mr. Shaw: I was of the understanding that the Commissioner directed what went on in the Territory in relation to the Administration.

Mr. Judd: There is one point here that enters my mind. I cannot get involved in this matter of debate but I assume that if this money, which may be held back, is going to be of any use the three Whitehorse Councillors would have to know about it by May or June. I assume that knowing about it next March will not be of any value to them. What I am suggesting is that I think that if Council wishes to debate this matter, it should be debated now and I could probably, on behalf of the Committee, give the three Whitehorse Councillors an accurate report by mid-June on how much money will be left over, and I can say now that it will easily be \$12,000.00.

Mr. Taylor resumed the Chair.

It was moved by Councillor Shaw, seconded by Councillor Southam, that the Commissioner ascertain in writing from the various Centennial Committees, the amount of funds they will not require in this current year and that an amount, if sufficient, can be made available to the three Whitehorse districts on a basis of repayment in the following year, and that this sum shall not exceed \$12,000.00 in total.

Mr. Thompson: Does this sound feasible? Mr. Judd, do you concur with this? I take it that the onus then would be on the various committees telling you whether they will require this money this year or not.

Mr. Judd: It is not my position to pass judgement on the Councillors. It seems to me that all I can do is say again what I said before - that I am certain that at least \$12,000.00 of this.

Mr. Shaw: No, it was not for your benefit.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would suggest that we leave Mr. Boyd's proposal with Mr. Judd. I am sure that he will not let the loaning of each district's money out of hand. I am quite sure of that.

Mr. Judd: I am not sure I understand the drift of this. I don't see how I, as a civil servant, can loan or allocate money without Council's approval. All I can say is that, in my opinion, we will not need the \$86,000.00 during the next 12 months. One Councillor has mentioned a total figure of \$12,000.00. The available total for the fiscal year is \$74,000.00. In my opinion that will be ample. What is done with the other \$12,000.00, if anything is done with it at all, is I think a matter for Council.

Mr. MacKinnon: Then will Council have to approve this? Maybe we should make a motion to that effect now that this could be done. If we wait till next fall it will be too late for them to use it too.

Mr. Taylor: Apparently you won't know till next fall whether these funds will be available or not.

Mr. Shaw: If there is money in my area and we are not using it, then by all means. I don't know when they are going to hit with it. I haven't a clue.

Mr. Thompson: I think there is a small matter of principle. If we approve this amount at this time then it is no longer for us to say what will become of it. In other words, it has been approved for Centennial funds and it is then in Centennial hands. What I am asking for in principle is the opportunity to use a portion of this as I have stated before, if the occasion arises and if it is permissible. Maybe we should have the Treasurer here to see if this is feasible or the Commissioner to see if it is possible or maybe we should just go ahead and say "We're going to use it all this year, so let's lop off \$30,000.00 or \$40,000.00".

Mr. Boyd: This would be approved as is subject to a withdrawal of \$12,000.00 in the event that it is not going to be required until this time next year. Would this suffice? They are going to have to vote it again next year. It isn't going to be spent. They are going to be asked to vote on it again anyway.

Mr. Thompson: I don't think it should be a case of having to vote. It is a case of being taken out of our funds and put into the Centennial Committee's budget as it were.

Mr. Judd: As I understand my Territorial finances, they are quite different from Federal finances. This money won't last at the end of this current fiscal year. We have \$86,000.00 in the kitty. If we spend \$10,000.00 the remaining money will be there and will still be good next year for the Centennial Project. I can only reiterate what I have said - that I am certain that we will not spend all this money this year and if Council wishes to set aside a certain amount to be borrowed, so to speak, it will not cripple or endanger the programme.

Mr. Thompson: By the same token, Whitehorse is not going to spend its \$250,000.00 on their Centennial project this year. That is certain.

Mr. Judd: That \$250,000.00 is purely Federal money. It comes

money will not be spent.

Mr. Thompson: This is my understanding too but I feel that Mr. Shaw's motion has defeated our purpose, because this way it is going to the individual committees in writing and saying that they won't be able to use this money this year, whereas I feel that it will be the Administration's position to know whether this money will be spent or not by the time these projects are approved, and what the projects are.

Mr. Shaw: I moved this motion with the very best intentions but I will gladly withdraw it. I thought I was doing something to help the members from Whitehorse

Mr. Boyd: I appreciate the intention. The thing that is worrying me is that we are voting the money and by all intents this money will cease to be anything but Centennial money. According to the motion, if the Centennial Committee said "We don't need 80% of this money this year", would it be Mr. Judd who would give the instructions to produce this \$12,000.00? Where would it come out of. If Mr. MacKenzie was here and he said "All right, I am quite willing to write a cheque for you providing 60% of this money is not required. I think it would be all right till next March. I am quite prepared to write a cheque to each Councillor if they have no need for this money". Maybe I am confusing the issue more. I don't know.

Mr. Shaw: If you wish to have Mr. MacKenzie up here, that is fine. However, I would feel that this money is made available to these people and all it is is borrowing on the following year when the money is approved for the Community Development Fund and this \$4,000.00 will come to each of the members and it goes into the Centennial pot. It is just as simple as that.

Mr. Judd: I wonder if this is any help. I assume that this system of voting all the community development fund for one year is devised because the majority of the last Council assumed that this was the most efficient way of doing it. You got it all over in one year and from then on you had your \$8,000.00 per constituency. If it is going on the assumption that what Council has done, it can undo, I can see no reason, if it is the wish of this Council, to change the allocation to read whatever the appropriate figures are. \$7,000.00 for Centennial projects this year, \$12,000.00 to be divided equally amongst the three Whitehorse constituencies for this year on the understanding that that \$12,000.00 will be paid by the three Whitehorse constituencies equally next year. In other words, you change the item in the vote.

Mr. Boyd: The very first question I asked was "Would we pay it all out at one time". Mr. Cameron answered no "You don't have to. You can spread it over". The only way that I can see is clear cut is for us to delete \$12,000.00 from this figure and it will be in our accounts and Mr. MacKenzie can issue a cheque for whatever projects we have with the understanding that it will be paid for next year and I think if he was here and we had his assurance that this would be, this is all it takes. It is as simple as that.

Mr. Shaw: I just wondered if we had that assurance. Have we the assurance of the Centennial Committee that they won't complete their project this year? You see, you have that problem now. After a policy has been laid out and they decide they are going through with this, then they find they haven't enough funds to

finish it. What happens then? This is just confusing it even more.

Mr. Boyd: I have tried to make that clear. Let's say that out of this situation 80% of it is completed this year, which in the first place can never be, there is 20% left which is \$12,000.00. If 80% of them were to be finished this year it still wouldn't affect anything, but certainly 50% of them are not going to get finished this year.

Mr. Shaw: I agree. What if two do get finished. They won't have the funds to finish with.

Mr. Boyd: They will have all the funds except \$12,000.00 that is spread over the whole of the Yukon. There is only \$12,000.00 missing for the whole of the Yukon out of \$86,000.00.

Mr. Chairman: Rather than mix this whole thing up, would it not just be simpler to loan the three Whitehorse Councillors \$12,000.00 from the Centennial Fund which was resolved last fall?

Mr. Judd: That is a question I can't answer. I know that under Federal financing this would be impossible. You would have to ask the Territorial Treasurer.

Mr. Boyd: I don't want a loan. If I can't say to those people "Providing you don't need this money, I will give you \$5,000.00 now and I will give you \$4,000.00 a year from now", then it is a case of giving them \$8,000.00. I don't want to borrow money. To end this, I would like to call it teatime and have Mr. MacKenzie come down here just to answer one simple question.

A short recess was declared.

finish it. What happens then? This is just confusing it even more.

Mr. Boyd: I have tried to make that clear. Let's say that out of this situation 80% of it is completed this year, which in the first place can never be, there is 20% left which is \$12,000.00. If 80% of them were to be finished this year it still wouldn't affect anything, but certainly 50% of them are not going to get finished this year.

Mr. Shaw: I agree. What if two do get finished. They won't have the funds to finish with.

Mr. Boyd: They will have all the funds except \$12,000.00 that is spread over the whole of the Yukon. There is only \$12,000.00 missing for the whole of the Yukon out of \$86,000.00.

Mr. Chairman: Rather than mix this whole thing up, would it not just be simpler to loan the three Whitehorse Councillors \$12,000.00 from the Centennial Fund which was resolved last fall?

Mr. Judd: That is a question I can't answer. I know that under Federal financing this would be impossible. You would have to ask the Territorial Treasurer.

Mr. Boyd: I don't want a loan. If I can't say to those people "Providing you don't need this money, I will give you \$4,000.00 now and I will give you \$4,000.00 a year from now", then it is a case of giving them \$8,000.00. I don't want to borrow money. To end this, I would like to call it teatime and have Mr. MacKenzie come down here just to answer one simple question.

A short recess was declared.

money will not be spent.

Mr. Thompson: This is my understanding too but I feel that Mr. Shaw's motion has defeated our purpose, because this way it is going to the individual committees in writing and saying that they won't be able to use this money this year, whereas I feel that it will be the Administration's position to know whether this money will be spent or not by the time these projects are approved, and what the projects are.

Mr. Shaw: I moved this motion with the very best intentions but I will gladly withdraw it. I thought I was doing something to help the members from Whitehorse.

Mr. Boyd: I appreciate the intention. The thing that is worrying me is that we are voting the money and by all intents this money will cease to be anything but Centennial money. According to the motion, if the Centennial Committee said "we don't need 80% of this money this year", would it be Mr. Judd who would give the instructions to produce this \$12,000.00? Where would it come out of. If Mr. MacKenzie was here and he said "All right, I am quite willing to write a cheque for you providing 60% of this money is not required. I think it would be all right till next March. I am quite prepared to write a cheque to each Councillor if they have no need for this money". Maybe I am confusing the issue more. I don't know.

Mr. Shaw: If you wish to have Mr. MacKenzie up here, that is fine. However, I would feel that this money is made available to these people and all it is is borrowing on the following year when the money is approved for the Community Development Fund and this \$4,000.00 will come to each of the members and it goes into the Centennial pot. It is just as simple as that.

Mr. Judd: I wonder if this is any help. I assume that this system of voting all the community development fund for one year is devised because the majority of the last Council assumed that this was the most efficient way of doing it. You got it all over in one year and from then on you had your \$8,000.00 per constituency. If it is going on the assumption that what Council has done, it can undo, I can see no reason, if it is the wish of this Council, to change the allocation to read whatever the appropriate figures are. \$7,000.00 for Centennial projects this year, \$12,000.00 to be divided equally amongst the three Whitehorse constituencies for this year on the understanding that that \$12,000.00 will be paid by the three Whitehorse constituencies equally next year. In other words, you change the item in the vote.

Mr. Boyd: The very first question I asked was "Would we pay it all out at one time". Mr. Cameron answered no "You don't have to. You can spread it over". The only way that I can see is clear cut is for us to delete \$12,000.00 from this figure and it will be in our accounts and Mr. MacKenzie can issue a cheque for whatever projects we have with the understanding that it will be paid for next year and I think if he was here and we had his assurance that this would be, this is all it takes. It is as simple as that.

Mr. Shaw: I just wondered if we had that assurance. Have we the assurance of the Centennial Committee that they won't complete their project this year? You see, you have that problem now. After a policy has been laid out and they decide they are going through with this, then they find they haven't enough funds to

Later

Chairman called Committee to order.

Mr. D.W. Judd, Executive Assistant to Commissioner, and  
Mr. MacKenzie, Territorial Treasurer, in attendance.

Mr. Boyd: We were talking about this Centennial Projects Programme. We in Whitehorse have a feeling that if this money is not going to be used we have a use for it. I mean all of it. It is not all going to be used, and we have asked, or are suggesting if, in the event this money is not going to be used we be allowed to use say, \$4,000 now, this year, and leave \$4,000 in the account next March, which is all we would like to do, rather than see it turned over to a department now and lay idle, possibly for 18 months, when we have a need for it.

Mr. MacKenzie: I have been thinking about this point since I first heard it raised this morning, and I feel that we should turn over the full amount of the Grant to the District this year, to spend as they wish, as usual, and we use next year's Grant to pay for the Centennial Project.

Mr. Chairman: A question from the Chair. If we do this, then we can't start our projects this year, we would have to wait until next year, wouldn't we?

Mr. MacKenzie: No, by your projects, you mean Centennial Projects?

Mr. Chairman: Yes.

Mr. MacKenzie: No, the Territory would carry it out of its own resources. Carry it over the year end as Receivable, Recoverable next year.

Mr. Thompson: Well, in that case then, it would be in order to delete \$24,000 from this particular vote.

Mr. MacKenzie: May I ask where this \$24,000 appears to be?

Mr. Thompson: Page 30, Vote 20.

Mr. MacKenzie: I would suggest this be left precisely as it is. We propose to incur some expenditure this year on this Centennial Projects Programme, but we don't know how much. Now it is possible to spend a whole lot, it is possible, although unlikely, and why not provide for the entire sum, since it is here, leave it in. Everything you delete from this Vote means an alteration of about 15 pages. It's a major operation.

Mr. Boyd: You would still go along with me? Say you had 40% or 60% of this money not spent this year, and I come to you in July, and you knew you were not going to spend it until next Spring, would you give me \$4,000 of this money to spend now, instead of you holding it?

Mr. MacKenzie: The money we spend on the Centennial Projects would be our own money - nothing to do with your \$8,000 - your \$8,000 is free, ready, and available now.

Mr. Boyd: It remains this way regardless of whether this figure is left in or not?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes.

Mr. Chairman: Is the Committee agreed on this point? How do you wish to proceed with the Motion now before the House?

Mr. Shaw: I will withdraw the Motion.

Mr. Chairman: Will the Secunder?

Mr. Southam: I will.

Motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Thompson: I just have one question. How do we get this \$8,000 in our respective accounts. - no!, what you're going to do is put the \$56,000 into the respective accounts, aren't you? Of the Territorial Councillors.

Mr. MacKenzie: You have already voted \$56,000 in Vote 8. It has already been voted, so if you wish to spend \$8,000 in your constituency you write in and recommend to that effect, and we approve and we pay on your say-so.

Mr. Thompson: What we are not doing then, is having it transferred this year?

Mr. MacKenzie: Correct.

Mr. MacKinnon: If they take their \$8,000 out, and say, for instance, Carmacks-Kluane District does need the \$21,500, it will still be available, will it?

Mr. MacKenzie: It will.

Mr. Judd: Just to clarify one point. I assume what Mr. MacKenzie has just said applies not just to the Whitehorse, but to all seven constituencies.

Mr. MacKenzie: Right.

Mr. Chairman: Have you any further discussion on Centennial Projects Programme? This gives us a total of \$336,000 under General, Vote 20. What is your pleasure now, gentlemen, do you wish to proceed with Game?

Mr. Boyd: I would suggest that we excuse these two gentlemen now, and have Mr. Fitzgerald here with us.

Mr. Judd and Mr. MacKenzie left Council Chamber.

A short recess was declared until Mr. J. Fitzgerald, Game Department, entered Council Chamber.

Assent  
Vote #7

Mr. Chairman: We have with us Mr. Fitzgerald to discuss with us Vote #7, Game Department, the Game Estimates, and the first item is Salaries and Wages - \$17,575. I have one question from the Chair, if I might, on salaries, and that is - is there any possibility in the future we may be considering Game Wardens?

Mr. Fitzgerald: This is going to be my suggestion, and it's already sent forward.

Mr. Boyd: You mean it's already in this Budget?

Mr. Budget: Not in this one, but into the next one, and on into the 5-Year Agreement.

Mr. Shaw: I will withdraw the Motion.

Mr. Chairman: Will the Secunder?

Mr. Southam: I will.

Motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Thompson: I just have one question. How do we get this \$8,000 in our respective accounts - no!, what you're going to do is put the \$56,000 into the respective accounts, aren't you? Of the Territorial Councillors.

Mr. MacKenzie: You have already voted \$56,000 in Vote 8. It has already been voted, so if you wish to spend \$8,000 in your constituency you write in and recommend to that effect, and we approve and we pay on your say-so.

Mr. Thompson: What we are not doing then, is having it transferred this year?

Mr. MacKenzie: Correct.

Mr. MacKinnon: If they take their \$8,000 out, and say, for instance, Carmacks-Kluane District does need the \$21,500, it will still be available, will it?

Mr. MacKenzie: It will.

Mr. Judd: Just to clarify one point. I assume what Mr. MacKenzie has just said applies not just to the Whitehorse, but to all seven constituencies.

Mr. MacKenzie: Right.

Mr. Chairman: Have you any further discussion on Centennial Projects Programme? This gives us a total of \$336,000 under General, Vote 20. What is your pleasure now, gentlemen, do you wish to proceed with Game?

Mr. Boyd: I would suggest that we excuse these two gentlemen now, and have Mr. Fitzgerald here with us.

Mr. Judd and Mr. MacKenzie left Council Chamber.

A short recess was declared until Mr. J. Fitzgerald, Game Department, entered Council Chamber.

Assent  
Vote #7

Mr. Chairman: We have with us Mr. Fitzgerald to discuss with us Vote #7, Game Department, the Game Estimates, and the first item is Salaries and Wages - \$17,575. I have one question from the Chair, if I might, on salaries, and that is - is there any possibility in the future we may be considering Game Wardens?

Mr. Fitzgerald: This is going to be my suggestion, and it's already sent forward.

Mr. Boyd: You mean it's already in this Budget?

Mr. Budget: Not in this one, but into the next one, and on into the 5-Year Agreement.

Later

Chairman called Committee to order.

Mr. D.W. Judd, Executive Assistant to Commissioner, and  
Mr. MacKenzie, Territorial Treasurer, in attendance.

Mr. Boyd: We were talking about this Centennial Projects Programme. We in Whitehorse have a feeling that if this money is not going to be used we have a use for it. I mean all of it. It is not all going to be used, and we have asked, or are suggesting if, in the event this money is not going to be used we be allowed to use say, \$4,000 now, this year, and leave \$4,000 in the account next March, which is all we would like to do, rather than see it turned over to a department now and lay idle, possibly for 18 months, when we have a need for it.

Mr. MacKenzie: I have been thinking about this point since I first heard it raised this morning, and I feel that we should turn over the full amount of the Grant to the District this year, to spend as they wish, as usual, and we use next year's Grant to pay for the Centennial Project.

Mr. Chairman: A question from the Chair. If we do this, then we can't start our projects this year, we would have to wait until next year, wouldn't we?

Mr. MacKenzie: No, by your projects, you mean Centennial Projects?

Mr. Chairman: Yes.

Mr. MacKenzie: No, the Territory would carry it out of its own resources. Carry it over the year end as Receivable, Recoverable next year.

Mr. Thompson: Well, in that case then, it would be in order to delete \$24,000 from this particular vote.

Mr. MacKenzie: May I ask where this \$24,000 appears to be?

Mr. Thompson: Page 30, Vote 20.

Mr. MacKenzie: I would suggest this be left precisely as it is. We propose to incur some expenditure this year on this Centennial Projects Programme, but we don't know how much. Now it is possible to spend a whole lot, it is possible, although unlikely, and why not provide for the entire sum, since it is here, leave it in. Everything you delete from this Vote means an alteration of about 15 pages. It's a major operation.

Mr. Boyd: You would still go along with me? Say you had 40% or 60% of this money not spent this year, and I come to you in July, and you knew you were not going to spend it until next Spring, would you give me \$4,000 of this money to spend now, instead of you holding it?

Mr. MacKenzie: The money we spend on the Centennial Projects would be our own money - nothing to do with your \$8,000 - your \$8,000 is free, ready, and available now.

Mr. Boyd: It remains this way regardless of whether this figure is left in or not?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes.

Mr. Chairman: Is the Committee agreed on this point? How do you wish to proceed with the Motion now before the House?

Mr. Thompson: How many did you have in mind?

Mr. Fitzgerald : Well, I had in mind for next years to suggest a biologist and a field man. The field man would be a combination conservationist, game manager and enforcement officer. The following year another one or two. Then there are vehicles to consider, and other things. This would form the basis, I think, of a proper Game Department.

Mr. Chairman: Any further question on Salaries and Wages? The next item is Wolf Bounty - \$3,000.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Right at the moment we are over this by \$375. Up to the end of March we had 135 against 180 last year, and that puts us \$300 in the hole.

Mr. Boyd: How are they getting these wolves, are they shooting them, trapping them, scaring them, or poisoning them?

Mr. Fitzgerald: In all different manners. A lot of them are being killed by vehicles on some of the winter roads in the north, quite a few are shot, and a few are taken in traps. The poisoned ones are not accepted for bounty.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Travelling and Living Expense - \$1,500.

Mr. Fitzgerald: I notice there this will decrease to \$1,600. This is where I got office bound, I've been trying to work out Amendments to our Game Ordinance and what have you. Mr. MacKenzie noticed this.

Mr. Chairman: Will you require additional funds?

Mr. Fitzgerald: I may, but I think I can with what we have here now, if I should need it I am sure we can make arrangements for a transfer.

Mr. Shaw: That was the point I was just going to raise. This Department is run very economically. With a cut like this, if it is necessary to get out and do this travelling, there should certainly be provisions for it, and if it comes to Supplementaries I would be quite agreeable to that.

Mr. Boyd: This is another point that strikes me forceably. We can allow for things that might happen in all phases of certain departments, but here because a man is tied down to his desk for specific reasons and doesn't use his money they elect to chop it. If we took the same attitude through this book it would be a sad state of affairs, wouldn't it? I would suggest that if there is any trouble getting any more money that this Council should know about it, providing it's needed.

Mr. Chairman: Are we clear then, as noted?

Council continued through various items from Freight, Express and Cartage to Printing-Hunting Regulations.

Mr. Chairman: I have one question from the Chair. On these Hunting Regulations - do we provide, or could we provide a little booklet, a concise booklet covering everything?

Mr. Fitzgerald: I would like very much to be able to present this to a person say, for 25¢ or so, when he buys his licence. You mean the Game Ordinance in a concise booklet, a small one that would fit in your pocket? I think this is a very good idea. I would like to see if we are able to do this. As a matter of fact in the Estimates I have referred to on an increase in the Department this is noted. We are going to try to get this in so we can get this before the public. Now we may have to have it printed outside in order to get a cheaper rate on it.

Council continued through various items from Films, Displays and Advertising to Rental of Equipment.

Mr. Shaw: Does that include this, getting around to poisons?

Mr. Fitzgerald: That's right.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if the Director would have a plan, without going to too much trouble, that he would know the cost per wolf of this poisoning?

Mr. Fitzgerald: Last year we poisoned, we found, and actually picked up 82 wolves killed by poison. That's the 1963-64 season. We used \$4,199.45. Now this, plus Travelling and Living Expense here is the only one in which we have to get around the country, take a one-man game census sort of thing, and see the country, and get an idea what's going on. So it's pretty hard to pin it down to so much per wolf, but it is an expensive business.

Council continued through various items from Unemployment Insurance to Surgical-Medical Insurance. These items gave a total of \$34,865.

Mr. Chairman: Have you any questions related to Game, gentlemen?

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if Mr. Fitzgerald could probably give us some of the efficiency of the Department and the requirements. Does he feel that they are adequately covered in this Budget as presented, or does he feel there are some discrepancies or omissions. Has he any comments at all?

Mr. Fitzgerald: For the time being, and with the assistance of the Forestry and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, some ex-officio wardens - honorary wardens who have offered their services - we are managing to get by. But I honestly don't think we are performing as a real Game Department in comparison with other Game Departments throughout the country. Just after I arrived I mentioned the Estimates that have been provided, this plan for next year and on into the 5-Year, and beyond that. I have tried to lay it down where we get a pretty good start as what I think would be a Game Department in keeping with the game we have here, the population, and the chance that the country may really open up. I think we should know what we have. We should have a proper inventory of our game taken, we should be in a position to be able to say whether we should take one caribou, two caribou, or whether we should close our caribou season, or whether we should have a cow season, or moose, and so on.

Mr. Fitzgerald: I would like very much to be able to present this to a person say, for 25¢ or so, when he buys his licence. You mean the Game Ordinance in a concise booklet, a small one that would fit in your pocket? I think this is a very good idea. I would like to see if we are able to do this. As a matter of fact in the Estimates I have referred to on an increase in the Department this is noted. We are going to try to get this in so we can get this before the public. Now we may have to have it printed outside in order to get a cheaper rate on it.

Council continued through various items from Films, Displays and Advertising to Rental of Equipment.

Mr. Shaw: Does that include this, getting around to poisons?

Mr. Fitzgerald: That's right.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if the Director would have a plan, without going to too much trouble, that he would know the cost per wolf of this poisoning?

Mr. Fitzgerald: Last year we poisoned, we found, and actually picked up 82 wolves killed by poison. That's the 1963-64 season. We used \$4,199.45. Now this, plus Travelling and Living Expense here is the only one in which we have to get around the country, take a one-man game census sort of thing, and see the country, and get an idea what's going on. So it's pretty hard to pin it down to so much per wolf, but it is an expensive business.

Council continued through various items from Unemployment Insurance to Surgical-Medical Insurance. These items gave a total of \$34,865.

Mr. Chairman: Have you any questions related to Game, gentlemen?

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if Mr. Fitzgerald could probably give us some of the efficiency of the Department and the requirements. Does he feel that they are adequately covered in this Budget as presented, or does he feel there are some discrepancies or omissions. Has he any comments at all?

Mr. Fitzgerald: For the time being, and with the assistance of the Forestry and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, some ex-officio wardens - honorary wardens who have offered their services - we are managing to get by. But I honestly don't think we are performing as a real Game Department in comparison with other Game Departments throughout the country. Just after I arrived I mentioned the Estimates that have been provided, this plan for next year and on into the 5-Year, and beyond that. I have tried to lay it down where we get a pretty good start as what I think would be a Game Department in keeping with the game we have here, the population, and the chance that the country may really open up. I think we should know what we have. We should have a proper inventory of our game taken, we should be in a position to be able to say whether we should take one caribou, two caribou, or whether we should close our caribou season, or whether we should have a cow season, or moose, and so on.

Mr. Thompson: How many did you have in mind?

Mr. Fitzgerald : Well, I had in mind for next years to suggest a biologist and a field man. The field man would be a combination conservationist, game manager and enforcement officer. The following year another one or two. Then there are vehicles to consider, and other things. This would form the basis, I think, of a proper Game Department.

Mr. Chairman: Any further question on Salaries and Wages? The next item is Wolf Bounty - \$3,000.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Right at the moment we are over this by \$375. Up to the end of March we had 135 against 180 last year, and that puts us \$300 in the hole.

Mr. Boyd: How are they getting these wolves, are they shooting them, trapping them, scaring them, or poisoning them?

Mr. Fitzgerald: In all different manners. A lot of them are being killed by vehicles on some of the winter roads in the north, quite a few are shot, and a few are taken in traps. The poisoned ones are not accepted for bounty.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Travelling and Living Expense - \$1,500.

Mr. Fitzgerald: I notice there this will decrease to \$1,600. This is where I got office bound. I've been trying to work out Amendments to our Game Ordinance and what have you. Mr. MacKenzie noticed this.

Mr. Chairman: Will you require additional funds?

Mr. Fitzgerald: I may, but I think I can with what we have here now, if I should need it I am sure we can make arrangements for a transfer.

Mr. Shaw: That was the point I was just going to raise. This Department is run very economically. With a cut like this, if it is necessary to get out and do this travelling, there should certainly be provisions for it, and if it comes to Supplementaries I would be quite agreeable to that.

Mr. Boyd: This is another point that strikes me forceably. We can allow for things that might happen in all phases of certain departments, but here because a man is tied down to his desk for specific reasons and doesn't use his money they elect to chop it. If we took the same attitude through this book it would be a sad state of affairs, wouldn't it? I would suggest that if there is any trouble getting any more money that this Council should know about it, providing it's needed.

Mr. Chairman: Are we clear then, as noted?

Council continued through various items from Freight, Express and Cartage to Printing-Hunting Regulations.

Mr. Chairman: I have one question from the Chair. On these Hunting Regulations - do we provide, or could we provide a little booklet, a concise booklet covering everything?

This would mean probably zoning the country, but doing it in a proper type of way after a proper investigation has been made. I think in order to do this we must have control over the people who are working with us. I think that we should do it ourselves. Do do this work we have to have more personnel, more equipment, and there are going to be, it's going to be, more expensive. But considerable money can be recovered and the increase in licences, so this isn't going to be a hardship I don't think. People over 65 years of age get their licenses free, the Natives get theirs free. We only pay \$2.00 for the privilege of shooting 6 big game animals and all the birds you can handle. Really, it doesn't make sense, when the N.W.T. pay \$10.00 to shoot a couple of animals. Outside to shoot this many animals you'd pay a considerable amount. I think that surely we can all afford to pay \$5.00 or \$7.00 for a licence, and have the bird licence separate - say \$2.00, or something like that.

Mr. Thompson: Might I ask if any of these suggestions of yours have been forwarded.

Mr. Fitzgerald: They're all now in the works.

Mr. Thompson: When would these proposed amendments be likely to reach us?

Mr. Fitzgerald: I sincerely hope by next Council Session. I sincerely hope so. I was hoping they would get them in this Spring.

Mr. Shaw: Does the Game Director work with the Fish and Game Association? I think most of these Associations are very much concerned with the conservation, and the right hunting of game. Are they aware of these various - I'm not talking about the intimate details but the - are you getting their viewpoint about game management and increase of licences and so on and so forth.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Yes, we work closely with these people, and I have been given to understand this is satisfactory.

Mr. Boyd: I recall a couple of years ago, I think, there was a Motion passed in this Council, whereby the price of a licence would be increased to \$5.00 or even \$10.00, I'm not sure what the figure was, but nothing happened about it. Certainly we are not getting enough money out of our licenses. I would like to ask how we are progressing with trapping? How is the dollar revenue going to be this year as far as the Territory is concerned?

Mr. Fitzgerald: It is pretty hard to forecast that. The activity through the office now is all the trappers receive their general hunting licences last year. However, by the number that are picking up beaver seals and what have you, I think we're going to be fairly active. I know we've had demands from all over the Territory for seals, and we got them out in lots of time. Although our beaver season has been advanced to allow them to take winter beaver, they all seem to fall back on the spring bait. They all seem to spend more on that than they do in the winter time. I think our fur take is not large in comparison with the rest of Canada, in fact I think we are one of the lowest producers of fur, even lower than New Brunswick. We only have some 400 general hunting licences issued, and if every one of

them trapped there are only 400 trappers. However, the fur that's produced and placed in the hands of the buyers, according to the survey I conducted they're completely satisfied with the type of fur they produce here. The trappers are well-known for the way they produce their fur and the way it's placed on the market. It brings top prices. It's well handled and well presented. We're not too concerned about having to run a school to show them how to produce this fur and make a better job of it, of placing it on the market. It's considered quite good.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if the Game Director would have the figures on the amount of muskrats taken in the Old Crow area, or perhaps the value of the fur.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Old Crow - let's see, there were 21,485 rats taken. That's the 62-63 season. We're behind a year when we compile these. There were 21,485, but we'd have to do a little research to get the Old Crow ones separate, but it could be done.

Mr. Shaw: They're pretty big in that area.

Mr. Fitzgerald: The Old Crow Flats produce a lot of good rats.

Mr. Shaw: 18,000

Mr. Fitzgerald: Good enough.

Vote 20 Game Mr. Chairman: Any further questions? I wonder if we could proceed to Vote 20, on page 29.

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to ask the Director which item under this is considered as furniture.

Mr. Chairman: The item is, as listed, \$169. This then concludes Vote #7, Game Department.

Mr. Shaw: I have one question. I wonder, this is in relation to a Motion I put through the other day. It's in relation to the Territory taking over the Fresh Water Fisheries, or whatever you want to call the, in the Yukon. If it were accepted, do you think it practical and possible to be able to operate this in conjunction with the Game Department, and create a regular Fish and Game Department in the Territory?

Mr. Fitzgerald: Yes, I think so. If this did happen it would be just another situation that occurs all through the country. Every Province has such a department. I don't think it would take very long to get the thing straightened out. Mind you, I wouldn't be prepared to say at the moment whether this would mean another body, and maybe a little bit more space, but I think it could be handled. You will notice that under the Fisheries Act there's no provision for guide qualifications to handle people or tourists who go there to rent say, equipment, whereas under the Game Ordinance we have this. We have control over the equipment, we have control over the guides, but in this Fishing layout, even the Federal fisher don't have this. I think this is something we will readily admit we have to have, the type of equipment they have, - they should need boats- and who are the guides?

them trapped there are only 400 trappers. However, the fur that's produced and placed in the hands of the buyers, according to the survey I conducted they're completely satisfied with the type of fur they produce here. The trappers are well-known for the way they produce their fur and the way it's placed on the market. It brings top prices. It's well handled and well presented. We're not too concerned about having to run a school to show them how to produce this fur and make a better job of it, of placing it on the market. It's considered quite good.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if the Game Director would have the figures on the amount of muskrats taken in the Old Crow area, or perhaps the value of the fur.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Old Crow - let's see, there were 21,485 rats taken. That's the 62-63 season. We're behind a year when we compile these. There were 21,485, but we'd have to do a little research to get the Old Crow ones separate, but it could be done.

Mr. Shaw: They're pretty big in that area.

Mr. Fitzgerald: The Old Crow Flats produce a lot of good rats.

Mr. Shaw: 18,000

Mr. Fitzgerald: Good enough.

Vote 20 Game Mr. Chairman: Any further questions? I wonder if we could proceed to Vote 20, on page 29.

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to ask the Director which item under this is considered as furniture.

Mr. Chairman: The item is, as listed, \$169. This then concludes Vote #7, Game Department.

Mr. Shaw: I have one question. I wonder, this is in relation to a Motion I put through the other day. It's in relation to the Territory taking over the Fresh Water Fisheries, or whatever you want to call the, in the Yukon. If it were accepted, do you think it practical and possible to be able to operate this in conjunction with the Game Department, and create a regular Fish and Game Department in the Territory?

Mr. Fitzgerald: Yes, I think so. If this did happen it would be just another situation that occurs all through the country. Every Province has such a department. I don't think it would take very long to get the thing straightened out. Mind you, I wouldn't be prepared to say at the moment whether this would mean another body, and maybe a little bit more space, but I think it could be handled. You will notice that under the Fisheries Act there's no provision for guide qualifications to handle people or tourists who go there to rent say, equipment, whereas under the Game Ordinance we have this. We have control over the equipment, we have control over the guides, but in this Fishing layout, even the Federal fisher don't have this. I think this is something we will readily admit we have to have, the type of equipment they have, - they should need boats- and who are the guides?

This would mean probably zoning the country, but doing it in a proper type of way after a proper investigation has been made. I think in order to do this we must have control over the people who are working with us. I think that we should do it ourselves. Do do this work we have to have more personnel, more equipment, and there are going to be, it's going to be, more expensive. But considerable money can be recovered and the increase in licences, so this isn't going to be a hardship I don't think. People over 65 years of age get their licenses free, the Natives get theirs free. We only pay \$2.00 for the privilege of shooting 6 big game animals and all the birds you can handle. Really, it doesn't make sense, when the N.W.T. pay \$10.00 to shoot a couple of animals. Outside to shoot this many animals you'd pay a considerable amount. I think that surely we can all afford to pay \$5.00 or \$7.00 for a licence, and have the bird licence separate - say \$2.00, or something like that.

Mr. Thompson: Might I ask if any of these suggestions of yours have been forwarded.

Mr. Fitzgerald: They're all now in the works.

Mr. Thompson: When would these proposed amendments be likely to reach us?

Mr. Fitzgerald: I sincerely hope by next Council Session. I sincerely hope so. I was hoping they would get them in this Spring.

Mr. Shaw: Does the Game Director work with the Fish and Game Association? I think most of these Associations are very much concerned with the conservation, and the right hunting of game. Are they aware of these various - I'm not talking about the intimate details but the - are you getting their viewpoint about game management and increase of licences and so on and so forth.

Mr. Fitzgerald: Yes, we work closely with these people, and I have been given to understand this is satisfactory.

Mr. Boyd: I recall a couple of years ago, I think, there was a Motion passed in this Council, whereby the price of a licence would be increased to \$5.00 or even \$10.00, I'm not sure what the figure was, but nothing happened about it. Certainly we are not getting enough money out of our licenses. I would like to ask how we are progressing with trapping? How is the dollar revenue going to be this year as far as the Territory is concerned?

Mr. Fitzgerald: It is pretty hard to forecast that. The activity through the office now is all the trappers receive their general hunting licences last year. However, by the number that are picking up beaver seals and what have you, I think we're going to be fairly active. I know we've had demands from all over the Territory for seals, and we got them out in lots of time. Although our beaver season has been advanced to allow them to take winter beaver, they all seem to fall back on the spring bait. They all seem to spend more on that than they do in the winter time. I think our fur take is not large in comparison with the rest of Canada, in fact I think we are one of the lowest producers of fur, even lower than New Brunswick. We only have some 400 general hunting licences issued, and if every one of

They have to have some idea of what they are there for to handle the tourist traffic properly. Some of this, this would all have to be lined up if this did happen.

Mr. Fitzgerald left Council Chamber.

Mr. Chairman: The next vote number is vote #9, Roads, Bridges and Public Works. Who would you require for this besides Mr. Baker? Vote 9

No other witnesses were required, and a short recess was declared until Mr. Baker, Territorial Engineer, arrived.

Mr. Chairman: The first item in Vote 9 is Head Office Supervision - \$110,380. This is found on page 3 of vote 9.

Mr. Boyd: Just off hand, how come \$6,000 - well, I mean to ask how come it is a decrease.

Mr. Baker: We decreased our staff by one typist.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Territorial Buildings - \$66,000.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in chair): This morning talking about Territorial buildings, there was an item listed as, insured as a Power House in Watson Lake, we were wondering what this could be. It was insured for \$4,200.

Mr. Baker: I know of no such building.

Mr. MacKinnon: Was that not a Power Plant?

Mr. Baker: Unless it's referring to this Fairbanks-Morse house. But there's no power plant.

Mr. Taylor: This was a power plant for \$4,800 or \$4,200.

Mr. Baker: There's no such building, as far as I know.

Council continued through various items from Territorial Buildings to Tote Trail Assistance.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): I wonder if I could ask Mr. Baker if it appears during this season, this season affected by the Budget, we will be over-subscribed on this \$50,000, and if so, is there any hope to have Additional Funds and Supplements to cover any over-expenditure?

Mr. Baker: As yet I don't think we have any applications for the '65 season, but I do feel we will have just as good a year in '65 as we did in '64, therefore, more funds will have to be provided. Now as you all know we were able to get additional monies from Ottawa for this programme, and I think if the funds are required for '65 operations we will get the money.

Mr. Taylor: I hope that when Ottawa is reading these Votes and Proceedings they will give their utmost consideration to giving us more funds, because we can sure use them, and it's money very, very well spent.

Mr. Chairman: (Mr. Taylor back in Chair): The next item is Tagish Microwave Road - \$200.

Mr. MacKinnon: This Tote Trail Assistance, now does that apply to sawmilling and things like that, along with mining?

Mr. Baker: Yes. It applies to sawmill operators, mining companies and agriculture. Anything which is a resource.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is the Palace Grand Theatre, Dawson - \$4,500.

Mr. Shaw: This is 100% recoverable. You've left out the caretakers on the sternwheelers. Aren't we looking after them from now on?

Mr. Baker: I am hoping that one of the sternwheelers will be moved this year, and the others will be disposed of, and therefore caretakers will not be required.

Council continued through items dealing with Nordenskiold Bridge (Carmacks) to Takhini Hot Springs Road.

Mr. Shaw: Is this road kept open all year round?

Mr. Baker: Yes, it is kept open all year round.

Mr. Shaw: Is there anything there besides the hot springs?

Mr. Baker: Yes, I believe there is. It seems to me that a chap has a ranch at the end of the road, it was just developed in 1964.

Council continued through items from Miles Canyon Road to South Access Road, Whitehorse.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair): Is it the intention to straighten this road up, and remove the hazards that now exist on it, and fix it up.

Mr. Baker: When we get to Vote 20 you will see that we have funds provided for some realignment of this road, and also for the installation of a guard rail.

The next item was Dawson Airport.

Mr. Shaw: I'll say that's 100% recoverable from the Department of Transport.

The next item was the Mayo Airport, and Ross River Flight Strip.

Mr. Shaw: Question. I just wanted to note this on this one here, the Old Crow Airport, is all this expenditure necessary. In the first place, I didn't know they had any airport there, which is why I wanted to know if all this expenditure is necessary.

Mr. Baker: It was included in the 1964-65 estimates because from time to time the gravel bar, which is used as a flight strip, would have to have some maintenance done on it. As you know we do have a small John Deere tractor there, and in '64-'65 the money was provided for the use of this machine on the gravel bar to straighten it up. We did not use any money in '64-'65 on this strip, so we felt in '65-'66 it wasn't necessary to provide a quota for this purpose.

Mr. MacKinnon: This Tote Trail Assistance, now does that apply to sawmilling and things like that, along with mining?

Mr. Baker: Yes. It applies to sawmill operators, mining companies and agriculture. Anything which is a resource.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is the Palace Grand Theatre, Dawson - \$4,500.

Mr. Shaw: This is 100% recoverable. You've left out the caretakers on the sternwheelers. Aren't we looking after them from now on?

Mr. Baker: I am hoping that one of the sternwheelers will be moved this year, and the others will be disposed of, and therefore caretakers will not be required.

Council continued through items dealing with Nordenskiold Bridge (Carmacks) to Takhini Hot Springs Road.

Mr. Shaw: Is this road kept open all year round?

Mr. Baker: Yes, it is kept open all year round.

Mr. Shaw: Is there anything there besides the hot springs?

Mr. Baker: Yes, I believe there is. It seems to me that a chap has a ranch at the end of the road, it was just developed in 1964.

Council continued through items from Miles Canyon Road to South Access Road, Whitehorse.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair): Is it the intention to straighten this road up, and remove the hazards that now exist on it, and fix it up.

Mr. Baker: When we get to Vote 20 you will see that we have funds provided for some realignment of this road, and also for the installation of a guard rail.

The next item was Dawson Airport.

Mr. Shaw: I'll say that's 100% recoverable from the Department of Transport.

The next item was the Mayo Airport, and Ross River Flight Strip.

Mr. Shaw: Question. I just wanted to note this on this one here, the Old Crow Airport, is all this expenditure necessary. In the first place, I didn't know they had any airport there, which is why I wanted to know if all this expenditure is necessary.

Mr. Baker: It was included in the 1964-65 estimates because from time to time the gravel bar, which is used as a flight strip, would have to have some maintenance done on it. As you know we do have a small John Deere tractor there, and in '64-'65 the money was provided for the use of this machine on the gravel bar to straighten it up. We did not use any money in '64-'65 on this strip, so we felt in '65-'66 it wasn't necessary to provide a quota for this purpose.

They have to have some idea of what they are there for to handle the tourist traffic properly. Some of this, this would all have to be lined up if this did happen.

Mr. Fitzgerald left Council Chamber.

Mr. Chairman: The next vote number is vote #9, Roads, Bridges and Public Works. Who would you require for this besides Mr. Baker? Vote 9

No other witnesses were required, and a short recess was declared until Mr. Baker, Territorial Engineer, arrived.

Mr. Chairman: The first item in Vote 9 is Head Office Supervision - \$110,380. This is found on page 3 of vote 9.

Mr. Boyd: Just off hand, how come \$6,000 - well, I mean to ask how come it is a decrease.

Mr. Baker: We decreased our staff by one typist.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Territorial Buildings - \$66,000.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in chair): This morning talking about Territorial buildings, there was an item listed as, insured as a Power House in Watson Lake, we were wondering what this could be. It was insured for \$4,200.

Mr. Baker: I know of no such building.

Mr. MacKinnon: Was that not a Power Plant?

Mr. Baker: Unless it's referring to this Fairbanks-Morse house. But there's no power plant.

Mr. Taylor: This was a power plant for \$4,800 or \$4,200.

Mr. Baker: There's no such building, as far as I know.

Council continued through various items from Territorial Buildings to Tote Trail Assistance.

Mr. Taylor: (Mr. Southam in Chair): I wonder if I could ask Mr. Baker if it appears during this season, this season affected by the Budget, we will be over-subscribed on this \$50,000, and if so, is there any hope to have Additional Funds and Supplements to cover any over-expenditure?

Mr. Baker: As yet I don't think we have any applications for the '65 season, but I do feel we will have just as good a year in '65 as we did in '64, therefore, more funds will have to be provided. Now as you all know we were able to get additional monies from Ottawa for this programme, and I think if the funds are required for '65 operations we will get the money.

Mr. Taylor: I hope that when Ottawa is reading these Votes and Proceedings they will give their utmost consideration to giving us more funds, because we can sure use them, and it's money very, very well spent.

Mr. Chairman: (Mr. Taylor back in Chair): The next item is Tagish Microwave Road - \$200.

Mr. Shaw: Just what happens if, for example, we know it's a pretty rough strip, you take your life in your hands almost when you land on it in a small plane, the boulders are that big, and the aircraft wheels won't get over them. Say for example it does need these big boulders taken off, does that mean there's no funds to get them taken off.

Mr. Baker: If we find we have to do work on it this year then we can cover it with something in the Estimates.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair) I have a question related to Ross River Flight Strip, will it be possible to put some gravel on this thing to make it safe during the summer?

Mr. Baker: We haven't provided any funds for surfacing on this strip. I am hoping though, by working the material back and forth with the grader to get the larger boulders out, and it would be a better strip than we had last summer. But funds have not been provided for surfacing.

Council continued through items dealing with Seaplane Dock, May to Ferry-Dawson Boundary Road.

Mr. Shaw: We did have an amount of \$20,000 in last year for a barge, I believe. Is it intended to put that barge in this year.

Mr. Baker: This barge will be used this year. Yes. It is used as a landing barge.

Council continued through items dealing with Whitehorse-Keno Highway to Canol Road

Mr. Chairman: How, in view of the fact we've been keeping this open, has it cost us a great deal of money to date to keep this open?

Mr. Baker: No, it's well within our estimate. Our estimate is \$20,000 for the month of March.

The next item was the Dempster Highway.

Mr. Shaw: On this particular matter, I wonder whether the Territorial Engineer provides for the construction continuing further north or not, for this coming year. I have heard both yes and no.

Mr. Baker: As far as I am aware there will be no construction at the end of this road in 1965.

Council continued through items dealing with Seaplane Base Road, Whitehorse to Watson Lake-Ross River Road (Mile 200 to 220)

Mr. Shaw: I might ask - is this all charged up to Watson Lake?

Mr. Taylor: Charged up to Watson Lake? In what manner?

Mr. Shaw: They have these crossings, and Dawson Road is charged up to Dawson, at least the cost to operate it, and I wondered if they charged this up to Watson Lake.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): No doubt. I might say that the reason you'll notice there is no expenditure for Mile 70 on this Watson Lake-Ross River Road to Mile 200 is that this section of road is still under construction, and it has not yet been turned over to the Territorial Government, and it's not likely to be turned over before the next Fiscal Year.

Council continued through items dealing with South McQueston Road to Federal Buildings.

Total expenditure, Vote 9 - \$1,486,480.

Vote 20 Mr. Chairman (Mr. Taylor in Chair): We will now proceed to Vote 20 page 31.

Council continued through items dealing with Furniture and Office Equipment to Bonanza Road

Mr. Shaw: Where does that go to?

Mr. Baker: Last spring we had a series of washouts on the Bonanza Road, and this year we intend to relocate the road in sections to prevent this happening in the future. Most of this work will be done between Mile 0 and Discovery Point.

Council continued through items dealing with Miles Canyon Road to Marina Development.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): Since we provided for this item in our Budget, I forget whether it was one or two years ago (it was prompted by the suggestion of the Honourable Member from Whitehorse East at that time, in the old Council, and I think it's a very good item). I don't know if any of these have been placed in other districts to date, but I believe there are some in operation in the Whitehorse area, and I am in high hopes that maybe this summer we can get some of these in our little lakes in the outlying districts, these loading ramps. But we do have a problem at Teslin in view of the fact that the fluctuation of the water level is between 14 and 17 feet, and of course naturally on a big shot out on the lake it makes it very difficult to put one of these ramps in at any reasonable expense. In considering this, and also considering the problems there, it has been suggested, and I of course originated this suggestion, that possibly we can best resolve this problem by assisting with a community dock in Teslin. It was my intention to, I have the plans of the dock prepared, and it will involve the capital expenditure of about \$1,200. The people of the community and possibly the Indian Affairs, (I believe Indians Affairs will put up some of the labour on it, on the actual construction of this thing), and it was my hope that it is at all possible that this project could be approved and met out of Marina Development Funds where I think it properly belongs, but if we can get this, these materials paid for, and Indian Affairs have said they will come along and give us some help with the labour, and the Community of Teslin themselves are going to volunteer labour and whatever additional costs can be met from the Community Development Fund, no doubt, then we would be able to construct our dock. I thought I would leave the matter until we arrived at this section of the Budget, and see whether or not I could have the concurrence of Committee, to this idea, just in principle.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): No doubt. I might say that the reason you'll notice there is no expenditure for Mile 70 on this Watson Lake-Ross River Road to Mile 200 is that this section of road is still under construction, and it has not yet been turned over to the Territorial Government, and it's not likely to be turned over before the next Fiscal Year.

Council continued through items dealing with South McQueston Road to Federal Buildings.

Total expenditure, Vote 9 - \$1,486,480.

Vote 20 Mr. Chairman (Mr. Taylor in Chair): We will now proceed to Vote 20 page 31.

Council continued through items dealing with Furniture and Office Equipment to Bonanza Road

Mr. Shaw: Where does that go to?

Mr. Baker: Last spring we had a series of washouts on the Bonanza Road, and this year we intend to relocate the road in sections to prevent this happening in the future. Most of this work will be done between Mile 0 and Discovery Point.

Council continued through items dealing with Miles Canyon Road to Marina Development.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): Since we provided for this item in our Budget, I forget whether it was one or two years ago (it was prompted by the suggestion of the Honourable Member from Whitehorse East at that time, in the old Council, and I think it's a very good item). I don't know if any of these have been placed in other districts to date, but I believe there are some in operation in the Whitehorse area, and I am in high hopes that maybe this summer we can get some of these in our little lakes in the outlying districts, these loading ramps. But we do have a problem at Teslin in view of the fact that the fluctuation of the water level is between 14 and 17 feet, and of course naturally on a big shot out on the lake it makes it very difficult to put one of these ramps in at any reasonable expense. In considering this, and also considering the problems there, it has been suggested, and I of course originated this suggestion, that possibly we can best resolve this problem by assisting with a community dock in Teslin. It was my intention to, I have the plans of the dock prepared, and it will involve the capital expenditure of about \$1,200. The people of the community and possibly the Indian Affairs, (I believe Indian Affairs will put up some of the labour on it, on the actual construction of this thing), and it was my hope that it is at all possible that this project could be approved and met out of Marina Development Funds where I think it properly belongs, but if we can get this, these materials paid for, and Indian Affairs have said they will come along and give us some help with the labour, and the Community of Teslin themselves are going to volunteer labour and whatever additional costs can be met from the Community Development Fund, no doubt, then we would be able to construct our dock. I thought I would leave the matter until we arrived at this section of the Budget, and see whether or not I could have the concurrence of Committee, to this idea, just in principle.

Mr. Shaw: Just what happens if, for example, we know it's a pretty rough strip, you take your life in your hands almost when you land on it in a small plane, the boulders are that big, and the aircraft wheels won't get over them. Say for example it does need these big boulders taken off, does that mean there's no funds to get them taken off.

Mr. Baker: If we find we have to do work on it this year then we can cover it with something in the Estimates.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair) I have a question related to Ross River Flight Strip, will it be possible to put some gravel on this thing to make it safe during the summer?

Mr. Baker: We haven't provided any funds for surfacing on this strip. I am hoping though, by working the material back and forth with the grader to get the larger boulders out, and it would be a better strip than we had last summer. But funds have not been provided for surfacing.

Council continued through items dealing with Seaplane Dock, May to Ferry-Dawson Boundary Road.

Mr. Shaw: We did have an amount of \$20,000 in last year for a barge, I believe. Is it intended to put that barge in this year.

Mr. Baker: This barge will be used this year. Yes. It is used as a landing barge.

Council continued through items dealing with Whitehorse-Keno Highway to Canol Road

Mr. Chairman: How, in view of the fact we've been keeping this open, has it cost us a great deal of money to date to keep this open?

Mr. Baker: No, it's well within our estimate. Our estimate is \$20,000 for the month of March.

The next item was the Dempster Highway.

Mr. Shaw: On this particular matter, I wonder whether the Territorial Engineer provides for the construction continuing further north or not, for this coming year. I have heard both yes and no.

Mr. Baker: As far as I am aware there will be no construction at the end of this road in 1965.

Council continued through items dealing with Seaplane Base Road, Whitehorse to Watson Lake-Ross River Road (Mile 200 to 220)

Mr. Shaw: I might ask - is this all charged up to Watson Lake?

Mr. Taylor: Charged up to Watson Lake? In what manner?

Mr. Shaw: They have these crossings, and Dawson Road is charged up to Dawson, at least the cost to operate it, and I wondered if they charged this up to Watson Lake.

Mr. Shaw: If the funds are provided, if you have a different kind of a deal there and the funds are in the Budget, I don't see that it would bother me, personally.

Mr. Baker: I am agreeable.

Mr. Boyd: Where would this loading ramp be located?

Mr. Taylor: This would be located right at the end of the Teslin Bridge, it would be on the west side of the bridge itself. In going to Indian Affairs it was noted that the Indian people of Teslin would also be able to use the dock to take fishermen out, and put a sign up so that tourists going back and forth on the highway could see this. Everybody can tie their boats up there, and airplanes can dock there, and it's a general service to Forestry, the police, and everybody in the community.

Mr. Boyd: I've no objections. I'd like to see it in operation.

Mr. Taylor: One point I should mention for the edification is that the design of this dock (Mr. Taylor produces plans) it is designed in such a way that they are in sections. These sections I believe Mr. Baker thought would cost about \$150 each. They are floated on barrels, and we merely take these sections in the required number, whatever it is, and we put them together in any form that you wish. We really think it's a whale of an idea.

Mr. Baker: The material cost would be \$350 per section.

Mr. Taylor: It was my understanding that it would be about \$150 and labour would be about \$150.

Mr. Boyd: This is all very fine, and it will be quite a ramp or floating dock, when it's fully extended out into low water and it will remain that way in high water. The lake could be mighty rough, and it could get bounced around I would think, it's quite terrific, and the boats there along with it. If it was in a sheltered spot it might be different, as a rule you must have some shelter to break wind and waves, otherwise you're going to lose out. What have you in mind for this kind of thing?

Mr. Taylor: Yes. Well, this is in Nisutlin Bay. Well, I don't know if you can find a bay around there where you won't get any wind at all. It's off the main lake, it's just up the bay by the bridge.

Mr. Taylor resumes Chair.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Campground and Picnic Area Development

Mr. MacKinnon: Could we have a list of the localities of these 15 new sites? Is this going to require garbage removal and wood supply, such things as this, tables, for instance?

Mr. Boyd: Mr. MacKinnon's in the wrong department. I would also while I am on my feet draw your attention to the time.

Mr. MacKinnon: Yes. I was looking at campground and Picnic Area Development.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speark do now resume the chair and hear the Report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Taylor reported as follows:

Committee convened at 10:35 a.m. to discuss Bills, Sessional Papers, Motions, Memoranda. Committee first discussed the Main Supply Bill with Mr. Spray and Mr. MacKenzie in attendance. Committee recessed at 12:00 noon and reconvened at 2:00 pm this afternoon. Mr. Judd and Mr. MacKenzie attended Committee to discuss matters related to Centennial Programme. Mr. Firzgerald attended to discuss Vote 7, Game. Mr. Baker attended to discuss Vote 9, Roads, Bridges, & Public Works. I can report progress on Bill #4.

Council accepted the Report of the Chairman of Committees, and discussed the Agenda for next day. Council then adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a.m. Wednesday, April 7<sup>th</sup>, 1965.

Mr. MacKinnon: Yes. I was looking at campground and Picnic Area Development.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speak do now resume the chair and hear the Report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Taylor reported as follows:

Committee convened at 10:35 a.m. to discuss Bills, Sessional Papers, Motions, Memoranda. Committee first discussed the Main Supply Bill with Mr. Spray and Mr. MacKenzie in attendance. Committee recessed at 12:00 noon and reconvened at 2:00 pm this afternoon. Mr. Judd and Mr. MacKenzie attended Committee to discuss matters related to Centennial Programme. Mr. Firzgerald attended to discuss Vote 7, Game. Mr. Baker attended to discuss Vote 9, Roads, Bridges, & Public Works. I can report progress on Bill #4.

Council accepted the Report of the Chairman of Committees, and discussed the Agenda for next day. Council then adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a.m. Wednesday, April 7<sup>th</sup>, 1965.

Mr. Shaw: If the funds are provided, if you have a different kind of a deal there and the funds are in the Budget, I don't see that it would bother me, personally.

Mr. Baker: I am agreeable.

Mr. Boyd: Where would this loading ramp be located?

Mr. Taylor: This would be located right at the end of the Teslin Bridge, it would be on the west side of the bridge itself. In going to Indian Affairs it was noted that the Indian people of Teslin would also be able to use the dock to take fishermen out, and put a sign up so that tourists going back and forth on the highway could see this. Everybody can tie their boats up there, and airplanes can dock there, and it's a general service to Forestry, the police, and everybody in the community.

Mr. Boyd: I've no objections. I'd like to see it in operation.

Mr. Taylor: One point I should mention for the edification is that the design of this dock (Mr. Taylor produces plans) it is designed in such a way that they are in sections. These sections I believe Mr. Baker thought would cost about \$150 each. They are floated on barrels, and we merely take these sections in the required number, whatever it is, and we put them together in any form that you wish. We really think it's a whale of an idea.

Mr. Baker: The material cost would be \$350 per section.

Mr. Taylor: It was my understanding that it would be about \$150 and labour would be about \$150.

Mr. Boyd: This is all very fine, and it will be quite a ramp. or floating dock, when it's fully extended out into low water and it will remain that way in high water. The lake could be mighty rough, and it could get bounced around I would think, it's quite terrific, and the boats there along with it. If it was in a sheltered spot it might be different, as a rule you must have some shelter to break wind and waves, otherwise you're going to lose out. What have you in mind for this kind of thing?

Mr. Taylor: Yes. Well, this is in Nisutlin Bay. Well, I don't know if you can find a bay around there where you won't get any wind at all. It's off the main lake, it's just up the bay by the bridge.

Mr. Taylor resumes Chair.

Mr. Chairman: The next item is Campground and Picnic Area Development

Mr. MacKinnon: Could we have a list of the localities of these 15 new sites? Is this going to require garbage removal and wood supply, such things as this, tables, for instance?

Mr. Boyd: Mr. MacKinnon's in the wrong department. I would also while I am on my feet draw your attention to the time.

Wednesday, April 7, 1965.  
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following correspondence, from the Commissioner, was tabled for Council's consideration:

- |  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| (1) Reply to Motion No. 3, Insurance - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 46).  | Sessional Papers #46 |
| (2) Reply to Motion No. 30, Electric Wiring of Indian Homes - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 47)  | #47                  |
| (3) Reply to a question raised by Councillor Watt regarding action being taken by the City of Whitehorse to implement the Metropolitan Plan. (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 48) | #48                  |

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, for leave to introduce Bill No. 10, An Ordinance to Amend the Liquor Ordinance. Introducing Bill #10

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Boyd gave Notice of Motion concerning Tourist Publicity. Notice of Motion #44

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that Whereas there is considerable support for the core concept for a National Park in the Yukon Territory it is requested that: (1) The Administration contact Ottawa and request firm commitments for expenditures in a core of a National Park if approval of such were given by the Territorial Council; and (2) It is further requested that an area not exceeding 20 square miles in the Mount Kennedy area be considered as the core of a proposed National Park. Motion #39

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are all aware we are beginning to have a very historical area. When we take in a 20 mile radius this would also include Mt. Logan and the King George Mountain. This would all create tourist enthusiasm. It seems an ideal place, in my thinking, to establish a park. I believe that as far as the Federal Government is concerned, one day we will get a National Park whether we want it or not and I would just like to mention that it is a beautiful area and I think an ideal place to start a National Park.

Mr. Taylor: On March 16 of this year we discussed and carried a motion known as Motion #2, unanimously, which concluded: Now therefore, be it resolved that in the opinion of Council the Administration is respectfully requested to invite the senior officer or officers of the National Parks Branch to come to the Yukon to meet and hold discussions with the Yukon mining and exploration representatives and any other interested groups with a view to establishing an effective solution to the existing problem. Mr. Speaker I feel that any move along the lines of this motion could materially detract from the intent of the initial motion. I think the National Park question is not one to be taken too lightly, it is one which poses a very serious problem to the people and economy of the Yukon and to, at this time, accept this motion would be detrimental to the entire cause. I would ask Members of Council to consider well this problem and would also ask that they give us a chance to work out this problem as outlined in Motion #2 before proceeding to a core area type park.

This is the type of thing that the discussions with National Parks Branch will determine. If we accept this motion well we have just overridden our first motion. As I say it is a very difficult situation and I would ask, in all sincerity, that the motion be deferred or defeated and that the peoples involved be allowed to continue and negotiate to see if we can't come up with a good idea and resolve this problem.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion I realize that there had been a previous motion concerning a request for negotiations on a National Park, as Mr. Taylor suggested but this motion here I believe is something different, quite a bit different. It is simply a request to get firm offers from Ottawa on the amount of money that they would spend if such a core type National Park were approved by the Territorial Council. This is just a request from Ottawa and it would be along the lines of if we were to approve a core type beginnings of a National Park, how much the National Parks Branch is willing to spend. If it is just a few thousand dollars then I don't think this Council would even consider setting aside a core or a National Park but if they are prepared to spend several million dollars in a specified period of time, I suggest it should be a short period of time, 1-3 years, then I feel as I, representing Whitehorse-West, would have to vote for a core type National Park. The figure of 20 square miles has been used here just as a suggested area. I think this motion should be approved by Council just to find out if Ottawa is prepared to spend any money and to what extent they are willing to go if such a core type were approved. If the answer comes back and they say we are prepared to spend \$3-4,000.00 in the next 20 years then I don't want any part of trying to get it through Council but we may be missing a good bet; Ottawa may be prepared to spend several million dollars in a short period of time in return for us setting aside a few square miles for a core of a National Park. So I don't as if there is any overlapping with the motions as suggested by Mr. Taylor. I think that this is a motion that should be supported it is just a request for firm information from Ottawa on this type of a project if we should want it at some future session.

Mr. Taylor: In respect to this, with all due credit where credit is due, if this motion is affected it is going to put us in a very untenable position, as I pointed out earlier. We have asked these National Parks people to come up here and resolve this problem and in considering and asking how much money they are going to spend, we met with these people in Ottawa and in Ottawa they were not prepared to tell us anything. Virtually what they said is this will all depend on what area we get and where we go. In other words I don't feel that at this time they are going to be able to commit themselves to anything. Secondly, if we can get any commitment from the National Parks Branch, it shall be at those meetings which we have established in this Council. In other words it would make that end of this motion negligible. Another point is that this area is now a National Park reserve already. I have the documents if any gentleman would like to see them, there are three of them, set aside by Order-in-Council in the year 1942 amended in 1944 and again in 1960, and this is already a National Park reserve. The third point is that it is further requested that an area not exceeding 20 square miles in the Mount Kennedy area be considered as the core of a proposed National Park. This would then be citing an opinion of Council which would also again defeat our negotiations. If we accept this motion we say that we would like a core area not exceeding 20 square miles considered for a proposed National Park. As I say we have yet to determine this by negotiation so this is why I would ask the indulgence of Council to hold off until we have had an opportunity to discuss this with the Federal authority as outlined.

This is the type of thing that the discussions with National Parks Branch will determine. If we accept this motion well we have just overridden our first motion. As I say it is a very difficult situation and I would ask, in all sincerity, that the motion be deferred or defeated and that the peoples involved be allowed to continue and negotiate to see if we can't come up with a good idea and resolve this problem.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion I realize that there had been a previous motion concerning a request for negotiations on a National Park, as Mr. Taylor suggested but this motion here I believe is something different, quite a bit different. It is simply a request to get firm offers from Ottawa on the amount of money that they would spend if such a core type National Park were approved by the Territorial Council. This is just a request from Ottawa and it would be along the lines of if we were to approve a core type beginnings of a National Park, how much the National Parks Branch is willing to spend. If it is just a few thousand dollars then I don't think this Council would even consider setting aside a core or a National Park but if they are prepared to spend several million dollars in a specified period of time, I suggest it should be a short period of time, 1-3 years, then I feel as I, representing Whitehorse-West, would have to vote for a core type National Park. The figure of 20 square miles has been used here just as a suggested area. I think this motion should be approved by Council just to find out if Ottawa is prepared to spend any money and to what extent they are willing to go if such a core type were approved. If the answer comes back and they say we are prepared to spend \$3-4,000.00 in the next 20 years then I don't want any part of trying to get it through Council but we may be missing a good bet, Ottawa may be prepared to spend several million dollars in a short period of time in return for us setting aside a few square miles for a core of a National Park. So I don't as if there is any overlapping with the motions as suggested by Mr. Taylor. I think that this is a motion that should be supported it is just a request for firm information from Ottawa on this type of a project if we should want it at some future session.

Mr. Taylor: In respect to this, with all due credit where credit is due, if this motion is affected it is going to put us in a very untenable position, as I pointed out earlier. We have asked these National Parks people to come up here and resolve this problem and in considering and asking how much money they are going to spend, we met with these people in Ottawa and in Ottawa they were not prepared to tell us anything. Virtually what they said is this will all depend on what area we get and where we go. In other words I don't feel that at this time they are going to be able to commit themselves to anything. Secondly, if we can get any commitment from the National Parks Branch, it shall be at those meetings which we have established in this Council. In other words it would make that end of this motion negligible. Another point is that this area is now a National Park reserve already. I have the documents if any gentleman would like to see them, there are three of them, set aside by Order-in-Council in the year 1942 amended in 1944 and again in 1960, and this is already a National Park reserve. The third point is that it is further requested that an area not exceeding 20 square miles in the Mount Kennedy area be considered as the core of a proposed National Park. This would then be citing an opinion of Council which would also again defeat our negotiations. If we accept this motion we say that we would like a core area not exceeding 20 square miles considered for a proposed National Park. As I say we have yet to determine this by negotiation so this is why I would ask the indulgence of Council to hold off until we have had an opportunity to discuss this with the Federal authority as outlined.

Wednesday, April 7, 1965.  
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following correspondence, from the Commissioner, was tabled for Council's consideration:

- |  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| (1) Reply to Motion No. 3, Insurance - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 46).  | Sessional Papers #46 |
| (2) Reply to Motion No. 30, Electric Wiring of Indian Homes - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 47)  | #47                  |
| (3) Reply to a question raised by Councillor Watt regarding action being taken by the City of Whitehorse to implement the Metropolitan Plan. (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 48) | #48                  |

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, for leave to introduce Bill No. 10, An Ordinance to Amend the Liquor Ordinance. Introducing Bill #10

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Boyd gave Notice of Motion concerning Tourist Publicity. Notice of Motion #44

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that Whereas there is considerable support for the core concept for a National Park in the Yukon Territory it is requested that: (1) The Administration contact Ottawa and request firm commitments for expenditures in a core of a National Park if approval of such were given by the Territorial Council; and (2) It is further requested that an area not exceeding 20 square miles in the Mount Kennedy area be considered as the core of a proposed National Park. Motion #39

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are all aware we are beginning to have a very historical area. When we take in a 20 mile radius this would also include Mt. Logan and the King George Mountain. This would all create tourist enthusiasm. It seems an ideal place, in my thinking, to establish a park. I believe that as far as the Federal Government is concerned, one day we will get a National Park whether we want it or not and I would just like to mention that it is a beautiful area and I think an ideal place to start a National Park.

Mr. Taylor: On March 16 of this year we discussed and carried a motion known as Motion #2, unanimously, which concluded: Now therefore, be it resolved that in the opinion of Council the Administration is respectfully requested to invite the senior officer or officers of the National Parks Branch to come to the Yukon to meet and hold discussions with the Yukon mining and exploration representatives and any other interested groups with a view to establishing an effective solution to the existing problem. Mr. Speaker I feel that any move along the lines of this motion could materially detract from the intent of the initial motion. I think the National Park question is not one to be taken too lightly, it is one which poses a very serious problem to the people and economy of the Yukon and to, at this time, accept this motion would be detrimental to the entire cause. I would ask Members of Council to consider well this problem and would also ask that they give us a chance to work out this problem as outlined in Motion #2 before proceeding to a core area type park.

Mr. MacKinnon: Once again Mr. Taylor, anything that the people want, they request, he is against. I will say at this time let's forget all the nonsense and call question on the motion.

Mr. Boyd: We are going to have one thing or another. We have already arranged and passed a motion here concerning one thing and that is a meeting of all concerned to decide issues. It seems to me that June is not very far away, when I think this meeting is probably scheduled to take place. Nothing can happen that is of any importance, as far as this motion is concerned, until after a meeting has been established. We are taking about something in the name of factual, it says not exceeding 20 square miles. How acceptable is this to anybody? If you have a meeting and they come up with some proposals at this meeting, those that are concerned, then I think Council has something to judge their thinking on. It isn't a case of anybody being against anything, we are trying to work the tail against the head, or the head against the tail it doesn't matter which way you put it, but we have one issue already on the agenda concerning this, let's not confuse it any further, let's leave things alone until they have had their meeting and then we will have a proposal put before us, which can be dealt with in a firm and sensible manner.

Mr. Watt: In seconding this motion, as I said before, I realize there had been a different type of motion asking for negotiations or discussions which may or may not take place. The reasoning behind this motion, no doubt you could pick holes in the motion, you can do that with almost any motion, that I would like to find out from Ottawa if a core type park or any type of a park were set aside how much money they are willing to spend and a firm offer. This is all this motion asks and it is asking for some specific figures if a core type national park or another type of national park were approved. I think that this motion is well made and is worthy of our support and is a request for information that I don't think is included in this other motion and this is information we are going to need next fall if within the next two years we are going to have any kind of a National Park or a core type of National Park. I don't see what the objection is to requesting this information. I can't understand why Council is so reluctant to approve a motion that is a request for information by another Councillor. I think we should all bend over a little bit backwards for each other if somebody wants information or discussion, they should be able to have it. I think this motion is worthy of our support.

Mr. Southam: It would appear to me as it has been pointed out, we have already got a motion on the agenda, we have asked these people to come in and sit with whoever is concerned and come up with something. I don't think you should set in the Yukon, any specified area or any specified distances until you get a general answer from these people from Ottawa because they are the people that are going to tell us and put out the money to make this thing possible. I would suggest that until you have these meetings leave it lay and see what they have to say. It may be you get your core park or a larger area and there is no doubt there is a lot of work to be done, whichever way we get it but I would say let's have this discussion first.

Mr. Shaw (with Deputy Speaker in the Chair): I have left the Chair because I feel that this is a matter that is really, really important for the whole Yukon Territory. I think the members are well aware that I am very much an advocate of a National Park for the Yukon. I think that a National Park is something that we must have so there is no question of where

my sentiment lies in relation to this matter. However, we do have a motion now on something that I think will have very beneficial results. Over the years the mining industry has objected to a National Park. It seems to me I have looked on it as a somewhat dogmatic attitude, put it that way. But conversely it could be said that mine was a dogmatic attitude. As time has gone on<sup>and</sup> I have heard their comments I have realized that the only way that we can resolve this particular matter is to get the two opposing factions together, namely the persons that want a park and the mining industry that are fearful that it will take away our natural resources and put them in an icebox for ever. So a motion was introduced recently and which I was very happy to see and support that will bring these two factions together. Now this meeting I presume will take place sometime in the course of this year. We have waited years on this national park deal and another month or so won't make any difference. Well we have another motion here that in the first instance, in regard to section (1), I agree with. I have written the Chamber of Mines and suggesting this as long past as last fall. I suggested this very thing so I can't be against that. I think it is a very good suggestion of Mr. MacKinnon's, it is a very good question to raise to the Administration on, okay how much are you going to spend on this deal, let us know. I am for that. But on number (2) where it is stated definitely that we set out a section of the country as a National Park, I cannot subscribe to this at this time Mr. Speder. I feel that it is premature in view of the fact that we have a motion for these two factions to get together and decide where this National Park should be, for the various and sundry reasons. The Department of Northern Affairs will want something that is scenic, the Chamber of Mines, the mining industry is the most important industry in the Territory, will also want to prevent a well mineralized section from sterilization. Here we have a motion that I can vote for the first one but I can't for the second one, therefore as it is, I'm not wishing to change anybody's motion, I'm not even intending to try, but we have two separate items in that motion and in accepting the motion I would have to accept the whole concept of it and I can't do that at this time. Perhaps next fall might be a different situation.

Mr. Thompson: I feel that although this motion has merit, I feel that the other previous one will give us the necessary details that we require to give us an opportunity to present both sides of the picture. For that reason I would have to vote against this motion, not that I don't agree with it I think that eventually we will arrive at the same conclusions but I don't feel that we should necessarily commit ourselves as to the size of a park at this time. I feel that these items will resolve themselves with discussions with the Park's Branch and Administration in do course.

Mr. MacKinnon: I was very enthused with the comments of Mr. Shaw and it was very gratifying. On the second part of the motion, undoubtedly requesting the area to be the Mount Kennedy area, maybe if we just took that part out maybe Mr. Shaw has in mind a National Park at Dawson City. Maybe if we left the second part of the motion, amended it, maybe it would be suitable.

Mr. Taylor: As I pointed out earlier, and I think you gentlemen will agree, that the entire motion would have a deterrent effect on any future deliberations on this subject and I would suggest that question do be called on the motion.

my sentiment lies in relation to this matter. However, we do have a motion now on something that I think will have very beneficial results. Over the years the mining industry has objected to a National Park. It seems to me I have looked on it as a somewhat dogmatic attitude, put it that way. But conversely it could be said that mine was a dogmatic attitude. As time has gone on <sup>and</sup> I have heard their comments I have realized that the only way that we can resolve this particular matter is to get the two opposing factions together, namely the persons that want a park and the mining industry that are fearful that it will take away our natural resources and put them in an icebox for ever. So a motion was introduced recently and which I was very happy to see and support that will bring these two factions together. Now this meeting I presume will take place sometime in the course of this year. We have waited years on this national park deal and another month or so won't make any difference. Well we have another motion here that in the first instance, in regard to section (1), I agree with. I have written the Chamber of Mines and suggesting this as long past as last fall. I suggested this very thing so I can't be against that. I think it is a very good suggestion of Mr. MacKinnon's, it is a very good question to raise to the Administration on, okay how much are you going to spend on this deal, let us know. I am for that. But on number (2) where it is stated definitely that we set out a section of the country as a National Park, I cannot subscribe to this at this time Mr. Speder. I feel that it is premature in view of the fact that we have a motion for these two factions to get together and decide where this National Park should be, for the various and sundry reasons. The Department of Northern Affairs will want something that is scenic, the Chamber of Mines, the mining industry is the most important industry in the Territory, will also want to prevent a well mineralized section from sterilization. Here we have a motion that I can vote for the first one but I can't for the second one, therefore as it is, I'm not wishing to change anybody's motion, I'm not even intending to try, but we have two separate items in that motion and in accepting the motion I would have to accept the whole concept of it and I can't do that at this time. Perhaps next fall might be a different situation.

Mr. Thompson: I feel that although this motion has merit, I feel that the other previous one will give us the necessary details that we require to give us an opportunity to present both sides of the picture. For that reason I would have to vote against this motion, not that I don't agree with it I think that eventually we will arrive at the same conclusions but I don't feel that we should necessarily commit ourselves as to the size of a park at this time. I feel that these items will resolve themselves with discussions with the Park's Branch and Administration in do course.

Mr. MacKinnon: I was very enthused with the comments of Mr. Shaw and it was very gratifying. On the second part of the motion, undoubtedly requesting the area to be the Mount Kennedy area, maybe if we just took that part out maybe Mr. Shaw has in mind a National Park at Dawson City. Maybe if we left the second part of the motion, amended it, maybe it would be suitable.

Mr. Taylor: As I pointed out earlier, and I think you gentlemen will agree, that the entire motion would have a deterrent effect on any future deliberations on this subject and I would suggest that question do be called on the motion.

Mr. MacKinnon: Once again Mr. Taylor, anything that the people want, they request, he is against. I will say at this time let's forget all the nonsense and call question on the motion.

Mr. Boyd: We are going to have one thing or another. We have already arranged and passed a motion here concerning one thing and that is a meeting of all concerned to decide issues. It seems to me that June is not very far away, when I think this meeting is probably scheduled to take place. Nothing can happen that is of any importance, as far as this motion is concerned, until after a meeting has been established. We are taking about something in the name of factual, it says not exceeding 20 square miles. How acceptable is this to anybody? If you have a meeting and they come up with some proposals at this meeting, those that are concerned, then I think Council has something to judge their thinking on. It isn't a case of anybody being against anything, we are trying to work the tail against the head, or the head against the tail it doesn't matter which way you put it, but we have one issue already on the agenda concerning this, let's not confuse it any further, let's leave things alone until they have had their meeting and then we will have a proposal put before us, which can be dealt with in a firm and sensible manner.

Mr. Watt: In seconding this motion, as I said before, I realize there had been a different type of motion asking for negotiations or discussions which may or may not take place. The reasoning behind this motion, no doubt you could pick holes in the motion, you can do that with almost any motion, that I would like to find out from Ottawa if a core type park or any type of a park were set aside how much money they are willing to spend and a firm offer. This is all this motion asks and it is asking for some specific figures if a core type national park or another type of national park were approved. I think that this motion is well made and is worthy of our support and is a request for information that I don't think is included in this other motion and this is information we are going to need next fall if within the next two years we are going to have any kind of a National Park or a core type of National Park. I don't see what the objection is to requesting this information. I can't understand why Council is so reluctant to approve a motion that is a request for information by another Councillor. I think we should all bend over a little bit backwards for each other if somebody wants information or discussion, they should be able to have it. I think this motion is worthy of our support.

Mr. Southam: It would appear to me as it has been pointed out, we have already got a motion on the agenda, we have asked these people to come in and sit with whoever is concerned and come up with something. I don't think you should set in the Yukon, any specified area or any specified distances until you get a general answer from these people from Ottawa because they are the people that are going to tell us and put out the money to make this thing possible. I would suggest that until you have these meetings leave it lay and see what they have to say. It may be you get your core park or a larger area and there is no doubt there is a lot of work to be done, whichever way we get it but I would say let's have this discussion first.

Mr. Shaw (with Deputy Speaker in the Chair): I have left the Chair because I feel that this is a matter that is really, really important for the whole Yukon Territory. I think the members are well aware that I am very much an advocate of a National Park for the Yukon. I think that a National Park is something that we must have so there is no question of where

Mr. Watt: One final comment is that if the motion isn't passed now it will have to be presented again to get this information at a future session. I would sooner have the information from Ottawa within the next six months rather than wait for another year for it. I don't feel that there has been any request from Council in the past or during this session asking for any firm commitments from Ottawa, if we are prepared to set aside a National Park. Apparently this Council feels that we shouldn't have this information and would like to have this motion defeated. If so, that is fine, but I can't see why they are reluctant to pass a motion where other Councillors wish information. I don't think that you have ever found me in the past deny anybody any information they wanted. This is my feeling and I feel as if we are going to have to present this motion at a later date at a future session.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Watt is concerned about finding out how much money they are prepared to spend. In one instance they have told us up to ten million dollars. This will answer your question Mr. Watt. They wouldn't tell us when it would be spent, how could they? It might not be in session, the same government might not be in power, all kinds of things could happen. If you were to ask this question now there are possibilities of an election coming tomorrow, they would tell you they would have it all here but you can't get anything firm of what you are talking about. It is just a matter of how the cookie crumbles.

Mr. Watt: In answer to Mr. Boyd, this is the intent of the motion, you can't make a deal with anybody whether personal or private unless you get a firm commitment on both sides. I am not prepared to vote any type of a National Park unless we get a firm commitment. If they are not prepared to give us a firm commitment then I am not prepared to vote for any square centimeter of land for a National Park. Mr. Boyd said they are prepared to spend up to ten million dollars, is Mr. Boyd also prepared to say they are going to spend ten million dollars, if he can then I will accept his word they are going to spend ten million dollars. I would like a firm commitment and that is the intent of the motion.

Mr. MacKinnon: I can't see a thing wrong with the motion, in writing it myself of course. But I don't think we are asking for too much. Mr. Boyd seems to have the answers, if he can be definite of this, that is another thing, whether it is heresay. We just wanted to have something in writing. Then I believe we will have something to go on. This is of vital interest to the people on the Alaska Highway. They have been there for a long time. There has been few mines developed. If they depended on that for a living there would be none of these people left in the Territory, not one of them, they would be starved to death. Now we have an opportunity for to spend a little money. At the Progressive Conservative meeting here in Whitehorse I heard the M.P., if I am not mistaken, make a remark that the only thing that was holding up the National Park was the Territorial Council. I think we should get together and gather all information from every source that we possibly can and get this thing on its way. Because, as I said before, we are going to have a National Park one of these days whether we want it or not, we are still going to get it, let's hope it is in the Mount Kennedy area.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Messrs. Boyd, Southam, Taylor and Thompson opposed.

Mr. Speaker: I just wish to bring to your attention gentlemen, we wish to have as much latitude as possible in discussions in Council, you do have considerable latitude in Committee, but the rules are and I will quote Standing Order No. 25 of our rules and states as follows; and this is in Council - No Member may speak twice to a question, except in explanation of a material point of his speech which may have been misquoted, or misunderstood, but then he is not to introduce any new matter, and no debate shall be allowed upon such explanation. So, I would just point out to you that according to our rules we can just speak once on a particular subject or get up the second time and explain something. We won't keep it too rigid but I have brought your attention to it and you can act accordingly. Mr. Clerk has brought my attention to a matter that in all cases Mr. Speaker shall inform the Council that the reply of the mover of the original motion closes the debate.

Motion  
#40

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. Southam that it is respectfully requested that the Administration take steps to provide Territorial winter works programs in the Territory next winter.

Mr. Watt: This is a very simple motion and it is a result of discussions in Ottawa in which we found out there that considerable winter works are taking place in the Northwest Territories and a good percentage of this by the Territorial Government of the Territory. This is to prod the Yukon Territorial administration into looking into what they are doing in the Northwest Territories. I understand they are doing quite a bit, such as roadway clearance, burning of debris on the sides of the roads, deadfall and this type of thing. It is a simple motion and no doubt it could be more detailed or there is probably something wrong with it. It isn't going to meet everybodys approval, but it is a simple request in the hope that the Yukon Territory in the future, particularly this coming winter, will be able to make more use of this winter works financing. The Yukon Territory is probably the most deficient part of Canada with respect to the use of this winter works money. I think this motion should be approved and now, if we wait until fall then it is too late to start looking into these things and finally get approval from Ottawa for this type of work for this coming winter.

Mr. Taylor: In respect to this motion, this subject was given some consideration in Ottawa at the Financial Advisory Committee meetings and we inquired of the gentlemen down there as to what was being done in the Northwest Territories in regard to winter works programs and as Councillor Watt has pointed out they have informed us they are doing clearing and this sort of thing. There are many, many projects in any event. Now we have not been, in the past, able to participate to any great extent in winter works. Possibly the reasons for this as were related to us in Ottawa, are that the winter works program is not geared to the type of environment or situation we are in here in the Yukon. I think the motion is valid and I understand that the Federal Government, the Federal Administration are making every effort at the present time to work out a program with which we could be a part of. Consequently I will certainly support the motion.

Mr. Southam: As seconder of the motion, I certainly think there are lots of things in the Yukon that could be done in the winter, such as road clearing and burning a lot of this old dead stuff that is along side of the road. This should all be taken as part of a winter program and probably a lot of these people that are on welfare they would be able to put them to work to earn a few dollars for the winter. With the Federal

Mr. Speaker: I just wish to bring to your attention gentlemen, we wish to have as much latitude as possible in discussions in Council, you do have considerable latitude in Committee, but the rules are and I will quote Standing Order No. 25 of our rules and states as follows; and this is in Council - No Member may speak twice to a question, except in explanation of a material point of his speech which may have been misquoted, or misunderstood, but then he is not to introduce any new matter, and no debate shall be allowed upon such explanation. So, I would just point out to you that according to our rules we can just speak once on a particular subject or get up the second time and explain something. We won't keep it too rigid but I have brought your attention to it and you can act accordingly. Mr. Clerk has brought my attention to a matter that in all cases Mr. Speaker shall inform the Council that the reply of the mover of the original motion closes the debate.

Motion  
#40

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. Southam that it is respectfully requested that the Administration take steps to provide Territorial winter works programs in the Territory next winter.

Mr. Watt: This is a very simple motion and it is a result of discussions in Ottawa in which we found out there that considerable winter works are taking place in the Northwest Territories and a good percentage of this by the Territorial Government of the Territory. This is to prod the Yukon Territorial administration into looking into what they are doing in the Northwest Territories. I understand they are doing quite a bit, such as roadway clearance, burning of debris on the sides of the roads, deadfall and this type of thing. It is a simple motion and no doubt it could be more detailed or there is probably something wrong with it. It isn't going to meet everybodys approval, but it is a simple request in the hope that the Yukon Territory in the future, particularly this coming winter, will be able to make more use of this winter works financing. The Yukon Territory is probably the most deficient part of Canada with respect to the use of this winter works money. I think this motion should be approved and now, if we wait until fall then it is too late to start looking into these things and finally get approval from Ottawa for this type of work for this coming winter.

Mr. Taylor: In respect to this motion, this subject was given some consideration in Ottawa at the Financial Advisory Committee meetings and we inquired of the gentlemen down there as to what was being done in the Northwest Territories in regard to winter works programs and as Councillor Watt has pointed out they have informed us they are doing clearing and this sort of thing. There are many, many projects in any event. Now we have not been, in the past, able to participate to any great extent in winter works. Possibly the reasons for this as were related to us in Ottawa, are that the winter works program is not geared to the type of environment or situation we are in here in the Yukon. I think the motion is valid and I understand that the Federal Government, the Federal Administration are making every effort at the present time to work out a program with which we could be a part of. Consequently I will certainly support the motion.

Mr. Southam: As seconder of the motion, I certainly think there are lots of things in the Yukon that could be done in the winter, such as road clearing and burning a lot of this old dead stuff that is along side of the road. This should all be taken as part of a winter program and probably a lot of these people that are on welfare they would be able to put them to work to earn a few dollars for the winter. With the Federal

Mr. Watt: One final comment is that if the motion isn't passed now it will have to be presented again to get this information at a future session. I would sooner have the information from Ottawa within the next six months rather than wait for another year for it. I don't feel that there has been any request from Council in the past or during this session asking for any firm commitments from Ottawa, if we are prepared to set aside a National Park. Apparently this Council feels that we shouldn't have this information and would like to have this motion defeated. If so, that is fine, but I can't see why they are reluctant to pass a motion where other Councillors wish information. I don't think that you have ever found me in the past deny anybody any information they wanted. This is my feeling and I feel as if we are going to have to present this motion at a later date at a future session.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Watt is concerned about finding out how much money they are prepared to spend. In one instance they have told us up to ten million dollars. This will answer your question Mr. Watt. They wouldn't tell us when it would be spent, how could they? It might not be in session, the same government might not be in power, all kinds of things could happen. If you were to ask this question now there are possibilities of an election coming tomorrow, they would tell you they would have it all here but you can't get anything firm of what you are talking about. It is just a matter of how the cookie crumbles.

Mr. Watt: In answer to Mr. Boyd, this is the intent of the motion, you can't make a deal with anybody whether personal or private unless you get a firm commitment on both sides. I am not prepared to vote any type of a National Park unless we get a firm commitment. If they are not prepared to give us a firm commitment then I am not prepared to vote for any square centimeter of land for a National Park. Mr. Boyd said they are prepared to spend up to ten million dollars, is Mr. Boyd also prepared to say they are going to spend ten million dollars, if he can then I will accept his word they are going to spend ten million dollars. I would like a firm commitment and that is the intent of the motion.

Mr. MacKinnon: I can't see a thing wrong with the motion, in writing it myself of course. But I don't think we are asking for too much. Mr. Boyd seems to have the answers, if he can be definite of this, that is another thing, whether it is heresay. We just wanted to have something in writing. Then I believe we will have something to go on. This is of vital interest to the people on the Alaska Highway. They have been there for a long time. There has been few mines developed. If they depended on that for a living there would be none of these people left in the Territory, not one of them, they would be starved to death. Now we have an opportunity for to spend a little money. At the Progressive Conservative meeting here in Whitehorse I heard the M.P., if I am not mistaken, make a remark that the only thing that was holding up the National Park was the Territorial Council. I think we should get together and gather all information from every source that we possibly can and get this thing on its way. Because, as I said before, we are going to have a National Park one of these days whether we want it or not, we are still going to get it, let's hope it is in the Mount Kennedy area.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Messrs. Boyd, Southam, Taylor and Thompson opposed.

Government paying half of the labour costs, if I remember rightly, then it should be a good help to the Yukon. I think the Engineering Department, as a whole, should try to plan something to this effect to take place through the winter months.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that due to expense incurred by parents whose children must live away from home, it is respectfully requested that the Administration consider a substantial increase in subsidy. Motion #42

Mr. MacKinnon: Gentlemen, as you are no doubt aware the subsidy is very inadequate. I have two children going to school, boarding away from home. We are twenty miles from a school and I can either get \$2.00 a day, \$1.00 per child, to drive those children to school or board them out. It is very inadequate which ever way you look at it, \$1.00 per child per day. I think that we should have an increase. In other areas where they are bussing children, I am sure it isn't done for \$1.00 per child per day, by no means. This is creating a hardship on a great many people throughout the Territory. Also I am not speaking only of Yukon children, but those children in the secondary grades that must come in from Haines Junction, 1202, 1083, they must find their own boarding facilities and it is often necessary to take these children home on weekends to keep them under the proper environment. I feel that we should have some consideration in boosting up this inadequate subsidy.

Mr. Taylor: I wasn't aware that this was a problem. If you consider the motion, it is respectfully requested that the Administration consider a substantial increase in subsidy, it seems to me it is not our place to affect revenues of the Territory, we can only express an opinion.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion, it is a request to the Administration to consider a proposal, which is an increase in the subsidy, and how it would affect the economy of the Territory and possibly if we receive this answer back from the Administration, it may also and I hope it would, reflect on the standard of education the children would be offered in the Territory and as Mr. Thompson has said, at this table, that the larger centers, the larger the center normally the increase in the standard of education. I think this is a good motion and we have had motions through Council before respecting subsidies for school children from the outside areas who are living in town here and from those in the Territory who are going outside to school. I don't think that this overrules our duty here, I don't think there is hardly a vote that passes this Council that doesn't respect revenues in one way or another. If Mr. MacKinnon would like this information and considered by the Administration, it shouldn't be denied him.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to read a letter from the Haines Junction P.T.A. if everyone is in consent. I think it should have some consideration. He then read the letter.

Mr. Taylor: What is the existing subsidy? We got into quite a discussion in Elsa on this subject, and why is it not sufficient?

Mr. MacKinnon: If you will permit me to hand this to Mr. Taylor he can see what the subsidy is.

Mr. Taylor: This seems like it is quite sufficient.

Mr. MacKinnon: Quite sufficient, two children boarding away from home for two months and I have got a cheque for \$75.00. It is a \$1.00 per day per school day, to board your children away from home. Now does this look sufficient. I don't think Mr. Taylor has raised many children.

Mr. Taylor: Extremely unfortunate Mr. Speaker.

MOTION CARRIED.

Motion  
#43

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that it is respectfully requested that the Administration make all possible effort for the installation of street lighting at 1202, Beaver Creek.

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are well aware nobody enjoys walking around in the dark. At 1202 there is no street lighting. You are up there in the evening you wouldn't know that a building existed, only from window lights. I think it is a very necessary thing. Children going to and from recreation, there is not a street light in the whole community for to guide them. I think it is a very simple request gentlemen.

Mr. Taylor: I wonder if I could ask the Honourable Member how many street lights he requires in Beaver Creek?

Mr. MacKinnon: There has been approximately six but I felt that this would come by an engineering survey and for them to decide. This is merely a request of some of the people at 1202 and I cannot say exactly, maybe they can get by with 4, maybe they need seven.

Mr. Taylor: I would just like to remind the member that we have just approved five street lights, 250 watt street lights at a cost of \$340.00 for Beaver Creek here the day before yesterday.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion I was fully aware that a vote had been passed and as we have often seen in Council, votes are passed and no action has been taken and <sup>the</sup> money has been used for other things within the vote. This seems to be a particular problem for a member in an area and he would like to add the voice of Council <sup>through</sup> a formal motion to try and make sure that this is done this session. I think if any other member had asked me to second such a motion I would have gladly done so. If the problem is critical it should be taken into consideration this summer.

Mr. Boyd: Well I disagree wholeheartedly. If we are going to take this attitude and adopt this procedure concerning all things we say in a sense we don't trust the Administration. If it is in the budget and we vote the money, it is up to the Councillor to go around and speak to somebody, don't try to push it through Council and make us jobboys, this is not our business at all. Now the money is in there, it is just as simple as that. It is up to Mr. MacKinnon, the Councillor, to go and talk to these people and find out when they will get the lights in. There is more than just passing a motion to this thing and let's not waste any more of Council's time.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Messrs. Thompson, Southam, Taylor and Boyd against.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker could I ask a question. Would this have the effect of deleting this street lights out of our budget for 1202, is this the idea of Council?

Mr. MacKinnon: Quite sufficient, two children boarding away from home for two months and I have got a cheque for \$75.00. It is a \$1.00 per day per school day, to board your children away from home. Now does this look sufficient. I don't think Mr. Taylor has raised many children.

Mr. Taylor: Extremely unfortunate Mr. Speaker.

MOTION CARRIED.

Motion  
#43

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that it is respectfully requested that the Administration make all possible effort for the installation of street lighting at 1202, Beaver Creek.

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are well aware nobody enjoys walking around in the dark. At 1202 there is no street lighting. You are up there in the evening you wouldn't know that a building existed, only from window lights. I think it is a very necessary thing. Children going to and from recreation, there is not a street light in the whole community for to guide them. I think it is a very simple request gentlemen.

Mr. Taylor: I wonder if I could ask the Honourable Member how many street lights he requires in Beaver Creek?

Mr. MacKinnon: There has been approximately six but I felt that this would come by an engineering survey and for them to decide. This is merely a request of some of the people at 1202 and I cannot say exactly, maybe they can get by with 4, maybe they need seven.

Mr. Taylor: I would just like to remind the member that we have just approved five street lights, 250 watt street lights at a cost of \$340.00 for Beaver Creek here the day before yesterday.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion I was fully aware that a vote had been passed and as we have often seen in Council, votes are passed and no action has been taken and <sup>the</sup> money has been used for other things within the vote. This seems to be a particular problem for a member in an area and he would like to add the voice of Council <sup>through</sup> a formal motion to try and make sure that this is done this session. I think if any other member had asked me to second such a motion I would have gladly done so. If the problem is critical it should be taken into consideration this summer.

Mr. Boyd: Well I disagree wholeheartedly. If we are going to take this attitude and adopt this procedure concerning all things we say in a sense we don't trust the Administration. If it is in the budget and we vote the money, it is up to the Councillor to go around and speak to somebody, don't try to push it through Council and make us jobboys, this is not our business at all. Now the money is in there, it is just as simple as that. It is up to Mr. MacKinnon, the Councillor, to go and talk to these people and find out when they will get the lights in. There is more than just passing a motion to this thing and let's not waste any more of Council's time.

MOTION DEFEATED with  
Messrs. Thompson, Southam, Taylor and Boyd against.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker could I ask a question. Would this have the effect of deleting this street lights out of our budget for 1202, is this the idea of Council?

Government paying half of the labour costs, if I remember rightly, then it should be a good help to the Yukon. I think the Engineering Department, as a whole, should try to plan something to this effect to take place through the winter months.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. MacKinnon moved, seconded by Mr. Watt that due to expense incurred by parents whose children must live away from home, it is respectfully requested that the Administration consider a substantial increase in subsidy. Motion #42

Mr. MacKinnon: Gentlemen, as you are no doubt aware the subsidy is very inadequate. I have two children going to school, boarding away from home. We are twenty miles from a school and I can either get \$2.00 a day, \$1.00 per child, to drive those children to school or board them out. It is very inadequate which ever way you look at it, \$1.00 per child per day. I think that we should have an increase. In other areas where they are bussing children, I am sure it isn't done for \$1.00 per child per day, by no means. This is creating a hardship on a great many people throughout the Territory. Also I am not speaking only of Yukon children, but those children in the secondary grades that must come in from Haines Junction, 1202, 1083, they must find their own boarding facilities and it is often necessary to take these children home on weekends to keep them under the proper environment. I feel that we should have some consideration in boosting up this inadequate subsidy.

Mr. Taylor: I wasn't aware that this was a problem. If you consider the motion, it is respectfully requested that the Administration consider a substantial increase in subsidy, it seems to me it is not our place to affect revenues of the Territory, we can only express an opinion.

Mr. Watt: In seconding the motion, it is a request to the Administration to consider a proposal, which is an increase in the subsidy, and how it would affect the economy of the Territory and possibly if we receive this answer back from the Administration, it may also and I hope it would, reflect on the standard of education the children would be offered in the Territory and as Mr. Thompson has said, at this table, that the larger centers, the larger the center normally the increase in the standard of education. I think this is a good motion and we have had motions through Council before respecting subsidies for school children from the outside areas who are living in town here and from those in the Territory who are going outside to school. I don't think that this overrules our duty here, I don't think there is hardly a vote that passes this Council that doesn't respect revenues in one way or another. If Mr. MacKinnon would like this information and considered by the Administration, it shouldn't be denied him.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to read a letter from the Haines Junction P.T.A. if everyone is in consent. I think it should have some consideration. He then read the letter.

Mr. Taylor: What is the existing subsidy? We got into quite a discussion in Elsa on this subject, and why is it not sufficient?

Mr. MacKinnon: If you will permit me to hand this to Mr. Taylor he can see what the subsidy is.

Mr. Taylor: This seems like it is quite sufficient.

Mr. Speaker: I couldn't answer that question Mr. Watt. I wouldn't think so but I couldn't really answer that question.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker no, the motion is defeated, I don't think the Administration would adopt the view. This matter has been approved in our budget and when the Bill is given final approval the street lights will be provided as concurred with by Committee and I don't think there is any problem.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to mention, that I hope that it will not be deferred from the budget and the reason for the motion, it was no intent of pressure, it just looked to me as the proper manner to make a request. I feel that we are here to represent the people, Mr. Boyd doesn't seem to think so and -----

Mr. Speaker: Mr. MacKinnon, I am afraid you are out of order, we have completed that motion.

FIRST and SECOND reading were given to Bill No. 9, An Ordinance Respecting Legal Profession Accounts. First & Second Reading

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing bills, memoranda, sessional papers and any other matter that may come before us. Bill #9

MOTION CARRIED.

...../646

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee  
of the  
Whole

Committee continued with Vote 20 - Roads, Bridges and Public Works, with Mr. Baker, Territorial Engineer in attendance.

Beaver Creek Airport - \$60,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, on this Beaver Creek airport, this was discussed in our Financial Advisory Committee meetings, Councillor Thompson may be able to enlighten you, I am a little hazy on this. I believe it was felt not desirable to build this strip at Beaver Creek airport this year, and that some negotiations were being undertaken by the Department of Transport, secondly that there is a programme now under study in Ottawa related to a new northern airport policy whereby the Federal Government will contribute most of the funds for isolated communities, and as I say I am just a little hazy on this, but Councillor Thompson may be able to recall the details. I gathered the impression both in the Financial Advisory Committee meetings here in Whitehorse and in Ottawa that it was not desirable to build this strip this year. Possibly Mr. Baker may have some details on this.

Mr. Baker: All I can say Mr. Chairman, is that we will not be doing any construction on the Beaver Creek airstrip until we have some more definite answers from the Department of Transport.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, we are in favour of the figure, if Ottawa has other ideas, so what. We leave the money in there and if it isn't spent it will be voted again next year. I don't see where we have to concern ourselves too much about it.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Well, Mr. Chairman, I can go along with this, the idea of leaving the money in - but I think the principle of constructing this airport at Beaver Creek certainly was a subject of much discussion during our Financial Advisory Committee meetings and I gathered that it was not the best thing to do at this time. However, I will certainly concur with anything Committee wants, as long as it is not going to be built this year there is no problem, but I just wondered if you wanted to delete this item and use this capital some where else.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, this is one thing I don't want to delete, let them make their deals in Ottawa and so forth, but we have got concrete money for building an airport, it is too bad that ~~there isn't~~ there isn't about ten more of these.

Clear on this Item.

Yukon Forest Service Range Station, Dawson - \$45,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would like a little advice on what this would be, and where it be, and any details that the Territorial Engineer may have.

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, this complex will be constructed just behind Minto Park in Dawson and it consists of a three bedroom house, garage office building and also POL Stores and a general storage building.

Mr. Shaw: Just one question Mr. Chairman, would every consideration be given to this in view of the sewer and water systems and not built some out of the way place where you have to carry

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee  
of the  
Whole

Committee continued with Vote 20 - Roads, Bridges and Public Works, with Mr. Baker, Territorial Engineer in attendance.

Beaver Creek Airport - \$60,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, on this Beaver Creek airport, this was discussed in our Financial Advisory Committee meetings, Councillor Thompson may be able to enlighten you, I am a little hazy on this. I believe it was felt not desirable to build this strip at Beaver Creek airport this year, and that some negotiations were being undertaken by the Department of Transport, secondly that there is a programme now under study in Ottawa related to a new northern airport policy whereby the Federal Government will contribute most of the funds for isolated communities, and as I say I am just a little hazy on this, but Councillor Thompson may be able to recall the details. I gathered the impression both in the Financial Advisory Committee meetings here in Whitehorse and in Ottawa that it was not desirable to build this strip this year. Possibly Mr. Baker may have some details on this.

Mr. Baker: All I can say Mr. Chairman, is that we will not be doing any construction on the Beaver Creek airstrip until we have some more definite answers from the Department of Transport.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, we are in favour of the figure, if Ottawa has other ideas, so what. We leave the money in there and if it isn't spent it will be voted again next year. I don't see where we have to concern ourselves too much about it.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Well, Mr. Chairman, I can go along with this, the idea of leaving the money in - but I think the principle of constructing this airport at Beaver Creek certainly was a subject of much discussion during our Financial Advisory Committee meetings and I gathered that it was not the best thing to do at this time. However, I will certainly concur with anything Committee wants, as long as it is not going to be built this year there is no problem, but I just wondered if you wanted to delete this item and use this capital some where else.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, this is one thing I don't want to delete, let them make their deals in Ottawa and so forth, but we have got concrete money for building an airport, it is too bad that there isn't about ten more of these.

Clear on this Item.

Yukon Forest Service Range Station, Dawson - \$45,000.00.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would like a little advice on what this would be, and where it be, and any details that the Territorial Engineer may have.

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, this complex will be constructed just behind Minto Park in Dawson and it consists of a three bedroom house, garage office building and also POL Stores and a general storage building.

Mr. Shaw: Just one question Mr. Chairman, would every consideration be given to this in view of the sewer and water systems and not built some out of the way place where you have to carry

Mr. Speaker: I couldn't answer that question Mr. Watt. I wouldn't think so but I couldn't really answer that question.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker no, the motion is defeated, I don't think the Administration would adopt the view. This matter has been approved in our budget and when the Bill is given final approval the street lights will be provided as concurred with by Committee and I don't think there is any problem.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to mention, that I hope that it will not be deferred from the budget and the reason for the motion, it was no intent of pressure, it just looked to me as the proper manner to make a request. I feel that we are here to represent the people, Mr. Boyd doesn't seem to think so and -----

Mr. Speaker: Mr. MacKinnon, I am afraid you are out of order, we have completed that motion.

FIRST and SECOND reading were given to Bill No. 9, An Ordinance Respecting Legal Profession Accounts. First & Second Reading

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing bills, memoranda, sessional papers and any other matter that may come before us. Bill #9

MOTION CARRIED.

...../646

special services - there are many lots that have the services running right past them and this of course is a Federal Government project and it seems that they have the habit of putting them any place at all and then having to run a long distant pipe to them, as they have in the past. I hope that every consideration will be given to this that where ever you put it there is an existing water and sewer line so that it can be utilized rather than having to put special service to it.

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, we will have to put in a water and sewer service because this particular block is not serviced, but it still will be within the core of Dawson City. This site has, of course, been chosen by Yukon Forestry Department and it is the best one available for their purposes.

Mr. Shaw: I realize that part of it Mr. Chairman, but I would like to emphasize that we keep this as compact as possible we have a tremendous problem of water distribution in the City of Dawson and I would certainly, if I could demand I would but I can't do that, that this be at an area where there are other buildings where there is an existing water and sewer supply where we don't have to put a special service on a special block for one particular building. We are trying to consolidate things in that area - it is fine for somebody to want something but then comes the time of providing the services, and that to me providing the services in this instance, Mr. Chairman, must get prior consideration over someone wanting a lot here there or someplace else, and there are acres of lots available to put this building on. They don't have to jumble up in a small area there is lots of room for them where we know that any improvements are bound to go on there because it is economic to run a water a sewer line - to have it on one block by itself will mean you are carrying your sewer and water line possibly 500 feet and there is the maintenance that must be considered, and I certainly hope Mr. Chairman that the Territorial Engineer, knowing the situation, will make very strong protests so that this isn't going to be put someplace where it will require more than necessary services.

Yukon Forest Service - Watson Lake, Frances Lake Road \$5,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask a question of Mr. Baker in relation to the construction of this road to Frances Lake for this station. Early in construction along this road, I suggested to the Federal Government, informally, while equipment was available during this construction period in the Frances Lake region that possibly they could put in the mile or two miles, or what ever is required in road, at that point, and I am wondering if this is to be -I notice this is 100% recoverable - but is this to be the same road or is this to be a separate road from the general access road? In other words will this be used for the use of the general public - campgrounds and this type of thing, public access to the lake - or is this strictly a private deal for the Yukon Forest station?

Mr. Baker: As far as I am aware, Mr. Taylor, this will provide access to the Control Station and also to the Campground on Frances Lake.

Mr. Taylor: Thank you Mr. Baker.

Total - \$437,452.00.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, the monies that have been voted for the maintenance of this Ross River - Watson Lake section. I realize that these are not likely to be used in their entirety this year - it leads me to continue the thinking of the Member from Watson Lake - there are several lakes,

interesting spots along that section, that a half a mile or a quarter of a mile trail would lead into the lake together with access for camping or fishing. Could some small programme of this nature be considered if and when the Territory does take over the maintenance of this road. I don't feel that the amount of money we have allocated for the maintenance of this road I think is far above what is required and I am wondering if certain areas could be suggested or designated for something of this nature. Could this, and would this be taken into consideration?

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, we would certainly be open to suggestions but we cannot use maintenance money for the construction of trails to the lake - this would have to be covered off in our capital vote, and money has not been provided in 1965/66 estimates for this purpose but I would certainly be prepared to include an amount in the 1966/67 estimates for the construction of recreational roads off the the Watson Lake-Ross River road.

Mr. Baker was excused from Committee.

Committee proceeded to Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE.

Discussion  
Bill #8

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would like to inquire if this is - this is Councillor MacKinnon's Motion - and I would ask if this is in rhyme with what he wanted?

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, yes, could this be deferred to a time certain?

Mr. ~~Chairman~~: Mr. MacKinnon, I believe that we are now discussing the Bill and it would take the concurrence of Committee to defer it. Would you have any reasons for referral?

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, just a matter of study.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, the bill is very simple, it does contain what Mr. MacKinnon asked for in his motion it takes very little to understand this. I would suggest that when bills are being read by the Chairman that those to whom they concern most should certainly be listening and attending to what is being said and not after it has been read and gone through ask Committee to defer it, I don't think this is very good sense of reasoning. The bill is exactly what was requested, it is a good bill, and I will wait to see if anybody else has any more to say before I move it.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, it looks like Councillor Boyd is hasty in this matter and I must make a quick decision. I can see nothing wrong with the bill as written.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, this bill is a necessity in the Yukon, the guide situation leaves a great deal to be desired at the present time in the Yukon Territory. Under the present Ordinance you are required to have a resident guide, and this is an outfitter is required to have a resident guide, and I guess that time and our social life has changed and many of our native boys are now growing up in town rather than the bush and this is starting to affect the the big game outfitting business by reason of the fact that it is difficult to get good guides. The request of the outfitters was to ask that the outfitters be allowed to bring in - import guides from the Provinces, Alberta and northern British Columbia and this is what in effect this bill provides for. It provides that an outfitter may bring and import into the Territory so to speak, provided

interesting spots along that section, that a half a mile or a quarter of a mile trail would lead into the lake together with access for camping or fishing. Could some small programme of this nature be considered if and when the Territory does take over the maintenance of this road. I don't feel that the amount of money we have allocated for the maintenance of this road I think is far above what is required and I am wondering if certain areas could be suggested or designated for something of this nature. Could this, and would this be taken into consideration?

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, we would certainly be open to suggestions but we cannot use maintenance money for the construction of trails to the lake - this would have to be covered off in our capital vote, and money has not been provided in 1965/66 estimates for this purpose but I would certainly be prepared to include an amount in the 1966/67 estimates for the construction of recreational roads off the the Watson Lake-Ross River road.

Mr. Baker was excused from Committee.

Committee proceeded to Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE.

Discussion  
Bill #8

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would like to inquire if this is - this is Councillor MacKinnon's Motion - and I would ask if this is in rhyme with what he wanted?

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, yes, could this be deferred to a time certain?

Mr. ~~Chairman~~: Mr. MacKinnon, I believe that we are now discussing the Bill and it would take the concurrence of Committee to defer it. Would you have any reasons for referral?

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, just a matter of study.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, the bill is very simple, it does contain what Mr. MacKinnon asked for in his motion it takes very little to understand this. I would suggest that when bills are being read by the Chairman that those to whom they concern most should certainly be listening and attending to what is being said and not after it has been read and gone through ask Committee to defer it, I don't think this is very good sense of reasoning. The bill is exactly what was requested, it is a good bill, and I will wait to see if anybody else has any more to say before I move it.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, it looks like Councillor Boyd is hasty in this matter and I must make a quick decision. I can see nothing wrong with the bill as written.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, this bill is a necessity in the Yukon, the guide situation leaves a great deal to be desired at the present time in the Yukon Territory. Under the present Ordinance you are required to have a resident guide, and this is an outfitter is required to have a resident guide, and I guess that time and our social life has changed and many of our native boys are now growing up in town rather than the bush and this is starting to affect the the big game outfitting business by reason of the fact that it is difficult to get good guides. The request of the outfitters was to ask that the outfitters be allowed to bring in - import guides from the Provinces, Alberta and northern British Columbia and this is what in effect this bill provides for. It provides that an outfitter may bring and import into the Territory so to speak, provided.

special services - there are many lots that have the services running right past them and this of course is a Federal Government project and it seems that they have the habit of putting them any place at all and then having to run a long distant pipe to them, as they have in the past. I hope that every consideration will be given to this that where ever you put it there is an existing water and sewer line so that it can be utilized rather than having to put special service to it.

Mr. Baker: Mr. Chairman, we will have to put in a water and sewer service because this particular block is not serviced, but it still will be within the core of Dawson City. This site has, of course, been chosen by Yukon Forestry Department and it is the best one available for their purposes.

Mr. Shaw: I realize that part of it Mr. Chairman, but I would like to emphasize that we keep this as compact as possible we have a tremendous problem of water distribution in the City of Dawson and I would certainly, if I could demand I would but I can't do that, that this be at an area where there are other buildings where there is an existing water and sewer supply where we don't have to put a special service on a special block for one particular building. We are trying to consolidate things in that area - it is fine for somebody to want something but then comes the time of providing the services, and that to me providing the services in this instance, Mr. Chairman, must get prior consideration over someone wanting a lot here there or someplace else, and there are acres of lots available to put this building on. They don't have to jumble up in a small area there is lots of room for them where we know that any improvements are bound to go on there because it is economic to run a water a sewer line - to have it on one block by itself will mean you are carrying your sewer and water line possibly 500 feet and there is the maintenance that must be considered, and I certainly hope Mr. Chairman that the Territorial Engineer, knowing the situation, will make very strong protests so that this isn't going to be put someplace where it will require more than necessary services.

Yukon Forest Service - Watson Lake, Frances Lake Road \$5,000.00.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask a question of Mr. Baker in relation to the construction of this road to Frances Lake for this station. Early in construction along this road, I suggested to the Federal Government, informally, while equipment was available during this construction period in the Frances Lake region that possibly they could put in the mile or two miles, or what ever is required in road, at that point, and I am wondering if this is to be -I notice this is 100% recoverable - but is this to be the same road or is this to be a separate road from the general access road? In other words will this be used for the use of the general public - campgrounds and this type of thing, public access to the lake - or is this strictly a private deal for the Yukon Forest station?

Mr. Baker: As far as I am aware, Mr. Taylor, this will provide access to the Control Station and also to the Campground on Frances Lake.

Mr. Taylor: Thank you Mr. Baker.

Total - \$437,452.00.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, the monies that have been voted for the maintenance of this Ross River - Watson Lake section I realize that these are not likely to be used in their entirety this year - it leads me to continue the thinking of the Member from Watson Lake - there are several lakes,

he has fulfilled these seven requirements here. Consequently this is just a rough explanation of the necessity for the bill. I think it is very good legislation and it will certainly be a benefit to the guiding industry in the Territory.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, I would like to say that it appears that this bill is giving effect to a motion that was made in Council. I would like to compliment the Administration for the rapidity with which they have drafted and presented this Ordinance to us. It does in effect do what Councillor MacKinnon had requested and I think it should receive our support. Normally when we discuss a bill such as this we should have the Legal Advisor here, but this doesn't appear to be too complicated. I would therefore vote for the bill without any further questions on my part and I hope that we haven't passed something that is beyond the intent of Mr. MacKinnon's motion earlier on.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, we have had this bill here for, I think, three or four days. If I had sponsored a bill - a motion for a bill I would certainly have immediately come here and studied it very closely and would be well familiar with the contents and I feel that if a person wishes the Legal Advisor on points that they don't understand I would prefer that the Legal Advisor be requested to explain if there is any explanation necessary.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that this bill be passed out of Committee without amendment.

MOTION CARRIED.

Discussion continued to Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, with Mr. Hughes, Senior Legal Counsel in attendance.

The Chairman read the bill.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I am wondering if the Legal Advisor has any comments.

Mr. Hughes: I perhaps should explain, Mr. Chairman, why this is made an Ordinance and it is not tacked on to the Legal Profession Ordinance. The reason this is made a separate Ordinance is because it is rather difficult, it would call for changes in definitions and so on, and it would seem a lot simpler to take the B.C. Law Societies rules for accounting and they are familiar to most of the lawyers in the Territory and just make an Ordinance out of those. There is, and has been for a number of years a desperate need for a provision of this nature. I have had many complaints and it is very difficult to secure proper accounting statements from some members of the profession. You will see that there is really no penal provision in here other than the withholding of the rights to practice. There is no intention of sending somebody to prison for this. If there has been an accounting irregularity - some failure to distinguish between a client's money and his own then there are plenty of provisions in the Criminal Code. There is one point on which I should like to comment and that is that Section 10 and that is which would give the Legal Advisor a very strong and arbitrary power. "The Legal Advisor may, when he deems it necessary, order and provide for the audit of a Barrister's or Solicitor's books" etc., that of course does make the Legal Advisor responsible for taking appropriate action but so often the only answer to these things is to move quickly. If motions have to be started up and Chamber's hearings are to be conducted this merely gives

opportunities for revision or delay and if the situation is serious there is seldom time for delay. The other Provinces, they don't mess around, they just stepright in just the same as an income tax collector liable to come in and serve a notice. This is where the real teeth lie. I hope it is not a power that the Legal Advisor would have to have permanently. I think that ideally, if we grow we will have our own benches and they'll run the show. ~~Otherwise~~ one might have to see whether the B.C. Benches wouldn't help us with the discipline problems. We have had problems, action has been taken, action will be taken. I have in mind a certain situation where as early as next week I may have to exercise the bars under section 10, I am not satisfied about some current matters.

Mr. Shaw: This whole bill is actually a means of protecting the public from unsavory operations. People that have money in trust, nothing further.

Mr. Hughes: That is part of it but if a barrister does commit a breach of trust then there is no money available to pay the clients. We don't have what they have done in the Provinces - we don't have a sort of insurance or compensation fund. For instance in Ontario, I have a certificate there but because I don't practice I only pay \$70.00 a year just to keep myself in good standing. If you are practicing there you pay something like \$150.00 or \$160.00 or maybe \$170.00 now - the other \$100.00 goes into the compensation fund. Over the last few years there have been a lot of defalcations by lawyers in other provinces and they have tried to build up a reserve to help the clients who have been hit by these absconding lawyers. The claims are very, very big, and in fact the compensation levy has gone up from \$10.00 to \$30.00 to \$50.00 to \$70.00 and the end isn't in sight yet. Well we don't have that here. While this won't give direct protection it will serve as a repellent because the moment there is the smell of an irregularity I will be able to make an order for an audit and each year the chartered accountant will give us a certificate in Form "A". Two of the firms I have consulted, Mr. Wylie's firm and the Nielsen, Hudson firm assure me that there is no practical difficulty, in fact the auditing provisions here, this three months balance, they balance every week or every month, they have their own internal audits so there is no additional duty for a properly run office. It may cause some hardship in some offices that haven't been keeping what I would call a normal set of books.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I am amazed that we haven't had this kind of a bill long ago. Certainly it is high time and certainly it is essential.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson that Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, be passed out of Committee without amendments.

Motion  
re Bill  
#9

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee recessed until 2:00 p.m.

opportunities for revision or delay and if the situation is serious there is seldom time for delay. The other Provinces, they don't mess around, they just stepright in just the same as an income tax collector liable to come in and serve a notice. This is where the real teeth lie. I hope it is not a power that the Legal Advisor would have to have permanently. I think that ideally, if we grow we will have our own benches and they'll run the show. Otherwise one might have to see whether the B.C. Benches wouldn't help us with the discipline problems. We have had problems, action has been taken, action will be taken. I have in mind a certain situation where as early as next week I may have to exercise the bars under section 10, I am not satisfied about some current matters.

Mr. Shaw: This whole bill is actually a means of protecting the public from unsavory operations. People that have money in trust, nothing further.

Mr. Hughes: That is part of it but if a barrister does commit a breach of trust then there is no money available to pay the clients. We don't have what they have done in the Provinces - we don't have a sort of insurance or compensation fund. For instance in Ontario, I have a certificate there but because I don't practice I only pay \$70.00 a year just to keep myself in good standing. If you are practicing there you pay something like \$150.00 or \$160.00 or maybe \$170.00 now - the other \$100.00 goes into the compensation fund. Over the last few years there have been a lot of defalcations by lawyers in other provinces and they have tried to build up a reserve to help the clients who have been hit by these absconding lawyers. The claims are very, very big, and in fact the compensation levy has gone up from \$10.00 to \$30.00 to \$50.00 to \$70.00 and the end isn't in sight yet. Well we don't have that here. While this won't give direct protection it will serve as a repellent because the moment there is the smell of an irregularity I will be able to make an order for an audit and each year the chartered accountant will give us a certificate in Form "A". Two of the firms I have consulted, Mr. Wylie's firm and the Nielsen, Hudson firm assure me that there is no practical difficulty, in fact the auditing provisions here, this three months balance, they balance every week or every month, they have their own internal audits so there is no additional duty for a properly run office. It may cause some hardship in some offices that haven't been keeping what I would call a normal set of books.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I am amazed that we haven't had this kind of a bill long ago. Certainly it is high time and certainly it is essential.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson that Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, be passed out of Committee without amendments.

Motion  
re Bill  
#9

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee recessed until 2:00 p.m.

he has fulfilled these seven requirements here. Consequently this is just a rough explanation of the necessity for the bill. I think it is very good legislation and it will certainly be a benefit to the guiding industry in the Territory.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, I would like to say that it appears that this bill is giving effect to a motion that was made in Council. I would like to compliment the Administration for the rapidity with which they have drafted and presented this Ordinance to us. It does in effect do what Councillor MacKinnon had requested and I think it should receive our support. Normally when we discuss a bill such as this we should have the Legal Advisor here, but this doesn't appear to be too complicated. I would therefore vote for the bill without any further questions on my part and I hope that we haven't passed something that is beyond the intent of Mr. MacKinnon's motion earlier on.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, we have had this bill here for, I think, three or four days. If I had sponsored a bill - a motion for a bill I would certainly have immediately come here and studied it very closely and would be well familiar with the contents and I feel that if a person wishes the Legal Advisor on points that they don't understand I would prefer that the Legal Advisor be requested to explain if there is any explanation necessary.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that this bill be passed out of Committee without amendment.

MOTION CARRIED.

Discussion continued to Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, with Mr. Hughes, Senior Legal Counsel in attendance.

The Chairman read the bill.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I am wondering if the Legal Advisor has any comments.

Mr. Hughes: I perhaps should explain, Mr. Chairman, why this is made an Ordinance and it is not tacked on to the Legal Profession Ordinance. The reason this is made a separate Ordinance is because it is rather difficult, it would call for changes in definitions and so on, and it would seem a lot simpler to take the B.C. Law Societies rules for accounting and they are familiar to most of the lawyers in the Territory and just make an Ordinance out of those. There is, and has been for a number of years a desperate need for a provision of this nature. I have had many complaints and it is very difficult to secure proper accounting statements from some members of the profession. You will see that there is really no penal provision in here other than the withholding of the rights to practice. There is no intention of sending somebody to prison for this. If there has been an accounting irregularity - some failure to distinguish between a client's money and his own then there are plenty of provisions in the Criminal Code. There is one point on which I should like to comment and that is that Section 10 and that is which would give the Legal Advisor a very strong and arbitrary power. "The Legal Advisor may, when he deems it necessary, order and provide for the audit of a Barrister's or Solicitor's books" etc., that of course does make the Legal Advisor responsible for taking appropriate action but so often the only answer to these things is to move quickly. If motions have to be started up and Chamber's hearings are to be conducted this merely gives

Wednesday, April 7<sup>th</sup>, 1965  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Chairman called Committee to Order.

Mr. W. Holland, Director, Vocational Training School, in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: We will proceed on page 3, Vote 10. Vote 10

Council continued through items dealing with Administration and Whitehorse Vocational Training School.

Mr. Boyd: I see we're taking on \$25,000 additional expense for enlarging services to the people. Is that right, Mr. Holland?

Mr. Holland: With the increase in salaries due to the fact that, of course, they are now getting closer to the act of being constructed. I think I'd like to explain. We have been through this before. My method may not be very best but it's worked very well for me three times now. In order to attract a man for this particular type of work you've got to have a particular type of man. If you attract him pure and simply on rates, on money, you don't get the man you want. But if he gets something he can do, and likes doing, and he is capable of doing, and he can see a long range programme ahead of him, that is the kind of man we need.

Council continued through items dealing with Whitehorse Vocational Training School-Dormitory and F. H. Collins Secondary School Commercial Course-Day (High School Students).

Mr. Holland: This doesn't come under my jurisdiction any more. I am the Vocational Director for the Yukon. However, this is carried on in the Collins High School and I don't feel, the Principal of the Collins High School comes under Mr. Thompson, the Superintendent of Education. I know I object to having two or three bosses myself. One day this is going to be moved into our own building. When we are able to move this into our own building we will take full responsibility for it.

Mr. Boyd: How far away is this day when you will be able to move it into your own building?

Mr. Holland: I am informed by Mr. Baker that it will be pretty near impossible to start the new addition until this September. He is suggesting somewhere between January and Easter. Mr. Thompson and I went into this very thoroughly, and this would mean change of personnel in the middle of it. But I would rather suggest that probably it will be years before we can move into the Vocational School.

Mr. Shaw: This commercial training - will that be a complete type of commercial training, something in line with school in Edmonton?

Mr. Holland: Both. It will be on the same course outline as is taught all the way across Canada.

Mr. Shaw: And it will be part of the Vocational School System, not the Educational?

Mr. Holland: That's right.

Mr. Shaw: And this is the transitional period, I assume, right now?

Mr. Holland: That's right. Originally there was not room for us in the Vocational School when I came here as it existed, and rather than cut down on the vocational end of it, that is, the mechanical end of it I agreed with Mr. Thompson to work into it.

Mr. Shaw: That means that a child who of necessity takes commercial, leaves Grade 12 or 13 before they go into this school. It won't be something they can go into from grade 8. The standard must be high.

Mr. Holland: We have been raising the standard all the way through Vocational School. I had been intending to go this year up to Watson Lake. However, Mr. Franklin did, and he spoke at the Home and School at Watson Lake, and they interviewed the school there, then covered the Upper Liard and Lower Post. We have had some very satisfactory replies from this trip, indicating that people down there are asking for entry into the Vocational School.

Council continued through items dealing with F. H. Collins Secondary School Commercial Course-Day (Adults) and Night Classes - Vocational School.

This brought the total of Vote 10 to \$80,338.00

Vote 20 Mr. Chairman: We will proceed to Vote 20, Page 39. We have an item - Furniture and School Equipment - \$19,680.

Mr. Chairman: This concludes our discussion on Vocational Training. Have you any further items?

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if Mr. Holland could give us any indication at this time of the number of pupils who are taking commercial courses at F. H. Collins at this time, who will eventually be transferred to the Vocational School.

Mr. Holland: I don't think any of them there would transfer to the Vocational School. I think myself they will want to continue into the deeper type of course, commercial course, secretarial or straight commercial course, and they will not get that at the Vocational School. The ones that are at the Collins school now will be finished in June.

Mr. Thompson: How many are taking that commercial course at the F. H. Collins School at this time?

Mr. Holland: Eleven.

Mr. Shaw: I notice we have all kinds of typewriters here. Do you use them.

Mr. Holland: The equipment is not my equipment. I don't select the equipment. It is laid down in the Course of Study as to what type of equipment is necessary in teaching the various types of courses. For instance, there is a difference in typewriters, and they advocate using the different types a person is liable to run into when they are

Mr. Holland: That's right.

Mr. Shaw: And this is the transitional period, I assume, right now?

Mr. Holland: That's right. Originally there was not room for us in the Vocational School when I came here as it existed, and rather than cut down on the vocational end of it, that is, the mechanical end of it I agreed with Mr. Thompson to work into it.

Mr. Shaw: That means that a child who of necessity takes commercial, leaves Grade 12 or 13 before they go into this school. It won't be something they can go into from grade 8. The standard must be high.

Mr. Holland: We have been raising the standard all the way through Vocational School. I had been intending to go this year up to Watson Lake. However, Mr. Franklin did, and he spoke at the Home and School at Watson Lake, and they interviewed the school there, then covered the Upper Liard and Lower Post. We have had some very satisfactory replies from this trip, indicating that people down there are asking for entry into the Vocational School.

Council continued through items dealing with F. H. Collins Secondary School Commercial Course-Day (Adults) and Night Classes - Vocational School.

This brought the total of Vote 10 to \$380,338.00

Vote 20 Mr. Chairman: We will proceed to Vote 20, Page 39. We have an item - Furniture and School Equipment - \$19,680.

Mr. Chairman: This concludes our discussion on Vocational Training. Have you any further items?

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if Mr. Holland could give us any indication at this time of the number of pupils who are taking commercial courses at F. H. Collins at this time, who will eventually be transferred to the Vocational School.

Mr. Holland: I don't think any of them there would transfer to the Vocational School. I think myself they will want to continue into the deeper type of course, commercial course, secretarial or straight commercial course, and they will not get that at the Vocational School. The ones that are at the Collins school now will be finished in June.

Mr. Thompson: How many are taking that commercial course at the F. H. Collins School at this time?

Mr. Holland: Eleven.

Mr. Shaw: I notice we have all kinds of typewriters here. Do you use them.

Mr. Holland: The equipment is not my equipment. I don't select the equipment. It is laid down in the Course of Study as to what type of equipment is necessary in teaching the various types of courses. For instance, there is a difference in typewriters, and they advocate using the different types a person is liable to run into when they are

Wednesday, April 7<sup>th</sup>, -1965  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Chairman called Committee to Order.

Mr. W. Holland, Director, Vocational Training School, in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: We will proceed on page 3, Vote 10. Vote 10

Council continued through items dealing with Administration and Whitehorse Vocational Training School.

Mr. Boyd: I see we're taking on \$25,000 additional expense for enlarging services to the people. Is that right, Mr. Holland?

Mr. Holland: With the increase in salaries due to the fact that, of course, they are now getting closer to the act of being constructed. I think I'd like to explain. We have been through this before. My method may not be very best but it's worked very well for me three times now. In order to attract a man for this particular type of work you've got to have a particular type of man. If you attract him pure and simply on rates, on money, you don't get the man you want. But if he gets something he can do, and likes doing, and he is capable of doing, and he can see a long range programme ahead of him, that is the kind of man we need.

Council continued through items dealing with Whitehorse Vocational Training School-Dormitory and F. H. Collins Secondary School Commercial Course-Day (High School Students).

Mr. Holland: This doesn't come under my jurisdiction any more. I am the Vocational Director for the Yukon. However, this is carried on in the Collins High School and I don't feel, the Principal of the Collins High School comes under Mr. Thompson, the Superintendent of Education. I know I object to having two or three bosses myself. One day this is going to be moved into our own building. When we are able to move this into our own building we will take full responsibility for it.

Mr. Boyd: How far away is this day when you will be able to move it into your own building?

Mr. Holland: I am informed by Mr. Baker that it will be pretty near impossible to start the new addition until this September. He is suggesting somewhere between January and Easter. Mr. Thompson and I went into this very thoroughly, and this would mean change of personnel in the middle of it. But I would rather suggest that probably it will be years before we can move into the Vocational School.

Mr. Shaw: This commercial training - will that be a complete type of commercial training, something in line with school in Edmonton?

Mr. Holland: Both. It will be on the same course outline as is taught all the way across Canada.

Mr. Shaw: And it will be part of the Vocational School System, not the Educational?

actually going into the commercial field - Smith-Corona, Underwood, electric, adding machines, bookkeeping machines, and a calculator. These are drawn up by the people that draw up the course of study. When they draw up these courses of study this is one of the things it is absolutely impossible for us to have here in the Yukon, for the simple reason that Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and B. C., and Ontario, they can go into a large city like Vancouver and Edmonton and Toronto, and they can draw a group of people together that know what a chartered accountant, office manager, personnel man needs, and they lay out a course of study - what is necessary, what do you want - what do you need, they can ask, what do you need in office personnel, and then they lay out this course of study. We follow this course of study. At the same time they draw up the equipment that is necessary to teach this course of study. We have cut this as far as we possibly can, due to the fact we are not operating like the Vancouver Vocational Institute, where you have probably 50 or 60 students, where we have a maximum of 15. So we have cut this down as much as we possibly can. As a matter of fact we ask them to cut it down for us.

Mr. Thompson: This is my line of reasoning on this I expect. You have 22 typewriters of various sizes, shapes and forms. You say that at the moment there are eleven, and conceivably the over-all enrolment will be 18 to 20. I think we are overstocking at the present time on this basis, that if it's going to be another year before this is going to be in use, the Vocational Training School, I can't quite reconcile myself to the number of various type typewriters, also your adding machines and your calculators. You say that you want the variety so that the operators will have the opportunity to have varied experience. I quite agree with this, but to have 6, 6, 4, seems to me a little top heavy. I think another look should be taken at this.

Mr. Holland: If we find that it is not going to be practical for us to go into this commercial class until a year from September, this equipment will not be purchased this year. The majority of it is for a two-year period. Last year there was 24 in the class when it started, and eleven of them dropped out, but there was 24 to start.

Mr. Boyd: As a point of interest, it is rather interesting to note that public utilities and heat for this building amounts to \$30,000, which is roughly speaking \$100 a day. I know there is nothing we can do about it as far as consumption is concerned, but it's a figure to look at. What made me look at this was it says "heating and Glacier Fuel". I don't know that I ever heard of the "glacier fuel", Do you know what this is?

Mr. Holland: No. We have nothing to do with this.

Mr. Watt: Last Fall when we were in Council we discussed the possibility of having some type of course that would assist young Native children to possibly get jobs during the summer, as guides, to take some type of training at Vocational School. You were going to look into this further. Have you any progress to report on this?

Mr. Holland: Yes. There is a course given. I have all the information, and took it downstairs. I left it there and said I had all this information, Mr. Fitzgerald was not there at the time, and if Mr. Fitzgerald would give me a call and

let me know we could look it over if he liked, but I haven't heard from him. I have the information on this, and there is a course given on this.

Mr. Watt: Is the course offered up here now?

Mr. Holland: No.

Mr. Watt: You've just set the course up?

Mr. Holland: No. This is out of my line completely. But we will offer the facilities, we will offer the course - it's the same thing - right now, Mr. Gibson has gone up to this mine to see this new type of drilling operation. We have the facilities. We could go to Vancouver and bring in air track driller to put on a course for 10 days, but the cost would be prohibitive. By the time we flew him into here, and kept him here, paid him his wages and then flew him back out again it would be quite an item. We did find a man named Davis who was just about ready to give this course when they moved him down to Cassiar. We have the facilities. This is one of the things that we have, and this is what I had hoped Mr. Fitzgerald would come up with to give me some idea. Before these fellows go out into the bush and allot them to various guides, the guides should have some training.

Mr. Watt: I would like to assure Mr. Holland that when we have Mr. Fitzgerald of the Game Department with us that I'll bring the subject up to him, and ask him why some progress hasn't been made. I hope we can establish and help the Game Guides and help some young fellows that may want to -

Mr. Holland: They are training these men on the local trails, but they are not training them strictly as big game hunters, but they are training them as tourist guides. Is there a great deal of difference?

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): There is only one place you'll ever train anybody to guide, and that's in the bush. You'll never train them in town. You might be able to teach them how to cook, and that's about all. You can't teach them the ways of the bush.

Mr. Holland: No. This isn't what the course is. The course is strictly a course on packing, pitching tents, and this kind of thing, which we feel could be done right here before they go out, and then the bush training will be taken over by the experienced men.

Mr. Southam: (Mr. Taylor back in Chair) Might I suggest that if you do put on this course that you have somebody teach these fellows a certain amount of first aid.

Mr. Holland: Yes. We have a St. John's Ambulance First Aid teacher at the school.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if I could be informed how long it would take to have a first aid course, is that very long?

Mr. Holland: It varies. If it's for a St. John's Ambulance Certificate this is about an 8-week course, 2 nights a week. If it's only for emergency first aid then it can be done in 5 or 6 days. There are various types of the St. John course, but to get the Certificate it's about an 8-week course.

let me know we could look it over if he liked, but I haven't heard from him. I have the information on this, and there is a course given on this.

Mr. Watt: Is the course offered up here now?

Mr. Holland: No.

Mr. Watt: You've just set the course up?

Mr. Holland: No. This is out of my line completely. But we will offer the facilities, we will offer the course - it's the same thing - right now, Mr. Gibson has gone up to this mine to see this new type of drilling operation. We have the facilities. We could go to Vancouver and bring in air track driller to put on a course for 10 days, but the cost would be prohibitive. By the time we flew him into here, and kept him here, paid him his wages and then flew him back out again it would be quite an item. We did find a man named Davis who was just about ready to give this course when they moved him down to Cassiar. We have the facilities. This is one of the things that we have, and this is what I had hoped Mr. Fitzgerald would come up with to give me some idea. Before these fellows go out into the bush and allot them to various guides, the guides should have some training.

Mr. Watt: I would like to assure Mr. Holland that when we have Mr. Fitzgerald of the Game Department with us that I'll bring the subject up to him, and ask him why some progress hasn't been made. I hope we can establish and help the Game Guides and help some young fellows that may want to -

Mr. Holland: They are training these men on the local trails, but they are not training them strictly as big game hunters, but they are training them as tourist guides. Is there a great deal of difference?

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): There is only one place you'll ever train anybody to guide, and that's in the bush. You'll never train them in town. You might be able to teach them how to cook, and that's about all. You can't teach them the ways of the bush.

Mr. Holland: No. This isn't what the course is. The course is strictly a course on packing, pitching tents, and this kind of thing, which we feel could be done right here before they go out, and then the bush training will be taken over by the experienced men.

Mr. Southam: (Mr. Taylor back in Chair) Might I suggest that if you do put on this course that you have somebody teach these fellows a certain amount of first aid.

Mr. Holland: Yes. We have a St. John's Ambulance First Aid teacher at the school.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if I could be informed how long it would take to have a first aid course, is that very long?

Mr. Holland: It varies. If it's for a St. John's Ambulance Certificate this is about an 8-week course, 2 nights a week. If it's only for emergency first aid then it can be done in 5 or 6 days. There are various types of the St. John course, but to get the Certificate it's about an 8-week course.

actually going into the commercial field - Smith-Corona, Underwood, electric, adding machines, bookkeeping machines, and a calculator. These are drawn up by the people that draw up the course of study. When they draw up these courses of study this is one of the things it is absolutely impossible for us to have here in the Yukon, for the simple reason that Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and B. C., and Ontario, they can go into a large city like Vancouver and Edmonton and Toronto, and they can draw a group of people together that know what a chartered accountant, office manager, personnel man needs, and they lay out a course of study - what is necessary, what do you want - what do you need, they can ask, what do you need in office personnel, and then they lay out this course of study. We follow this course of study. At the same time they draw up the equipment that is necessary to teach this course of study. We have cut this as far as we possibly can, due to the fact we are not operating like the Vancouver Vocational Institute, where you have probably 50 or 60 students, where we have a maximum of 15. So we have cut this down as much as we possibly can. As a matter of fact we ask them to cut it down for us.

Mr. Thompson: This is my line of reasoning on this I expect. You have 22 typewriters of various sizes, shapes and forms. You say that at the moment there are eleven, and conceivably the over-all enrolment will be 18 to 20. I think we are overstocking at the present time on this basis, that if it's going to be another year before this is going to be in use, the Vocational Training School, I can't quite reconcile myself to the number of various type typewriters, also your adding machines and your calculators. You say that you want the variety so that the operators will have the opportunity to have varied experience. I quite agree with this, but to have 6, 6, 4, seems to me a little top heavy. I think another look should be taken at this.

Mr. Holland: If we find that it is not going to be practical for us to go into this commercial class until a year from September, this equipment will not be purchased this year. The majority of it is for a two-year period. Last year there was 24 in the class when it started, and eleven of them dropped out, but there was 24 to start.

Mr. Boyd: As a point of interest, it is rather interesting to note that public utilities and heat for this building amounts to \$30,000, which is roughly speaking \$100 a day. I know there is nothing we can do about it as far as consumption is concerned, but it's a figure to look at. What made me look at this was it says "heating and Glacier Fuel". I don't know that I ever heard of the "glacier fuel", Do you know what this is?

Mr. Holland: No. We have nothing to do with this.

Mr. Watt: Last Fall when we were in Council we discussed the possibility of having some type of course that would assist young Native children to possibly get jobs during the summer, as guides, to take some type of training at Vocational School. You were going to look into this further. Have you any progress to report on this?

Mr. Holland: Yes. There is a course given. I have all the information, and took it downstairs. I left it there and said I had all this information, Mr. Fitzgerald was not there at the time, and if Mr. Fitzgerald would give me a call and

Mr. Shaw: Is it possible to teach this course during regular school hours, morning and afternoon and get that course say, in two weeks, or is that not practical?

Mr. Holland: Yes, it is possible.

Mr. Shaw: What I was thinking of is that there may be people in the Territory who would like to take the course, but to come down to Whitehorse and stay around for 2 months and just have it in the evening would take an awful long time. But were it possible for them to come down and get this St. John's course say, in 2 weeks, it might be well worth their while.

Mr. Holland left Council Chamber.

There was a short recess until Mr. W. J. Gibson, Director of Travel and Publicity, entered the Council Chamber.

Mr. Chairman: We have Mr. Gibson with us to discuss these Estimates, and the first item will be found on page 2, of Vote 12.

Council continued through various items from Salaries to Films, Displays, Advertising.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if Mr. Gibson has any pamphlets or advertising or films or photos or proposed signs available, that we could conceivably have some idea, or is all of this in the future?

Mr. Gibson: I don't have copies of the material we are presently using with me at the moment, though I did suggest to the Financial Advisory Committee, that is, the Council, if it was possible, that they might visit our office while they are in Session during this sitting to see our operation, to see the material we are using, and the Department in operation. We have a reasonably large variety of literature we are distributing at the present time, including our travel posters. I don't have any copies here, but we would very much like to have you visit the Department office if you could find it possible to do so.

Mr. Thompson: I for one would very much like to take advantage of that invitation. And if it's necessary to make a Motion that Council do take the time, and if there aren't any other prior commitments, and if it's agreeable to Mr. Gibson I would suggest that tomorrow afternoon might be an appropriate time

Mr. Gibson: This is very convenient for us.

Mr. Chairman: Yes, well possibly you could bring this up onto the Agenda this evening, and we can set a time and so forth, if you gentlemen so wish.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Gibson just what type of films he referred to here.

Mr. Gibson: In its widest interpretation we do have two copies of a motion picture film. We have a copy of "The City of Gold", and a copy of a motion picture film "Old Yukon and New". We do add to our library of black and white photographs and coloured photographs as we can arrange to do so.

I will submit that we take very few pictures in the middle of the winter time because we don't want to confirm the opinion of these people outside that the Yukon is a land of ice and snow, so most of our black and white, and coloured photography is taken through the summer months. We have a reasonably large library of black and white negatives and coloured transparencies at the present time. The provision in this primary 60 for films is to cover the actual cost of rolls of film, and the processing of film, the requirements for enlargements, we have quite a heavy demand for 8x10 enlargements, black and white predominantly for newspaper and magazine reproduction. So the provision in this primary covers the negatives, the prints, and the film we're using. We do not have any hope to produce a further movie film on the Yukon through our Department. To do a good film of reasonable length would cost anywhere from \$12,000 to \$15,000 in itself. We understand there is one in the process of being filmed this year by private enterprise, and we are always trying to encourage someone to do a film on the Yukon, and then make it possible for us to purchase a copy of the film, which might run anywhere from \$150 to \$200. This we can afford if the film is worth distributing to outside areas to promote the Territory.

Mr. Shaw: On this matter, as a point of interest, I showed "The City of Gold", one time I showed it at Dawson for the whole summer. It was quite a coincidence in coming across the Atlantic last year, half way across the Atlantic on the boat, they also showed this "City of Gold".

Mr. Gibson: If I might add a further comment - both of those films were produced by the National Film Board. They are in the libraries of the National Film Board throughout the world. The year of the Dawson City Festival the film "Old Yukon New" received **one of the highest** exposure ratings of any of the National Film Board films anywhere in the world. It was on display constantly, and on television stations, and public gatherings, every place where you could possibly show it, and it received a very very fine reception. I like to hear you say this Mr. Shaw, I like to know these things are being used.

Mr. Thompson: During our recent sojourn in Ottawa with the Financial Advisory Committee we had occasion to view in various parts of Ottawa as well as Northern Affairs buildings, many and varied pictures, primarily supplied by the National Film Board. I would say in 100% of the pictures shown or displayed, and now I refer to Northern Affairs and National Resources, 100% were of the Northwest Territories. I did not see one photograph of the Yukon. I did, I saw one of the Yukon, and it had "Northwest Territories" written on it. But what I am trying to impress or to bring to your attention is the decided lack of Yukon publicity insofar as the Northern Affairs are concerned themselves. Now we mentioned this fact, in fact it was quite noticeable, and evidently in the new building that Northern Affairs are in the process of building they suggested that certain scenes of the Yukon be transmitted to them in suitable size, and they suggested 2 ft. by 3 ft. seemed to be a reasonable size for display purposes, then conceivably these would be given prominent display space in either the new building and/or the existing buildings. They might change them around a bit. I was just wondering if the National Film Board or yourselves have anything in this respect that could be transmitted to Northern Affairs, because

I will submit that we take very few pictures in the middle of the winter time because we don't want to confirm the opinion of these people outside that the Yukon is a land of ice and snow, so most of our black and white, and coloured photography is taken through the summer months. We have a reasonably large library of black and white negatives and coloured transparencies at the present time. The provision in this primary 60 for films is to cover the actual cost of rolls of film, and the processing of film, the requirements for enlargements, we have quite a heavy demand for 8x10 enlargements, black and white predominantly for newspaper and magazine reproduction. So the provision in this primary covers the negatives, the prints, and the film we're using. We do not have any hope to produce a further movie film on the Yukon through our Department. To do a good film of reasonable length would cost anywhere from \$12,000 to \$15,000 in itself. We understand there is one in the process of being filmed this year by private enterprise, and we are always trying to encourage someone to do a film on the Yukon, and then make it possible for us to purchase a copy of the film, which might run anywhere from \$150 to \$200. This we can afford if the film is worth distributing to outside areas to promote the Territory.

Mr. Shaw: On this matter, as a point of interest, I showed "The City of Gold", one time I showed it at Dawson for the whole summer. It was quite a coincidence in coming across the Atlantic last year, half way across the Atlantic on the boat, they also showed this "City of Gold".

Mr. Gibson: If I might add a further comment - both of those films were produced by the National Film Board. They are in the libraries of the National Film Board throughout the world. The year of the Dawson City Festival the film "Old Yukon New" received **one of the highest** exposure ratings of any of the National Film Board films anywhere in the world. It was on display constantly, and on television stations, and public gatherings, every place where you could possibly show it, and it received a very very fine reception. I like to hear you say this Mr. Shaw, I like to know these things are being used.

Mr. Thompson: During our recent sojourn in Ottawa with the Financial Advisory Committee we had occasion to view in various parts of Ottawa as well as Northern Affairs buildings, many and varied pictures, primarily supplied by the National Film Board. I would say in 100% of the pictures shown or displayed, and now I refer to Northern Affairs and National Resources, 100% were of the Northwest Territories. I did not see one photograph of the Yukon. I did, I saw one of the Yukon, and it had "Northwest Territories" written on it. But what I am trying to impress or to bring to your attention is the decided lack of Yukon publicity insofar as the Northern Affairs are concerned themselves. Now we mentioned this fact, in fact it was quite noticeable, and evidently in the new building that Northern Affairs are in the process of building they suggested that certain scenes of the Yukon be transmitted to them in suitable size, and they suggested 2 ft. by 3 ft. seemed to be a reasonable size for display purposes, then conceivably these would be given prominent display space in either the new building and/or the existing buildings. They might change them around a bit. I was just wondering if the National Film Board or yourselves have anything in this respect that could be transmitted to Northern Affairs, because

Mr. Shaw: Is it possible to teach this course during regular school hours, morning and afternoon and get that course say, in two weeks, or is that not practical?

Mr. Holland: Yes, it is possible.

Mr. Shaw: What I was thinking of is that there may be people in the Territory who would like to take the course, but to come down to Whitehorse and stay around for 2 months and just have it in the evening would take an awful long time. But were it possible for them to come down and get this St. John's course say, in 2 weeks, it might be well worth their while.

Mr. Holland left Council Chamber.

There was a short recess until Mr. W. J. Gibson, Director of Travel and Publicity, entered the Council Chamber.

Mr. Chairman: We have Mr. Gibson with us to discuss these Estimates, and the first item will be found on page 2, of Vote 12.

Council continued through various items from Salaries to Films, Displays, Advertising.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if Mr. Gibson has any pamphlets or advertising or films or photos or proposed signs available, that we could conceivably have some idea, or is all of this in the future?

Mr. Gibson: I don't have copies of the material we are presently using with me at the moment, though I did suggest to the Financial Advisory Committee, that is, the Council, if it was possible, that they might visit our office while they are in Session during this sitting to see our operation, to see the material we are using, and the Department in operation. We have a reasonably large variety of literature we are distributing at the present time, including our travel posters. I don't have any copies here, but we would very much like to have you visit the Department office if you could find it possible to do so.

Mr. Thompson: I for one would very much like to take advantage of that invitation. And if it's necessary to make a Motion that Council do take the time, and if there aren't any other prior commitments, and if it's agreeable to Mr. Gibson I would suggest that tomorrow afternoon might be an appropriate time

Mr. Gibson: This is very convenient for us.

Mr. Chairman: Yes, well possibly you could bring this up onto the Agenda this evening, and we can set a time and so forth, if you gentlemen so wish.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Gibson just what type of films he referred to here.

Mr. Gibson: In its widest interpretation we do have two copies of a motion picture film. We have a copy of "The City of Gold", and a copy of a motion picture film "Old Yukon and New". We do add to our library of black and white photographs and coloured photographs as we can arrange to do so.

my one feeling when we were in Ottawa was that the Yukon exists, but that's about it. There weren't too many people that were aware of it, even in Northern Affairs. It's quite noticeable. Northwest Territories have their Commissioner in Ottawa, they have all their offices right there, they're sitting right underneath the gun, they get everything. This is the way it seems, and the Yukon is the poor relation that gets the cast-offs. I was thinking in terms of a little internal publicity on our own behalf.

Mr. Gibson: This is a very good point. Until about one year ago the Canadian Government Travel Bureau was under the jurisdiction of the Department of Northern Affairs. A little more than a year ago it was transferred from that Department to the Department of Trade and Commerce. This division of the Department of Northern Affairs and the Travel Bureau has a very large library of pictures of the Yukon Territory both in black and white, and in colour. In preparing one of our coloured pamphlets two or three years ago we wrote to the Canadian Government Travel Bureau asking if they would forward coloured pictures of the Yukon Territory to us for screening. They sent 149 coloured transparencies, beautiful transparencies, which they had on file at that time. We screened them very very carefully. They have had a fair number of professional photographers come through the Yukon Territory, one of the most prominent was Malach, who is the brother of Karsh, by the way, so I know there is a large library of films on the Yukon Territory available right in Ottawa. By coincidence, the Canadian Government Travel Bureau office happens to be on the ground floor of the building now occupied by the Department of Northern Affairs. The material is certainly there to be used, and we have asked that they do display this. I think perhaps in the last comment you made, Mr. Thompson, you put your finger on part of the problem. Our Commissioner and our office is up here, and not in Ottawa. We're not overlooking this. We would like to see just as much display of the Yukon down there as the Northwest Territories. At the present time we're not getting it, but they do have the material to use if they wish to. If I may follow this further; the National Film Board does produce a volume entitled "Canada Picture Index". This is a catalogue of pictures of various parts of Canada taken by their crews as they cover Canada on various assignments. They had some of their men up to the Rendezvous. We have ordered the Volume 1 and Volume 2 of these indexes to screen the catalogues for good pictures of the Yukon Territory. We can arrange to have them supply 8x10 enlargements of these at a very reasonable price, if there are suitable pictures in the index. This will help us tremendously, because up until this very moment the chief photographer of our entire department, who is also the Director of the Department who gets saddled behind a desk, rather than out on the end of the camera when there is good picture taking weather. We are exploring every possibility of obtaining suitable photographs both black and white and colour to augment the library we are slowly building up through our own efforts.

Council continued through items dealing with Stationery and Office Supplies to Grants.

Mr. Boyd: How much money did we give out in grants in the last year, just in round figures, and to whom?

Mr. Gibson: The total expenditure under the Matching Grant programme last year totaled \$12,023. This can be broken down generally by-Klondike Business Association - \$6,000; Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce - roughly \$5,100; the balance distributed in smaller quantities to the McBride Museum, the Old Log Church Museum, Watson Lake Chamber of Commerce and the Shackwhite Valley Community Club for pamphlets. The total on the last statement of expenditures that I have received was \$12,023.

Mr. Boyd: What are you anticipating, and to whom, for this year?

Mr. Gibson: I am very glad you brought up this question because I think we should take a closer look at the amount of \$8,000 included for Grants this year. I was not aware that the Council had approved in principle last Fall a further grant to Klondike Business Association this year in the amount of \$6,000. This was not taken into consideration when we were setting up these estimates. At the present time if we consider that \$6,000 grant, we have also a request from KBA for matching grant under the proposed expenditure which would cost us another \$1,825 this year. We had a request for consideration of matching grant covering some of their other expenditures last year, which would, our share would be about \$1,325. If by any chance Council is giving further consideration to extending the \$1600 amount to the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce this year, this was not considered when the \$8,000 figure was estimated, so it appears that we will have a heavier demand on the amount for Grants this year than we have included in the Estimates at the present time. I would suggest that we attempt to tabulate the requests we can see at the present time, plus other grants coming in from other community groups which might increase the total, and see if this primary 74 for Grants should not be increased to perhaps \$12,000.

Mr. Watt: On the subject, I wrote out a Motion that I propose to make here at this time, and that is that the \$1,600 be added to the Budget to cover the Territorial Government's share of the Matching Grant that had been deleted from the Budget last year. That would make up for this item that we took out last year. Now that we've got a lot of the information that we want about the Robert Service Campground we are obligated to pay this \$1,600.

Mr. Gibson: I hope it will be appreciated that following the Fall Council Session last year, when the \$1,600 was deleted, I considered that there would not be anything for this and consequently it was not included in our Estimates this year. If this is being considered, then you will have to take in to consideration that this will be a further \$1,600 demand on primary 74.

Mr. Watt: This is what I believe, so that if you've got your normal budget for this year, I will make this in the form of a Motion if somebody will second it, and that is "That \$1,600 be added to the Budget to cover the Territorial Government's Share of the Matching Grant to the Robert Service Campground". Could I get somebody to second it?

Mr. Chairman: The Motion is out of order, Mr. Watt, you can not add to the Budget, only subtract from it.

Mr. Gibson: The total expenditure under the Matching Grant programme last year totaled \$12,023. This can be broken down generally by-Klondike Business Association - \$6,000; Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce - roughly \$5,100; the balance distributed in smaller quantities to the McBride Museum, the Old Log Church Museum, Watson Lake Chamber of Commerce and the Shackwhite Valley Community Club for pamphlets. The total on the last statement of expenditures that I have received was \$12,023.

Mr. Boyd: What are you anticipating, and to whom, for this year?

Mr. Gibson: I am very glad you brought up this question because I think we should take a closer look at the amount of \$8,000 included for Grants this year. I was not aware that the Council had approved in principle last Fall a further grant to Klondike Business Association this year in the amount of \$6,000. This was not taken into consideration when we were setting up these estimates. At the present time if we consider that \$6,000 grant, we have also a request from KBA for matching grant under the proposed expenditure which would cost us another \$1,825 this year. We had a request for consideration of matching grant covering some of their other expenditures last year, which would, our share would be about \$1,325. If by any chance Council is giving further consideration to extending the \$1600 amount to the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce this year, this was not considered when the \$8,000 figure was estimated, so it appears that we will have a heavier demand on the amount for Grants this year than we have included in the Estimates at the present time. I would suggest that we attempt to tabulate the requests we can see at the present time, plus other grants coming in from other community groups which might increase the total, and see if this primary 74 for Grants should not be increased to perhaps \$12,000.

Mr. Watt: On the subject, I wrote out a Motion that I propose to make here at this time, and that is that the \$1,600 be added to the Budget to cover the Territorial Government's share of the Matching Grant that had been deleted from the Budget last year. That would make up for this item that we took out last year. Now that we've got a lot of the information that we want about the Robert Service Campground we are obligated to pay this \$1,600.

Mr. Gibson: I hope it will be appreciated that following the Fall Council Session last year, when the \$1,600 was deleted, I considered that there would not be anything for this and consequently it was not included in our Estimates this year. If this is being considered, then you will have to take in to consideration that this will be a further \$1,600 demand on primary 74.

Mr. Watt: This is what I believe, so that if you've got your normal budget for this year, I will make this in the form of a Motion if somebody will second it, and that is "That \$1,600 be added to the Budget to cover the Territorial Government's Share of the Matching Grant to the Robert Service Campground". Could I get somebody to second it?

Mr. Chairman: The Motion is out of order, Mr. Watt, you can not add to the Budget, only subtract from it.

my one feeling when we were in Ottawa was that the Yukon exists, but that's about it. There weren't too many people that were aware of it, even in Northern Affairs. It's quite noticeable. Northwest Territories have their Commissioner in Ottawa, they have all their offices right there, they're sitting right underneath the gun, they get everything. This is the way it seems, and the Yukon is the poor relation that gets the cast-offs. I was thinking in terms of a little internal publicity on our own behalf.

Mr. Gibson: This is a very good point. Until about one year ago the Canadian Government Travel Bureau was under the jurisdiction of the Department of Northern Affairs. A little more than a year ago it was transferred from that Department to the Department of Trade and Commerce. This division of the Department of Northern Affairs and the Travel Bureau has a very large library of pictures of the Yukon Territory both in black and white, and in colour. In preparing one of our coloured pamphlets two or three years ago we wrote to the Canadian Government Travel Bureau asking if they would forward coloured pictures of the Yukon Territory to us for screening. They sent 149 coloured transparencies, beautiful transparencies, which they had on file at that time. We screened them very very carefully. They have had a fair number of professional photographers come through the Yukon Territory, one of the most prominent was Malach, who is the brother of Karsh, by the way, so I know there is a large library of films on the Yukon Territory available right in Ottawa. By coincidence, the Canadian Government Travel Bureau office happens to be on the ground floor of the building now occupied by the Department of Northern Affairs. The material is certainly there to be used, and we have asked that they do display this. I think perhaps in the last comment you made, Mr. Thompson, you put your finger on part of the problem. Our Commissioner and our office is up here, and not in Ottawa. We're not overlooking this. We would like to see just as much display of the Yukon down there as the Northwest Territories. At the present time we're not getting it, but they do have the material to use if they wish to. If I may follow this further; the National Film Board does produce a volume entitled "Canada Picture Index". This is a catalogue of pictures of various parts of Canada taken by their crews as they cover Canada on various assignments. They had some of their men up to the Rendezvous. We have ordered the Volume 1 and Volume 2 of these indexes to screen the catalogues for good pictures of the Yukon Territory. We can arrange to have them supply 8x10 enlargements of these at a very reasonable price, if there are suitable pictures in the index. This will help us tremendously, because up until this very moment the chief photographer of our entire department, who is also the Director of the Department who gets saddled behind a desk, rather than out on the end of the camera when there is good picture taking weather. We are exploring every possibility of obtaining suitable photographs both black and white and colour to augment the library we are slowly building up through our own efforts.

Council continued through items dealing with Stationery and Office Supplies to Grants.

Mr. Boyd: How much money did we give out in grants in the last year, just in round figures, and to whom?

Mr. Boyd: May I suggest to Mr. Watt that we wait and take this item up with Mr. MacKenzie, then we will have a clear picture how to proceed. Do you agree with that, Mr. Watt?

Mr. Watt: I stand corrected.

The Committee agreed to Mr. Boyd's suggestion.

Mr. Shaw: There is one matter I recollect last Fall, the amount of \$2,000 on this Matching Grant deal on some of the advertising. It was assumed at that time that the Klondike Business Association would have to have I believe it was \$1,500. In the meantime they have been writing back and forth, and it takes quite some time to get these things straightened out. With the Government you send a submission, and in a little while it comes back, "This won't be accepted", so you send in another one, another form, - back and forth - and this has been going on I believe since last winter, and it isn't resolved yet. The same amount of money. Is that correct.

Mr. Gibson: I believe the most recent statement submitted to, or approved by the Klondike Business Association, the revised statement, has now been approved for payment.

Mr. Shaw: It has? That is what I was getting at. In other words last year's \$2,000, or that amount, has lapsed so in the meantime this will go into this year's, if it goes in. There isn't any further correspondence back and forth. This has taken all winter, to get this finalized. I wanted to bring that to your attention, that this amount was put in the Budget in the Supplementary Estimates last year.

Mr. Boyd: We had \$6,000 tentatively approved last Fall for K.B.A. as I understand it. Mr. Gibson states that he has a request for another \$1,800, which is something we don't know anything about, at least I don't. This K.B.A., and K.B. something else, I think there's another account of similar name of similar type, I would like to suggest that we know how much this organization wants per year from us, and that we don't have to dig it. We should have it listed, and we could see what we're doing. We authorized last year \$6,000, now we come along and we're told we need another \$1,800 for the same group. This is not the way I like to see it done. I want to see one clear-cut figure, and have it explained to me once in total, and I want to go for it or leave it, as the case may be. I don't like to find things coming along piece-meal. This has happened before, and it runs us all into trouble and misunderstanding and possibly hard feelings.

Mr. Shaw: I will try and explain this. In the first instance I think Committee is aware of the matter of the \$6,000, that was to put on the show at the "Palace Grand", and the object of that is, that this organization, this would be their third year. They started from scratch, and they have carried on these stage shows and kept it going, so that each year through their efforts they increased this amount. Now this Grant is only subject to the people themselves putting up \$2,000, there are few businesses there, and it is a tremendous undertaking to get this money. Now that is for this particular show, I have mentioned that on many, many occasions. In order to build up this tourist promotional deal, the people themselves don't make any money on it, this is

for the pleasure of the business coming in. Now the object of this Organization is to get to the stage which is it rapidly approaching at the present moment, whereby they don't have to have this Grant. They started off after the Dawson City Festival, which as you know was quite a disaster. This is something that the people themselves have done, and they have asked for a little Government assistance on it to promote this tourist business. Now, they had \$350 in the coffers, they went ahead and they promoted it the first year, and they then built up a reserve of \$3,500, having in mind that they can be self-sufficient. The next year they built up this surplus until they had \$6,500. They are trying to build this up so they can conduct it without any Government Grant. I think Mr. Gibson will agree with the objective of that, and what is going on. So this money that is obtained is for that Grant. That was entirely separate from any other thing in the Budget. Then the Government had a situation, it just happens that the same Organization runs the same thing, whereby if you spent so much money on advertising pamphlets (they get the largest amount of pamphlets in the Territory with the exception of the Government organization itself, 10,000 I think a year) that what they spent on this particular thing, or on signs, in relation to the other areas of the Territory, they could get 50% of this in assistance. In other words, if they spent \$3,000 they could get \$1,500 on what they spend on the advertising. So actually the \$6,000 grant is a separate thing entirely. The other fits in with all the other arrangements. Last year the Service Park down here, there was only \$4,000 in the Budget, and they got it all, except a couple of hundred dollars that went to the Log Church here, but that's where that went, and then they want another \$1,600. I hope I've explained that so Mr. Boyd can understand it.

Mr. Thompson: You lost me 'round there somewhere, maybe Mr. Gibson can affirm my thinking on this. Did I understand you to say Mr. Gibson that there were two amounts on this, one for the K.B.A., one for \$1,825 and another for \$1,325? As well as this \$6,000 one?

Mr. Gibson: The \$1,325 amount was the request for Matching Grant based on activities of last year. Now this \$1,325 would be the amount payable by our Department on their programme, which totaled \$2,640 Statement of Expenditures submitted to us. There were several items that the Administration wanted to check out on Statement, and as Councillor Shaw has pointed out, the final Statement was not approved or accepted until very recently, so the amount of payment lapsed on last year's estimates. We have already received from Klondyke Business Association a Statement of Proposed Expenditures this year, over and above the state presentation, amounting to \$3,650, requesting 50% of that, \$1,825, as a Matching Grant from the Department this year. This is intended to be separate from the special \$6,000 Grant.

Mr. Thompson: Am I correct in my assumption that Mr. Shaw said this K.B.A. "Palace Grand" Organization, that are putting on these summer shows have a balance in hand now of something in the neighbourhood of \$6,000, and so they want another further \$6,000 this year?

Mr. Shaw: They had a balance of \$6,000 at the end of the year. At the present moment they have expended \$3,000 on the contract with these people to come up, so they haven't that

for the pleasure of the business coming in. Now the object of this Organization is to get to the stage which is it rapidly approaching at the present moment, whereby they don't have to have this Grant. They started off after the Dawson City Festival, which as you know was quite a disaster. This is something that the people themselves have done, and they have asked for a little Government assistance on it to promote this tourist business. Now, they had \$350 in the coffers, they went ahead and they promoted it the first year, and they then built up a reserve of \$3,500, having in mind that they can be self-sufficient. The next year they built up this surplus until they had \$6,500. They are trying to build this up so they can conduct it without any Government Grant. I think Mr. Gibson will agree with the objective of that, and what is going on. So this money that is obtained is for that Grant. That was entirely separate from any other thing in the Budget. Then the Government had a situation, it just happens that the same Organization runs the same thing, whereby if you spent so much money on advertising pamphlets (they get the largest amount of pamphlets in the Territory with the exception of the Government organization itself, 10,000 I think a year) that what they spent on this particular thing, or on signs, in relation to the other areas of the Territory, they could get 50% of this in assistance. In other words, if they spent \$3,000 they could get \$1,500 on what they spend on the advertising. So actually the \$6,000 grant is a separate thing entirely. The other fits in with all the other arrangements. Last year the Service Park down here, there was only \$4,000 in the Budget, and they got it all, except a couple of hundred dollars that went to the Log Church here, but that's where that went, and then they want another \$1,600. I hope I've explained that so Mr. Boyd can understand it.

Mr. Thompson: You lost me 'round there somewhere, maybe Mr. Gibson can affirm my thinking on this. Did I understand you to say Mr. Gibson that there were two amounts on this, one for the K.B.A., one for \$1,825 and another for \$1,325? As well as this \$6,000 one?

Mr. Gibson: The \$1,325 amount was the request for Matching Grant based on activities of last year. Now this \$1,325 would be the amount payable by our Department on their programme, which totaled \$2,640 Statement of Expenditures submitted to us. There were several items that the Administration wanted to check out on Statement, and as Councillor Shaw has pointed out, the final Statement was not approved or accepted until very recently, so the amount of payment lapsed on last year's estimates. We have already received from Klondyke Business Association a Statement of Proposed Expenditures this year, over and above the state presentation, amounting to \$3,650, requesting 50% of that, \$1,825, as a Matching Grant from the Department this year. This is intended to be separate from the special \$6,000 Grant.

Mr. Thompson: Am I correct in my assumption that Mr. Shaw said this K.B.A. "Palace Grand" Organization, that are putting on these summer shows have a balance in hand now of something in the neighbourhood of \$6,000, and so they want another further \$6,000 this year?

Mr. Shaw: They had a balance of \$6,000 at the end of the year. At the present moment they have expended \$3,000 on the contract with these people to come up, so they haven't that

Mr. Boyd: May I suggest to Mr. Watt that we wait and take this item up with Mr. MacKenzie, then we will have a clear picture how to proceed. Do you agree with that, Mr. Watt?

Mr. Watt: I stand corrected.

The Committee agreed to Mr. Boyd's suggestion.

Mr. Shaw: There is one matter I recollect last Fall, the amount of \$2,000 on this Matching Grant deal on some of the <sup>advertising</sup> advertising. It was assumed at that time that the Klondike Business Association would have to have I believe it was \$1,500. In the meantime they have been writing back and forth, and it takes quite some time to get these things straightened out. With the Government you send a submission, and in a little while it comes back, "This won't be accepted", so you send in another one, another form, - back and forth - and this has been going on I believe since last winter, and it isn't resolved yet. The same amount of money. Is that correct.

Mr. Gibson: I believe the most recent statement submitted to, or approved by the Klondike Business Association, the revised statement, has now been approved for payment.

Mr. Shaw: It has? That is what I was getting at. In other words last year's \$2,000, or that amount, has lapsed so in the meantime this will go into this year's, if it goes in. There isn't any further correspondence back and forth. This has taken all winter, to get this finalized. I wanted to bring that to your attention, that this amount was put in the Budget in the Supplementary Estimates last year.

Mr. Boyd: We had \$6,000 tentatively approved last Fall for K.B.A. as I understand it. Mr. Gibson states that he has a request for another \$1,800, which is something we don't know anything about, at least I don't. This K.B.A., and K.B. something else, I think there's another account of similar name of similar type, I would like to suggest that we know how much this organization wants per year from us, and that we don't have to dig it. We should have it listed, and we could see what we're doing. We authorized last year \$6,000, now we come along and we're told we need another \$1,800 for the same group. This is not the way I like to see it done. I want to see one clear-cut figure, and have it explained to me **once** in total, and I want to go for it or leave it, as the case may be. I don't like to find things coming along piece-meal. This has happened before, and it runs us all into trouble and misunderstanding and possibly hard feelings.

Mr. Shaw: I will try and explain this. In the first instance I think Committee is aware of the matter of the \$6,000, that was to put on the show at the "Palace Grand", and the object of that is, that this organization, this would be their third year. They started from scratch, and they have carried on these stage shows and kept it going, so that each year through their efforts they increased this amount. Now this Grant is only subject to the people themselves putting up \$2,000, there are few businesses there, and it is a tremendous undertaking to get this money. Now that is for this particular show, I have mentioned that on many, many occasions. In order to build up this tourist promotional deal, the people themselves don't make any money on it, this is

at this moment. I was talking as of the end of the year. These things have to be done 6 months ahead if you wish to get these finalized. Last year, there was this amount about which we're talking. The year before we didn't get assistance on that because we didn't get it in soon enough. K.B.A. didn't get it in soon enough so they didn't get it. This year they got it in soon enough and resolved this writing back and forth. So this year it appears to me that they've got it well in hand, and well ahead of time. But it's very difficult to know what your expenditure is going to be.

Mr. Thompson: This leads to one more question: \$1,325 coming from somewhere is last year's request from K.B.A. for matching Grants. Now I don't remember, this is this last year's that you say is just being finalized now? This is why it wasn't paid?

Mr. Gibson: That's right.

Mr. Thompson: Well, there was some reference that Mr. Shaw made that this wasn't paid because Whitehorse took it all, or the Robert Service Park, so I'd just like to clarify this, because the only item that we took out of the budget was the \$1,600 that was with reference to the Robert Service Park, and we didn't delete anything that would have subjected this amount in other words, it would have been paid had it been proper.

Mr. Shaw: I stated that was in there because all the other had gone. It was in there, certainly, \$2,000 was in there, but prior to that it wasn't in there.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask what part of these grants to K.B.A. are used for pamphlets and things like this, that normally in a community such as Watson Lake or Teslin or any other place in the Territory this would be done by the Publicity Department.

Mr. Gibson: The Klondike Business Association included in their Statement of Expenditure requesting Matching Grants, in each case an amount of money providing for re-printing of their Klondike Pamphlet. Now this is similar to the procedure used by the other communities, and Shackwhite Valley incidentally, have re-printed 10,000 of their pamphlets last year, the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce reprinted their pamphlet within the last year, now this does qualify into the programme of Matching Grants for 50% financial assistance. The \$6,000 apparently is being used for the presentation of the entertainment in Dawson City, with some of the other expenditures being considered as qualified for Matching Grants. This is the position we are in at the moment, where we received statements from the Klondike Business Association asking for financial assistance based on these expenditures made for promotion, advertising, and a number of other expenditures.

Mr. Thompson: I want it understood that I am not opposed to Matching Grants. I feel that this is a worthy cause, and if the Community involved have the necessary funds to put it up and have it matched by the Government, then more power to them. But I don't think where it says "Grants" here in the Estimates it says Matching Grants to community organizations throughout the Territory. Now this says nothing, or to my way of thinking, has no bearing on the \$6,000 to K.B.A. Now Mr. Shaw has said 2 or 3 times that we have, that we gave this approval in principle last Fall, this may be so, I don't remember it, but I don't think this is any part of this particular item that we are discussing.

A recess was declared for tea.

.../66 2

Mr. Shaw: I was recently down in British Columbia to get information on how their Barkerville operation worked and they have put in close to \$2,000,000.00 to this particular project. At the present moment their budget for Barkerville is \$200,000.00 a year of which \$125,000.00 is for capital expenditure. \$75,000.00 a year is for operation of this Barkerwille complex. Barkerville is one of the main historic attractions of British Columbia and the Government of that area has accepted that and it is their intention, before they get through with this project, to have 115 reconstructed buildings. That is the effort that British Columbia goes to in respect of their Province. Those are their feelings of what they consider the value of this particular project to the economy in the manner of tourist travel in that particular area. We come to a matter such as we have been discussing which is the Klondyke Area and we find out that when there is an expenditure of anything up to \$15,000.00 there is all kinds of opposition. I will explain the manner of this particular play. Here is the contract that has been entered into for these people to come up and refuse to pay. In British Columbia, of course, the Government does it itself. They don't ask the people there to take any part in it. They provide the money for the show and therefore they spend \$75,000.00 on it. Their receipts for the Barkerwille project come to close on \$40,000.00 a year from what they take off these people in the way of a fee, plus the sales of pop and other merchandise. This agreement that the Klondyke Visitors' Association had with the John Wright Productions in Vancouver had to be done ahead of time in order to get these people. It is quite a deal to put on a production. They have a contract here for an amount of \$10,765.00. That is what they are paying these people to come up to Dawson next year and put on this show to entertain the visitors and I can assure you that it is not entertaining the local people because when you have seen a show once you've seen it. That is what they pay. In other words, this \$6,000.00 will help. It will pay a portion of this almost \$11,000.00 to put on this production. Of course there are other activities that go on in the way of keeping booths open and doing this, that and the next thing, including many things which they have done - keeping auto courts going, maintaining Service's cabin which is definitely a tremendous historical site, and all these kinds of allied activities. I don't know what other provinces are doing, except that the Ontario Government put \$2,500,000.00 into Upper Canada Village as a tourist attraction. \$6,000.00 or \$10,000.00, or double that, is a pretty small amount. It amazes me that I have to get up and keep talking on something like this. Here is an item in the budget - \$100,000.00 - to move the squatters in Whitehorse and that went through just like that. That's no problem at all, and yet we get a small little item such as this and you'd think that the people up there were trying to rob the public purse. This is something that is for all of the Yukon. This benefits all the people. The more people we can get up there to see this entertainment, the more entertainment we can get, and as a result of those people going up there they must travel through every area of the country, except those who come in by plane. Why there should be such cross-examination and dissention on a matter such as this is quite beyond my comprehension.

Mr. Thompson: I am highly enlightened by this latest dissertation on Dawson City but I still haven't seen anything

Mr. Shaw: I was recently down in British Columbia to get information on how their Barkerville operation worked and they have put in close to \$2,000,000.00 to this particular project. At the present moment their budget for Barkerville is \$200,000.00 a year of which \$125,000.00 is for capital expenditure. \$75,000.00 a year is for operation of this Barkerwille complex. Barkerville is one of the main historic attractions of British Columbia and the Government of that area has accepted that and it is their intention, before they get through with this project, to have 115 reconstructed buildings. That is the effort that British Columbia goes to in respect of their Province. Those are their feelings of what they consider the value of this particular project to the economy in the manner of tourist travel in that particular area. We come to a matter such as we have been discussing which is the Klondyke Area and we find out that when there is an expenditure of anything up to \$15,000.00 there is all kinds of opposition. I will explain the manner of this particular play. Here is the contract that has been entered into for these people to come up and refuse to pay. In British Columbia, of course, the Government does it itself. They don't ask the people there to take any part in it. They provide the money for the show and therefore they spend \$75,000.00 on it. Their receipts for the Barker-ville project come to close on \$40,000.00 a year from what they take off these people in the way of a fee, plus the sales of pop and other merchandise. This agreement that the Klondyke Visitors' Association had with the John Wright Productions in Vancouver had to be done ahead of time in order to get these people. It is quite a deal to put on a production. They have a contract here for an amount of \$10,765.00. That is what they are paying these people to come up to Dawson next year and put on this show to entertain the visitors and I can assure you that it is not entertaining the local people because when you have seen a show once you've seen it. That is what they pay. In other words, this \$6,000.00 will help. It will pay a portion of this almost \$11,000.00 to put on this production. Of course there are other activities that go on in the way of keeping booths open and doing this, that and the next thing, including many things which they have done - keeping auto courts going, maintaining Service's cabin which is definitely a tremendous historical site, and all these kinds of allied activities. I don't know what other provinces are doing, except that the Ontario Government put \$2,500,000.00 into Upper Canada Village as a tourist attraction. \$6,000.00 or \$10,000.00, or double that, is a pretty small amount. It amazes me that I have to get up and keep talking on something like this. Here is an item in the budget - \$100,000.00 - to move the squatters in Whitehorse and that went through just like that. That's no problem at all, and yet we get a small little item such as this and you'd think that the people up there were trying to rob the public purse. This is something that is for all of the Yukon. This benefits all the people. The more people we can get up there to see this entertainment, the more entertainment we can get, and as a result of those people going up there they must travel through every area of the country, except those who come in by plane. Why there should be such cross-examination and dissention on a matter such as this is quite beyond my comprehension.

Mr. Thompson: I am highly enlightened by this latest dissertation on Dawson City but I still haven't seen anything

at this moment. I was talking as of the end of the year. These things have to be done 6 months ahead if you wish to get these finalized. Last year, there was this amount about which we're talking. The year before we didn't get assistance on that because we didn't get it in soon enough. K.B.A. didn't get it in soon enough so they didn't get it. This year they got it in soon enough and resolved this writing back and forth. So this year it appears to me that they've got it well in hand, and well ahead of time. But it's very difficult to know what your expenditure is going to be.

Mr. Thompson: This leads to one more question: \$1,325 coming from somewhere is last year's request from K.B.A. for matching Grants. Now I don't remember, this is this last year's that you say is just being finalized now? This is why it wasn't paid?

Mr. Gibson: That's right.

Mr. Thompson: Well, there was some reference that Mr. Shaw made that this wasn't paid because Whitehorse took it all, or the Robert Service Park, so I'd just like to clarify this, because the only item that we took out of the budget was the \$1,600 that was with reference to the Robert Service Park, and we didn't delete anything that would have subjected this amount in other words, it would have been paid had it been proper.

Mr. Shaw: I stated that was in there because all the other had gone. It was in there, certainly, \$2,000 was in there, but prior to that it wasn't in there.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask what part of these grants to K.B.A. are used for pamphlets and things like this, that normally in a community such as Watson Lake or Teslin or any other place in the Territory this would be done by the Publicity Department.

Mr. Gibson: The Klondike Business Association included in their Statement of Expenditure requesting Matching Grants, in each case an amount of money providing for re-printing of their Klondike Pamphlet. Now this is similar to the procedure used by the other communities, and Shackwhite Valley incidentally, have re-printed 10,000 of their pamphlets last year, the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce reprinted their pamphlet within the last year, now this does qualify into the programme of Matching Grants for 50% financial assistance. The \$6,000 apparently is being used for the presentation of the entertainment in Dawson City, with some of the other expenditures being considered as qualified for Matching Grants. This is the position we are in at the moment, where we received statements from the Klondike Business Association asking for financial assistance based on these expenditures made for promotion, advertising, and a number of other expenditures.

Mr. Thompson: I want it understood that I am not opposed to Matching Grants. I feel that this is a worthy cause, and if the Community involved have the necessary funds to put it up and have it matched by the Government, then more power to them. But I don't think where it says "Grants" here in the Estimates it says Matching Grants to community organizations throughout the Territory. Now this says nothing, or to my way of thinking, has no bearing on the \$6,000 to K.B.A. Now Mr. Shaw has said 2 or 3 times that we have, that we gave this approval in principle last Fall, this may be so, I don't remember it, but I don't think this is any part of this particular item that we are discussing.

A recess was declared for tea.

.../66 2

in this budget to show me where this \$6,000.00 is coming from so we'll wait until that time. I would like to go back to Primary 60 where I had a note which I overlooked. One of the items which I was personally concerned about was "Signs and Tourist Attractions" which have been quite evident by their non-existence. I mentioned this to Mr. Gibson when we had our Financial Advisory meeting earlier, and I believe that there were to be some enquiries made along this line. Perhaps I could have Mr. Gibson's comments on this at this time.

Mr. Gibson: We have had in mind two types of signs. One is a major type of sign to be located at many of the historical points of interest. I have a photograph of one very similar to the sign we were considering. It was taken in Alaska. I'll ask you to forgive the photographer who printed it in reverse as a result of which you will have to hold it up to a mirror in order to read it. Then I have another photograph that I would like to pass around for your consideration. This, basically, is the type of sign that we have been considering; an upright pedestal with panel boards suspended by a chain in the centre with the lettering rooted into the panel board. I would also like to pass this other one around. I believe it was Councillor Thompson who brought this to my attention. It is a photograph which he has taken of a sign he saw in his travels. Basically it is the same; the solid pedestal upright with the panel board with the message engraved affixed to the uprights. While the other gentlemen are looking at the pictures I would like to bring another point to your attention. Following the meeting of the Financial Advisory Committee, we contacted the Territorial Engineering Department asking them to prepare sketches of this first sign and asking them to obtain quotations of the cost of construction of these signs. The sketches have been prepared but they have not yet received quotations for the cost though the Engineering Department staggered me by suggesting that the cost for each sign might be in the neighbourhood of \$3,000.00, the major cost being due to the lettering on the sign. I was surprised to find that they might cost that much. I thought I was being very generous in estimating \$500.00 per sign. However, until we receive firm quotations from some of the people we contacted, we can't say what the cost of this type of sign might be. The second photograph, as you see, is a modified design. It is a simpler type of construction but once again the cost will be in the type of lettering on the panel face of the sign. We would like to see signs up all over the Territory. The first problem would be in trying to have them constructed at a cost that is considered reasonable.

Mr. MacKinnon: Could these signs not be constructed at the Vocational School?

Mr. Gibson: We had explored this possibility. The Vocational School said that they would undertake to make a sign or two for us but only insofar as they could include them in the curriculum of the school. We found, after some delay, that they were so busy with other projects over there that they could not possibly get around to constructing even a model sign for us. I think it would be hazardous to expect the Vocational Training School to take on the job of providing all the signs that we could use in the Territory to identify the various locations.

Mr. Shaw: The town of Mayo has some most attractive signs. They are really outstanding and these signs are made, I understand, by some craftsman in that particular area. They are not a terribly high priced sign. It is a sign where they cut the letters out of plywood I believe. These signs are really attractive and original. I wonder if the Director of Publicity has ever noticed these signs that Mayo has and whether he has ever investigated the possibility and the price in relation to them. They are apparently made by Jack Anderson at Elsa and they are really good signs and I think they are relatively economical.

Mr. Gibson: I am familiar with these signs. In fact, the thermometer sign which appears on the Mayo road before you reach Stewart Crossing, is included in one of our pamphlets. We also found it necessary to contact Mayo last year to ask them if they could consider repainting or refinishing these signs, because they deteriorated very rapidly and they were doing more to give a false impression in Mayo than a favourable impression. They are attractive but it appears that the maintenance problem involved could be reasonably costly when you consider that these other signs would cover the full spread of the Territory. The type of sign that we are looking at here would require a minimum of maintenance. The lettering is rooted in and I think they would stand up very well. They are distinctive and one of them particularly would tie in with the type of sign that our visitors will see over in Alaska, once again standardizing the type of sign as a point of attraction to this entire area. I agree that the signs up in Mayo are attractive but I question whether they would stand up long enough to warrant investing a sizeable amount of money in having enough of them put up around the Territory to be useful.

Mr. Southam: I have a friend who works in Kootenay Park down in B.C. and I understand from him that this is work that they do in the winter. The Forestry Branch and the Parks Branch work together and this is the project that they do.

Mr. Gibson: I am very happy to hear you mention this because this is common across the rest of the country. It is not the responsibility of the Departments of Travel and Publicity in any one of the Provinces. It is usually undertaken by the Forestry or the Parks Branch. We, apparently, are the one department that can do everything in the way of tourist activity. I would like to suggest that this might be done in the wintertime by Forestry. I am not prepared to say whether they are equipped to do the rooting on the signs. We have spoken to them about it but we haven't a firm commitment that they would undertake this. At the moment we have two basic problems - where will we get it done and what will it cost.

Mr. Boyd: There was a motion passed here this morning whereby the Territorial Government starts planning winter works. This comes under this heading beyond all doubt. I know we are going to have a correctional institution built. Tenders are going to be called within 30 days and under this scheme these people who are inhabiting the place will work and there is nothing to stop these people from doing this work. It may require somebody with some know-how to instruct them. They will have all winter to do it. They can make many. They can make some in the summertime. There

Mr. Shaw: The town of Mayo has some most attractive signs. They are really outstanding and these signs are made, I understand, by some craftsman in that particular area. They are not a terribly high priced sign. It is a sign where they cut the letters out of plywood I believe. These signs are really attractive and original. I wonder if the Director of Publicity has ever noticed these signs that Mayo has and whether he has ever investigated the possibility and the price in relation to them. They are apparently made by Jack Anderson at Elsa and they are really good signs and I think they are relatively economical.

Mr. Gibson: I am familiar with these signs. In fact, the thermometer sign which appears on the Mayo road before you reach Stewart Crossing, is included in one of our pamphlets. We also found it necessary to contact Mayo last year to ask them if they could consider repainting or refinishing these signs, because they deteriorated very rapidly and they were doing more to give a false impression in Mayo than a favourable impression. They are attractive but it appears that the maintenance problem involved could be reasonably costly when you consider that these other signs would cover the full spread of the Territory. The type of sign that we are looking at here would require a minimum of maintenance. The lettering is rooted in and I think they would stand up very well. They are distinctive and one of them particularly would tie in with the type of sign that our visitors will see over in Alaska, once again standardizing the type of sign as a point of attraction to this entire area. I agree that the signs up in Mayo are attractive but I question whether they would stand up long enough to warrant investing a sizeable amount of money in having enough of them put up around the Territory to be useful.

Mr. Southam: I have a friend who works in Kootenay Park down in B.C. and I understand from him that this is work that they do in the winter. The Forestry Branch and the Parks Branch work together and this is the project that they do.

Mr. Gibson: I am very happy to hear you mention this because this is common across the rest of the country. It is not the responsibility of the Departments of Travel and Publicity in any one of the Provinces. It is usually undertaken by the Forestry or the Parks Branch. We, apparently, are the one department that can do everything in the way of tourist activity. I would like to suggest that this might be done in the wintertime by Forestry. I am not prepared to say whether they are equipped to do the rooting on the signs. We have spoken to them about it but we haven't a firm commitment that they would undertake this. At the moment we have two basic problems - where will we get it done and what will it cost.

Mr. Boyd: There was a motion passed here this morning whereby the Territorial Government starts planning winter works. This comes under this heading beyond all doubt. I know we are going to have a correctional institution built. Tenders are going to be called within 30 days and under this scheme these people who are inhabiting the place will work and there is nothing to stop these people from doing this work. It may require somebody with some know-how to instruct them. They will have all winter to do it. They can make many. They can make some in the summertime. There

in this budget to show me where this \$6,000.00 is coming from so we'll wait until that time. I would like to go back to Primary 60 where I had a note which I overlooked. One of the items which I was personally concerned about was "Signs and Tourist Attractions" which have been quite evident by their non-existence. I mentioned this to Mr. Gibson when we had our Financial Advisory meeting earlier, and I believe that there were to be some enquiries made along this line. Perhaps I could have Mr. Gibson's comments on this at this time.

Mr. Gibson: We have had in mind two types of signs. One is a major type of sign to be located at many of the historical points of interest. I have a photograph of one very similar to the sign we were considering. It was taken in Alaska. I'll ask you to forgive the photographer who printed it in reverse as a result of which you will have to hold it up to a mirror in order to read it. Then I have another photograph that I would like to pass around for your consideration. This, basically, is the type of sign that we have been considering; an upright pedestal with panel boards suspended by a chain in the centre with the lettering rooted into the panel board. I would also like to pass this other one around. I believe it was Councillor Thompson who brought this to my attention. It is a photograph which he has taken of a sign he saw in his travels. Basically it is the same; the solid pedestal upright with the panel board with the message engraved affixed to the uprights. While the other gentlemen are looking at the pictures I would like to bring another point to your attention. Following the meeting of the Financial Advisory Committee, we contacted the Territorial Engineering Department asking them to prepare sketches of this first sign and asking them to obtain quotations of the cost of construction of these signs. The sketches have been prepared but they have not yet received quotations for the cost though the Engineering Department staggered me by suggesting that the cost for each sign might be in the neighbourhood of \$3,000.00, the major cost being due to the lettering on the sign. I was surprised to find that they might cost that much. I thought I was being very generous in estimating \$500.00 per sign. However, until we receive firm quotations from some of the people we contacted, we can't say what the cost of this type of sign might be. The second photograph, as you see, is a modified design. It is a simpler type of construction but once again the cost will be in the type of lettering on the panel face of the sign. We would like to see signs up all over the Territory. The first problem would be in trying to have them constructed at a cost that is considered reasonable.

Mr. MacKinnon: Could these signs not be constructed at the Vocational School?

Mr. Gibson: We had explored this possibility. The Vocational School said that they would undertake to make a sign or two for us but only insofar as they could include them in the curriculum of the school. We found, after some delay, that they were so busy with other projects over there that they could not possibly get around to constructing even a model sign for us. I think it would be hazardous to expect the Vocational Training School to take on the job of providing all the signs that we could use in the Territory to identify the various locations.

are people being employed to handle these people along these very lines. There is even going to be a place where you can occupy yourself in a carpenter's shop or some other kind of a shop. I am pretty near sure there will be a carpenter's shop in this place. What more can you ask? This is the answer in my mind.

Mr. Gibson: A year or so ago this was contemplated though at the time we could see there might be a little delay in having the institution built and completed and we were exploring ways and means of proceeding with this signing programme before then. This may be the ultimate answer. We are not proceeding with the programme very fast right now.

Mr. Boyd: Certainly we are not, and I don't think we will, on the basis of cost. We are paying for these fellows to do some work and we'd better find some work for them to do. I don't think another year is going to be too deadly and we will have them on their way.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to say that \$3,000.00 per sign is out of all reason. This is the taxpayers' money and it is just about time we started to think.

Next discussion was on Watson Lake Travel Information Centre in Vote 20.

Mr. Boyd: Do we not have such a building already in use in Watson Lake for this purpose?

Mr. Chairman: I believe they've been using the bus depot.

Mr. Thompson: What happened to the weigh scale?

Mr. Shaw: I think this is a good idea. I might mention that we provide our own building where we are.

Mr. MacKinnon: Has there been any thought for the same type of building at Haines Junction?

Mr. Gibson: Yes, there has been. This would be included in next year's operation. At the moment we are embarking on what is intended to be a four year programme constructing and operating a new information centre at each main highway entrance into the Territory. This year, the first one is proposed for Watson Lake. This is where the heaviest volume of highway traffic enters the Territory. Next year we will take advantage of the heavy volume of traffic in Haines Junction coming up over Haines Road. The third year we'll go to 1202 and the fourth year to Dawson City and eventually, over a long range programme, we'll have an information centre operating each summer at each highway entrance in the Yukon Territory. At the present time it is necessary for any highway traveller to travel approximately 300 miles into the Territory to find a central place where he can obtain all information on the Territory.

Mr. Watt: Before we leave this item on the budget, I would like to go on record as saying that, with respect to this Robert Service Campground, I am in favour of having the Administration include in this year's budget (either in the supplementaries or in the main budget) the \$1,600.00 that was deleted last fall. I think the information we wanted at that time has been given to us. I would also like to say

that I was hoping that, out of the discussions which some of the Territorial Councillors and the members of the Chamber of Commerce had had between the fall and the spring sessions, we could have outlined a general plan that the Territory could have followed throughout the whole Territory with respect to campgrounds close to these larger centres. The Commissioner has not taken us into his confidence after asking us to try and come up with a solution. He has gone and suggested that ... He has come up with a solution of his own and I would like to point out that he did this without consultation with us, and I am sorry that members of the Administration didn't attend when we had representatives from both Chenechee and the Chamber of Commerce. I feel that a lot of our time has been wasted by the Commissioner asking us to try and come up with a solution and then the Administration not even attending the meetings here. I wouldn't want to see the Administration come to us after this is done to request more money for this campground. I want to go on record as saying that I think Council should put this \$1,600.00 back in this budget so that the Chamber of Commerce can be paid this \$1,600.00 that they have helped contribute.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if Mr. Gibson can give me assurance that the Klondyke Business Association will receive this \$6,000.00 grant providing of course that they can raise \$2,000.00.

Mr. Gibson: I question whether I have the authority to give the assurance. I can make a recommendation. I can pass the recommendation on to the Commissioner's office but I do not think the authority lies with me. There is one point that I would like to discuss before I leave. During the Financial Advisory Committee meeting we were discussing the construction of the Watson Lake Information Centre and I believe you suggested that we explore the possibility of using three-sided native logs and obtain a quotation for this type of construction before a decision be made to proceed. I have the three quotations at hand now. Constructing a standard type construction building would cost \$3,6057.00. Using a pan abode type of building with your log effect would be approximately \$3,000.00, and using the native three-sided logs would cost approximately \$2,640,00 and it appears that this is the type that we can proceed with. I would like to suggest though, that the total of \$4,000.00 be permitted to remain under this heading because we will be faced with the necessity of moving the equipment from the Whitehorse booth to Watson Lake. I can't see that we will be using the entire \$4,000.00 but I would like the \$4,000.00 to remain and have approval to proceed with the construction of a three-sided native log building.

Mr. Thompson: Did I understand you to say that you are taking the one from Whitehorse?

Mr. Gibson: No, we will not be taking the building. As a matter of fact, when having a discussion with the President of the Klondyke Visitors' Association a couple of weeks ago I mentioned to Mr. Retallack that the building at the traffic circle will not be used this summer. We asked if they thought they might be able to use it in Dawson City for an information centre, and Mr. Retallack looked at the building and said that it was smaller than some of the quarters available to them so they thought it would be wise

that I was hoping that, out of the discussions which some of the Territorial Councillors and the members of the Chamber of Commerce had had between the fall and the spring sessions, we could have outlined a general plan that the Territory could have followed throughout the whole Territory with respect to campgrounds close to these larger centres. The Commissioner has not taken us into his confidence after asking us to try and come up with a solution. He has gone and suggested that ... He has come up with a solution of his own and I would like to point out that he did this without consultation with us, and I am sorry that members of the Administration didn't attend when we had representatives from both Chenechee and the Chamber of Commerce. I feel that a lot of our time has been wasted by the Commissioner asking us to try and come up with a solution and then the Administration not even attending the meetings here. I wouldn't want to see the Administration come to us after this is done to request more money for this campground. I want to go on record as saying that I think Council should put this \$1,600.00 back in this budget so that the Chamber of Commerce can be paid this \$1,600.00 that they have helped contribute.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if Mr. Gibson can give me assurance that the Klondyke Business Association will receive this \$6,000.00 grant providing of course that they can raise \$2,000.00.

Mr. Gibson: I question whether I have the authority to give the assurance. I can make a recommendation. I can pass the recommendation on to the Commissioner's office but I do not think the authority lies with me. There is one point that I would like to discuss before I leave. During the Financial Advisory Committee meeting we were discussing the construction of the Watson Lake Information Centre and I believe you suggested that we explore the possibility of using three-sided native logs and obtain a quotation for this type of construction before a decision be made to proceed. I have the three quotations at hand now. Constructing a standard type construction building would cost \$3,6057.00. Using a pan abode type of building with your log effect would be approximately \$3,000.00, and using the native three-sided logs would cost approximately \$2,640,00 and it appears that this is the type that we can proceed with. I would like to suggest though, that the total of \$4,000.00 be permitted to remain under this heading because we will be faced with the necessity of moving the equipment from the Whitehorse booth to Watson Lake. I can't see that we will be using the entire \$4,000.00 but I would like the \$4,000.00 to remain and have approval to proceed with the construction of a three-sided native log building.

Mr. Thompson: Did I understand you to say that you are taking the one from Whitehorse?

Mr. Gibson: No, we will not be taking the building. As a matter of fact, when having a discussion with the President of the Klondyke Visitors' Association a couple of weeks ago I mentioned to Mr. Retallack that the building at the traffic circle will not be used this summer. We asked if they thought they might be able to use it in Dawson City for an information centre, and Mr. Retallack looked at the building and said that it was smaller than some of the quarters available to them so they thought it would be wise

are people being employed to handle these people along these very lines. There is even going to be a place where you can occupy yourself in a carpenter's shop or some other kind of a shop. I am pretty near sure there will be a carpenter's shop in this place. What more can you ask? This is the answer in my mind.

Mr. Gibson: A year or so ago this was contemplated though at the time we could see there might be a little delay in having the institution built and completed and we were exploring ways and means of proceeding with this signing programme before then. This may be the ultimate answer. We are not proceeding with the programme very fast right now.

Mr. Boyd: Certainly we are not, and I don't think we will, on the basis of cost. We are paying for these fellows to do some work and we'd better find some work for them to do. I don't think another year is going to be too deadly and we will have them on their way.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to say that \$3,000.00 per sign is out of all reason. This is the taxpayers' money and it is just about time we started to think.

Next discussion was on Watson Lake Travel Information Centre in Vote 20.

Mr. Boyd: Do we not have such a building already in use in Watson Lake for this purpose?

Mr. Chairman: I believe they've been using the bus depot.

Mr. Thompson: What happened to the weigh scale?

Mr. Shaw: I think this is a good idea. I might mention that we provide our own building where we are.

Mr. MacKinnon: Has there been any thought for the same type of building at Haines Junction?

Mr. Gibson: Yes, there has been. This would be included in next year's operation. At the moment we are embarking on what is intended to be a four year programme constructing and operating a new information centre at each main highway entrance into the Territory. This year, the first one is proposed for Watson Lake. This is where the heaviest volume of highway traffic enters the Territory. Next year we will take advantage of the heavy volume of traffic in Haines Junction coming up over Haines Road. The third year we'll go to 1202 and the fourth year to Dawson City and eventually, over a long range programme, we'll have an information centre operating each summer at each highway entrance in the Yukon Territory. At the present time it is necessary for any highway traveller to travel approximately 300 miles into the Territory to find a central place where he can obtain all information on the Territory.

Mr. Watt: Before we leave this item on the budget, I would like to go on record as saying that, with respect to this Robert Service Campground, I am in favour of having the Administration include in this year's budget (either in the supplementaries or in the main budget) the \$1,600.00 that was deleted last fall. I think the information we wanted at that time has been given to us. I would also like to say

to remain with larger quarters. Therefore, they will not require it. I suggested to Dr. Bill Buchan, while he was President of the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce, that if they would like to make use of the building we could perhaps make it available to them. At the present time there is no proposed use for this building and it would probably remain empty from this season on.

Mr. Thompson: What prompted the closing down of this particular aspect?

Mr. Gibson: This year we would not be in a position to cover the cost of operating two information centres; one at Watson Lake and one at Whitehorse. We want to begin the programme by having standardized types of information centres through the Territory so this year we are simply going to transfer the operation of an information centre from Whitehorse to Watson Lake and then proceed with the programme I outlined a moment ago. The Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce does have an information centre open downtown in the City. It is intended to have it open morning, afternoon and evening and we feel that this would fill the need for tourists in this area. We think that the service on top of the hill is duplication to a certain extent.

Mr. Thompson: Towards this end of the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce Information Centre, are we contributing towards the maintenance of this centre?

Mr. Gibson: We requested the Chamber of Commerce to keep the information office open morning, afternoon and evening during the peak of the season. They explained that this would cost them additional amounts of money to have staff there additional hours and through our programme we covered the additional cost of having staff there these additional hours. Our total expenditure last year was, I believe, \$575.00 to assist the Chamber of Commerce in keeping the office open morning, afternoon and evening.

Mr. Thompson: How many months would this be for?

Mr. Gibson: June, July and August.

Mr. Thompson: Just the three months, and it would only cost \$575.00?

Mr. Gibson: Yes, you see the afternoon hours are already being covered by the normal operation of the Chamber of Commerce. We are covering the additional cost by having them open morning and evening hours.

Mr. Thompson: Was it primarily High School students?

Mr. Gibson: Miss Faulkner was on duty most of the time. I am not certain whether they called in additional help to assist her or whether she handled the entire office herself.

Mr. Shaw: We have tried having High School students and we have found that it doesn't work very well. They don't seem to be well enough acquainted or in a position to deal with the public on something like that. It usually takes an older person to do this.

Mr. Gibson was excused and left the Council Chambers.

Mr. C.B.H. Murphy of the Department of Welfare was called in to discuss Vote #15.

The first item to be discussed was Administration in the amount of \$124,250.00.

Mr. Thompson: How many employees are there in this Department?

Mr. Murphy: The employees are listed on page 38. This is mainly for the Administration of the Department of Welfare. It does not include the nursing homes which you will see are listed separately.

Next discussion was on Child Welfare Services in the amount of \$122,535.00.

Mr. Boyd: I presume this is on the increase too. Are we going to have a bit more next year?

Mr. Murphy: No native children have been taken into care in the past five months. There have been children who have been relinquished for adoption by unwed mothers. I think our protective service which we began developing three or four years ago is on the increase and is beginning to show results. In 1962/63 (and this includes Indian children) there were 164 new admissions to care, in 1963/64 there were 133. In 1962/63 we discharged 118 (of course we had children in care at the beginning of that year, and in 1963/64 we discharged 128. The case load for the year 1962/63 was 268, and in 1963/64 it was 271 so there wasn't any great increase. I would think that it is levelling off at the moment. There may be an increase in cost as far as maintenance is concerned but these rates are always on the increase, but I would not think there will be any great increase in the number of children coming into the Territory.

Mr. Shaw: How many children are there on foster care in the Whitehorse area or in the Dawson or Mayo areas?

Mr. Murphy: I don't have the exact figures with me as far as foster home care and institutional care in these areas is concerned. I do have these statistics in the office. I would say the number of children in foster homes in the Yukon Territory is about 125. About 35 or 40 are in smaller hostels or in the Indian hostels across in Riverdale and we have a number of children in the Provinces outside.

Mr. Shaw: What I was thinking of was that there may be some district that has a tremendous amount or is out of proportion to the rest. There may be some reason for that and it could be delved into and perhaps some type of revenue could be come up with.

Next discussion was on Correctional Programme in the amount of \$15,098.00.

Mr. Thompson: Are these grants which are recoverable from the Federal Government over and above the Federal grants or are these the Federal grants? Is this the same as, in lieu of or as well as?

Mr. Murphy: I think Councillor Thompson is referring to the old age pension which is paid by the Federal Government at

Mr. C.B.H. Murphy of the Department of Welfare was called in to discuss Vote #15.

The first item to be discussed was Administration in the amount of \$124,250.00.

Mr. Thompson: How many employees are there in this Department?

Mr. Murphy: The employees are listed on page 38. This is mainly for the Administration of the Department of Welfare. It does not include the nursing homes which you will see are listed separately.

Next discussion was on Child Welfare Services in the amount of \$122,535.00.

Mr. Boyd: I presume this is on the increase too. Are we going to have a bit more next year?

Mr. Murphy: No native children have been taken into care in the past five months. There have been children who have been relinquished for adoption by unwed mothers. I think our protective service which we began developing three or four years ago is on the increase and is beginning to show results. In 1962/63 (and this includes Indian children) there were 164 new admissions to care, in 1963/64 there were 133. In 1962/63 we discharged 118 (of course we had children in care at the beginning of that year, and in 1963/64 we discharged 128. The case load for the year 1962/63 was 268, and in 1963/64 it was 271 so there wasn't any great increase. I would think that it is levelling off at the moment. There may be an increase in cost as far as maintenance is concerned but these rates are always on the increase, but I would not think there will be any great increase in the number of children coming into the Territory.

Mr. Shaw: How many children are there on foster care in the Whitehorse area or in the Dawson or Mayo areas?

Mr. Murphy: I don't have the exact figures with me as far as foster home care and institutional care in these areas is concerned. I do have these statistics in the office. I would say the number of children in foster homes in the Yukon Territory is about 125. About 35 or 40 are in smaller hostels or in the Indian hostels across in Riverdale and we have a number of children in the Provinces outside.

Mr. Shaw: What I was thinking of was that there may be some district that has a tremendous amount or is out of proportion to the rest. There may be some reason for that and it could be delved into and perhaps some type of revenue could be come up with.

Next discussion was on Correctional Programme in the amount of \$15,098.00.

Mr. Thompson: Are these grants which are recoverable from the Federal Government over and above the Federal grants or are these the Federal grants? Is this the same as, in lieu of or as well as?

Mr. Murphy: I think Councillor Thompson is referring to the old age pension which is paid by the Federal Government at

to remain with larger quarters. Therefore, they will not require it. I suggested to Dr. Bill Buchan, while he was President of the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce, that if they would like to make use of the building we could perhaps make it available to them. At the present time there is no proposed use for this building and it would probably remain empty from this season on.

Mr. Thompson: What prompted the closing down of this particular aspect?

Mr. Gibson: This year we would not be in a position to cover the cost of operating two information centres; one at Watson Lake and one at Whitehorse. We want to begin the programme by having standardized types of information centres through the Territory so this year we are simply going to transfer the operation of an information centre from Whitehorse to Watson Lake and then proceed with the programme I outlined a moment ago. The Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce does have an information centre open downtown in the City. It is intended to have it open morning, afternoon and evening and we feel that this would fill the need for tourists in this area. We think that the service on top of the hill is duplication to a certain extent.

Mr. Thompson: Towards this end of the Whitehorse Chamber of Commerce Information Centre, are we contributing towards the maintenance of this centre?

Mr. Gibson: We requested the Chamber of Commerce to keep the information office open morning, afternoon and evening during the peak of the season. They explained that this would cost them additional amounts of money to have staff there additional hours and through our programme we covered the additional cost of having staff there these additional hours. Our total expenditure last year was, I believe, \$575.00 to assist the Chamber of Commerce in keeping the office open morning, afternoon and evening.

Mr. Thompson: How many months would this be for?

Mr. Gibson: June, July and August.

Mr. Thompson: Just the three months, and it would only cost \$575.00?

Mr. Gibson: Yes, you see the afternoon hours are already being covered by the normal operation of the Chamber of Commerce. We are covering the additional cost by having them open morning and evening hours.

Mr. Thompson: Was it primarily High School students?

Mr. Gibson: Miss Faulkner was on duty most of the time. I am not certain whether they called in additional help to assist her or whether she handled the entire office herself.

Mr. Shaw: We have tried having High School students and we have found that it doesn't work very well. They don't seem to be well enough acquainted or in a position to deal with the public on something like that. It usually takes an older person to do this.

Mr. Gibson was excused and left the Council Chambers.

age 70. This old age assistance is a Territorial pension which applies to persons in the age range 65-70. The amount of the pension is \$75.00 and we recover 50% each month by claiming from the Federal Government. It is a pension that takes care of the needy aged people from 65 until the time the Federal pension comes into effect.

Mr. Shaw: The supplementary allowance is a maximum of \$40.00 a month is it not?

Mr. Murphy: This comes under the Unemployment Assistance establishment. There is no set amount of supplementary allowance. About 6 or 7 years ago we had an automatic supplementary of \$10.00 a month. Supplementary assistance is certainly granted to all old age, blind and disabled persons and also those who receive the Federal pension. It could vary from \$10.00 right up to \$50.00 or \$60.00 depending on the living expenses of the aged person.

Mr. Shaw: I always thought it was like British Columbia where it is now \$35.00 which they have just passed. They increased it from \$30.00 to \$35.00 and it seems to me that our system was a maximum of \$40.00 to supplement the \$75.00 old age pension.

Next discussion was on Senior Citizens' Home, Whitehorse.

Mr. Watt: What is the occupancy of that now?

Mr. Murphy: I don't have the exact figure with me, but I know there are about 14 occupants at the moment.

Mr. Thompson: Would you have the comparable figure for St. Mary's?

Mr. Murphy: There are 13 patients in St. Mary's Nursing Home. This is a nursing home but not a senior citizens' home.

Mr. Shaw: In the budget, where would be these old people in Whitehorse, like Mrs. Hunter, who have been in a hospital for years? Is that in Health and Welfare or in Hospitalization?

Mr. Murphy: This is provided for under Unemployment Assistance. It is under Primary 92 on page 19. The aged people in Dawson City are provided for under Operational Costs of the Nursing Home.

Mr. Shaw: That is where they come from all over the Territory.

Mr. Thompson: Has the position of Administrative Officer been filled yet?

Mr. Murphy: This position has been filled and the person will be here towards the end of May.

Committee then proceeded to discussion on Vote 20 and the Children's Group Home, Whitehorse.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze data. It describes the use of statistical techniques to identify trends and anomalies in the data, and the importance of using reliable sources of information.

3. The third part of the document discusses the role of the auditor in the financial reporting process. It explains how the auditor's independent review of the financial statements provides assurance to investors and other stakeholders that the information is reliable and free from material misstatement.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges faced by auditors in the current business environment. It highlights the increasing complexity of financial transactions and the need for auditors to stay up-to-date on the latest accounting standards and regulations.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the importance of communication in the auditing process. It emphasizes the need for auditors to clearly and effectively communicate their findings and conclusions to the management and the board of directors.

6. The sixth part of the document discusses the role of technology in auditing. It describes how the use of data analytics and other advanced tools can help auditors identify risks and anomalies more quickly and accurately than traditional methods.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the importance of ethics in auditing. It explains how auditors must maintain a high level of integrity and objectivity in their work, and how they should handle any conflicts of interest that may arise.



Mr. Thompson: With the provision that they are approved, are there plans available to have this home started in the fairly near future or are we looking at something in the distant future?

Mr. Murphy: We hope that funds will be appropriated to construct this home this fiscal year because we are urgently in need of this type of facility. It is primarily for the potential delinquent child and the adolescent child who will not adapt to foster home care or hostel care. If this facility is provided we would then be in a position to prevent many cases of children having to be sent out under a Juvenile Court Order to institutions outside. I have written a brief memorandum on the philosophy underlying the need for a group home and I could circulate this to the Councillors any time.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if you could hit on the highlights. From your summary here, it seems to be quite in order. Do you have a location established for this?

Mr. Murphy: No, we haven't gone ahead with any concrete plans because this is something new we are asking for as an additional resource in the Child Welfare field. We mainly wanted to get the principle established and this type of facility approved by Council. What it is going to amount to is a large home. We do intend to obtain advice and possibly some plans from the Province of Alberta where they have just completed four of these homes in Edmonton, and they have agreed to give me any information I need in this regard.

Mr. Shaw: Do you have no idea where it is going? How old are the children going to be?

Mr. Murphy: It is for the adolescent child from age 13 to age 18. It is not a detention home as such. It is more or less a large foster home. We will have house parents there and we hope to be able to provide intensive surveillance. We were hoping to serve two purposes here because there are times when juvenile offenders are committed by the Court and there is sometimes a considerable waiting list for the Provincial institutions and we have no place to detain them so they are walking around the streets. We hope to have two rooms in the basement of this home where we would be able to detain these juveniles who are committed by the Court until we get accomodation for them in a correctional school outside. This is only until such time as suitable facilities are constructed in the Yukon as part of the correctional programme.

Mr. Thompson: In view of the time and the request that we have a copy of this brief presented to us, I would suggest that we wrap it up for this afternoon and ask Mr. Murphy to be with us in the morning to finish this.

Mr. Chairman: If you feel you are going to have any prolonged discussion, I feel that this would be the best time to do it.

Mr. Thompson: I don't necessarily mean prolonged but I think that, in view of the submission and because of the radical departure from the previous policy, it would not be amiss.

Mr. Chairman: I am agreeable to anything. Do you wish to proceed tomorrow morning with this.

All: Agreed.

Mr. Murphy was excused and left the room.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Taylor: Committee convened at 11:00 o'clock a.m. this morning to discuss bills, memorandums, sessional papers and motions. Committee discussed Bill #4 with Mr. Baker in attendance. Committee next discussed Bill #8. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Bill #8 be reported out of Committee without amendments. Motion carried.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Thompson, that Bill #9 be reported out of Committee without amendment. Motion carried.

Committee recessed at 12 noon and reconvened at 2 p.m. this afternoon. Mr. Mouand attended Committee to discuss Vote #10 and Mr. Gibson attended to discuss Vote #12 - Travel and Publicity. Mr. Murphy attended to discuss Vote #15 - Health and Welfare. I can report progress on Bill #4. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees. Motion carried.

Council accepted the report of the Chairman of Committees and adjourned until 10:00 p.m. on Thursday, April 8th, 1965.

Mr. Chairman: I am agreeable to anything. Do you wish to proceed tomorrow morning with this.

All: Agreed.

Mr. Murphy was excused and left the room.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Taylor: Committee convened at 11:00 o'clock a.m. this morning to discuss bills, memorandums, sessional papers and motions. Committee discussed Bill #4 with Mr. Baker in attendance. Committee next discussed Bill #8. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Bill #8 be reported out of Committee without amendments. Motion carried.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Thompson, that Bill #9 be reported out of Committee without amendment. Motion carried.

Committee recessed at 12 noon and reconvened at 2 p.m. this afternoon. Mr. Mouand attended Committee to discuss Vote #10 and Mr. Gibson attended to discuss Vote #12 - Travel and Publicity. Mr. Murphy attended to discuss Vote #15 - Health and Welfare. I can report progress on Bill #4. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees. Motion carried.

Council accepted the report of the Chairman of Committees and adjourned until 10:00 p.m. on Thursday, April 8th, 1965.

Mr. Thompson: With the provision that they are approved, are there plans available to have this home started in the fairly near future or are we looking at something in the distant future?

Mr. Murphy: We hope that funds will be appropriated to construct this home this fiscal year because we are urgently in need of this type of facility. It is primarily for the potential delinquent child and the adolescent child who will not adapt to foster home care or hostel care. If this facility is provided we would then be in a position to prevent many cases of children having to be sent out under a Juvenile Court Order to institutions outside. I have written a brief memorandum on the philosophy underlying the need for a group home and I could circulate this to the Councillors any time.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if you could hit on the highlights. From your summary here, it seems to be quite in order. Do you have a location established for this?

Mr. Murphy: No, we haven't gone ahead with any concrete plans because this is something new we are asking for as an additional resource in the Child Welfare field. We mainly wanted to get the principle established and this type of facility approved by Council. What it is going to amount to is a large home. We do intend to obtain advice and possibly some plans from the Province of Alberta where they have just completed four of these homes in Edmonton, and they have agreed to give me any information I need in this regard.

Mr. Shaw: Do you have no idea where it is going? How old are the children going to be?

Mr. Murphy: It is for the adolescent child from age 13 to age 18. It is not a detention home as such. It is more or less a large foster home. We will have house parents there and we hope to be able to provide intensive surveillance. We were hoping to serve two purposes here because there are times when juvenile offenders are committed by the Court and there is sometimes a considerable waiting list for the Provincial institutions and we have no place to detain them so they are walking around the streets. We hope to have two rooms in the basement of this home where we would be able to detain these juveniles who are committed by the Court until we get accommodation for them in a correctional school outside. This is only until such time as suitable facilities are constructed in the Yukon as part of the correctional programme.

Mr. Thompson: In view of the time and the request that we have a copy of this brief presented to us, I would suggest that we wrap it up for this afternoon and ask Mr. Murphy to be with us in the morning to finish this.

Mr. Chairman: If you feel you are going to have any prolonged discussion, I feel that this would be the best time to do it.

Mr. Thompson: I don't necessarily mean prolonged but I think that, in view of the submission and because of the radical departure from the previous policy, it would not be amiss.

Thursday, April 8, 1965,  
10:00 o'clock a.m.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memorandums were tabled:

- (1) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion for Production of Papers No. 2 - Campground Contracts, set out as Sessional Paper #49. Sessional Paper #49
- (2) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion No. 13 - Development of Thermal Power at Carmacks - set out as Sessional Paper #50. Sessional Paper #50
- (3) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Scholarships, Bursaries, and Loans, set out as Sessional Paper #51. Sessional Paper #51
- (4) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion No. 23 - Carmacks Indian Village Street Lights (Second Session, 1964), set out as Sessional Paper #52. Sessional Paper #52

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, in regards to Campground Contracts this was a real nice way of going around the facts, I will say.

Mr. Speaker: This is not the time to discuss this.

Mr. Watt gave Notice Of Motion regarding Motor Vehicle Ordinance. Notices of Motions #45

Mr. Southam, gave Notice of Motion respecting Townsite Study. #46

Mr. Watt, gave Notice of Motion respecting Low Cost Housing Ordinance. #47

Mr. Shaw, (with Mr. Taylor in the Chair), gave Notice of Motion respecting Yukon Standard Time. #48

Mr. Shaw, gave Notice of Motion respecting Indian Co-Operative. #49

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. Boyd, it is respectfully requested that the Administration table amendments to the Legal Profession Ordinance that would have the effect of eliminating the \$200.00 registration certificate enrolment fee. Motion #41

Mr. Watt: The idea behind the motion - no doubt there is something wrong with the wording, or something wrong with it, but the thought behind the motion is that this \$200.00 registration fee acts as a tariff barrier for anybody wishing to hire a lawyer from outside of the Territory, or somebody who hasn't actually got this registration fee paid. This would be passed on to the customer before this lawyer would ever get to the Territory. So if you have a case and it involves some large company in the Yukon Territory and you are going to have difficulty find a lawyer to defend you because a lot of these large companies pay retaining fees to just about all the firms in town and there is nothing to stop them from adding a retainer or two to one or two of the others. There are only four main law firms in town and this would prohibit somebody from possibly obtaining the services of a lawyer that he would otherwise not be able to afford. You may say that this \$200.00 is small peanuts but if you have a case at any time \$200.00 may be able to make the difference between being able to take it to Court and not being able to take it to Court. If a person has a serious enough difficult or has a case involving enough money well you can say well you are

going to have to pay a lawyer's plane fare up here and his costs while he is in Court, so why should this extra \$200.00 bother him. I think this could very easily happen to any man on the street, \$200.00 is a lot of money, and it could make a difference between him being able to get into Court and be properly defended and not being able to get into Court and be properly defended and I think that this should be eliminated. I know that as far as doctors are concerned, the doctors don't ask for such a tariff any more, they don't have to pay such a large registration fee to keep other doctors out of the Territory. I think what this will, in effect, do is lower the cost of justice and allow people to possibly get to Court and be defended by a lawyer who they have a lot of faith in. They may not otherwise be able to do so.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I wasn't aware that the doctors didn't have to pay a registration fee. I was always under the assumption that they did. However, in this regard I don't feel that this \$200.00 registration fee is affecting the people that Councillor Watt would like to have this affect. To bring a lawyer in from the outside is a fairly costly business in view of plane tickets - \$150.00 plane ticket to bring him in from Edmonton or Vancouver - and expenses I imagine would be \$100.00 a day or something in that line and it is beyond the small working man or the average citizen to be able to afford this service. If a lawyer comes in he pays \$200.00 to register and then \$5.00 annually to maintain himself on that register. There are I am sure many, many lawyers presently on the register - outside lawyers who would be available to defend people in the Yukon and I really don't see that by removing this \$200.00 is going to help the average man on the street. It seems to me that when these lawyers do come in to hear cases in the Yukon that these are generally fairly big cases involving fairly big capital and just a little bit out of this category. These are my only comments and in that regard I would have to vote opposed to the motion.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, I seconded this motion somewhat under some misunderstanding - I was under the understanding that every year a lawyer coming into the country was charged \$200.00. Since I find it is not so, that he is charged \$5.00 only and pays \$200.00 once in a life time and \$5.00 per year and that he is not required to pay the \$5.00 each year to keep himself in good standing, he can be absent for ten years put up \$50.00 and get back in the country again. So I am beginning to have some doubts about the advisability of passing this motion. I regret that I didn't know at the time I signed it what I should have known. There are obstacles and there is some merit in the thought behind it but I don't know that the merit warrants taking the \$200.00 out of the situation. I think we can site a case of where a man had been sentenced to a certain term, he got a re-trial and hearing here with an outside lawyer and was turned free. Who paid for the lawyer to come in I don't know, don't know how it was arranged or anything else. I don't know why it was necessary to bring an outside lawyer in, but these are points you could go on. It deserves a lot more study Mr. Chairman.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I might point out, this is like paying a licence - we all have to pay licences - there just doesn't seem to be any way around it and if you by-pass this it looks to me like you are by-passing another licence fee.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I will just say that this licence fee will still have to be paid, this \$30.00 a year and this would also have to be paid by the lawyer and also have to be paid by any lawyer to come up here the first year. So he'd have to pay \$200.00 plus \$30.00 and the client is going to have to bear this for the first time he comes up here. It is simply

going to have to pay a lawyer's plane fare up here and his costs while he is in Court, so why should this extra \$200.00 bother him. I think this could very easily happen to any man on the street, \$200.00 is a lot of money, and it could make a difference between him being able to get into Court and be properly defended and not being able to get into Court and be properly defended and I think that this should be eliminated. I know that as far as doctors are concerned, the doctors don't ask for such a tariff any more, they don't have to pay such a large registration fee to keep other doctors out of the Territory. I think what this will, in effect, do is lower the cost of justice and allow people to possibly get to Court and be **defended** by a lawyer who they have a lot of faith in. They may not otherwise be able to do so.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I wasn't aware that the doctors didn't have to pay a registration fee. I was always under the assumption that they did. However, in this regard I don't feel that this \$200.00 registration fee is affecting the people that Councillor Watt would like to have this affect. To bring a lawyer in from the outside is a fairly costly business in view of plane tickets - \$150.00 plane ticket to bring him in from Edmonton or Vancouver - and expenses I imagine would be \$100.00 a day or something in that line and it is beyond the small working man or the average citizen to be able to afford this service. If a lawyer comes in he pays \$200.00 to register and then \$5.00 annually to maintain himself on that register. There are I am sure many, many lawyers presently on the register - outside lawyers who would be available to defend people in the Yukon and I really don't see that by removing this \$200.00 is going to help the average man on the street. It seems to me that when these lawyers do come in to hear cases in the Yukon that these are generally fairly big cases involving fairly big capital and just a little bit out of this category. These are my only comments and in that regard I would have to vote opposed to the motion.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, I seconded this motion somewhat under some misunderstanding - I was under the understanding that every year a lawyer coming into the country was charged \$200.00. Since I find it is not so, that he is charged \$5.00 only and pays \$200.00 once in a life time and \$5.00 per year and that he is not required to pay the \$5.00 each year to keep himself in good standing, he can be absent for ten years put up \$50.00 and get back in the country again. So I am beginning to have some doubts about the advisability of passing this motion. I regret that I didn't know at the time I signed it what I should have known. There are obstacles and there is some merit in the thought behind it but I don't know that the merit warrants taking the \$200.00 out of the situation. I think we can site a case of where a man had been sentenced to a certain term, he got a re-trial and hearing here with an outside lawyer and was turned free. Who paid for the lawyer to come in I don't know, don't know how it was arranged or anything else. I don't know why it was necessary to bring an outside lawyer in, but these are points you could go on. It deserves a lot more study Mr. Chairman.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, I might point out, this is like paying a licence - we all have to pay licences - there just doesn't seem to be any way around it and if you by-pass this it looks to me like you are by-passing another licence fee.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I will just say that this licence fee will still have to be paid, this \$30.00 a year and this would also have to be paid by the lawyer and also have to be paid by any lawyer to come up here the first year. So he'd have to pay \$200.00 plus \$30.00 and the client is going to have to bear this for the first time he comes up here. It is simply

Thursday, April 8, 1965,  
10:00 o'clock a.m.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memorandums were tabled:

- (1) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion for Production of Papers No. 2 - Campground Contracts, set out as Sessional Paper #49. Sessional Paper #49
- (2) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion No. 13 - Development of Thermal Power at Carmacks - set out as Sessional Paper #50. Sessional Paper #50
- (3) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Scholarships, Bursaries, and Loans, set out as Sessional Paper #51. Sessional Paper #51
- (4) Memorandum from the Commissioner dated 7 April, 1965, re Motion No. 23 - Carmacks Indian Village Street Lights (Second Session, 1964), set out as Sessional Paper #52. Sessional Paper #52

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Speaker, in regards to Campground Contracts this was a real nice way of going around the facts, I will say.

Mr. Speaker: This is not the time to discuss this.

Mr. Watt gave Notice Of Motion regarding Motor Vehicle Ordinance. Notices of Motions #45

Mr. Southam, gave Notice of Motion respecting Townsite Study. #46

Mr. Watt, gave Notice of Motion respecting Low Cost Housing Ordinance. #47

Mr. Shaw, (with Mr. Taylor in the Chair), gave Notice of Motion respecting Yukon Standard Time. #48

Mr. Shaw, gave Notice of Motion respecting Indian Co-Operative. #49

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. Boyd, it is respectfully requested that the Administration table amendments to the Legal Profession Ordinance that would have the effect of eliminating the \$200.00 registration certificate enrolment fee. Motion #41

Mr. Watt: The idea behind the motion - no doubt there is something wrong with the wording, or something wrong with it, but the thought behind the motion is that this \$200.00 registration fee acts as a tariff barrier for anybody wishing to hire a lawyer from outside of the Territory, or somebody who hasn't actually got this registration fee paid. This would be passed on to the customer before this lawyer would ever get to the Territory. So if you have a case and it involves some large company in the Yukon Territory and you are going to have difficulty find a lawyer to defend you because a lot of these large companies pay retaining fees to just about all the firms in town and there is nothing to stop them from adding a retainer or two to one or two of the others. There are only four main law firms in town and this would prohibit somebody from possibly obtaining the services of a lawyer that he would otherwise not be able to afford. You may say that this \$200.00 is small peanuts but if you have a case at any time \$200.00 may be able to make the difference between being able to take it to Court and not being able to take it to Court. If a person has a serious enough difficult or has a case involving enough money well you can say well you are

a motion where I believe it is going to lower the price of justice a little bit and I think the circumstances up here are a little bit different than they are in the provinces for the simple reason that here you have a choice of a very few lawyers whereas outside in any province in Canada you have a choice of probably 100, 200 lawyers. This I believe would just lower the cost for a client to be able to hire a lawyer and you say it won't hurt the little guy - this motion was brought up at this time because I heard of circumstances where I think that the little guy is going to be hurt and is going to be able to do nothing about it because he won't be able to get an unattached lawyer in town to protect himself. If the Council would like to vote this down, it is your prerogative, but I feel this is a case, and there are bound to be others like it where the small guy, the working class individual is going to wind up not going to Court he is just going to have to take it on the chin and I wonder why.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Speaker, I was wondering if the Clerk could inform us how many lawyers are presently enrolled on the Yukon statute of Barristers and Solicitors.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Secretary): Yes, Mr. Speaker, as keeper of the professional register I anticipated the question and prepared a list of the resident lawyers and of the non-resident. At the present time there are 8 lawyers resident in Whitehorse, and 36 in B.C. and Alberta, I believe one of them is in Toronto but there are 36 non-resident lawyers who have paid the registration fee.

MOTION DEFEATED.

Commissioner Cameron attended Council at this time.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw, whereas the people of the Yukon resent and are disturbed over the fact that certain organization or group of people in the City of Edmonton are usurping the name "Klondike" in their promotional literature, and are in fact creating a false impression, i.e. that the Klondike is a part of Edmonton, Alberta, or that area, and Whereas such promotional activity is detrimental to the Yukon Tourist industry,

Motion #44

Now therefore be it resolved that the policy of the Yukon Territorial Government shall be to counteract this detrimental situation by means of publicity through the Department of Travel and Publicity and any other means at our disposal.

Mr. Boyd: This situation has been well publicized around Whitehorse and the reason for this motion is to have we in the Yukon start to counteract by publicity of our own, pointing out that this Klondike in Edmonton is in no way the true Klondike. I see a paper on my desk this morning that says "Longest, Richest Canoe Race May Start Klondike Days - Greene To Enlist In Klondike Posse" this concerns 170 mile canoe trip down the Saskatchewan River with 40 participants expected. It is not likely that we can overcome this Edmonton Klondike name they are going strong with the theme and will go much stronger. I feel that unless we counteract it by pointing out in our literature that the Klondike is in the Yukon and is in no way in Alberta, that we are going to lose a lot of tourist people, and people are going to be misled in the sense of the word, tourists particularly - far south, over this thing, and they will get to Edmonton and find out when they've gone back home that they never did get to where the Klondike is.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I most heartily concur with the context of this motion. I agree that most members are aware of the manner in which the ~~name~~ Klondike is being bantered around in that neck of the woods to the south and I think in all fairness that this is and will prove very detrimental to the tourist industry and the historical significance of the Klondike area here in the Yukon. I would concur that any effort that could be made in order to slow this down or stop it would be most beneficial to the Territory.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Watt directed the following questions to the Administration.

- Question #5 1) What is the present status of the land which is inhabited by Isaac Stout of Porter Creek and give the reasons why he could not obtain title to the property before the subdivision was formed?
- Question #6 2) How many open warrants are presently issued to the R.C.M.P. in the Yukon Territory? On what occasions may these warrants be used?
- Question #7 3) Who is responsible for maintenance of the first two miles of the Cassiar road off the Alaska Highway that is commonly referred to as no-man's land?

First Reading Bill #10 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that first reading be given to Bill #10, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE LIQUOR ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Second Reading Bill #10 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that second reading be given to Bill #10, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE LIQUOR ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Third Reading Bill #8 Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that third reading be given to Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Third Reading Bill #9 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that third reading be given to Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Speaker: Mr. Commissioner, we have studied and passed Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE, and Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, to which we respectfully ask your assent.

Commissioner Cameron: Yes, Mr. Speaker, I hereby assent to the two bills as enumerated by yourself.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I most heartily concur with the context of this motion. I agree that most members are aware of the manner in which the ~~name~~ Klondike is being bantered around in that neck of the woods to the south and I think in all fairness that this is and will prove very detrimental to the tourist industry and the historical significance of the Klondike area here in the Yukon. I would concur that any effort that could be made in order to slow this down or stop it would be most beneficial to the Territory.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Watt directed the following questions to the Administration.

Question #5 1) What is the present status of the land which is inhabited by Isaac Stout of Porter Creek and give the reasons why he could not obtain title to the property before the subdivision was formed?

Question #6 2) How many open warrants are presently issued to the R.C.M.P. in the Yukon Territory? On what occasions may these warrants be used?

Question #7 3) Who is responsible for maintenance of the first two miles of the Cassiar road off the Alaska Highway that is commonly referred to as no-man's land?

First Reading Bill #10 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that first reading be given to Bill #10, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE LIQUOR ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Second Reading Bill #10 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that second reading be given to Bill #10, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE LIQUOR ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Third Reading Bill #8 Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that third reading be given to Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE.

MOTION CARRIED.

Third Reading Bill #9 Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that third reading be given to Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Speaker: Mr. Commissioner, we have studied and passed Bill #8, AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE GAME ORDINANCE, and Bill #9, AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING LEGAL PROFESSION ACCOUNTS, to which we respectfully ask your assent.

Commissioner Cameron: Yes, Mr. Speaker, I hereby assent to the two bills as enumerated by yourself.

Mr. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions.

MOTION CARRIED.

a motion where I believe it is going to lower the price of justice a little bit and I think the circumstances up here are a little bit different than they are in the provinces for the simple reason that here you have a choice of a very few lawyers whereas outside in any province in Canada you have a choice of probably 100, 200 lawyers. This I believe would just lower the cost for a client to be able to hire a lawyer and you say it won't hurt the little guy - this motion was brought up at this time because I heard of circumstances where I think that the little guy is going to be hurt and is going to be able to do nothing about it because he won't be able to get an unattached lawyer in town to protect himself. If the Council would like to vote this down, it is your prerogative, but I feel this is a case, and there are bound to be others like it where the small guy, the working class individual is going to wind up not going to Court he is just going to have to take it on the chin and I wonder why.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Speaker, I was wondering if the Clerk could inform us how many lawyers are presently enrolled on the Yukon statute of Barristers and Solicitors.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Secretary): Yes, Mr. Speaker, as keeper of the professional register I anticipated the question and prepared a list of the resident lawyers and of the non-resident. At the present time there are 8 lawyers resident in Whitehorse, and 36 in B.C. and Alberta, I believe one of them is in Toronto but there are 36 non-resident lawyers who have paid the registration fee.

MOTION DEFEATED.

Commissioner Cameron attended Council at this time.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw, whereas the people of the Yukon resent and are disturbed over the fact that certain organization or group of people in the City of Edmonton are usurping the name "Klondike" in their promotional literature, and are in fact creating a false impression, i.e. that the Klondike is a part of Edmonton, Alberta, or that area, and Whereas such promotional activity is detrimental to the Yukon Tourist industry,

Motion #44

Now therefore be it resolved that the policy of the Yukon Territorial Government shall be to counteract this detrimental situation by means of publicity through the Department of Travel and Publicity and any other means at our disposal.

Mr. Boyd: This situation has been well publicized around Whitehorse and the reason for this motion is to have we in the Yukon start to counteract by publicity of our own, pointing out that this Klondike in Edmonton is in no way the true Klondike. I see a paper on my desk this morning that says "Longest, Richest Canoe Race May Start Klondike Days - Greene To Enlist In Klondike Posse" this concerns 170 mile canoe trip down the Saskatchewan River with 40 participants expected. It is not likely that we can overcome this Edmonton Klondike name they are going strong with the theme and will go much stronger. I feel that unless we counteract it by pointing out in our literature that the Klondike is in the Yukon and is in no way in Alberta, that we are going to lose a lot of tourist people, and people are going to be misled in the sense of the word, tourists particularly - far south, over this thing, and they will get to Edmonton and find out when they've gone back home that they never did get to where the Klondike is.

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee  
of the  
Whole

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 20, Welfare, with Mr. Murphy, Superintendent of Welfare, in attendance.

Children's Group Home, Whitehorse - \$64,000.00.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I have a question concerning this children's group home proposed, and I have a feeling that the Chooutla School is somewhat of an uncertainty. It is full of children today and was not nearly so full not too long ago. The children come from all parts of the Yukon where they have school facilities. The facilities are there now and it is just a matter of the whim of a Department, the Department of Indian Affairs and probably the whim of some individuals as to what will happen to these children. If the whim swings to the point where they will go to schools that are already in their districts or better still in districts where they are not isolated and segregated, which I think is a wrong principle to have 150 children segregated, I don't like this, I think they should be where they can rub shoulders with you and I and anybody else and climatize themselves particularly at their age limit as it exists now. It is quite conceivable that this school could be empty, and it is conceivable also that it would make a very good spot for what you are talking about. I would like to see this given consideration and looked into before we start building another \$64,000.00 or more here in Whitehorse for certain people that are erratic.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I think we are all aware of the potential possibilities in the Carcross situation however it doesn't appear that we are going to be able to ever hope to have this facility available for detention care, for detention home which ever you prefer for some years to come. I feel as Councillor Boyd does that I would like to see these children dispersed back to their communities and go to day schools, I think that Indian Affairs have fallen down sadly on the social aspect of social education among the Yukon Indian and this of course is going to be the only means by which we can get these children back into these communities and eventually vacate the school for further uses. I think in regard to this home I think this home is a very great necessity. There are children, as has been pointed out, walking the streets here by reason of the fact that they can't be sent out for institutional care, they're not bad enough to be committed for institutional care and yet they are emotionally disturbed children who require guidance and care to get them on the right track before they do go out and do something which would be harmful to society and to their own general well being in the future. I certainly see the need for this facility in Whitehorse, this facility I am sure will serve areas all over the Yukon and I think that Mr. Murphy will no doubt agree that the frequency of juvenile delinquency certainly would appear to be on the increase and this is one means of meeting this problem head on and I think for the amount of \$64,000.00 capital expenditure for this facility is a very worth while expenditure. I would urge that Council give very close consideration to accepting this and providing this facility to the Yukon Territory.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, I would like to mention this memorandum was presented at recess, it is four pages long and I haven't had the chance to read it. I would like to set it aside for a time certain.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, in discussing this particular matter I can see Councillor Boyd has a very good point in perhaps utilizing this Chooutla school. However I think that

there are other factors in this that would improve using such a building. I think one is the size according to this and another is these children are more possible delinquents than actual delinquents. As to the location of this - there is no location mentioned in the matter and Councillor Taylor has mentioned the fact of putting it in Whitehorse. From statistics and by virtue of the size of population it appears that you have more delinquents in the environment of Whitehorse than you do in other areas. A lot of these children's problems are created by bad influence, possibly the older children that lead them in, so therefore it would appear that it would not be a good place to have them located where you have this influence and we are getting most of these people from this area of which I am informed is a case of any of the matters that come before the various magistrates and judges. So it would appear that some other place in the Territory would perhaps be more desirable to get them away from the environment in which they have - which has created the particular problem. I was just wondering - in relation to something like this, and it does appear to me to be a very useful purpose - but it would also appear to me Mr. Chairman with these particular children 8 or 10 children in a home with a housekeeper, possibly a man and his wife, that these children should be absolutely self-contained, or that group should be absolutely self-contained, that they do all their own housekeeping work, washing work, and everything else right in that building - we don't need janitors or laundry people or the various and other sundry things that we have associated with a government building. I think that one of the ~~facts should be~~ that these children are assigned duties and look after themselves and look after the building in which they are in and on those lines I think that that would be acceptable. I would like to ask Mr. Murphy in this particular terms of reference is that about the way this would work - be as self-contained as possible as far as work is concerned?

Mr. Murphy: Mr. Chairman, yes this would be a small group home and the children in the home would of course be expected to do certain chores as normal children do around their own home. We will try to make it like a normal home and the house parents - as I said in the brief whether or not we hire both the husband and wife as full time employees or just the house mother and let the husband carry on his other work and be a father in the evenings and week-ends as in a normal home, but we certainly do not expect to hire janitors and as Mr. Shaw said, ~~his comments were quite~~ **constructive** ones and I think he has a good grasp of the philosophy involved in this type of facility. Certainly we are not going to cater to these children and they will be expected to do their work in the home ~~the same as in any~~ other home. There may be times when the house mother may need some part-time help with the housekeeping. This would only be on a casual basis. With regard to Mr. Shaw's comments about the location of the home the environment causing the behaviour problem in the children is mostly home environment and I am certain you would not wish to establish this home in another area to isolate these children because part of the treatment of these disturbed children is to have them in the community, the same philosophy as your corrections programme. These are not juvenile delinquents they are just children with behaviour problems and emotional problems and certainly have to be near medical facilities - this type of home is nothing more than a large foster home, these children will not fit into an institution. These are not children who have committed delinquencies, this is part of the preventive programme in order to give these children the help they need before they become delinquents.

there are other factors in this that would improve using such a building. I think one is the size according to this and another is these children are more possible delinquents than actual delinquents. As to the location of this - there is no location mentioned in the matter and Councillor Taylor has mentioned the fact of putting it in Whitehorse. From statistics and by virtue of the size of population it appears that you have more delinquents in the environment of Whitehorse than you do in other areas. A lot of these children's problems are created by bad influence, possibly the older children that lead them in, so therefore it would appear that it would not be a good place to have them located where you have this influence and we are getting most of these people from this area of which I am informed is a case of any of the matters that come before the various magistrates and judges. So it would appear that some other place in the Territory would perhaps be more desirable to get them away from the environment in which they have - which has created the particular problem. I was just wondering - in relation to something like this, and it does appear to me to be a very useful purpose - but it would also appear to me Mr. Chairman with these particular children 8 or 10 children in a home with a housekeeper, possibly a man and his wife, that these children should be absolutely self-contained, or that group should be absolutely self-contained, that they do all their own housekeeping work, washing work, and everything else right in that building - we don't need janitors or laundry people or the various and other sudry things that we have associated with a government building. I think that one of the ~~factore should be~~ that these children are assigned duties and look after themselves and look after the building in which they are in and on those lines I think that that would be acceptable. I would like to ask Mr. Murphy in this particular terms of reference is that about the way this would work - be as self-contained as possible as far as work is concerned?

Mr. Murphy: Mr. Chairman, yes this would be a small group home and the children in the home would of course be expected to do certain chores as normal children do around their own home. We will try to make it like a normal home and the house parents - as I said in the brief whether or not we hire both the husband and wife as full time employees or just the house mother and let the husband carry on his other work and be a father in the evenings and week-ends as in a normal home, but we certainly do not expect to hire janitors and as Mr. Shaw said, ~~his comments were quite~~ ~~ecnstructive~~-ones and I think he has a good grasp of the philosophy involved in this type of facility. Certainly we are not going to cater to these children and they will be expected to do their work in the home ~~the same as in any~~ other home. There may be times when the house mother may need some part-time help with the housekeeping. This would only be on a casual basis. With regard to Mr. Shaw's comments about the location of the home the environment causing the behaviour problem in the children is mostly home environment and I am certain you would not wish to establish this home in another area to isolate these children because part of the treatment of these disturbed children is to have them in the community, the same philosophy as your corrections programme. These are not juvenile delinquents they are just children with behaviour problems and emotional problems and certainly have to be near medical facilities - this type of home is nothing more than a large foster home, these children will not fit into an institution. These are not children who have committed delinquencies, this is part of the preventive programme in order to give these children the help they need before they become delinquents.

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

Committee  
of the  
Whole

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 20, Welfare, with Mr. Murphy, Superintendent of Welfare, in attendance.

Children's Group Home, Whitehorse - \$64,000.00.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I have a question concerning this children's group home proposed, and I have a feeling that the Chooutla School is somewhat of an uncertainty. It is full of children today and was not nearly so full not too long ago. The children come from all parts of the Yukon where they have school facilities. The facilities are there now and it is just a matter of the whim of a Department, the Department of Indian Affairs and probably the whim of some individuals as to what will happen to these children. If the whim swings to the point where they will go to schools that are already in their districts or better still in districts where they are not isolated and segregated, which I think is a wrong principle to have 150 children segregated, I don't like this, I think they should be where they can rub shoulders with you and I and anybody else and climatize themselves particularly at their age limit as it exists now. It is quite conceivable that this school could be empty, and it is conceivable also that it would make a very good spot for what you are talking about. I would like to see this given consideration and looked into before we start building another \$64,000.00 or more here in Whitehorse for certain people that are erratic.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I think we are all aware of the potential possibilities in the Carcross situation however it doesn't appear that we are going to be able to ever hope to have this facility available for detention care, for detention home which ever you prefer for some years to come. I feel as Councillor Boyd does that I would like to see these children dispersed back to their communities and go to day schools, I think that Indian Affairs have fallen down sadly on the social aspect of social education among the Yukon Indian and this of course is going to be the only means by which we can get these children back into these communities and eventually vacate the school for further uses. I think in regard to this home I think this home is a very great necessity. There are children, as has been pointed out, walking the streets here by reason of the fact that they can't be sent out for institutional care, they're not bad enough to be committed for institutional care and yet they are emotionally disturbed children who require guidance and care to get them on the right track before they do go out and do something which would be harmful to society and to their own general well being in the future. I certainly see the need for this facility in Whitehorse, this facility I am sure will serve areas all over the Yukon and I think that Mr. Murphy will no doubt agree that the frequency of juvenile delinquency certainly would appear to be on the increase and this is one means of meeting this problem head on and I think for the amount of \$64,000.00 capital expenditure for this facility is a very worth while expenditure. I would urge that Council give very close consideration to accepting this and providing this facility to the Yukon Territory.

Mr. MacKinnon: Mr. Chairman, I would like to mention this memorandum was presented at recess, it is four pages long and I haven't had the chance to read it. I would like to set it aside for a time certain.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, in discussing this particular matter I can see Councillor Boyd has a very good point in perhaps utilizing this Chooutla school. However I think that

Mr. Shaw: There are a number of items on that. The first one I discussed, the matter of them looking after their own bailiwick you might say. I have a daughter that is going to boarding school outside, and her duties - I have to pay for all this - and her duties are to make her bed, keep her room clean and scrub it out once or twice a week and I think that is wonderful training. In view of that, that is why my comments were with respect to the duties which they would have to do. I have seen many times in Dawson City, and I think the same thing would apply in other areas of the Territory, where these children go to foster homes, and they are well cared for and they are well looked after. However, they go home for a week or something like that and much of this work that has been built up is torn down, because it is too accessible. Now we talk about taking them away from home - sure many children go to schools away from home, they don't all turn into delinquents on account of it. My reasoning for having them away from where they actually live is they are not in close contact with the environment in which created the problem in the first instance. I wasn't suggesting Mr. Chairman, that these children be put out in the woods some place, they could go to Watson Lake, to Mayo, Dawson, Haines Junction, certainly where there were people, but away from the environment. If we are building a home for \$64,000.00 where ever you put it there are some of those children who are going to be taken away from their parents they are going to be taken away from where they live, unless you have a home in every area in the Yukon Territory. I think it might be an idea if you had more than one home, maybe not such a grand scheme whereby there was a transfer of children and let them mix with other children and get away from what created the problem in the first place. I am all for this project but there are other things to consider also.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, I don't think this is exactly the right attitude - I don't think enough thought has been given. First of all we are talking about 13 to 18 year old youths and you are going to build a home for them, and you are going to make them think different to what they are doing now. How are you going to do this. The man is going to be turned loose all day with nothing to do. You are going to supply a bed for him and three meals a day, you've got to go a lot further than this. Stick a home around here is like sticking a home down in the settlement for the natives. They've got no place to go and nothing to do so they wind up here. Sometimes into trouble, but where there is something to interest them. You must put those fellows to work, must see that they have a full days schedule ahead of them, otherwise their mind will deteriorate further than ever. I am certainly against just building a home for this purpose alone, you've got to go further than this and if something along the lines of intelligent tradesmanship or gardening or woodwork, something has to occupy their mind and if you can show me where these people are going to be occupied fully eight hours a day then I could see something, but so far there are no signs of this at all.

Mr. Murphy: Mr. Chairman, we certainly don't expect to put the children in the home, there is going to be a treatment programme involved in this and certainly they are going to have their duties to do in the home, they are going to be going to school. These are children we have to look after anyway - we are not taking children from home and placing them in these homes for no good reason. These are children who are in our care who will not fit into foster homes, who run away from hostels who present all kinds of problems and we've got to do something with them and this in my experience is the only resource, the only type of facility to provide for these children and to help these children and we don't want

to cater to them and have them do nothing all day long and have them turn out to be desolate and lazy in later life, this isn't our purpose in our department we are trying to rehabilitate these children, trying to help them with their problems, and this resource as I pointed out is the need in between a foster home and a large institution. We have professional people on staff who have an understanding of human behaviour and motivations why children do certain things and how they can help the children to understand why they do these things and to help them improve their behaviour and overcome their emotional problems that have no doubt been caused by their poor home environment.

.../680

to cater to them and have them do nothing all day long and have them turn out to be desolate and lazy in later life, this isn't our purpose in our department we are trying to rehabilitate these children, trying to help them with their problems, and this resource as I pointed out is the need in between a foster home and a large institution. We have professional people on staff who have an understanding of human behaviour and motivations why children do certain things and how they can help the children to understand why they do these things and to help them improve their behaviour and overcome their emotional problems that have no doubt been caused by their poor home environment.

.../680

Mr. Shaw: There are a number of items on that. The first one I discussed, the matter of them looking after their own bailiwick you might say. I have a daughter that is going to boarding school outside, and her duties - I have to pay for all this - and her duties are to make her bed, keep her room clean and scrub it out once or twice a week and I think that is wonderful training. In view of that, that is why my comments were with respect to the duties which they would have to do. I have seen many times in Dawson City, and I think the same thing would apply in other areas of the Territory, where these children go to foster homes, and they are well cared for and they are well looked after. However, they go home for a week or something like that and much of this work that has been built up is torn down, because it is too accessible. Now we talk about taking them away from home - sure many children go to schools away from home, they don't all turn into delinquents on account of it. My reasoning for having them away from where they actually live is they are not in close contact with the environment in which created the problem in the first instance. I wasn't suggesting Mr. Chairman, that these children be put out in the woods some place, they could go to Watson Lake, to Mayo, Dawson, Haines Junction, certainly where there were people, but away from the environment. If we are building a home for \$64,000.00 where ever you put it there are some of those children who are going to be taken away from their parents they are going to be taken away from where they live, unless you have a home in every area in the Yukon Territory. I think it might be an idea if you had more than one home, maybe not such a grand scheme whereby there was a transfer of children and let them mix with other children and get away from what created the problem in the first place. I am all for this project but there are other things to consider also.

Mr. Boyd: Well Mr. Chairman, I don't think this is exactly the right attitude - I don't think enough thought has been given. First of all we are talking about 13 to 18 year old youths and you are going to build a home for them, and you are going to make them think different to what they are doing now. How are you going to do this. The man is going to be turned loose all day with nothing to do. You are going to supply a bed for him and three meals a day, you've got to go a lot further than this. Stick a home around here is like sticking a home down in the settlement for the natives. They've got no place to go and nothing to do so they wind up here. Sometimes into trouble, but where there is something to interest them. You must put those fellows to work, must see that they have a full days schedule ahead of them, otherwise their mind will deteriorate further than ever. I am certainly against just building a home for this purpose alone, you've got to go further than this and if something along the lines of intelligent tradesmanship or gardening or woodwork, something has to occupy their mind and if you can show me where these people are going to be occupied fully eight hours a day then I could see something, but so far there are no signs of this at all.

Mr. Murphy: Mr. Chairman, we certainly don't expect to put the children in the home, there is going to be a treatment programme involved in this and certainly they are going to have their duties to do in the home, they are going to be going to school. These are children we have to look after anyway - we are not taking children from home and placing them in these homes for no good reason. These are children who are in our care who will not fit into foster homes, who run away from hostels who present all kinds of problems and we've got to do something with them and this in my experience is the only resource, the only type of facility to provide for these children and to help these children and we don't want

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to reiterate some points that have already been made. I feel that **the overall** solution is reasonable. I think that what the Welfare Department is trying to do is in the best interests and if this is the means by which they feel that this can be accomplished, then I wholeheartedly concur. I feel, however, that this residence or home should be in the Whitehorse area for many reasons but I say this particularly because from the direction of the Honourable Member from Dawson City, I could glean a little interest in it probably being directed there but I think, as Mr. Murphy has pointed out, that this would detract and be away from the center of all the services and administration that we have here in Whitehorse at the **moment**. I feel that in your last paragraph, Mr. Murphy, that you have set it out fairly straight forward. There will have to be some assistance given to a house mother or whatever designation you wish to give her. Granted I am not just too sure whether this will be for both boys **and** girls or just boys or girls. Whatever is decided upon it stands to reason that somebody that has eight or ten charges will of necessity need some assistance, you say on a part time basis, I feel that this may work out to a little bit more than that. I concur with the idea, I also like Mr. Boyd's idea but as Mr. Taylor pointed out, I can't see where, in the foreseeable future you are going to have the use of the facilities of the school at Carcross, the Chooutla School.

Mr. Chairman: Are you agreed with the item Children's Group Home, Whitehorse.

AGREED.

Mr. Shaw: How many foster homes have you in the particular areas?

Mr. Murphy: There are 32 approved foster homes in use in the Yukon and there are 87 children in these foster homes. Now this exludes - we have 3 or 4 large foster homes where there are 5 to 9 children in them. They are small group homes something similar to what we were just speaking of but there are 17 foster homes in the Whitehorse area, 4 in Watson Lake, 4 in the Dawson area and this is an area where we have had considerable difficulty in getting foster homes. In Carmacks we have four. Of course there are other children in care and they are in the hostels or the smaller hostels, St. Agnes Hostel, Ridgeview Home, the Indian Hostels across the river and there are a number of children in care outside the Territory. These 87 children does not represent the **total** number of children in care at the moment.

Mr. Shaw: The question I asked was how many children are being cared for in the Dawson area, the Mayo area, Watson Lake, Haines Junction, Whitehorse. We might have 50 foster homes in Whitehorse and have only two children in them.

Mr. Murphy: We have 65 children in foster homes in Whitehorse, 4 in Dawson, 7 in Mayo, 3 in Watson Lake, 2 in Destruction Bay and 7 in Carmacks.

Mr. Shaw: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Boyd: On this group home, it is intended to have male and female there, I take it 13-16 year olds and I presume there could be white status, near white status and indian status all mixed up, would this be right?

Mr. Murphy: This is quite right. I would say that there would be mostly children of Indian racial origin, mixed or full. These children requiring such accommodation at the moment are part Indian and one full Indian of Indian status. We will of course make a special charge to Indian Affairs for any Indian status children that we provide accommodation to. It will be a per diem rate which will be sufficient to cover the full cost and overhead costs and so on.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Murphy a general question. In the overall welfare picture, what percentage of the people that receive welfare aid of some kind, foster homes, anything right across the board, what percentage of these people would you classify as of Indian origin but are not of Indian status where we receive this assistance from the government. There seems to be a general trend in Ottawa to get as many people off this Indian roll, as possible, and simply reclassify them so they can shift the financial burden onto the Territory. I think already it presents kind of a distorted picture of what Indian Affairs is supporting in the Territory.

Mr. Murphy: I am not able to give an exact figure here or express an opinion but I can say that the children in our care 85% at least are children of Indian or mixed Indian racial origin. In our child welfare case books it is about 50% white status children, by white status I mean white, part Indian or Indian with white status and about 50% children of Indian status or registered on the Indian Band list. So far as the public assistance program is concerned this of course involves services to our elderly people and they are all of white racial origin and there is say about 40% of the relief cases would be people of other racial origins. We do not grant public assistance to registered Indians.

Mr. Watt: Have you ever approached Indian Affairs to see if they would absorb possibly 50% of the cost of the welfare for those of mixed status, and if you have what is the answer?

Mr. Murphy: There are a large number of children, we have families where brothers and sisters have different status. The same mother but they have different <sup>putative</sup> fathers or they may have been born before 1956 I believe it is, when the Indian Affairs policy was to go around and get the father to sign a declaration of paternity and therefore ruling the child as a non-Indian although the mother was of Indian status. We did try some years ago, we did approach Ottawa and request that in these cases where the Indian mother was left with these children would they not consider accepting these children and registering them as Indians. We were told that they could not do this. But they did bring a ruling into effect, I believe in 1956 or 57, whereby a child born to an Indian mother, irregardless of the status of the putative father, if he were white, this child is registered as an Indian unless there is a protest filed by the mother or by the Band chief. Therefore you could have a mother of Indian status and a commonlaw husband or consort of white status but the child would be registered as Indian. But previous to 1956 in a situation like that the child was registered as a non-Indian.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Murphy, how much staff will be required to run a home such as this?

Mr. Murphy: We would hope that there would only be the house mother and house father, the two house parents and possibly part time domestic help to help with the laundry and the cleaning up of the overall cleaning of the building itself. This would only be on a casual basis and as we felt is required.

Mr. Murphy: This is quite right. I would say that there would be mostly children of Indian racial origin, mixed or full. These children requiring such accommodation at the moment are part Indian and one full Indian of Indian status. We will of course make a special charge to Indian Affairs for any Indian status children that we provide accommodation to. It will be a per diem rate which will be sufficient to cover the full cost and overhead costs and so on.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Murphy a general question. In the overall welfare picture, what percentage of the people that receive welfare aid of some kind, foster homes, anything right across the board, what percentage of these people would you classify as of Indian origin but are not of Indian status where we receive this assistance from the government. There seems to be a general trend in Ottawa to get as many people off this Indian roll, as possible, and simply reclassify them so they can shift the financial burden onto the Territory. I think already it presents kind of a distorted picture of what Indian Affairs is supporting in the Territory.

Mr. Murphy: I am not able to give an exact figure here or express an opinion but I can say that the children in our care 85% at least are children of Indian or mixed Indian racial origin. In our child welfare case books it is about 50% white status children, by white status I mean white, part Indian or Indian with white status and about 50% children of Indian status or registered on the Indian Band list. So far as the public assistance program is concerned this of course involves services to our elderly people and they are all of white racial origin and there is say about 40% of the relief cases would be people of other racial origins. We do not grant public assistance to registered Indians.

Mr. Watt: Have you ever approached Indian Affairs to see if they would absorb possibly 50% of the cost of the welfare for those of mixed status, and if you have what is the answer?

Mr. Murphy: There are a large number of children, we have families where brothers and sisters have different status. The same mother but they have different <sup>putative</sup> fathers or they may have been born before 1956 I believe it is, when the Indian Affairs policy was to go around and get the father to sign a declaration of paternity and therefore ruling the child as a non-Indian although the mother was of Indian status. We did try some years ago, we did approach Ottawa and request that in these cases where the Indian mother was left with these children would they not consider accepting these children and registering them as Indians. We were told that they could not do this. But they did bring a ruling into effect, I believe in 1956 or 57, whereby a child born to an Indian mother, irregardless of the status of the putative father, if he were white, this child is registered as an Indian unless there is a protest filed by the mother or by the Band chief. Therefore you could have a mother of Indian status and a commonlaw husband or consort of white status but the child would be registered as Indian. But previous to 1956 in a situation like that the child was registered as a non-Indian.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Murphy, how much staff will be required to run a home such as this?

Mr. Murphy: We would hope that there would only be the house mother and house father, the two house parents and possibly part time domestic help to help with the laundry and the cleaning up of the overall cleaning of the building itself. This would only be on a casual basis and as we felt is required.

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to reiterate some points that have already been made. I feel that **the overall** solution is reasonable. I think that what the Welfare Department is trying to do is in the best interests and if this is the means by which they feel that this can be accomplished, then I wholeheartedly concur. I feel, however, that this residence or home should be in the Whitehorse area for many reasons but I say this particularly because from the direction of the Honourable Member from Dawson City, I could glean a little interest in it probably being directed there but I think, as Mr. Murphy has pointed out, that this would detract and be away from the center of all the services and administration that we have here in Whitehorse at the moment. I feel that in your last paragraph, Mr. Murphy, that you have set it out fairly straight forward. There will have to be some assistance given to a house mother or whatever designation you wish to give her. Granted I am not just too sure whether this will be for both boys and girls or just boys or girls. Whatever is decided upon it stands to reason that somebody that has eight or ten charges will of necessity need some assistance, you say on a part time basis, I feel that this may work out to a little bit more than that. I concur with the idea, I also like Mr. Boyd's idea but as Mr. Taylor pointed out, I can't see where, in the foreseeable future you are going to have the use of the facilities of the school at Carcross, the Chooutla School.

Mr. Chairman: Are you agreed with the item Children's Group Home, Whitehorse.

AGREED.

Mr. Shaw: How many foster homes have you in the particular areas?

Mr. Murphy: There are 32 approved foster homes in use in the Yukon and there are 87 children in these foster homes. Now this exludes - we have 3 or 4 large foster homes where there are 5 to 9 children in them. They are small group homes something similar to what we were just speaking of but there are 17 foster homes in the Whitehorse area, 4 in Watson Lake, 4 in the Dawson area and this is an area where we have had considerable difficulty in getting foster homes. In Carmacks we have four. Of course there are other children in care and they are in the hostels or the smaller hostels, St. Agnes Hostel, Ridgeview Home, the Indian Hostels across the river and there are a number of children in care outside the Territory. These 87 children does not represent the total number of children in care at the moment.

Mr. Shaw: The question I asked was how many children are being cared for in the Dawson area, the Mayo area, Watson Lake, Haines Junction, Whitehorse. We might have 50 foster homes in Whitehorse and have only two children in them.

Mr. Murphy: We have 65 children in foster homes in Whitehorse, 4 in Dawson, 7 in Mayo, 3 in Watson Lake, 2 in Destruction Bay and 7 in Carmacks.

Mr. Shaw: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Boyd: On this group home, it is intended to have male and female there, I take it 13-16 year olds and I presume there could be white status, near white status and indian status all mixed up, would this be right?

Mr. MacKinnon: Yes, Mr. Chairman, I would suggest that the children involved could do the cleaning.

Mr. Murphy was excused from Committee.

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 14, Yukon Regional Library with Mrs. Colyer, Yukon Regional Librarian, present. Discussion Yukon Regional Library

Salaries - \$30,395.00

Mr. Thompson: I see that there are two positions, a clerk-typist and a junior librarian to be appointed, is this in the event that the new library is completed?

Mrs. Colyer: The clerk-typist was appointed after these estimates were - I'm not quite sure how that happened. Anyway we have had her since the first of January but the junior librarian should be in before the new library is built to help us prepare for it.

Telephone and Telegraph - \$360.00.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder why they have to have such a large bill for telephone and telegraph.

Mrs. Colyer: They are mainly charges out, if we need a couple of books in a hurry we sometimes wire for them. We also need telephones in our various departments.

Mr. Shaw: I am just pointing out that \$360.00 seems quite a lot for telephones and telegrams and most of the matters could be resolved by letters I would imagine, back and forth. There is only a day difference possibly in getting them from out there into the Territory.

Mrs. Colyer: You realize Mr. Shaw that three of these telephones are in the Whitehorse headquarters and the phone is ringing constantly, you can't isolate us. The library should be accessible to everybody for information.

Mr. Shaw: Isn't this a wholesale library not the Whitehorse Public Library?

Mrs. Colyer: No, the new library is a combination, One section is regional headquarters and the rest of it is the Whitehorse Branch which is our main depository branch for the system. We haven't a telephone in the Whitehorse Library at the moment but we badly need one because people ringing for information call the Regional Librarian and this isn't the way it should be. Local questions should be answered by the local librarian. Then we will need a telephone in our Regional Headquarters which by the time we get our large library we will need an additional extension.

Mr. Shaw: This is absorbing the cost then of the local library, is that correct?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes.

Mr. Shaw: A further question to this, is it the intention of the government to build libraries in various parts of the Territory following this?

Mrs. Colyer: Not this year but in the Five Year Plan, which I have just been asked to complete for the Library, I have asked for a new library for Dawson in 1967 and one for Watson Lake in 1970.

Mr. Shaw: Thank you. The reason I ask that question Mr. Chairman, is a few years ago the attitude of the government was not to have anything to do whatsoever with local libraries. That was the attitude and I recollect they had this library here and they helped finance that, heating and so forth, and at that time I asked if we could use a little corner, cubby hole, in the liquor store in Dawson for the library there and it took quite some battle in order to get just this little area that wasn't being utilized for this library. This seems to be a departure in government policy and that is the question I wish to ascertain, it is quite all right.

Library Books - \$18,075.00

Mr. MacKinnon: I was wondering, is there any actual loss or depreciation in library books?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes, there is a great deal when they are used as they are in the Yukon. This means that a portion of our budget for library books for the coming year will be used for replacement and some of our supply money goes into rebinding books that are worth rebinding.

Mr. MacKinnon: Maybe you could tell us the approximate loss each year on library books at the present.

Mrs. Colyer: That is a difficult one. We don't keep a strict account, I have - not more than a few hundred in the whole Territory. In the Whitehorse area there are more.

Mr. MacKinnon: Books or dollars.

Mrs. Colyer: Books.

Mr. Chairman: The total of Vote 14 is \$61,625.00.

Mr. Thompson: When you mentioned the library for Dawson in the new Financial Agreement and one for Watson Lake, is this similar to the distribution center here. In other words are you making another Regional Library for Dawson and one for Watson or are these local libraries as opposed to the overall.

Mrs. Colyer: These are local branches. As you know we have the one headquarters here and the Whitehorse Branch and then we have six other branches throughout the Territory. Permanent branches are places where we allow books to be kept. When we send out a shipment they keep half of what we send to build up a permanent collection and Dawson and Watson Lake are the two largest of these. I feel that both places will be needing a better distribution center than they have at present. They will simply be branches operating for local circulation.

Mr. Watt: What do you do for help in these outlying areas. Do schools operate your subunits out there or do you plan to have full time help later on?

Mrs. Colyer: As it is needed. I doubt very much, in the small branches, that we will need complete full time help but at the moment all our outside help is volunteer except the librarian in Elsa, she is paid by United Keno Hill. In our future plans I have asked for one person in each of the

Mrs. Colyer: Not this year but in the Five Year Plan, which I have just been asked to complete for the Library, I have asked for a new library for Dawson in 1967 and one for Watson Lake in 1970.

Mr. Shaw: Thank you. The reason I ask that question Mr. Chairman, is a few years ago the attitude of the government was not to have anything to do whatsoever with local libraries. That was the attitude and I recollect they had this library here and they helped finance that, heating and so forth, and at that time I asked if we could use a little corner, cubby hole, in the liquor store in Dawson for the library there and it took quite some battle in order to get just this little area that wasn't being utilized for this library. This seems to be a departure in government policy and that is the question I wish to ascertain, it is quite all right.

Library Books - \$18,075.00

Mr. MacKinnon: I was wondering, is there any actual loss or depreciation in library books?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes, there is a great deal when they are used as they are in the Yukon. This means that a portion of our budget for library books for the coming year will be used for replacement and some of our supply money goes into rebinding books that are worth rebinding.

Mr. MacKinnon: Maybe you could tell us the approximate loss each year on library books at the present.

Mrs. Colyer: That is a difficult one. We don't keep a strict account, I have - not more than a few hundred in the whole Territory. In the Whitehorse area there are more.

Mr. MacKinnon: Books or dollars.

Mrs. Colyer: Books.

Mr. Chairman: The total of Vote 14 is \$61,625.00.

Mr. Thompson: When you mentioned the library for Dawson in the new Financial Agreement and one for Watson Lake, is this similar to the distribution center here. In other words are you making another Regional Library for Dawson and one for Watson or are these local libraries as opposed to the overall.

Mrs. Colyer: These are local branches. As you know we have the one headquarters here and the Whitehorse Branch and then we have six other branches throughout the Territory. Permanent branches are places where we allow books to be kept. When we send out a shipment they keep half of what we send to build up a permanent collection and Dawson and Watson Lake are the two largest of these. I feel that both places will be needing a better distribution center than they have at present. They will simply be branches operating for local circulation.

Mr. Watt: What do you do for help in these outlying areas. Do schools operate your subunits out there or do you plan to have full time help later on?

Mrs. Colyer: As it is needed. I doubt very much, in the small branches, that we will need complete full time help but at the moment all our outside help is volunteer except the librarian in Elsa, she is paid by United Keno Hill. In our future plans I have asked for one person in each of the

Mr. MacKinnon: Yes, Mr. Chairman, I would suggest that the children involved could do the cleaning.

Mr. Murphy was excused from Committee.

Committee proceeded to discuss Vote 14, Yukon Regional Library with Mrs. Colyer, Yukon Regional Librarian, present.

Discussion  
Yukon  
Regional  
Library

Salaries - \$30,395.00

Mr. Thompson: I see that there are two positions, a clerk-typist and a junior librarian to be appointed, is this in the event that the new library is completed?

Mrs. Colyer: The clerk-typist was appointed after these estimates were - I'm not quite sure how that happened. Anyway we have had her since the first of January but the junior librarian should be in before the new library is built to help us prepare for it.

Telephone and Telegraph - \$360.00.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder why they have to have such a large bill for telephone and telegraph.

Mrs. Colyer: They are mainly charges out, if we need a couple of books in a hurry we sometimes wire for them. We also need telephones in our various departments.

Mr. Shaw: I am just pointing out that \$360.00 seems quite a lot for telephones and telegrams and most of the matters could be resolved by letters I would imagine, back and forth. There is only a day difference possibly in getting them from out there into the Territory.

Mrs. Colyer: You realize Mr. Shaw that three of these telephones are in the Whitehorse headquarters and the phone is ringing constantly, you can't isolate us. The library should be accessible to everybody for information.

Mr. Shaw: Isn't this a wholesale library not the Whitehorse Public Library?

Mrs. Colyer: No, the new library is a combination, One section is regional headquarters and the rest of it is the Whitehorse Branch which is our main depository branch for the system. We haven't a telephone in the Whitehorse Library at the moment but we badly need one because people ringing for information call the Regional Librarian and this isn't the way it should be. Local questions should be answered by the local librarian. Then we will need a telephone in our Regional Headquarters which by the time we get our large library we will need an additional extension.

Mr. Shaw: This is absorbing the cost then of the local library, is that correct?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes.

Mr. Shaw: A further question to this, is it the intention of the government to build libraries in various parts of the Territory following this?

permanent branches at Haines Junction, Mayo, Dawson, Elsa and Watson Lake. I have asked permission to pay one person something like a \$100.00 a month. One person with small pay will be more responsible. It is very difficult to hold volunteer help in some places.

Mr. Chairman: We will now go to Vote 20-Yukon Regional Library.

Furniture and Office Equipment - \$14,000.00

Mr. Thompson: This 2,000 feet of shelving - will this leave us with lots of room for expansion and lots of room for more periodicals and things of this nature?

Mrs. Colyer: I sincerely hope so. This 2,000 feet will not be the complete shelving because as you know last spring when we renovated the present library we bought about 1800 feet of shelving and the new library will have all similar shelving so we will just transfer from one to the other so there will be almost twice as much. This is still not going to be my idea of an adequate library and I will be asking for an extension in about three years but the building is being planned so it will be simple to push out a wall and add an extension to bring it up to Canadian Library standards.

Mr. Thompson: How far short of Canadian Library standards are we.

Mrs. Colyer: I think, if I remember my figures correctly, we will be able to shelve about 15 to 17,000 volumes in the Whitehorse Branch of this library plus 10,000 in the Regional Library where the books are being processed but I think for the population - in areas of small population we need more books per capita so I think we should bring it up to at least 30,000.

Mr. Shaw: I just wondered if this contemplated building had a basement which could be utilized.

Mrs. Colyer: The building has a basement under the Regional area, about 1800 square feet and that is exactly under the Regional Headquarters and part of it will be used to house steel cabinets for archive material, for instance and our book boxes and things of that nature. The actual working of the library I have tried to keep on one level, there is absolutely no steps so that we can wheel a trolley and not have to walk up or down seven treacherous steps as we do now.

Mr. Chairman: This gives us a total of \$17,000.00 for Yukon Regional Library under Capital Account.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if you would mind explaining in terms of one syllable the difference or the connection between Regional Library and Whitehorse Library and any other different library that exists or where does the Territorial responsibility cease and the City responsibility commence or is there any City participation or just what?

Mrs. Colyer: In the beginning the City of Whitehorse contributed a small amount to the upkeep of the Whitehorse Library. It all became so unsatisfactory and it didn't meet the needs or do anything worth while. It was decided somewhere back in 1962 that the Territory would assume all responsibility for public library service in the Territory. We call it a Regional Library and it is a misnomer but it was named before I got here, it is closer to the Public Library Commission of British Columbia. When we think of a regional system we think of

a municipal library or county library all cooperating and getting a certain grant from the province or territory but contributing practically to their own upkeep and combining for reasons of central processing. Ours is not, it is just one headquarters serving the whole region, this is the only connection it has with region. But we have the Regional Headquarters, I am the only professional librarian in the system so I do all the ordering, supervise all the cataloging and classification, we prepare all the books for circulation so that when we go out to the small branches there is no responsibility on the person in charge to do this basic cataloging or preparation, they simply have to supervise circulation. With the way the Territory is arranged with much of the population here in Whitehorse a greater need is here and to me it seems ridiculous to have books sitting in Regional Headquarters waiting to go out on the next distribution when they could be used in the Whitehorse Library by Whitehorse people or people from outside who come in to borrow them. So we have made it the main depository branch, we have put all our expensive reference books and everything that isn't being used elsewhere in the Whitehorse Library. We haven't had the room to do it adequately yet and I hope the new library will relieve the situation. I don't know how far I should go, does this make sense?

Mr. Thompson: Yes, thank you. I was wondering, you mentioned previously that you had asked or you were thinking of asking that teachers in these various areas be given an added stipend per month.

Mrs. Colyer: Not teachers, I am sorry if I misled you. We have a combination. We look after 19 schools, that is school libraries as well as community libraries. I was thinking of the community library, the permanent branches. Not one of them is administered by a teacher. The only one in a school would be at Mayo but it is a combined school and community library. But though we have combined the school and community library another person looks after it and it was these people that I was thinking of.

Mr. Thompson: The reason I ask is that I don't see any amount in here for this service.

Mrs. Colyer: No, I haven't asked for it.

Mr. Thompson: It hasn't been instigated then at this time?

Mrs. Colyer: No, not until the beginning of the next Five Year Agreement, they won't give me any more money until then.

Mr. Thompson: Is this one of the reasons then why we are losing 200 books a year throughout the Territory?

Mrs. Colyer: No, we are losing most of those in Whitehorse where we have all paid staff.

Mr. Watt: With respect to this new library there had been a suggestion made originally by Mr. Thompson that why couldn't this be a part of the centennial complex, \$200,000.00 complex putting in the city, and if you added this \$115,000.00 for the new library, put it in the same building, then you would have on one location a \$400,000.00 structure or in that neighborhood. You would have the advantages of caretaking, heating systems and fire protection and others. Now we had a memorandum on that which outlined a couple objections and one is the location of the city complex, it is not too compatible for a library and the other objection was the time involved to construct this new library. You needed it a lot sooner than the

a municipal library or county library all cooperating and getting a certain grant from the province or territory but contributing practically to their own upkeep and combining for reasons of central processing. Ours is not, it is just one headquarters serving the whole region, this is the only connection it has with region. But we have the Regional Headquarters, I am the only professional librarian in the system so I do all the ordering, supervise all the cataloging and classification, we prepare all the books for circulation so that when we go out to the small branches there is no responsibility on the person in charge to do this basic cataloging or preparation, they simply have to supervise circulation. With the way the Territory is arranged with much of the population here in Whitehorse a greater need is here and to me it seems ridiculous to have books sitting in Regional Headquarters waiting to go out on the next distribution when they could be used in the Whitehorse Library by Whitehorse people or people from outside who come in to borrow them. So we have made it the main depository branch, we have put all our expensive reference books and everything that isn't being used elsewhere in the Whitehorse Library. We haven't had the room to do it adequately yet and I hope the new library will relieve the situation. I don't know how far I should go, does this make sense?

Mr. Thompson: Yes, thank you. I was wondering, you mentioned <sup>previously</sup> that you had asked or you were thinking of asking that teachers in these various areas be given an added stipend per month.

Mrs. Colyer: Not teachers, I am sorry if I misled you. We have a combination. We look after 19 schools, that is school libraries as well as community libraries. I was thinking of the community library, the permanent branches. Not one of them is administered by a teacher. The only one in a school would be at Mayo but it is a combined school and community library. But though we have combined the school and community library another person looks after it and it was these people that I was thinking of.

Mr. Thompson: The reason I ask is that I don't see any amount in here for this service.

Mrs. Colyer: No, I haven't asked for it.

Mr. Thompson: It hasn't been instigated then at this time?

Mrs. Colyer: No, not until the beginning of the next Five Year Agreement, they won't give me any more money until then.

Mr. Thompson: Is this one of the reasons then why we are losing 200 books a year throughout the Territory?

Mrs. Colyer: No, we are losing most of those in Whitehorse where we have all paid staff.

Mr. Watt: With respect to this new library there had been a suggestion made originally by Mr. Thompson that why couldn't this be a part of the centennial complex, \$200,000.00 complex putting in the city, and if you added this \$115,000.00 for the new library, put it in the same building, then you would have on one location a \$400,000.00 structure or in that neighborhood. You would have the advantages of caretaking, heating systems and fire protection and others. Now we had a memorandum on that which outlined a couple objections and one is the location of the city complex, it is not too compatible for a library and the other objection was the time involved to construct this new library. You needed it a lot sooner than the

permanent branches at Haines Junction, Mayo, Dawson, Elsa and Watson Lake. I have asked permission to pay one person something like a \$100.00 a month. One person with small pay will be more responsible. It is very difficult to hold volunteer help in some places.

Mr. Chairman: We will now go to Vote 20-Yukon Regional Library.

Furniture and Office Equipment -- \$14,000.00

Mr. Thompson: This 2,000 feet of shelving -will this leave us with lots of room for expansion and lots of room for more periodicals and things of this nature?

Mrs. Colyer: I sincerely hope so. This 2,000 feet will not be the complete shelving because as you know last spring when we renovated the present library we bought about 1800 feet of shelving and the new library will have all similar shelving so we will just transfer from one to the other so there will be almost twice as much. This is still not going to be my idea of an adequate library and I will be asking for an extension in about three years but the building is being planned so it will be simple to push out a wall and add an extension to bring it up to Canadian Library standards.

Mr. Thompson: How far short of Canadian Library standards are we.

Mrs. Colyer: I think, if I remember my figures correctly, we will be able to shelve about 15 to 17,000 volumes in the Whitehorse Branch of this library plus 10,000 in the Regional Library where the books are being processed but I think for the population - in areas of small population we need more books per capita so I think we should bring it up to at least 30,000.

Mr. Shaw: I just wondered if this contemplated building had a basement which could be utilized.

Mrs. Colyer: The building has a basement under the Regional area, about 1800 square feet and that is exactly under the Regional Headquarters and part of it will be used to house steel cabinets for archive material, for instance and our book boxes and things of that nature. The actual working of the library I have tried to keep on one level, there is absolutely no steps so that we can wheel a trolley and not have to walk up or down seven treacherous steps as we do now.

Mr. Chairman: This gives us a total of \$17,000.00 for Yukon Regional Library under Capital Account.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if you would mind explaining in terms of one syllable the difference or the connection between Regional Library and Whitehorse Library and any other different library that exists or where does the Territorial responsibility cease and the City responsibility commence or is there any City participation or just what?

Mrs. Colyer: In the beginning the City of Whitehorse contributed a small amount to the upkeep of the Whitehorse Library. It all became so unsatisfactory and it didn't meet the needs or do anything worth while. It was decided somewhere back in 1962 that the Territory would assume all responsibility for public library service in the Territory. We call it a Regional Library and it is a misnomer but it was named before I got here, it is closer to the Public Library Commission of British Columbia. When we think of a regional system we think of

centennial complex could be completed. Are there any other objections? I think, personally, that the advantages at least from the mechanical end of it and the improved structure you get, the better money you get for the dollar out weighs the disadvantages at the moment.

Mrs. Colyer: As I mentioned before, in three years I will be asking for an extension and I don't think that down in the complex there will be room for any kind of expansion once it is set up for one thing. We need lots of parking space at the library and I think also the objection that it is not the proper place to put it, which is the objection of parents. For instance the old library, before the new one was built a lot of parents wouldn't allow their children to go to the library because it was too close to the bars. The new library in the complex would be facing the hotels. My two major objections, in my estimation, are a lack of space for future expansion and the time element. We should have had this years ago.

Mr. Chairman: I have a question, if I might be permitted to ask it from the Chair, are you presently placing Votes and Proceedings of this session, ordinances, in every community library?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes.

Mr. Thompson: Do you have the plans finalized for the proposed building and have they been called as yet?

Mrs. Colyer: No, we had hoped to have the working drawings by the end of March but the architect was unable to supply them but they should be ready by about the third week in April. I have a sketch plan with me would you like to see it?

Mr. Thompson: Yes, I would.

Mr. Southam: Might I ask you if you have any plans for<sup>a</sup> building up in our area at all. They have quite a few readers up there.

Mrs. Colyer: Yes, I know, we have been asking United Keno Hill to do something about it.

Mr. Shaw : Perhaps when we get this new townsite going up there we can put up some of these new buildings we are building in these other areas. Let us see if we can get that going.

Mr. Boyd: While you are looking at that I am rather curious to know how you account for so many Whitehorse people being light fingered or not capable of handling these books as well as the people in the outside areas. Are they getting into second hand stores, are they being taken out of town by transient type or what is the score?

Mrs. Colyer: It is largely the transient population giving us the difficulty. We send out regular overdue notices but a great many of them come back saying no forwarding address. We lose books in the Elsa area for the same reason. Still and all by comparison to the number of books we circulate it is very small. Last year, I just finished adding up the statistics, Whitehorse Public Library circulated close to 35,000 books and when I say we only lose a few hundred books in a year it is a very small proportion.

Mr. Watt: In other words the loss here is greater because 70% of the population in the Territory is in the Whitehorse area. It is just more people borrowing so the rate of loss isn't any higher.

Mrs. Colyer: No, I don't think so. The only thing is that in many of the little places when we send out a complete shipment the complete shipment comes back.

Mrs. Colyer was excused from Committee.

Committee recessed until 2:00 P.M.

...../688

Mrs. Colyer: No, I don't think so. The only thing is that in many of the little places when we send out a complete shipment the complete shipment comes back.

Mrs. Colyer was excused from Committee.

Committee recessed until 2:00 P.M.

...../688

centennial complex could be completed. Are there any other objections? I think, personally, that the advantages at least from the mechanical end of it and the improved structure you get, the better money you get for the dollar out weighs the disadvantages at the moment.

Mrs. Colyer: As I mentioned before, in three years I will be asking for an extension and I don't think that down in the complex there will be room for any kind of expansion once it is set up for one thing. We need lots of parking space at the library and I think also the objection that it is not the proper place to put it, which is the objection of parents. For instance the old library, before the new one was built a lot of parents wouldn't allow their children to go to the library because it was too close to the bars. The new library in the complex would be facing the hotels. My two major objections, in my estimation, are a lack of space for future expansion and the time element. We should have had this years ago.

Mr. Chairman: I have a question, if I might be permitted to ask it from the Chair, are you presently placing Votes and Proceedings of this session, ordinances, in every community library?

Mrs. Colyer: Yes.

Mr. Thompson: Do you have the plans finalized for the proposed building and have they been called as yet?

Mrs. Colyer: No, we had hoped to have the working drawings by the end of March but the architect was unable to supply them but they should be ready by about the third week in April. I have a sketch plan with me would you like to see it?

Mr. Thompson: Yes, I would.

Mr. Southam: Might I ask you if you have any plans for<sup>a</sup> building up in our area at all. They have quite a few readers up there.

Mrs. Colyer: Yes, I know, we have been asking United Keno Hill to do something about it.

Mr. Shaw : Perhaps when we get this new townsite going up there we can put up some of these new buildings we are building in these other areas. Let us see if we can get that going.

Mr. Boyd: While you are looking at that I am rather curious to know how you account for so many Whitehorse people being light fingered or not capable of handling these books as well as the people in the outside areas. Are they getting into second hand stores, are they being taken out of town by transient type or what is the score?

Mrs. Colyer: It is largely the transient population giving us the difficulty. We send out regular overdue notices but a great many of them come back saying no forwarding address. We lose books in the Elsa area for the same reason. Still and all by comparison to the number of books we circulate it is very small. Last year, I just finished adding up the statistics, Whitehorse Public Library circulated close to 35,000 books and when I say we only lose a few hundred books in a year it is a very small proportion.

Mr. Watt: In other words the loss here is greater because 70% of the population in the Territory is in the Whitehorse area. It is just more people borrowing so the rate of loss isn't any higher.

Thursday, April 8th, 1965.  
2:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee was called to order to discuss Bill #10 with Mr. Hughes in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: I think the most effecient way to deal with this Bill would be to take it section by section and deal with each one as we go.

All: Agreed.

Discussion began on Section 1.

Mr. Watt: Has the Legal Advisor any comments?

Mr. Hughes: No, I have no further comment on that. We understood it was the wish of the members to make it possible for campers to have intoxicating liquor at their campsite in the same way they would if they were at home. We think this may have secured that privilege for them under controllable conditions, without throwing the gate wide open.

Mr. Shaw: I would like to put an example before the Legal Advisor. If there was a camping unit travelling along the highway, and there was a great big party going on and they were throwing bottles outside and so forth, owing to the fact that they were allowed to have liquor in there even if they weren't throwing the bottles but just having a big party, would that be acceptable under this or would there be anything in here that would prohibit that while the vehicle was in motion.

Mr. Hughes: Of course, there would be the obvious offence of throwing the bottles out. Then the camping unit has to be bona fide and actually used by the owner, lessee or tenant as a private dwelling. While it is in motion under these conditions I don't think it would be regarded as a bona fide private dwelling. It would be for the Court to put the decision squarely on the book, but I think that they would be open to prosecution and of course there would be some difficulty with the following phrase: "Together with the land immediately appurtenant thereto". If the camping unit had covered about 50 miles along the highway while he was in progress it would be a rather generous connotation of the phrase.

Mr. Shaw: Would this then prohibit a party from going along in a trailer alongside the highway?

Mr. Hughes: A party that is on going in a trailer which is parked?

Mr. Shaw: Yes.

Mr. Hughes: No. If it is being bona fide used as a private dwelling there is no reason why they should not have a party there, just as one might have a party in a private house or in a garden in Riverdale. When I say "in the garden", I don't mean the party in the garden but the private house is there. The trailer would become the private house. The mere fact that it is on wheels would not make any difference. The conduct of the party, of course, would be some-

thing else. If it got too gay, the police would have plenty of opportunity to stop it.

Mr. Shaw: It does appear to me that, unless there is some other provision, you are getting very close to mixing gasoline and alcohol. That is the part that I am thinking of. It may be fine that they can be picked up for impaired driving, but if they happen to crash into a truck or another vehicle and half a dozen get killed then it doesn't really do much good. I am not thinking about the people who are doing the drinking. I'm thinking about the people who are carrying along the road in a normal manner.

Mr. Hughes: The Councillor is not asking a legal question. It is for the member themselves to decide whether they want this. It seems to have worked well in Ontario. It was understood that the members wanted to make it possible for campers to have liquor at their campsite. This is the way it is done in Ontario. Of course, if you have a party at a private house and the guests stagger out and get in their cars and drive in a drunken condition, it is a matter of indifference whether they got drunk in a private house, a cabin or a trailer. They are still unfit to drive. I know of no way in which I can improve on this provision. If this is what you want then it is the best I can do on short notice. The Councillor is quite right. There probably will be abuses but I can't come up with a better suggestion at this time.

Mr. Shaw: Am I correct in understanding that this is in effect in Ontario and that it is working reasonably well?

Mr. Hughes: Yes, I have been aware of its existence for at least two years and as far as I know it hasn't given any trouble. If, at the end of the summer, it is found that this has led to abuses the matter can be brought before you in the fall session, and in the meantime you will have had the summer in which to consider the effect of the experiment.

Section 2 was then read out.

Mr. Watt: I would like to suggest on this section that, if Mr. Vars were here, he would be able to help us. Perhaps we could leave this section and the Clerk could request him to come here after teatime and then we could proceed on with the bill. I have heard some discussions about this and there may be some problems. I don't want to hold you up but I would like to have Mr. Vars here when we discuss this.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. Clerk, is Mr. Vars back in action again?

Mr. Clerk: I don't know.

Mr. Hughes: I didn't know that he had resumed work. I haven't seen or heard of him for a while.

Mr. Clerk tried to get hold of Mr. Vars but discovered that he will not be back at work for another two weeks.

Mr. Watt: I think that, if Mr. Vars is not here, possibly someone else from the liquor store business or Mr. MacKenzie could be here.

Mr. Boyd: I think that if it is going to be anybody, it

thing else. If it got too gay, the police would have plenty of opportunity to stop it.

Mr. Shaw: It does appear to me that, unless there is some other provision, you are getting very close to mixing gasoline and alcohol. That is the part that I am thinking of. It may be fine that they can be picked up for impaired driving, but if they happen to crash into a truck or another vehicle and half a dozen get killed then it doesn't really do much good. I am not thinking about the people who are doing the drinking. I'm thinking about the people who are carrying along the road in a normal manner.

Mr. Hughes: The Councillor is not asking a legal question. It is for the member themselves to decide whether they want this. It seems to have worked well in Ontario. It was understood that the members wanted to make it possible for campers to have liquor at their campsite. This is the way it is done in Ontario. Of course, if you have a party at a private house and the guests stagger out and get in their cars and drive in a drunken condition, it is a matter of indifference whether they got drunk in a private house, a cabin or a trailer. They are still unfit to drive. I know of no way in which I can improve on this provision. If this is what you want then it is the best I can do on short notice. The Councillor is quite right. There probably will be abuses but I can't come up with a better suggestion at this time.

Mr. Shaw: Am I correct in understanding that this is in effect in Ontario and that it is working reasonably well?

Mr. Hughes: Yes, I have been aware of its existence for at least two years and as far as I know it hasn't given any trouble. If, at the end of the summer, it is found that this has led to abuses the matter can be brought before you in the fall session, and in the meantime you will have had the summer in which to consider the effect of the experiment.

Section 2 was then read out.

Mr. Watt: I would like to suggest on this section that, if Mr. Vars were here, he would be able to help us. Perhaps we could leave this section and the Clerk could request him to come here after teatime and then we could proceed on with the bill. I have heard some discussions about this and there may be some problems. I don't want to hold you up but I would like to have Mr. Vars here when we discuss this.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. Clerk, is Mr. Vars back in action again?

Mr. Clerk: I don't know.

Mr. Hughes: I didn't know that he had resumed work. I haven't seen or heard of him for a while.

Mr. Clerk tried to get hold of Mr. Vars but discovered that he will not be back at work for another two weeks.

Mr. Watt: I think that, if Mr. Vars is not here, possibly someone else from the liquor store business or Mr. MacKenzie could be here.

Mr. Boyd: I think that if it is going to be anybody, it

Thursday, April 8th, 1965.  
2:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee was called to order to discuss Bill #10 with Mr. Hughes in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: I think the most efficient way to deal with this Bill would be to take it section by section and deal with each one as we go.

All: Agreed.

Discussion began on Section 1.

Mr. Watt: Has the Legal Advisor any comments?

Mr. Hughes: No, I have no further comment on that. We understood it was the wish of the members to make it possible for campers to have intoxicating liquor at their campsite in the same way they would if they were at home. We think this may have secured that privilege for them under controllable conditions, without throwing the gate wide open.

Mr. Shaw: I would like to put an example before the Legal Advisor. If there was a camping unit travelling along the highway, and there was a great big party going on and they were throwing bottles outside and so forth, owing to the fact that they were allowed to have liquor in there even if they weren't throwing the bottles but just having a big party, would that be acceptable under this or would there be anything in here that would prohibit that while the vehicle was in motion.

Mr. Hughes: Of course, there would be the obvious offence of throwing the bottles out. Then the camping unit has to be bona fide and actually used by the owner, lessee or tenant as a private dwelling. While it is in motion under these conditions I don't think it would be regarded as a bona fide private dwelling. It would be for the Court to put the decision squarely on the book, but I think that they would be open to prosecution and of course there would be some difficulty with the following phrase: "Together with the land immediately appurtenant thereto". If the camping unit had covered about 50 miles along the highway while he was in progress it would be a rather generous connotation of the phrase.

Mr. Shaw: Would this then prohibit a party from going along in a trailer alongside the highway?

Mr. Hughes: A party that is on going in a trailer which is parked?

Mr. Shaw: Yes.

Mr. Hughes: No. If it is being bona fide used as a private dwelling there is no reason why they should not have a party there, just as one might have a party in a private house or in a garden in Riverdale. When I say "in the garden", I don't mean the party in the garden but the private house is there. The trailer would become the private house. The mere fact that it is on wheels would not make any difference. The conduct of the party, of course, would be some-

should be Mr. MacKenzie.

Mr. Shaw: I have no questions to ask him myself but, if Mr. Watt has, I am quite agreeable to it.

Mr. Clerk asked Mr. MacKenzie to join Committee.

Sections 3 and 4 were read.

Mr. MacKinnon: It looks to me as if we are not going to have music in taverns, that is live music. I think it was an agreement of Council last fall that we would have. Now we are bringing darts into the picture. You are going to start throwing darts in bars. What if somebody gets it in the eye? This is ridiculous. I just don't follow it.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): I haven't heard of anybody being crippled playing darts in any of the legions across the country. I don't think it really presents any problem. The next section deals with the allowing of entertainment licences in cocktail lounges. This does not extend to taverns. It is in the cabaret category and I think it is quite fair. Some taverns are out of control while others are very well operated, but I do not think that any live entertainment should be permitted in them at this time. When we extend it to the cocktail lounges it is a first step, and if it appears that it should be extended to taverns at a later date I would certainly go along with it. I feel that an effort is being made here to provide facilities for taverns as well as providing something for cocktail lounges.

Mr. MacKinnon: I am still very doubtful about this dart deal. Who is going to be responsible if somebody does get stabbed with a dart? This is ridiculous. It is out of all reason. You talk about the Legion - that is a big place. My bar, for instance, is a small place. If you had a dart board in there it would be very dangerous. As far as the live music goes, it is not going to hurt anybody.

Mr. Taylor: I can only say there is one obvious answer to that - don't put in a dart board, but if you do choose to put one in, you may do so at your pleasure. This is the answer to that. This doesn't say that you have to put a dart board in your bar.

Mr. Taylor resumed the Chair.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. MacKinnon, do you feel that if you had a dart board in your place, somebody would get stung with it, or is your place kept under better control than that? It would appear from your remarks that you are afraid that the conduct of the individual would be degrading.

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are aware, a dart can easily go astray. It doesn't always go exactly where you want it to. If there is a dart board and they are throwing darts across the room and one does hit somebody, who is going to be responsible?

Mr. Shaw: I might just add that I have heard a lot of people in the past who wondered why they couldn't have a dart board. I myself am not particularly fussy about entertainment but there are a lot of people who like it and this will give them the opportunity to have it. You can have dart

competitions up and down the highway if these people really get proficient. If you don't want them, there is nothing to say you have to have them. It just gives you the opportunity of having them and making them available if you so wish.

Mr. MacKinnon: What we did want we are not going to get, and what we don't want you feel we should get. We wanted live music in taverns if the management sees fit. This has been completely gone around and we have replaced it with a dart board.

Mr. Boyd: I have some respect for a piano under the circumstances. If they can't handle a dart board, then I don't think a piano has much purpose in the building either.

Mr. Watt: I would first of all like to ask the Legal Advisor who would be responsible if somebody did get hurt. I assume Mr. Boyd had quite a bit to do with the drafting of these amendments. Where did the request for this come from? Did you consider a piano player or a T.V. set?

Mr. Boyd: This was a request that was very dominant. It was requested on several occasions.

Mr. Hughes: The question that Councillor Watt asked cannot be answered because there are no actual facts of a case here. It could be the landlord's liability if he created conditions which were a trap and he allowed customers who were hopelessly drunk to throw darts backwards and forwards across the room. Normally it would be a matter of liability between the players and if one got too close to the board, one might even be the author of one's own misfortune. Until an actual case occurs it will be very difficult to decide and of course the ultimate decision lies with the judge and jury.

Mr. Watt: Will it be the operator's option to have a dart board or not?

Mr. Hughes: It is drafted in this way to make it clear that the prohibition against entertainment doesn't include games of skill. If you like, shuffle board is a little less lethal than darts. There fore nobody can come in and say you are after entertainment. Things of that nature will not constitute entertainment. It will be entirely optional for the licensee to have games of that nature. I think dominoes is regarded as a game of skill and you could put that in.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Boyd the reason for not having live music in taverns. Is there any purpose in this?

Mr. Boyd: Only that it doesn't appear to be the wish of the public in this day and age. I am easy on it myself although if I were going to vote on it, I think I would vote on the condition that I would like to know what taverns the music would be going into. I certainly wouldn't want to see it in every tavern.

Mr. MacKinnon: Would you be in favour of having it in some taverns?

Mr. Boyd: Not at the present time. I would want to hear more public opinion and get their views before I would express myself in favour.

competitions up and down the highway if these people really get proficient. If you don't want them, there is nothing to say you have to have them. It just gives you the opportunity of having them and making them available if you so wish.

Mr. MacKinnon: What we did want we are not going to get, and what we don't want you feel we should get. We wanted live music in taverns if the management sees fit. This has been completely gone around and we have replaced it with a dart board.

Mr. Boyd: I have some respect for a piano under the circumstances. If they can't handle a dart board, then I don't think a piano has much purpose in the building either.

Mr. Watt: I would first of all like to ask the Legal Advisor who would be responsible if somebody did get hurt. I assume Mr. Boyd had quite a bit to do with the drafting of these amendments. Where did the request for this come from? Did you consider a piano player or a T.V. set?

Mr. Boyd: This was a request that was very dominant. It was requested on several occasions.

Mr. Hughes: The question that Councillor Watt asked cannot be answered because there are no actual facts of a case here. It could be the landlord's liability if he created conditions which were a trap and he allowed customers who were hopelessly drunk to throw darts backwards and forwards across the room. Normally it would be a matter of liability between the players and if one got too close to the board, one might even be the author of one's own misfortune. Until an actual case occurs it will be very difficult to decide and of course the ultimate decision lies with the judge and jury.

Mr. Watt: Will it be the operator's option to have a dart board or not?

Mr. Hughes: It is drafted in this way to make it clear that the prohibition against entertainment doesn't include games of skill. If you like, shuffle board is a little less lethal than darts. There fore nobody can come in and say you are after entertainment. Things of that nature will not constitute entertainment. It will be entirely optional for the licensee to have games of that nature. I think dominoes is regarded as a game of skill and you could put that in.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to ask Mr. Boyd the reason for not having live music in taverns. Is there any purpose in this?

Mr. Boyd: Only that it doesn't appear to be the wish of the public in this day and age. I am easy on it myself although if I were going to vote on it, I think I would vote on the condition that I would like to know what taverns the music would be going into. I certainly wouldn't want to see it in every tavern.

Mr. MacKinnon: Would you be in favour of having it in some taverns?

Mr. Boyd: Not at the present time. I would want to hear more public opinion and get their views before I would express myself in favour.

should be Mr. MacKenzie.

Mr. Shaw: I have no questions to ask him myself but, if Mr. Watt has, I am quite agreeable to it.

Mr. Clerk asked Mr. MacKenzie to join Committee.

Sections 3 and 4 were read.

Mr. MacKinnon: It looks to me as if we are not going to have music in taverns, that is live music. I think it was an agreement of Council last fall that we would have. Now we are bringing darts into the picture. You are going to start throwing darts in bars. What if somebody gets it in the eye? This is ridiculous. I just don't follow it.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): I haven't heard of anybody being crippled playing darts in any of the legions across the country. I don't think it really presents any problem. The next section deals with the allowing of entertainment licences in cocktail lounges. This does not extend to taverns. It is in the cabaret category and I think it is quite fair. Some taverns are out of control while others are very well operated, but I do not think that any live entertainment should be permitted in them at this time. When we extend it to the cocktail lounges it is a first step, and if it appears that it should be extended to taverns at a later date I would certainly go along with it. I feel that an effort is being made here to provide facilities for taverns as well as providing something for cocktail lounges.

Mr. MacKinnon: I am still very doubtful about this dart deal. Who is going to be responsible if somebody does get stabbed with a dart? This is ridiculous. It is out of all reason. You talk about the Legion - that is a big place. My bar, for instance, is a small place. If you had a dart board in there it would be very dangerous. As far as the live music goes, it is not going to hurt anybody.

Mr. Taylor: I can only say there is one obvious answer to that - don't put in a dart board, but if you do choose to put one in, you may do so at your pleasure. This is the answer to that. This doesn't say that you have to put a dart board in your bar.

Mr. Taylor resumed the Chair.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. MacKinnon, do you feel that if you had a dart board in your place, somebody would get stung with it, or is your place kept under better control than that? It would appear from your remarks that you are afraid that the conduct of the individual would be degrading.

Mr. MacKinnon: As you are aware, a dart can easily go astray. It doesn't always go exactly where you want it to. If there is a dart board and they are throwing darts across the room and one does hit somebody, who is going to be responsible?

Mr. Shaw: I might just add that I have heard a lot of people in the past who wondered why they couldn't have a dart board. I myself am not particularly fussy about entertainment but there are a lot of people who like it and this will give them the opportunity to have it. You can have dart

Mr. Commissioner and Mr. MacKenzie entered the Council Chambers and discussion began on Section 2.

Mr. Watt: In point 4 it says that sales or deliveries of liquor will be made during liquor store hours or any additional hours as set out by the Commissioner. It has been brought to my attention that this could cause some hardship on some of the Territorial employees. The liquor stores hours are up until 10 o'clock at night and I personally do not see why the licensee cannot purchase his liquor from the liquor store in what would be normal store hours such as the hours when the White Pass is operating and hours when other stores are operating, when you have a staff to handle this at the back of the premises. You would have to have additional staff to handle it in these late hours and it is difficult enough now to get people in the liquor store with the wages that they are paying. Has there been a request to have the warehouse staff on that long?

Mr. Boyd: If you don't have this particular staff, you have another staff, namely the bootlegger. He will take the place of the hours you are talking about if you don't keep the liquor store open. There has been mention in here of off the sale premises. This might take the place of the liquor store being open till 10 o'clock at night if it was established. Even though we agree to off the sale premises, it isn't going to get in here using all standards of procedure. There are many things to be done concerning it. It looks as if this could be one of the Yukon's biggest years with people coming and going throughout the Territory, and we are there to serve the people. I think they should be able to go there and buy whatever they require throughout the day rather than have to phone up a bootlegger and then have us arrest the bootlegger and spend another \$1,000.00 finding out how much of a fine he should pay.

Mr. Watt: I'm sorry, I didn't make my point clear. I didn't mean to close down the liquor store hours. It was for the sale to other premises in town over this long day that we have established. The other point is on these off the sale premises. Last fall I thought it just a matter of a few months when we could close that liquor store down in the evening and sell liquor by the bottle through the normal cocktail lounge outlets. I thought that we had left it in the hands of the Administration at that time so that when they did take this action for the off sale liquor in the licensed premises then they could go ahead and close the liquor store on their own for these shorter hours. Was my impression wrong?

Mr. Commissioner: I think that is correct. I will just go over some of your remarks if I may. In other words, you are saying here that in the Ordinance it says that liquor stores in the City of Whitehorse shall be open for the sale of liquor from 10 o'clock in the forenoon to 10 o'clock in the afternoon from Monday to Saturday inclusive. However, there is a bit of conflict when you read item 3. Assuming we were to allow our premises to stay in the City of Whitehorse, the Ordinance says that the liquor store in Whitehorse still must stay open from 10 in the morning till 10 at night. Is that what you were getting at, so that we would actually have a duplication in service or else we would be very reluctant to go ahead and look towards any private premises for the outlet of liquor?

Mr. Watt: Yes, that is it.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): I think it might be wise to point out at this stage of developments that it is an established practice between the licensee and the liquor vendor to pick up his stocks during the morning or early hours of the day. I don't think we will ever effect a warehousing problem whereby you have to have a warehouse staff on after the normal time of 5 o'clock or 6 o'clock. This off premise sale business does raise the question that if we are not prepared to permit off premise sale within the next two weeks, we will have to keep the Whitehorse liquor store open until 10 o'clock at night and we will also have to add another two hours onto Saturday in the outlying districts so that they can stay open till 8 o'clock at night. This is assuming that we would close them at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Boyd: Arrangements may be made by the Commissioner for off premise sales. We are permitting him to make an arrangement if he wishes and if the licensees will take on the job of off sale premises. They have a considerable amount to do. They will have to establish a room and a wicket and so on. The public is not going to be forced to walk into a bar and buy a bottle of liquor. This is not the intention at all. He should be able to walk to a wicket where he is not even seen by the people in the bar and buy a bottle after the liquor store is closed. The reason we have put in the liquor store hours the way they are now is that we don't feel that this is going to get off the ground until probably August. Things have got to be discussed and the Administration will have to come up with a price structure as to what they will charge and so on. Everything is unsettled. The point is that we want the liquor store in Whitehorse open this summer.

Mr. Taylor: In this case, if we are not going to allow a cocktail lounge owner to allow an off sale bottle, even from his bar, then I would have to ask that we retain the same hours in the outlying districts for the liquor store. I was under the impression that during this summer we would have this off premise business going.

Mr. Boyd: I am only assuming this. Mr. Cameron and Mr. MacKenzie can settle it in a hurry if they want to. I am trying to protect what might happen.

Mr. Taylor: The only thing is that it seems to me that, if we are not going to allow the cocktail lounge owner to have a special stock room and dispense this over the bar, he has to go to the work of constructing a separate room and hire additional staff to watch this and dispense it. It will bring in a cost factor which won't permit many operators to provide this service and consequently it may be a long time before we get these facilities all around the Territory.

Mr. Commissioner: We have two different situations here. The Administration would like to have off premises sale of liquor in the outlying districts such as Teslin and Carmacks as soon as possible. We still haven't ~~all~~ the bug ironed out of it but we are working presently on the Teslin situation and we hope to arrive at some decision within the next month or two. The other part of the problem is in Whitehorse. It was suggested some time ago that possibly, in order to get the Whitehorse liquor store back onto the old

Mr. Watt: Yes, that is it.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): I think it might be wise to point out at this stage of developments that it is an established practice between the licensee and the liquor vendor to pick up his stocks during the morning or early hours of the day. I don't think we will ever effect a warehousing problem whereby you have to have a warehouse staff on after the normal time of 5 o'clock or 6 o'clock. This off premise sale business does raise the question that if we are not prepared to permit off premise sale within the next two weeks, we will have to keep the Whitehorse liquor store open until 10 o'clock at night and we will also have to add another two hours onto Saturday in the outlying districts so that they can stay open till 8 o'clock at night. This is assuming that we would close them at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Boyd: Arrangements may be made by the Commissioner for off premise sales. We are permitting him to make an arrangement if he wishes and if the licensees will take on the job of off sale premises. They have a considerable amount to do. They will have to establish a room and a wicket and so on. The public is not going to be forced to walk into a bar and buy a bottle of liquor. This is not the intention at all. He should be able to walk to a wicket where he is not even seen by the people in the bar and buy a bottle after the liquor store is closed. The reason we have put in the liquor store hours the way they are now is that we don't feel that this is going to get off the ground until probably August. Things have got to be discussed and the Administration will have to come up with a price structure as to what they will charge and so on. Everything is unsettled. The point is that we want the liquor store in Whitehorse open this summer.

Mr. Taylor: In this case, if we are not going to allow a cocktail lounge owner to allow an off sale bottle, even from his bar, then I would have to ask that we retain the same hours in the outlying districts for the liquor store. I was under the impression that during this summer we would have this off premise business going.

Mr. Boyd: I am only assuming this. Mr. Cameron and Mr. MacKenzie can settle it in a hurry if they want to. I am trying to protect what might happen.

Mr. Taylor: The only thing is that it seems to me that, if we are not going to allow the cocktail lounge owner to have a special stock room and dispense this over the bar, he has to go to the work of constructing a separate room and hire additional staff to watch this and dispense it. It will bring in a cost factor which won't permit many operators to provide this service and consequently it may be a long time before we get these facilities all around the Territory.

Mr. Commissioner: We have two different situations here. The Administration would like to have off premises sale of liquor in the outlying districts such as Teslin and Carmacks as soon as possible. We still haven't ~~and~~ the bug ironed out of it but we are working presently on the Teslin situation and we hope to arrive at some decision within the next month or two. The other part of the problem is in Whitehorse. It was suggested some time ago that possibly, in order to get the Whitehorse liquor store back onto the old

Mr. Commissioner and Mr. MacKenzie entered the Council Chambers and discussion began on Section 2.

Mr. Watt: In point 4 it says that sales or deliveries of liquor will be made during liquor store hours or any additional hours as set out by the Commissioner. It has been brought to my attention that this could cause some hardship on some of the Territorial employees. The liquor stores hours are up until 10 o'clock at night and I personally do not see why the licensee cannot purchase his liquor from the liquor store in what would be normal store hours such as the hours when the White Pass is operating and hours when other stores are operating, when you have a staff to handle this at the back of the premises. You would have to have additional staff to handle it in these late hours and it is difficult enough now to get people in the liquor store with the wages that they are paying. Has there been a request to have the warehouse staff on that long?

Mr. Boyd: If you don't have this particular staff, you have another staff, namely the bootlegger. He will take the place of the hours you are talking about if you don't keep the liquor store open. There has been mention in here of off the sale premises. This might take the place of the liquor store being open till 10 o'clock at night if it was established. Even though we agree to off the sale premises, it isn't going to get in here using all standards of procedure. There are many things to be done concerning it. It looks as if this could be one of the Yukon's biggest years with people coming and going throughout the Territory, and we are there to serve the people. I think they should be able to go there and buy whatever they require throughout the day rather than have to phone up a bootlegger and then have us arrest the bootlegger and spend another \$1,000.00 finding out how much of a fine he should pay.

Mr. Watt: I'm sorry, I didn't make my point clear. I didn't mean to close down the liquor store hours. It was for the sale to other premises in town over this long day that we have established. The other point is on these off the sale premises. Last fall I thought it just a matter of a few months when we could close that liquor store down in the evening and sell liquor by the bottle through the normal cocktail lounge outlets. I thought that we had left it in the hands of the Administration at that time so that when they did take this action for the off sale liquor in the licensed premises then they could go ahead and close the liquor store on their own for these shorter hours. Was my impression wrong?

Mr. Commissioner: I think that is correct. I will just go over some of your remarks if I may. In other words, you are saying here that in the Ordinance it says that liquor stores in the City of Whitehorse shall be open for the sale of liquor from 10 o'clock in the forenoon to 10 o'clock in the afternoon from Monday to Saturday inclusive. However, there is a bit of conflict when you read item 3. Assuming we were to allow our premises to stay in the City of Whitehorse, the Ordinance says that the liquor store in Whitehorse still must stay open from 10 in the morning till 10 at night. Is that what you were getting at, so that we would actually have a duplication in service or else we would be very reluctant to go ahead and look towards any private premises for the outlet of liquor?

original hours, the off premises sale of liquor be permitted from cocktail lounges in the Whitehorse area during the hours that they are open and the liquor store is closed. This might be a year or two away. I think our pilot programme is at the present time with Teslin and the outlying areas but we would like to get this pilot programme under way as quickly as possible. At the same time sub-section 1 of the Ordinance spells out the hours of the liquor store. It can be changed but I am just wondering if you want to go through an ordinance change. Could it not be worded in such a way that upon satisfactory selection of retail outfits in the City of Whitehorse, the hours of the Whitehorse liquor store may be altered accordingly?

Mr. Taylor: I must have had the wrong impression but I certainly intend that all cocktail lounges in the Yukon Territory would be allowed this off premise sale. The idea was to provide this service to the public and take the evening load off our liquor store and stop the bootleggers. We have as many bootleggers in Watson Lake as you'll find anywhere else in the Territory. This is the problem we are trying to get at and still provide this service to the public. In the preparation of this draft ordinance it was my intention that this should be provided.

Mr. Boyd: I don't think it is fair to force the public to walk into a cocktail bar to buy a bottle of liquor. I think the public will resent this. If he is my type he will walk in and won't get home till the thing closes and he may not have his bottle with him either. This is a problem. I am sure that you can have off sale premises but you are not going to get them in 30 days. It is going to take a little arranging. We are maybe a little late in starting it. I know that some operators are quite prepared to do it. They don't want to have to build anything but they have to have a petition across and a wicket added so that I can walk in there as I would to a hotel desk and get a bottle of whisky. I don't have to go into that bar and stay there the night and go home in the doghouse.

Mr. Taylor: I would agree. If a wicket was provided it would be a good thing but I think you should still be able to purchase from behind the bar in the normal fashion if you so desired. This would satisfy any objection I might have.

Mr. Shaw: I do note that we have a bootlegging problem in Whitehorse and we have none in the outside areas according to the hours that are put down here. Thank you for the compliment that we follow the law in the outside areas though I don't think that is necessarily so. I have never gone into the discussion of the changing of hours before but it seems that just about every year the Council decides to change the hours of the liquor store. In Whitehorse they want them longer or they want them shorter and so they change these hours around just like jack rabbits. The hours that we have in Dawson at the present time appear to be quite satisfactory. I have never heard any complaints so I would assume that everybody is happy with them. We are getting back to what we used to have before except that we have Monday included. This is exactly as it was years ago in the outside areas. There is no difference. In the meantime, the people of that area have got used to going late to the liquor store on Saturday night to purchase liquor. We

are going to cut off that last two hours. They are working well now as far as I can see. What is the object of changing them?

Mr. Taylor: Possibly the member didn't hear my remarks a few moments ago. The idea of changing the hours is that the liquor store would be able to operate on an off premise basis. Instead of going to a liquor store you could just go to a lounge. However, I understand that this may not be so and if that is the case then I feel that the hours should remain as they are.

Mr. Shaw: I was informed that this wasn't in effect. Could somebody tell me if this is in effect, if there will be sales in places other than the liquor stores.

Mr. Commissioner: In answer to that, I would say that we certainly anticipate sale of off premises liquor from cocktail lounges. Originally this came up with the request that a liquor store be put into Teslin. This was why we decided that we would look at the outlying districts in a number of places besides Teslin where people would like to be able to purchase liquor which are quite a distance from a supply store. We could not see the justification in building a liquor store of any size and putting one or two Territorial employees there so we thought this would be a good test run to go to the outside areas and have the liquor supplied by a man who is already in the business in either a tavern or a cocktail lounge. The question came up - why not a grocery store? The police are against this and I can see their reasoning and I think it is very good reasoning: the people in taverns and liquor stores are people who should know and understand the rules and regulations of the liquor business and they are much more capable of handling the individuals and making them sales. We are now trying to come down to some definite progress on it. At the present time, in the case of Teslin, the gentleman we are dealing with is selling his operation. I understand that he is in the final stages of the sale so we will pretty well have to deal with the new owners. Aside from that, we are faced with the problem of how this individual is to be paid. Mr. Fleming, who we discussed this with and who is quite a shrewd businessman, said that he was prepared to do it. However, he could see certain pitfalls. For example, it would definitely affect his tavern business. Whatever he made would have to be more than just pocket money. It would have to compensate him for what he would feel to be his tavern loss as well as giving him a few dollars profit over and above that. As things are now, in the case of a place that has a cocktail licence, all of their liquor is bought at the same price in the liquor store as you and I would pay. However, the bottle is stamped and it goes in the cocktail lounge and can't be sold as a bottle of whisky. It must be sold by the shot. If right alongside of his bar he has a retail outlet for off premises sale and he has a fairly good stock of all types of liquor and he runs out during the evening of a certain brand and he has a request for it, I think the tendency would be quite strong to step 10' down the bar and pick up one of the bottles that he has for off premises sale and use it in his bar. If he did this and got away with it, we would be paying him on a percentage basis or on so much a bottle for the sale of that as a retail liquor supplier and he would be making his normal profit selling it by the shot. This was mentioned and discussed with Mr.

are going to cut off that last two hours. They are working well now as far as I can see. What is the object of changing them?

Mr. Taylor: Possibly the member didn't hear my remarks a few moments ago. The idea of changing the hours is that the liquor store would be able to operate on an off premise basis. Instead of going to a liquor store you could just go to a lounge. However, I understand that this may not be so and if that is the case then I feel that the hours should remain as they are.

Mr. Shaw: I was informed that this wasn't in effect. Could somebody tell me if this is in effect, if there will be sales in places other than the liquor stores.

Mr. Commissioner: In answer to that, I would say that we certainly anticipate sale of off premises liquor from cocktail lounges. Originally this came up with the request that a liquor store be put into Teslin. This was why we decided that we would look at the outlying districts in a number of places besides Teslin where people would like to be able to purchase liquor which are quite a distance from a supply store. We could not see the justification in building a liquor store of any size and putting one or two Territorial employees there so we thought this would be a good test run to go to the outside areas and have the liquor supplied by a man who is already in the business in either a tavern or a cocktail lounge. The question came up - why not a grocery store? The police are against this and I can see their reasoning and I think it is very good reasoning: the people in taverns and liquor stores are people who should know and understand the rules and regulations of the liquor business and they are much more capable of handling the individuals and making them sales. We are now trying to come down to some definite progress on it. At the present time, in the case of Teslin, the gentleman we are dealing with is selling his operation. I understand that he is in the final stages of the sale so we will pretty well have to deal with the new owners. Aside from that, we are faced with the problem of how this individual is to be paid. Mr. Fleming, who we discussed this with and who is quite a shrewd businessman, said that he was prepared to do it. However, he could see certain pitfalls. For example, it would definitely affect his tavern business. Whatever he made would have to be more than just pocket money. It would have to compensate him for what he would feel to be his tavern loss as well as giving him a few dollars profit over and above that. As things are now, in the case of a place that has a cocktail licence, all of their liquor is bought at the same price in the liquor store as you and I would pay. However, the bottle is stamped and it goes in the cocktail lounge and can't be sold as a bottle of whisky. It must be sold by the shot. If right alongside of his bar he has a retail outlet for off premises sale and he has a fairly good stock of all types of liquor and he runs out during the evening of a certain brand and he has a request for it, I think the tendency would be quite strong to step 10' down the bar and pick up one of the bottles that he has for off premises sale and use it in his bar. If he did this and got away with it, we would be paying him on a percentage basis or on so much a bottle for the sale of that as a retail liquor supplier and he would be making his normal profit selling it by the shot. This was mentioned and discussed with Mr.

original hours, the off premises sale of liquor be permitted from cocktail lounges in the Whitehorse area during the hours that they are open and the liquor store is closed. This might be a year or two away. I think our pilot programme is at the present time with Teslin and the outlying areas but we would like to get this pilot programme under way as quickly as possible. At the same time sub-section 1 of the Ordinance spells out the hours of the liquor store. It can be changed but I am just wondering if you want to go through an ordinance change. Could it not be worded in such a way that upon satisfactory selection of retail outfits in the City of Whitehorse, the hours of the Whitehorse liquor store may be altered accordingly?

Mr. Taylor: I must have had the wrong impression but I certainly intend that all cocktail lounges in the Yukon Territory would be allowed this off premise sale. The idea was to provide this service to the public and take the evening load off our liquor store and stop the bootleggers. We have as many bootleggers in Watson Lake as you'll find anywhere else in the Territory. This is the problem we are trying to get at and still provide this service to the public. In the preparation of this draft ordinance it was my intention that this should be provided.

Mr. Boyd: I don't think it is fair to force the public to walk into a cocktail bar to buy a bottle of liquor. I think the public will resent this. If he is my type he will walk in and won't get home till the thing closes and he may not have his bottle with him either. This is a problem. I am sure that you can have off sale premises but you are not going to get them in 30 days. It is going to take a little arranging. We are maybe a little late in starting it. I know that some operators are quite prepared to do it. They don't want to have to build anything but they have to have a petition across and a wicket added so that I can walk in there as I would to a hotel desk and get a bottle of whisky. I don't have to go into that bar and stay there the night and go home in the doghouse.

Mr. Taylor: I would agree. If a wicket was provided it would be a good thing but I think you should still be able to purchase from behind the bar in the normal fashion if you so desired. This would satisfy any objection I might have.

Mr. Shaw: I do note that we have a bootlegging problem in Whitehorse and we have none in the outside areas according to the hours that are put down here. Thank you for the compliment that we follow the law in the outside areas though I don't think that is necessarily so. I have never gone into the discussion of the changing of hours before but it seems that just about every year the Council decides to change the hours of the liquor store. In Whitehorse they want them longer or they want them shorter and so they change these hours around just like jack rabbits. The hours that we have in Dawson at the present time appear to be quite satisfactory. I have never heard any complaints so I would assume that everybody is happy with them. We are getting back to what we used to have before except that we have Monday included. This is exactly as it was years ago in the outside areas. There is no difference. In the meantime, the people of that area have got used to going late to the liquor store on Saturday night to purchase liquor. We

Fleming and he agreed that it would be difficult to control this. We can't have somebody inspecting everyday to see that there are little markings on the bottle. These are just two or three of the points that have been brought up in the discussions so far. We have n't been able to come up with a definite answer and the main reason is that we haven't had the opportunity to deal with the Teslin situation because we are still attempting to find out who is going to be the owner.

Mr. Taylor: When we started out to get this bill drafted, it was my intention that only cocktail lounges be allowed to sell liquor on an off premise basis which of course include cabarets. It seems to me that there shouldn't be too much difficulty. I agree with what the Commissioner says but here again is this not a matter of enforcement? Later on in this bill we provide an R.C.M.P. constable in the outlying districts as a liquor inspector as a means of trying to keep some control. It seems to me that we cannot get legislation sufficient to provide for all possibilities. It is entirely possible that an operator might do what you suggest but if he does and gets caught at it he will be in bad trouble under the Ordinance. I don't think we can get much finer than that. Most operators keep a very stod stock on hand for their bar and I can't see this problem arising too often. It may be necessary to stamp these other bottles for off premise sale and certainly the operator would have to account for where his liquor has gone. There would have to be some stock control somewhere but I can't see it to be an unworkable situation.

Mr. Boyd: It seems to me that Mr. Taylor has forgotten how this subject got started. He complained vehemently last session about Teslin citizens having to come 100 miles to buy a bottle of whisky. Now he stands up and he states that it was only intended to put it in cabarets or cocktail lounges when there isn't one at Teslin at all. I think we can get on to this subject and stay on it a long time and we are going to establish nothing when we are through with it. I can see we are getting into a great long debate. I think we should proceed to try and settle the hours of the liquor store for now and work on the rest of it as time goes on. We should leave authority in here for off the sale premises that they may be instituted by the Commissioner and let them do their best to get it going. As for Mr. Shaw, he wants to know why we are closing their stores down in the outside areas at 6 o'clock. In the first place, it was never intended that we would change those hours. That got changed by mistake as far as the Liquor Committee was concerned. Secondly, the Administration are not very happy with it because the business there doesn't warrant keeping them open these long hours and I think this is quite right.

Mr. Taylor: This did start out over Teslin but we are talking about two different functions. We are talking about a liquor store in Teslin as one separate entity. The other item is the general allowance provision for all round the Territory where cocktail lounges can sell off premise liquor. The only reason that I suggested the change in liquor store hours in the outlying districts was that these off premise liquor sales would be provided. It appears that it is not going to be provided immediately. Therefore, I recommend that this bill be amended to put the liquor store hours back on the normal basis.

Recess for tea.

Later

Chairman called Council to order.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Boyd was talking about the outlets that were not in Whitehorse, and he was saying they don't sell enough liquor. Well, that would be a very sensible remark if we were considering a normal transaction, but in this instance we are providing a Government service on a product which we rigorously control, so I think that is a different situation to operating a normal business. I would, I can only talk about where it applies in my section, because I don't know the conditions that exist elsewhere in the Territory, they can have it open for 24 hours a day if they want, or two hours, or whatever they decide fits in with whatever they are fitting in with, but I do say these present hours do seem to be working out fairly well. I would suggest, in fact I would ask the Commissioner what he considers about this, that we keep the existing hours as they are, and wait until this new system that hasn't been tried, and has a lot of bugs that have to be taken out of it for the sale of liquor in premises other than Government premises, put that out first. It might be a year or two, different things will have to be tried, like it is suggested, trying it in Teslin. See how it works, and then, after you've found out where the bugs are it would be possible to put it on a larger scale. I think that is general intention. Leave the hours in the outside areas as they are until that change comes about. I don't think that would create any problems. It's working fine now. Let's wait until we get this other proposition worked out before we start implementing it in a wholesale manner, otherwise we are liable to run in to a lot of trouble.

Mr. Commissioner: If I understand Councillor Shaw correctly he is against the hours of liquor stores outside of Whitehorse, in other words other places in the Territory as laid down in this amendment. Is this correct?

Mr. Shaw: I'm not necessarily against it, except that the people somehow have got used to this 8 o'clock on a Saturday night, I believe, now they're going to be cut off at 6 o'clock. I haven't had the opportunity to find out how this is going to work out. All I can say is that it is working out satisfactorily the way it is. There don't seem to be any complaints. If we change it may be there will be a lot of squawks on it, they'll say, "Well now, how come, Councillor Shaw, in Whitehorse they can go in at 10 o'clock and they can buy liquor? Don't we have the same rights as the people in Whitehorse? Are we discriminated against?" What am I going to say? What answer can I say? Because they have been accustomed to having it at 8 o'clock. There is where we have a little bit of a problem. If it can be sold elsewhere, fine. All I suggest is that we keep it as it is. When we get this other scheme formulated so we know which way we can go then you could proceed and cut down the liquor stores to 5 or 4 o'clock.

Mr. Taylor: This is quite agreeable, I think, to all members. Possibly Mr. Boyd has a proposal to make. What I was going to suggest we could move is that Subsection (2) be amended to provide for present hours now in force (that means the outlying districts) and that we provide a new Subsection to give the Commissioner the right to regulate the hours of liquor

Later

Chairman called Council to order.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Boyd was talking about the outlets that were not in Whitehorse, and he was saying they don't sell enough liquor. Well, that would be a very sensible remark if we were considering a normal transaction, but in this instance we are providing a Government service on a product which we rigorously control, so I think that is a different situation to operating a normal business. I would, I can only talk about where it applies in my section, because I don't know the conditions that exist elsewhere in the Territory, they can have it open for 24 hours a day if they want, or two hours, or whatever they decide fits in with whatever they are fitting in with, but I do say these present hours do seem to be working out fairly well. I would suggest, in fact I would ask the Commissioner what he considers about this, that we keep the existing hours as they are, and wait until this new system that hasn't been tried, and has a lot of bugs that have to be taken out of it for the sale of liquor in premises other than Government premises, put that out first. It might be a year or two, different things will have to be tried, like it is suggested, trying it in Teslin. See how it works, and then, after you've found out where the bugs are it would be possible to put it on a larger scale. I think that is general intention. Leave the hours in the outside areas as they are until that change comes about. I don't think that would create any problems. It's working fine now. Let's wait until we get this other proposition worked out before we start implementing it in a wholesale manner, otherwise we are liable to run in to a lot of trouble.

Mr. Commissioner: If I understand Councillor Shaw correctly he is against the hours of liquor stores outside of Whitehorse, in other words other places in the Territory as laid down in this amendment. Is this correct?

Mr. Shaw: I'm not necessarily against it, except that the people somehow have got used to this 8 o'clock on a Saturday night, I believe, now they're going to be cut off at 6 o'clock. I haven't had the opportunity to find out how this is going to work out. All I can say is that it is working out satisfactorily the way it is. There don't seem to be any complaints. If we change it may be there will be a lot of squawks on it, they'll say, "Well now, how come, Councillor Shaw, in Whitehorse they can go in at 10 o'clock and they can buy liquor? Don't we have the same rights as the people in Whitehorse? Are we discriminated against?" What am I going to say? What answer can I say? Because they have been accustomed to having it at 8 o'clock. There is where we have a little bit of a problem. If it can be sold elsewhere, fine. All I suggest is that we keep it as it is. When we get this other scheme formulated so we know which way we can go then you could proceed and cut down the liquor stores to 5 or 4 o'clock.

Mr. Taylor: This is quite agreeable, I think, to all members. Possibly Mr. Boyd has a proposal to make. What I was going to suggest we could move is that Subsection (2) be amended to provide for present hours now in force (that means the outlying districts) and that we provide a new Subsection to give the Commissioner the right to regulate the hours of liquor

Fleming and he agreed that it would be difficult to control this. We can't have somebody inspecting everyday to see that there are little markings on the bottle. These are just two or three of the points that have been brought up in the discussions so far. We have n't been able to come up with a definite answer and the main reason is that we haven't had the opportunity to deal with the Teslin situation because we are still attempting to find out who is going to be the owner.

Mr. Taylor: When we started out to get this bill drafted, it was my intention that only cocktail lounges be allowed to sell liquor on an off premise basis which of course include cabarets. It seems to me that there shouldn't be too much difficulty. I agree with what the Commissioner says but here again is this not a matter of enforcement? Later on in this bill we provide an R.C.M.P. constable in the outlying districts as a liquor inspector as a means of trying to keep some control. It seems to me that we cannot get legislation sufficient to provide for all possibilities. It is entirely possible that an operator might do what you suggest but if he does and gets caught at it he will be in bad trouble under the Ordinance. I don't think we can get much finer than that. Most operators keep a very stod stock on hand for their bar and I can't see this problem arising too often. It may be necessary to stamp these other bottles for off premise sale and certainly the operator would have to account for where his liquor has gone. There would have to be some stock control somewhere but I can't see it to be an unworkable situation.

Mr. Boyd: It seems to me that Mr. Taylor has forgotten how this subject got started. He complained vehemently last session about Teslin citizens having to come 100 miles to buy a bottle of whisky. Now he stands up and he states that it was only intended to put it in cabarets or cocktail lounges when there isn't one at Teslin at all. I think we can get on to this subject and stay on it a long time and we are going to establish nothing when we are through with it. I can see we are getting into a great long debate. I think we should proceed to try and settle the hours of the liquor store for now and work on the rest of it as time goes on. We should leave authority in here for off the sale premises that they may be instituted by the Commissioner and let them do their best to get it going. As for Mr. Shaw, he wants to know why we are closing their stores down in the outside areas at 6 o'clock. In the first place, it was never intended that we would change those hours. That got changed by mistake as far as the Liquor Committee was concerned. Secondly, the Administration are not very happy with it because the business there doesn't warrant keeping them open these long hours and I think this is quite right.

Mr. Taylor: This did start out over Teslin but we are talking about two different functions. We are talking about a liquor store in Teslin as one separate entity. The other item is the general allowance provision for all round the Territory where cocktail lounges can sell off premise liquor. The only reason that I suggested the change in liquor store hours in the outlying districts was that these off premise liquor sales would be provided. It appears that it is not going to be provided immediately. Therefore, I recommend that this bill be amended to put the liquor store hours back on the normal basis.

Recess for tea.

stores when off-premise sales of liquor are permitted. In other words, whenever the Administration bring this in they will then be able to retulate the closing hours of liquor stores throughout the Territory until we get this thing working smoothly. This, I feel, would clear the situation right up. Would this do this, Mr. Commissioner, in your opinion?

Mr. Commissioner: This would be my thinking on the matter. It would prevent them having to come back at a later date and saying now we have this system working in this place, and in another place, and we will require a change in the Ordinance in order to cut down operation of our liquor store hours. If the Council could suggest, or submit this idea to Mr. Hughes I am sure he could incorporate it. I am wondering, in the case of Subsection (2) whether it's a case of being the same hours before this amendment came up. Then, would it not be correct just to leave that out, in other words, there is no amendment.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to move in connection with the liquor store hours that we amend it to read that "The Commissioner may change liquor store hours when adequate arrangements have been completed for retail sale for off-premises consumption" and that we delete #2 from this Bill. It should, I think in my mind, take care of it.

Mr. Commissioner: That also appears to be an incentive for the Administration to establish these off-premises sales from other outlets, in order to cut down our overhead in our liquor establishments. I think it sounds very good, unless Mr. Hughes knows of any reason why it cannot be implemented.

Mr. Hughes: At the moment the whole of 9 has been repealed. In order to make it convenient for reference I always like to repeal the whole of a thing, rather than rewrite it and have a bit here, and a bit hanging off from elastic. I will work along the lines indicated, but I will re-state the old. Even though it appears to be a repeal it will be a re-statement of (2). I think it's probably item (26) which deals with an amendment to Section 52A - a provision where "The Commissioner may by order allow the retail sale of liquor..." I might put Councillor Boyd's suggestion in there, I am not sure, I would have to look at it, but I think I've got the idea. It would be before you tomorrow morning anyhow.

Mr. Shaw seconded Councillor Boyd's motion.

Moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Shaw: The Commissioner may change the liquor store hours when adequate arrangements have been completed for retail sale of off-premises consumption, and that Subsection (2) be restated to provide for hours presently in force.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Watt: Before we leave section 2(9) the point that I was making there could be easily amended, section (4) of the hours "Sale or delivery of liquor from liquor stores may be made to licensees or their agents duly authorized during times the liquor store is open for the sale of liquor to the public and at such other time as may be established by regulation of the Commissioner." If we changed that "and" to "or"

it would mean that the Commissioner could make regulations controlling the sale of liquor to the back door, and if would give him more freedom. As it reads now he's going to have to make regulations to cover from 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night and additional hours in the morning. If we change that to "or" then he can change the hours within 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night. There have been quite a few employees of the Government that have lived in my area, I think most of them have quit working for the liquor store now, and one of the chief objections was the odd hours that they were being employed, and the chief complaint that could have been got over, and as a result of bad legislation, and that is to have these people in the back end compelled to be there, and they were doing nothing. We had people hired there that we had legislated be there, and they do nothing. This is for the back end, I'm not talking about the front end now, Mr. Boyd. We had to have extra people to look after the back end. This would take care of that objection, and then it could be left up to the Commissioner to regulate within that 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock in the evening, just by changing that "and" to "or".

Mr. Boyd: Well, I'm easy. What does the Legal Advisor have to say about the proposal?

Mr. Hughes: If you're going to do that why don't you just simply say that "Sales or delivery of liquor from liquor stores may be made to licensees or their agents during such hours as may be established by regulation of the Commissioner."? This is what in effect you are going to say. Now you're back to square one.

Mr. Watt: Do we need a motion?

Mr. Chairman: I don't think we require a motion on that, do we Mr. Hughes?

Mr. Hughes: No. I'll bring that to you tomorrow.

Council continued with Item 5, and explanatory Note.

Mr. Shaw: It seems to me, and I'll just ask if this is correct. All the difference this makes is that it permits entertainment in a cocktail lounge outside the radius the City of Whitehorse. That's all, isn't it?

Mr. Hughes: Provided it gets a cabaret license, but the effect of the cabaret license at present is that they have a different set of hours. These outside of Whitehorse would still have to get a cabaret license, but they could carry on with the normal cocktail lounge house. That's the effect it has.

Mr. Watt: I would just like to ask Mr. Boyd, in the Liquor Committee Report that we had it suggested, I believe, that any liquor outlet such as cabaret or cocktail lounge be allowed to choose a certain number of hours such as 16 out of the 24. Did it not say that, Mr. Boyd, and did you recommend that to Council at all? If not, why not?

Mr. Boyd: The Liquor Brief suggested that any licensee could choose his own hours. They shall not be more than those presently in existence. In other words, if he wants to open

it would mean that the Commissioner could make regulations controlling the sale of liquor to the back door, and if would give him more freedom. As it reads now he's going to have to make regulations to cover from 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night and additional hours in the morning. If we change that to "or" then he can change the hours within 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night. There have been quite a few employees of the Government that have lived in my area, I think most of them have quit working for the liquor store now, and one of the chief objections was the odd hours that they were being employed, and the chief complaint that could have been got over, and as a result of bad legislation, and that is to have these people in the back end compelled to be there, and they were doing nothing. We had people hired there that we had legislated be there, and they do nothing. This is for the back end, I'm not talking about the front end now, Mr. Boyd. We had to have extra people to look after the back end. This would take care of that objection, and then it could be left up to the Commissioner to regulate within that 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock in the evening, just by changing that "and" to "or".

Mr. Boyd: Well, I'm easy. What does the Legal Advisor have to say about the proposal?

Mr. Hughes: If you're going to do that why don't you just simply say that "Sales or delivery of liquor from liquor stores may be made to licensees or their agents during such hours as may be established by regulation of the Commissioner."? This is what in effect you are going to say. Now you're back to square one.

Mr. Watt: Do we need a motion?

Mr. Chairman: I don't think we require a motion on that, do we Mr. Hughes?

Mr. Hughes: No. I'll bring that to you tomorrow.

Council continued with Item 5, and explanatory Note.

Mr. Shaw: It seems to me, and I'll just ask if this is correct. All the difference this makes is that it permits entertainment in a cocktail lounge outside the radius the City of Whitehorse. That's all, isn't it?

Mr. Hughes: Provided it gets a cabaret license, but the effect of the cabaret license at present is that they have a different set of hours. These outside of Whitehorse would still have to get a cabaret license, but they could carry on with the normal cocktail lounge hours. That's the effect it has.

Mr. Watt: I would just like to ask Mr. Boyd, in the Liquor Committee Report that we had it suggested, I believe, that any liquor outlet such as cabaret or cocktail lounge be allowed to choose a certain number of hours such as 16 out of the 24. Did it not say that, Mr. Boyd, and did you recommend that to Council at all? If not, why not?

Mr. Boyd: The Liquor Brief suggested that any licensee could choose his own hours. They shall not be more than those presently in existence. In other words, if he wants to open

stores when off-premise sales of liquor are permitted. In other words, whenever the Administration bring this in they will then be able to retulate the closing hours of liquor stores throughout the Territory until we get this thing working smoothly. This, I feel, would clear the situation right up. Would this do this, Mr. Commissioner, in your opinion?

Mr. Commissioner: This would be my thinking on the matter. It would prevent them having to come back at a later date and saying now we have this system working in this place, and in another place, and we will require a change in the Ordinance in order to cut down operation of our liquor store hours. If the Council could suggest, or submit this idea to Mr. Hughes I am sure he could incorporate it. I am wondering, in the case of Subsection (2) whether it's a case of being the same hours before this amendment came up. Then, would it not be correct just to leave that out, in other words, there is no amendment.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to move in connection with the liquor store hours that we amend it to read that "The Commissioner may change liquor store hours when adequate arrangements have been completed for retail sale for off-premises consumption" and that we delete #2 from this Bill. It should, I think in my mind, take care of it.

Mr. Commissioner: That also appears to be an incentive for the Administration to establish these off-premises sales from other outlets, in order to cut down our overhead in our liquor establishments. I think it sounds very good, unless Mr. Hughes knows of any reason why it cannot be implemented.

Mr. Hughes: At the moment the whole of 9 has been repealed. In order to make it convenient for reference I always like to repeal the whole of a thing, rather than rewrite it and have a bit here, and a bit hanging off from elastic. I will work along the lines indicated, but I will re-state the old. Even though it appears to be a repeal it will be a re-statement of (2). I think it's probably item (26) which deals with an amendment to Section 52A - a provision where "The Commissioner may by order allow the retail sale of liquor..." I might put Councillor Boyd's suggestion in there, I am not sure, I would have to look at it, but I think I've got the idea. It would be before you tomorrow morning anyhow.

Mr. Shaw seconded Councillor Boyd's motion.

Moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Shaw: The Commissioner may change the liquor store hours when adequate arrangements have been completed for retail sale of off-premises consumption, and that Subsection (2) be restated to provide for hours presently in force.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Watt: Before we leave section 2(9) the point that I was making there could be easily amended, section (4) of the hours "Sale or delivery of liquor from liquor stores may be made to licensees or their agents duly authorized during times the liquor store is open for the sale of liquor to the public and at such other time as may be established by regulation of the Commissioner." If we changed that "and" to "or"

at ten o'clock tonight and stay open until 8 o'clock tomorrow morning he can do so, but he will do it throughout the year. If he want to stay open from 10 o'clock this morning until 10 o'clock tonight he can do it. That was our suggestion.

Mr. Watt: The only question I'm asking Mr. Boyd is he's recommending a lot of different hours but he's never once recommended the hours that the Liquor Brief set out.

Mr. Boyd: There are several other things in the Liquor Brief that we haven't got into Bill form. We had hoped the Administration would tackle it and put it before us, but things are slow. Inch by inch we're getting a little bit in. This is not an attempt to cover the Liquor Brief in full. It's some of the things we feel are essential at the present time. We'll get some more later.

Mr. Watt: We can expect an amendment such as that some time in the future then? Is this right?

Mr. Boyd: Certainly.

Coouncil continued through Item 6.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. Hughes, is this the item referred to in section 5 in the explanatory notes?

Mr. Hughes: It should be. Yes, I think that's correct. Previously that provided "The fee chargeable for a license under subsection 1A of this section shall be \$25.00 where the permitted occupancy of members of the public is less than 40 and \$50.00 where the permitted occupancy is 40 or over." You'll now find that provision carried back in to the Schedule at the end.

Council continued through Item 7.

Mr. Hughes: That, I should say, used to have a piece tacked on the end - "and is guilty of offence, and liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$500.00, and for a second or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding \$1,000.00" There are penalty provisions at the back of the Ordinance, and it was felt confusing to have a special provision there.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Hughes, wasn't this an offence before. I mean didn't we have this in the Ordinance before? Why is this with us today?

Mr. Hughes: It was an offence. What has been done is to drop off the special fine provision there and rely on the penalty provisions at the back of the Ordinance. It's always been there.

Council continued through Item 8

Mr. Chairman: This is another Schedule change, Mr. Hughes, is it not?

Mr. Hughes: Yes. Formerly there was a provision "Any license issued pursuant to subsection 1" (that's the entertainment license) "shall be deemed to be suspended or cancelled as the case may be if the license permitting the sale of liquor

on the premises where the entertainment is given is suspended or cancelled". It was felt that that wasn't necessary, and in the interests of shortening the number of sections I dropped that provision. After all, if you can't have any liquor sold there you're not going to have very many people craving for entertainment.

Council continued through Items 9 and 10 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: It used to read "The license granted under subsection 1 shall expire at midnight on the 31st day of March in the year next following the day upon which it was issued". This was actually wrong, so we just dropped that out.

Council continued through Items 11 and 12 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Commissioner: If I might comment on that - I think this came up a year or two ago, and the main objection as far as the police are concerned is that the senior officer in charge of these outlying districts, who is usually if not always, a corporal, is only on shift during we'll say, an 8-hour period. In most cases his work is mainly done on the office, he is not on the road as much as his constable or constables. So what you have done is to say the man who is running the establishment, or the detachment, is the only one that can enter a liquor store, where a man who is on highway patrol up and down the highway and encountering the retail outlets is not permitted to go in. It would appear you defeat some of the purpose, where the problem exists during the patrol of a constable he would just report back to his station or to his senior NCO. Then it would be up to the corporal to make the trip out whether it was one mile or 20 miles or 50 miles, and see if what the constable had told him was correct. Now I realize that in the case of a riot or something any police officer can go in, but I am wondering if you would get the necessary results from this method.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): This was discussed last Fall, and it was agreed we did not wish to give a blanket authority over the Ordinance to all members of the R.C.M.P. However, it was also agreed that the liquor inspector couldn't be in 7 different places at once, and it was felt that one member of the R.C.M.P. in an outlying detachment could be appointed by the Commissioner as a liquor inspector for that particular community and area. It seems to me that if it is the case that the corporal, for instance, or the senior officer being appointed the liquor inspector, is generally in the community and can be reached. If a constable does find an infraction he would first have to have the direction of the liquor inspector before taking any action - the liquor inspector being, of course, being either another constable or the presiding officer. This was clearly the intent, rather than give the R.C.M.P. blanket powers in this regard.

Mr. Boyd: It's out of my category as far as inspection is concerned. It seems to be the wish of the outside members and not necessarily those of the Whitehorse members. I would not want to see a situation where justice was not being carried out because of some poor wording on our part, and I'm not so thoroughly convinced that a policeman in uniform isn't capable of carrying out his duties, whether he be senior or under, so to speak. I think other Councillors should, you're

on the premises where the entertainment is given is suspended or cancelled". It was felt that that wasn't necessary, and in the interests of shortening the number of sections I dropped that provision. After all, if you can't have any liquor sold there you're not going to have very many people craving for entertainment.

Council continued through Items 9 and 10 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: It used to read "The license granted under subsection 1 shall expire at midnight on the 31st day of March in the year next following the day upon which it was issued". This was actually wrong, so we just dropped that out.

Council continued through Items 11 and 12 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Commissioner: If I might comment on that - I think this came up a year or two ago, and the main objection as far as the police are concerned is that the senior officer in charge of these outlying districts, who is usually if not always, a corporal, is only on shift during we'll say, an 8-hour period. In most cases his work is mainly done on the office, he is not on the road as much as his constable or constables. So what you have done is to say the man who is running the establishment, or the detachment, is the only one that can enter a liquor store, where a man who is on highway patrol up and down the highway and encountering the retail outlets is not permitted to go in. It would appear you defeat some of the purpose, where the problem exists during the patrol of a constable he would just report back to his station or to his senior NCO. Then it would be up to the corporal to make the trip out whether it was one mile or 20 miles or 50 miles, and see if what the constable had told him was correct. Now I realize that in the case of a riot or something any police officer can go in, but I am wondering if you would get the necessary results from this method.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): This was discussed last Fall, and it was agreed we did not wish to give a blanket authority over the Ordinance to all members of the R.C.M.P. However, it was also agreed that the liquor inspector couldn't be in 7 different places at once, and it was felt that one member of the R.C.M.P. in an outlying detachment could be appointed by the Commissioner as a liquor inspector for that particular community and area. It seems to me that if it is the case that the corporal, for instance, or the senior officer being appointed the liquor inspector, is generally in the community and can be reached. If a constable does find an infraction he would first have to have the direction of the liquor inspector before taking any action - the liquor inspector being, of course, being either another constable or the presiding officer. This was clearly the intent, rather than give the R.C.M.P. blanket powers in this regard.

Mr. Boyd: It's out of my category as far as inspection is concerned. It seems to be the wish of the outside members and not necessarily those of the Whitehorse members. I would not want to see a situation where justice was not being carried out because of some poor wording on our part, and I'm not so thoroughly convinced that a policeman in uniform isn't capable of carrying out his duties, whether he be senior or under, so to speak. I think other Councillors should, you're

at ten o'clock tonight and stay open until 8 o'clock tomorrow morning he can do so, but he will do it throughout the year. If he want to stay open from 10 o'clock this morning until 10 o'clock tonight he can do it. That was our suggestion.

Mr. Watt: The only question I'm asking Mr. Boyd is he's recommending a lot of different hours but he's never once recommended the hours that the Liquor Brief set out.

Mr. Boyd: There are several other things in the Liquor Brief that we haven't got into Bill form. We had hoped the Administration would tackle it and put it before us, but things are slow. Inch by inch we're getting a little bit in. This is not an attempt to cover the Liquor Brief in full. It's some of the things we feel are essential at the present time. We'll get some more later.

Mr. Watt: We can expect an amendment such as that some time in the future then? Is this right?

Mr. Boyd: Certainly.

Council continued through Item 6.

Mr. Chairman: Mr. Hughes, is this the item referred to in section 5 in the explanatory notes?

Mr. Hughes: It should be. Yes, I think that's correct. Previously that provided "The fee chargeable for a license under subsection 1A of this section shall be \$25.00 where the permitted occupancy of members of the public is less than 40 and \$50.00 where the permitted occupancy is 40 or over." You'll now find that provision carried back in to the Schedule at the end.

Council continued through Item 7.

Mr. Hughes: That, I should say, used to have a piece tacked on the end - "and is guilty of offence, and liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$100.00, and for a second or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding \$1,000.00" There are penalty provisions at the back of the Ordinance, and it was felt confusing to have a special provision there.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Hughes, wasn't this an offence before. I mean didn't we have this in the Ordinance before? Why is this with us today?

Mr. Hughes: It was an offence. What has been done is to drop off the special fine provision there and rely on the penalty provisions at the back of the Ordinance. It's always been there.

Council continued through Item 8

Mr. Chairman: This is another Schedule change, Mr. Hughes, is it not?

Mr. Hughes: Yes. Formerly there was a provision "Any license issued pursuant to subsection 1" (that's the entertainment license) "shall be deemed to be suspended or cancelled as the case may be if the license permitting the sale of liquor

going to have to decide on this, I think you should express yourselves or familiarize yourselves with the situation, at least. It's not my doing entirely at all, it's the wishes of the outside members.

Mr. Southam: I think I expressed my views on this same subject last fall, and I'm still of the same opinion. I think that any constable should be allowed to go into these places, and if, as I put it last Fall, there must be a reason when they have to go in and around these places a little oftener than usual. Quite frequently it is because the tavern, or whatever the place might be, is run in such a lackadaisical way that the patrons get out of hand. They get full, they get this, they get that, and probably the tavern is not up to the proper standards or what have you. Now my opinion is, and I still stick with it, that any officer that's on duty should be, at these particular times, should be the inspector. He should have that privilege, to go in and check it up. He has it up in Elsa. He comes in to our halls there when there's dances when there's liquor sold, he comes in there and he takes a look around and he goes out again. I think it's only right that we should have that protection.

Mr. Shaw: I'm afraid I can't quite agree with Councillor Southam in toto of what he's said. I feel there should certainly be, very much should be, a liquor inspector in every area that can look after the situation. The most appropriate one is an R.C.M.P. officer. I agree with that. However, I think a person should be appointed in every locality, whether it be Mayo, Dawson, Watson Lake, one of the R.C.M.P. - it seems to be a problem to get the corporal to do it - however, one of those persons should be. This person should have a certain amount of training with respect to this particular matter. The reason I say that is because otherwise you get young fellows in the force, maybe a little over-zealous, who might create more problems possibly than they would resolve. I'm not making any detrimental remarks, I think they do a pretty good job in general, but nonetheless I think there should be one in every place, and I think the person that should be, should be one person, and should be an experienced officer, so he could use judgement which he has acquired over the years. I think that can be controlled very easily. But for a blanket permit to any and all - I think it would create a lot of problems, I'm certain it would. I have lived in this area for quite a while, and I've seen police officers come and go, and I note, and it's quite understandable, that after they have been here in the area for a year or so, coming from outside, that their attitude changes quite a lot. I think that we do need an experienced person, and as far as giving the Commissioner powers, I would feel that's the only practical way you could do it. But I would say one person be appointed, and that person be as experienced as is possible.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to say I am very much in agreement with what Mr. Shaw has said.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair): I have just one question for Mr. Hughes; in considering this item, is there provision now for the Commissioner to make regulations respecting the appointment of liquor inspectors?

Mr. Hughes: Yes. He may appoint liquor inspectors. He already has that authority.

Mr. Shaw: I would just like to ask the Commissioner a question. Would it be his intention to get a senior person in each section where one is required?

Mr. Commissioner; Yes, I'm quite happy to do this. I merely brought the subject up because if there was any kick-back why - it's quite possible this might work. But I'm quite prepared to take the senior member in each place to do this. If it says so in the Ordinance, so shall it be done.

Mr. Watt: A little while ago Mr. Boyd asked about the Whitehorse area, he was wondering about the Whitehorse Councillors too. I think the suggestion here is a good one, and if we get more experienced constables walking in to these places, rather than have somebody that's just come up from the outside and pick somebody up for some minor violation that may not be too serious, and if he had been here a little bit longer it might have been overlooked. I'm not saying this should interfere with the good operation of taverns, but I think having a more experienced person with this responsibility to look after these things would probably improve the conduct of people in these taverns and different outlets. I think it's a good motion, and it should also be here in Whitehorse. Certain members of the R.C.M.P. should be designated to be responsible for these things.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to ask one question. I would like to ask the Commissioner if he has appointed liquor inspectors for the outlying areas are they named, and are their names available - not that I want to know who they are - but could anybody find out. If I walked up to you and said "Could you tell me who the liquor inspector is for 1202?" could you tell me? Would it be written out somewhere? Is it designated?

Mr. Commissioner: I don't think I have appointed anybody else as far as I can recall. The liquor inspector we have is Mr. Kirk.

Mr. Boyd: That's not the point. Who is the liquor inspector for 1016? Who is the liquor inspector for Carmacks? I assume there is one somewhere along the line. These policeman we're talking about, they must be the liquor inspectors. Are they so named. No. Well, this is the point. We haven't any liquor inspectors on the highway nowhere. The only liquor inspector we have at the moment then, is one inspector, in Whitehorse.

Mr. Commissioner: We have to remember that the policeman, if we do make such an appointment, is not going to be the same as our liquor inspector that we now have. In other words I don't think the policeman is going to go in and check the cleanliness of the glasses and the amount of liquor involved, and see how the establishment is being run, which our present liquor inspector does. I presume when you say a police officer that you mean he would just walk in and see that general order was being maintained. I do not think the Federal police officers would accept the duties of inspecting liquor bars and looking out for health, sanitation, gypping of customers, etc. I don't think they would become involved in that.

Mr. Shaw: I would just like to ask the Commissioner a question. Would it be his intention to get a senior person in each section where one is required?

Mr. Commissioner; Yes, I'm quite happy to do this. I merely brought the subject up because if there was any kick-back why - it's quite possible this might work. But I'm quite prepared to take the senior member in each place to do this. If it says so in the Ordinance, so shall it be done.

Mr. Watt: A little while ago Mr. Boyd asked about the Whitehorse area, he was wondering about the Whitehorse Councillors too. I think the suggestion here is a good one, and if we get more experienced constables walking in to these places, rather than have somebody that's just come up from the outside and pick somebody up for some minor violation that may not be too serious, and if he had been here a little bit longer it might have been overlooked. I'm not saying this should interfere with the good operation of taverns, but I think having a more experienced person with this responsibility to look after these things would probably improve the conduct of people in these taverns and different outlets. I think it's a good motion, and it should also be here in Whitehorse. Certain members of the R.C.M.P. should be designated to be responsible for these things.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to ask one question. I would like to ask the Commissioner if he has appointed liquor inspectors for the outlying areas are they named, and are their names available - not that I want to know who they are - but could anybody find out. If I walked up to you and said "Could you tell me who the liquor inspector is for 1202?" could you tell me? Would it be written out somewhere? Is it designated?

Mr. Commissioner: I don't think I have appointed anybody else as far as I can recall. The liquor inspector we have is Mr. Kirk.

Mr. Boyd: That's not the point. Who is the liquor inspector for 1016? Who is the liquor inspector for Carmacks? I assume there is one somewhere along the line. These policeman we're talking about, they must be the liquor inspectors. Are they so named. No. Well, this is the point. We haven't any liquor inspectors on the highway nowhere. The only liquor inspector we have at the moment then, is one inspector, in Whitehorse.

Mr. Commissioner: We have to remember that the policeman, if we do make such an appointment, is not going to be the same as our liquor inspector that we now have. In other words I don't think the policeman is going to go in and check the cleanliness of the glasses and the amount of liquor involved, and see how the establishment is being run, which our present liquor inspector does. I presume when you say a police officer that you mean he would just walk in and see that general order was being maintained. I do not think the Federal police officers would accept the duties of inspecting liquor bars and looking out for health, sanitation, gypping of customers, etc. I don't think they would become involved in that.

going to have to decide on this, I think you should express yourselves or familiarize yourselves with the situation, at least. It's not my doing entirely at all, it's the wishes of the outside members.

Mr. Southam: I think I expressed my views on this same subject last fall, and I'm still of the same opinion. I think that any constable should be allowed to go into these places, and if, as I put it last Fall, there must be a reason when they have to go in and around these places a little oftener than usual. Quite frequently it is because the tavern, or whatever the place might be, is run in such a lackadaisical way that the patrons get out of hand. They get full, they get this, they get that, and probably the tavern is not up to the proper standards or what have you. Now my opinion is, and I still stick with it, that any officer that's on duty should be, at these particular times, should be the inspector. He should have that privilege, to go in and check it up. He has it up in Elsa. He comes in to our halls there when there's dances when there's liquor sold, he comes in there and he takes a look around and he goes out again. I think it's only right that we should have that protection.

Mr. Shaw: I'm afraid I can't quite agree with Councillor Southam in toto of what he's said. I feel there should certainly be, very much should be, a liquor inspector in every area that can look after the situation. The most appropriate one is an R.C.M.P. officer. I agree with that. However, I think a person should be appointed in every locality, whether it be Mayo, Dawson, Watson Lake, one of the R.C.M.P. - it seems to be a problem to get the corporal to do it - however, one of those persons should be. This person should have a certain amount of training with respect to this particular matter. The reason I say that is because otherwise you get young fellows in the force, maybe a little over-zealous, who might create more problems possibly than they would resolve. I'm not making any detrimental remarks, I think they do a pretty good job in general, but nonetheless I think there should be one in every place, and I think the person that should be, should be one person, and should be an experienced officer, so he could use judgement which he has acquired over the years. I think that can be controlled very easily. But for a blanket permit to any and all - I think it would create a lot of problems, I'm certain it would. I have lived in this area for quite a while, and I've seen police officers come and go, and I note, and it's quite understandable, that after they have been here in the area for a year or so, coming from outside, that their attitude changes quite a lot. I think that we do need an experienced person, and as far as giving the Commissioner powers, I would feel that's the only practical way you could do it. But I would say one person be appointed, and that person be as experienced as is possible.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to say I am very much in agreement with what Mr. Shaw has said.

Mr. Chairman (from the Chair): I have just one question for Mr. Hughes; in considering this item, is there provision now for the Commissioner to make regulations respecting the appointment of liquor inspectors?

Mr. Hughes: Yes. He may appoint liquor inspectors. He already has that authority.

Mr. Boyd: I didn't mean it that way. I just mean, it seems to me Mr. MacKinnon could have any Mounted Policeman walk in to his premises and act in an officiating capacity, when in reality he has no right to be in there, according to the wording of this ordinance. Is this true?

Mr. Commissioner; Yes. I am afraid it is. A police officer can walk into any public place as far as I know as a police officer. If we appoint a police officer as an inspector I don't know just what he would do for us. We would have to check this out with the police.

Mr. Hughes: Could I go back about two years. There was a discussion regarding the possibility that some of the drinks in outlying places were being watered a little, and the question then arose as to how the inspector could get around to check on the measures, and also the strength and so on. My recollection is, it may have been in Committee, it may have been a general discussion among the Councillors with Mr. Vars, that the idea of making the police inspectors to carry out this branch of work was first put forward, because it was pointed out that Mr. Vars couldn't be everywhere. Under section 4(1)(C) "The Commissioner may appoint such inspectors as are necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance." This contemplated for short measure, the strength of drinks and so on, the cleanliness was to be one of the things looked into. However, the police do have certain rights of entry to a public place. A "public place" is defined in paragraph Q of Section 2 meaning "includes a place or building to which the public has or is permitted to have access, a place of public resort, and a conveyance in a public place", so that you can't limit that. You would be trying to batter the police's powers under the Criminal Code. You just couldn't go that far. So what the effect of the provisions in the Ordinance here is to stop the police from interfering with the license aspect. For instance, in your section here regarding entertainment it would provide in subsection 6 of 12A "An inspector may suspend a license issued pursuant to subsection 1 if, in his opinion, a breach of any of the conditions attached to the license be committed." Now, Mr. Kirk would do that, and a senior R.C.M.P. corporal, if appointed as a liquor inspector, would also be able to do that. That's the area in which they would be operating as inspectors. I don't know whether my recollection of the early discussion about two or three years ago is shared by the members of Council, but I think it grew out of that discussion about the right to go in and test the strength of drinks.

Mr. Chairman: Before we proceed, I wonder if in view of the fact I don't think we will require Mr. MacKenzie today, may he be excused.

Mr. MacKenzie left Council Chamber.

Mr. Southam: I am just wondering if we are not thinking of two different things - liquor inspector and a police enforcement officer. I was wondering if we haven't got them mixed up.

Mr. Commissioner: I think in conjunction with what Mr. Hughes was pointing out, and I think what the Council Members were feeling, or thinking about at the time, was the fact that all

policemen at certain times and in certain locations seem to be in and out of licensed premises much too often, and this has a definite business-killing effect as far as the operator is concerned. I must agree with this because, after all, the police are like the rest of us, they have their good days and their bad days, and there are new policemen and old policemen, and good-natured and bad-natured. If they wish to make things a little difficult they are able to do so. For example we had a complaint just within the last 2 or 3 weeks about a police car being parked in the parking area at a particular liquor outlet, and the fellow was furious, because people drive up and they see the police car parked there and they drive on to the next one. I think this is the idea behind Council's thinking was that we should try and have just certain policemen come in and do this sort of thing. It's hard to legislate a thing like that, but I have on 2 or 3 occasions contacted the O.C. here and said "Look, how about getting your boys off this fellow's back. If they've got something, let's hear about it. If not, get them off." He has done so. But I think this will prevail regardless of what legislation is put through. I think we have to investigate each case, and go to the local commander and say "Look, will you get ahold of your N.C.O. in charge of this particular area and ask what's the problem. He seems to be spending a lot of time, or his patrolmen are spending a lot of time around this drinking establishment and it's hurting the fellow's business." I think this is, I may be wrong, but I think this is what was in Council's mind on this subject. But as far as the inspector's duties are concerned, they would be very limited as to what we could have a police constable or corporal do. I'm quite sure they would be co-operative if we said, "Look, this little gadget that we measure drinks with, would you take this equipment, would you go in to this area, go in and put a report back?" I think they would do this, but I don't think we can make them liquor inspectors in the true form in any way. As I say, if it is in the Ordinance, I am quite prepared to try as you have suggested, but the constable driving the patrol wagon if not permitted to go in to this place, can still go up and sit and park right in front of the place for an hour or two just, you might say, in defiance of any Ordinance.

Council continued through item 13 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: It used to have tacked on the end "and liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$250.00 or 3 months' imprisonment, over and above such fine and imprisonment", and that's been dropped off.

Council continued through items 14, 15, and 16 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: That was a provision where beer could be served with meals in a restaurant maintained under the same roof as licensed premises outside a municipality.

Council continued through item 17 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Shaw: I have one question. Does this mean just liquor or does it mean taverns, or does it mean both? Oh, I see, I didn't think that beer was liquor.

policemen at certain times and in certain locations seem to be in and out of licensed premises much too often, and this has a definite business-killing effect as far as the operator is concerned. I must agree with this because, after all, the police are like the rest of us, they have their good days and their bad days, and there are new policemen and old policemen, and good-natured and bad-natured. If they wish to make things a little difficult they are able to do so. For example we had a complaint just within the last 2 or 3 weeks about a police car being parked in the parking area at a particular liquor outlet, and the fellow was furious, because people drive up and they see the police car parked there and they drive on to the next one. I think this is the idea behind Council's thinking was that we should try and have just certain policemen come in and do this sort of thing. It's hard to legislate a thing like that, but I have on 2 or 3 occasions contacted the O.C. here and said "Look, how about getting your boys off this fellow's back. If they've got something, let's hear about it. If not, get them off." He has done so. But I think this will prevail regardless of what legislation is put through. I think we have to investigate each case, and go to the local commander and say "Look, will you get ahold of your N.C.O. in charge of this particular area and ask what's the problem. He seems to be spending a lot of time, or his patrolmen are spending a lot of time around this drinking establishment and it's hurting the fellow's business." I think this is, I may be wrong, but I think this is what was in Council's mind on this subject. But as far as the inspector's duties are concerned, they would be very limited as to what we could have a police constable or corporal do. I'm quite sure they would be co-operative if we said, "Look, this little gadget that we measure drinks with, would you take this equipment, would you go in to this area, go in and put a report back?" I think they would do this, but I don't think we can make them liquor inspectors in the true form in any way. As I say, if it is in the Ordinance, I am quite prepared to try as you have suggested, but the constable driving the patrol wagon if not permitted to go in to this place, can still go up and sit and park right in front of the place for an hour or two just, you might say, in defiance of any Ordinance.

Council continued through item 13 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: It used to have tacked on the end "and liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$250.00 or 3 months' imprisonment, over and above such fine and imprisonment", and that's been dropped off.

Council continued through items 14, 15, and 16 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: That was a provision where beer could be served with meals in a restaurant maintained under the same roof as licensed premises outside a municipality.

Council continued through item 17 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Shaw: I have one question. Does this mean just liquor or does it mean taverns, or does it mean both? Oh, I see, I didn't think that beer was liquor.

Mr. Boyd: I didn't mean it that way. I just mean, it seems to me Mr. MacKinnon could have any Mounted Policeman walk in to his premises and act in an officiating capacity, when in reality he has no right to be in there, according to the wording of this ordinance. Is this true?

Mr. Commissioner; Yes. I am afraid it is. A police officer can walk into any public place as far as I know as a police officer. If we appoint a police officer as an inspector I don't know just what he would do for us. We would have to check this out with the police.

Mr. Hughes: Could I go back about two years. There was a discussion regarding the possibility that some of the drinks in outlying places were being watered a little, and the question then arose as to how the inspector could get around to check on the measures, and also the strength and so on. My recollection is, it may have been in Committee, it may have been a general discussion among the Councillors with Mr. Vars, that the idea of making the police inspectors to carry out this branch of work was first put forward, because it was pointed out that Mr. Vars couldn't be everywhere. Under section 4(1)(C) "The Commissioner may appoint such inspectors as are necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance." This was intended for short measure, the strength of drinks and so on, the cleanliness was to be one of the things looked into. However, the police do have certain rights of entry to a public place. A "public place" is defined in paragraph Q of Section 2 meaning "includes a place or building to which the public has or is permitted to have access, a place of public resort, and a conveyance in a public place", so that you can't limit that. You would be trying to batter the police's powers under the Criminal Code. You just couldn't go that far. So what the effect of the provisions in the Ordinance here is to stop the police from interfering with the license aspect. For instance, in your section here regarding entertainment it would provide in subsection 6 of 12A "An inspector may suspend a license issued pursuant to subsection 1 if, in his opinion, a breach of any of the conditions attached to the license be committed." Now, Mr. Kirk would do that, and a senior R.C.M.P. corporal, if appointed as a liquor inspector, would also be able to do that. That's the area in which they would be operating as inspectors. I don't know whether my recollection of the early discussion about two or three years ago is shared by the members of Council, but I think it grew out of that discussion about the right to go in and test the strength of drinks.

Mr. Chairman: Before we proceed, I wonder if in view of the fact I don't think we will require Mr. MacKenzie today, may he be excused.

Mr. MacKenzie left Council Chamber.

Mr. Southam: I am just wondering if we are not thinking of two different things - liquor inspector and a police enforcement officer. I was wondering if we haven't got them mixed up.

Mr. Commissioner: I think in conjunction with what Mr. Hughes was pointing out, and I think what the Council Members were feeling, or thinking about at the time, was the fact that all

Mr. Hughes: May I just comment on the word "regularly" available. I put it in, but I must draw your attention to it - "thirty furnished and serviced bedrooms regularly available for the accommodation of the travelling public." There may be operators who have 40 bedrooms available in summer, and who want to close down to 10 or 5. Perhaps Council would like to discuss the implications of the word "regularly". It is an attempt to give you what you want. I put that word in there so it could be the occasion for a discussion. Do you want summer operation, or do you want year-round operation. Should the word be there at all? I am not too sure of what you do want at that point. With regard to the presence of the word "new" well, each license is new every year, but my understanding is that it was not intended to affect established premises. Perhaps I can improve on the wording of that when it is under discussion of the Committee.

Mr. MacKinnon: Speaking for out of the City, oh, this is not what we're talking about.

Mr. Chairman: Is it your wish that the word "regularly" be included in this subsection (1), or do you wish it deleted?

Mr. Boyd: I think it's a good word. I think it should be left in there. A man who is operating in a conscientious manner will have these rooms available "regularly". He may not have enough business in the wintertime, he may want to turn the heat off in one section, but the rooms are there, and they're regularly available. If anybody wants them all he has to do is turn the heat on. It does stop the operator from running a boarding house with all these rooms and leaving nothing available to the public, which is getting to be something to think about also, in this town. I think it has its point, and I don't think it will affect harmfully anybody.

Mr. Watt: I don't really think that a person should have to keep these 30 rooms heated and operating all the time for the travelling public. If he has 30 or 40 rooms, he may have an opportunity to rent 10 or 20 of them out for the winter by the month. So therefore if you disqualify his license he may have a 30 or 40 room place, and have 20 rooms available to the travelling public, and he may be only using 10 of them regularly in the wintertime for the travelling public. We have a place that is being built now, (I don't know if they intend to apply for a liquor license, but I'm using that as an example) over here at the Stratford. Now they rent quite a few of their rooms out in the wintertime. If they've got 30 places, their books may show that they can regularly rent out 10 or 15 of them, day by day, so then they take on a few customers for a month or two weeks at a time. I feel it is a restriction there, and I think it could be changed somehow to make it easier. There's one more objection I have. I think these existing licenses - there should be some mention of the time when they should upgrade their establishments to conform with new places, even if it's a period of 10 years. But there should be some time mentioned that they should upgrade their establishments to conform with existing places.

Mr. Hughes: May I just deal with that point, and raise another one. It may in certain established premises be punitively expensive to go to 20 or 30 hotels, because a hotel would have to have a complete floor added, and the structure may be only stressed for 2 floors, for instance. If you had to add a new floor it would be much more expensive than building a new property altogether. I just mention that point,

it's a practical point. I can see some embarrassment to people who have established premises. One question which has come from the other side of the barrier, but it's a practical question, and I have no clear thought in mind, and that is, in the case of a tavern which has, say 25 bedrooms, and at the present time is qualified to have a license, would it be qualified to have a cocktail license. It's an established property. It's a going concern. It's in operation now. What would the Committee wish to have provided for a situation like that. I think that the section as drawn doesn't help the Committee very much.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in Chair): I think on this point, I think it is abundantly clear what we are attempting to do here. In the first instance, we are trying to provide rooms for the travelling public, and I think you'll agree that the accommodation situation during the summer months is quite critical. It is very difficult at many times to find accommodation, and as a matter of fact I understand that the Tourist people have to turn people away because there is not sufficient accommodation. Now in an effort to not only upgrade accommodation, but to provide more good grade rooms we have pointed out that 30 services rooms, regularly available for the accommodation of the travelling public must be provided. We met with the Mayor and the Clerk of the City of Whitehorse to discuss with them this problem, and they have also concurred. It was not the intent to extend this 30-room provision to any of the old licensees. It was intended that the old licensee could carry on with his existing premises. However, if a man has a tavern today, and is one of the old licensees, and wishes to have a cocktail lounge at a future date, then he should upgrade to the provisions of the Ordinance, as does everyone else. This is the intent of this section, to provide more rooms, and if someone can come up to these standards in new construction, then he can have a tavern or cocktail lounge license. In any event, this is the situation.

Mr. Boyd: Another point. A bus company offered tourist business to one established outfit in this town, and they offered to fill his place for three months solid in this town, and he said "no dice". He didn't want the business. The bus company found it necessary to divert their business to other points beyond and out of Whitehorse. This is the purpose of the wording of this bills, we must have some rooms that are available for the travelling public. If we don't start now we are just going to be where we are for a long time to come.

Mr. Watt: I'm not strong on the point, but it appears that we don't have enough rooms in the summertime and we have too many in the wintertime, so if we put a date on this Ordinance where they have to have so many rooms available for the travelling public. It would be too bad for somebody with 30 or 40 rooms not to be able to rent a few of them out by the month in the wintertime, when they're not used by the travelling public anyway. I think this is a deterrent for somebody who has the money to invest in the 30 or 40 rooms, because they're not going to be filled in the wintertime. I think this would give them an opportunity to keep some of these places rented in the wintertime. What does the Committee feel about this.

it's a practical point. I can see some embarrassment to people who have established premises. One question which has come from the other side of the barrier, but it's a practical question, and I have no clear thought in mind, and that is, in the case of a tavern which has, say 25 bedrooms, and at the present time is qualified to have a license, would it be qualified to have a cocktail license. It's an established property. It's a going concern. It's in operation now. What would the Committee wish to have provided for a situation like that. I think that the section as drawn doesn't help the Committee very much.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in Chair): I think on this point, I think it is abundantly clear what we are attempting to do here. In the first instance, we are trying to provide rooms for the travelling public, and I think you'll agree that the accommodation situation during the summer months is quite critical. It is very difficult at many times to find accommodation, and as a matter of fact I understand that the Tourist people have to turn people away because there is not sufficient accommodation. Now in an effort to not only upgrade accommodation, but to provide more good grade rooms we have pointed out that 30 services rooms, regularly available for the accommodation of the travelling public must be provided. We met with the Mayor and the Clerk of the City of Whitehorse to discuss with them this problem, and they have also concurred. It was not the intent to extend this 30-room provision to any of the old licensees. It was intended that the old licensee could carry on with his existing premises. However, if a man has a tavern today, and is one of the old licensees, and wishes to have a cocktail lounge at a future date, then he should upgrade to the provisions of the Ordinance, as does everyone else. This is the intent of this section, to provide more rooms, and if someone can come up to these standards in new construction, then he can have a tavern or cocktail lounge license. In any event, this is the situation.

Mr. Boyd: Another point. A bus company offered tourist business to one established outfit in this town, and they offered to fill his place for three months solid in this town, and he said "no dice". He didn't want the business. The bus company found it necessary to divert their business to other points beyond and out of Whitehorse. This is the purpose of the wording of this bills, we must have some rooms that are available for the travelling public. If we don't start now we are just going to be where we are for a long time to come.

Mr. Watt: I'm not strong on the point, but it appears that we don't have enough rooms in the summertime and we have too many in the wintertime, so if we put a date on this Ordinance where they have to have so many rooms available for the travelling public. It would be too bad for somebody with 30 or 40 rooms not to be able to rent a few of them out by the month in the wintertime, when they're not used by the travelling public anyway. I think this is a deterrent for somebody who has the money to invest in the 30 or 40 rooms, because they're not going to be filled in the wintertime. I think this would give them an opportunity to keep some of these places rented in the wintertime. What does the Committee feel about this.

Mr. Hughes: May I just comment on the word "regularly" available. I put it in, but I must draw your attention to it - "thirty furnished and serviced bedrooms regularly available for the accommodation of the travelling public." There may be operators who have 40 bedrooms available in summer, and who want to close down to 10 or 5. Perhaps Council would like to discuss the implications of the word "regularly". It is an attempt to give you what you want. I put that word in there so it could be the occasion for a discussion. Do you want summer operation, or do you want year-round operation. Should the word be there at all? I am not too sure of what you do want at that point. With regard to the presence of the word "new" well, each license is new every year, but my understanding is that it was not intended to affect established premises. Perhaps I can improve on the wording of that when it is under discussion of the Committee.

Mr. MacKinnon: Speaking for out of the City, oh, this is not what we're talking about.

Mr. Chairman: Is it your wish that the word "regularly" be included in this subsection (1), or do you wish it deleted?

Mr. Boyd: I think it's a good word. I think it should be left in there. A man who is operating in a conscientious manner will have these rooms available "regularly". He may not have enough business in the wintertime, he may want to turn the heat off in one section, but the rooms are there, and they're regularly available. If anybody wants them all he has to do is turn the heat on. It does stop the operator from running a boarding house with all these rooms and leaving nothing available to the public, which is getting to be something to think about also in this town. I think it has its point, and I don't think it will affect harmfully anybody.

Mr. Watt: I don't really think that a person should have to keep these 30 rooms heated and operating all the time for the travelling public. If he has 30 or 40 rooms, he may have an opportunity to rent 10 or 20 of them out for the winter by the month. So therefore if you disqualify his license he may have a 30 or 40 room place, and have 20 rooms available to the travelling public, and he may be only using 10 of them regularly in the wintertime for the travelling public. We have a place that is being built now, (I don't know if they intend to apply for a liquor license, but I'm using that as an example) over here at the Stratford. Now they rent quite a few of their rooms out in the wintertime. If they've got 30 places, their books may show that they can regularly rent out 10 or 15 of them, day by day, so then they take on a few customers for a month or two weeks at a time. I feel it is a restriction there, and I think it could be changed somehow to make it easier. There's one more objection I have. I think these existing licenses - there should be some mention of the time when they should upgrade their establishments to conform with new places, even if it's a period of 10 years. But there should be some time mentioned that they should upgrade their establishments to conform with existing places.

Mr. Hughes: May I just deal with that point, and raise another one. It may in certain established premises be pun- itively expensive to go to 20 or 30 hotels, because a hotel would have to have a complete floor added, and the structure may be only stressed for 2 floors, for instance. If you had to add a new floor it would be much more expensive than building a new property altogether. I just mention that point,

Mr. Boyd: I don't think this is important at all. Anybody that's acting in good faith will have no trouble in utilizing some of his rooms through the winter. Outside they have empty rooms in the wintertime, lots of them. Kamloops is a good example. They have summer rates and winter rates, but they also have empty rooms the same as we have here in the Yukon, during the winter months. It takes care of itself.

Mr. Watt: I take it from Mr. Boyd's comments that you've got to have 30 rooms for the travelling public, but in the wintertime you can go ahead and rent them by the month any way, if you don't get caught.

Mr. Shaw: I think this section has a principle involved, a principle to upgrade the whole situation. If you take a little bit here, and a little there, and a provision here and a provision there, there will be no stopping from where you stop, and from where you start. In other words, to effect this, and to make it as it was recommended by the Liquor Committee, if you put in certain provisos that can be changed, the whole thing will become completely out of hand, and it will get away from the principle that was evolved in the first instance.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to mention that cabins are also classed as rooms. Say, for instance, an operator on the highway might have 20 cabins. Now, would you expect him to heat those cabins all winter when there's no business? It just wouldn't make any sense.

Mr. Thompson: It seems to me we may be being a bit arbitrary here. I think at the last session or fairly recently, we said, or somebody said, it's in the Ordinances, there would be no new licenses issued for Whitehorse and the whole Metropolitan area. But still in section 17, part 2, it says "In support of an application for a license in the area of the City of Whitehorse the applicant must produce to the Commissioner a Certified Copy of a resolution of the City Council approving the granting of a license". So this, in fact, means it will be up to the City whether they grant anybody a license or not. Now I can think of 3 places in town at the present time who do not meet the required 30-room status, but yet are operating a hotel accommodation. It seems to me that this section is directed specifically at these operators, and I feel that inasmuch as more accommodation is required, I think the existing businesses shouldn't be chastised, or put in the position of not being able to receive a license, whereas up until this is passed I think that the number is 20. I think in the over-all picture we're talking more about new construction as opposed to existing. At least, this is my thinking along these lines. If somebody comes in here with \$200,000 and wants to put up a hotel he's going to go to the City first, and he'll have all his ground work done and make sure he has a license before he puts up this kind of money. But I think in the meantime we are legislating against 2 or 3, and as I say, I can think of these myself at the moment, and I don't specifically think that this is the right idea.

Mr. Commissioner: I could just maybe elaborate on that a little. This is not my understanding of this legislation. I believe this is to do 2 things. I think it is everybody's feeling, possibly not everybody, but the majority of people's feelings, that there are enough liquor outlets in this City

at the present time, but there is no legislation that comes out and says we will not issue any more liquor licenses. It is, as I understand it, difficult to legislate for. Some cities have it, and some cities have had it thrown out in court. At the same time it is an accepted fact that we are very short of hotel accommodation, and rooms, for the traveling public for 3½ to 4 months of the year, therefore this new legislation is for anyone who comes in and is prepared to spend 2, 3, or \$400,000 in a hotel with 30 or more rooms. They would certainly be entitled to a liquor license. In other words, they are not trying to get into the liquor business for liquor alone. They are doing a service to the community, and they are spending a large sum of money on a capital project, therefore I think they should, if they meet all the other qualifications and regulations be allowed to apply for a license. However, I think this is also meant to prevent any further licenses being issued at the present time to any establishment that is not already licensed, and to those licenses issued, to those establishments now licensed as taverns and cocktail bars, they will continue to receive their license. They will not be required within the next few months, or within the next year or so to come up to 30 rooms. Now, Councillor Watt has suggested that possibly there should be a time element in there. I am not prepared to discuss that point, because I think there are a number of cases as Mr. Hughes where it is not, anything is possible, but it is certainly not economically feasible in a number of cases to bring the establishment to the required 30 rooms. But any place, somebody asked about an establishment in town that is not licensed as a tavern or cocktail bar that has say 20 rooms, could they apply and get a license, or would they be considered as the present licensed outfits and be able to apply for a license. I would say the answer to that is no. If this legislation goes through, there will be no further outlets, or new licenses issued for new outlets unless they come up to 30 rooms. This is my understanding.

Mr. Watt: Would the converse be true? If somebody did put up a building with 30 rooms, we would be obligated to give them a license?

Mr. Commissioner: No, that's not correct. We're not necessarily obligated to give anybody a license, but you must have some grounds for refusing. In other words, the individual involved might be a criminal or crooked or be charged with a Federal offence or be a known bootlegger, an undesirable type, then you would have reason to turn him down. But if he lived up to all the normal qualifications there would be no reason to turn him down because you didn't like the way he parted his hair, or because you felt there were enough liquor outlets. Because if he came up with 30 rooms, proper, serviced rooms, then with his large investment he would be quite entitled to apply, and in all probability, would get it.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the Report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED.

.../710

at the present time, but there is no legislation that comes out and says we will not issue any more liquor licenses. It is, as I understand it, difficult to legislate for. Some cities have it, and some cities have had it thrown out in court. At the same time it is an accepted fact that we are very short of hotel accommodation, and rooms, for the traveling public for 3½ to 4 months of the year, therefore this new legislation is for anyone who comes in and is prepared to spend 2, 3, or \$400,000 in a hotel with 30 or more rooms. They would certainly be entitled to a liquor license. In other words, they are not trying to get into the liquor business for liquor alone. They are doing a service to the community, and they are spending a large sum of money on a capital project, therefore I think they should, if they meet all the other qualifications and regulations be allowed to apply for a license. However, I think this is also meant to prevent any further licenses being issued at the present time to any establishment that is not already licensed, and to those licenses issued, to those establishments now licensed as taverns and cocktail bars, they will continue to receive their license. They will not be required within the next few months, or within the next year or so to come up to 30 rooms. Now, Councillor Watt has suggested that possibly there should be a time element in there. I am not prepared to discuss that point, because I think there are a number of cases as Mr. Hughes where it is not, anything is possible, but it is certainly not economically feasible in a number of cases to bring the establishment to the required 30 rooms. But any place, somebody asked about an establishment in town that is not licensed as a tavern or cocktail bar that has say 20 rooms, could they apply and get a license, or would they be considered as the present licensed outfits and be able to apply for a license. I would say the answer to that is no. If this legislation goes through, there will be no further outlets, or new licenses issued for new outlets unless they come up to 30 rooms. This is my understanding.

Mr. Watt: Would the converse be true? If somebody did put up a building with 30 rooms, we would be obligated to give them a license?

Mr. Commissioner: No, that's not correct. We're not necessarily obligated to give anybody a license, but you must have some grounds for refusing. In other words, the individual involved might be a criminal or crooked or be charged with a Federal offence or be a known bootlegger, an undesirable type, then you would have reason to turn him down. But if he lived up to all the normal qualifications there would be no reason to turn him down because you didn't like the way he parted his hair, or because you felt there were enough liquor outlets. Because if he came up with 30 rooms, proper, serviced rooms, then with his large investment he would be quite entitled to apply, and in all probability, would get it.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the chair and hear the Report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED.

.../710

Mr. Boyd: I don't think this is important at all. Anybody that's acting in good faith will have no trouble in utilizing some of his rooms through the winter. Outside they have empty rooms in the wintertime, lots of them. Kamloops is a good example. They have summer rates and winter rates, but they also have empty rooms the same as we have here in the Yukon, during the winter months. It takes care of itself.

Mr. Watt: I take it from Mr. Boyd's comments that you've got to have 30 rooms for the travelling public, but in the wintertime you can go ahead and rent them by the month anyway, if you don't get caught.

Mr. Shaw: I think this section has a principle involved, a principle to upgrade the whole situation. If you take a little bit here, and a little there, and a provision here and a provision there, there will be no stopping from where you stop, and from where you start. In other words, to effect this, and to make it as it was recommended by the Liquor Committee, if you put in certain provisos that can be changed, the whole thing will become completely out of hand, and it will get away from the principle that was evolved in the first instance.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would just like to mention that cabins are also classed as rooms. Say, for instance, an operator on the highway might have 20 cabins. Now, would you expect him to heat those cabins all winter when there's no business? It just wouldn't make any sense.

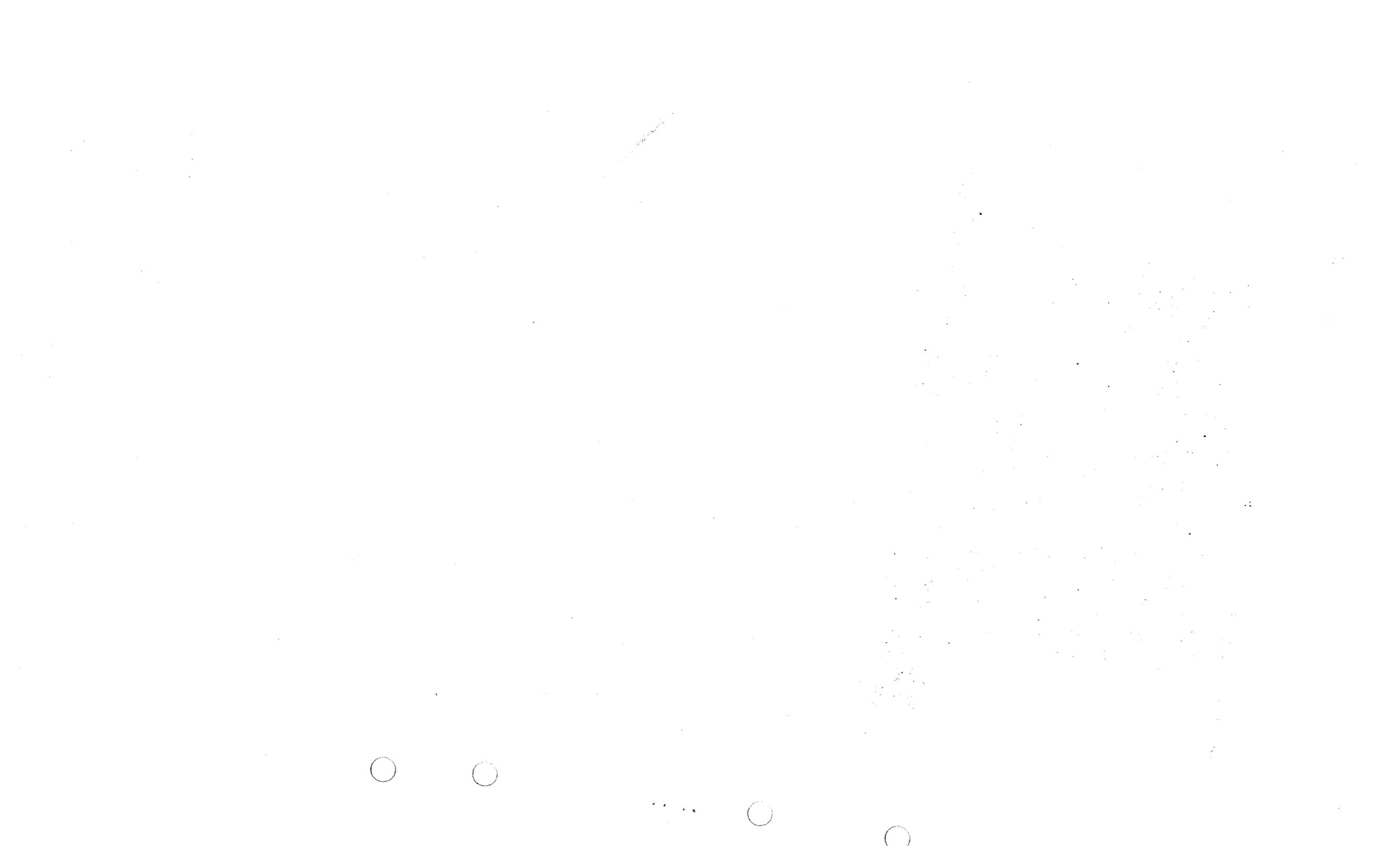
Mr. Thompson: It seems to me we may be being a bit arbitrary here. I think at the last session or fairly recently, we said, or somebody said, it's in the Ordinances, there would be no new licenses issued for Whitehorse and the whole Metropolitan area. But still in section 17, part 2, it says "In support of an application for a license in the area of the City of Whitehorse the applicant must produce to the Commissioner a Certified Copy of a resolution of the City Council approving the granting of a license". So this, in fact, means it will be up to the City whether they grant anybody a license or not. Now I can think of 3 places in town at the present time who do not meet the required 30-room status, but yet are operating a hotel accommodation. It seems to me that this section is directed specifically at these operators, and I feel that inasmuch as more accommodation is required, I think the existing businesses shouldn't be chastised, or put in the position of not being able to receive a license, whereas up until this is passed I think that the number is 20. I think in the over-all picture we're talking more about new construction as opposed to existing. At least, this is my thinking along these lines. If somebody comes in here with \$200,000 and wants to put up a hotel he's going to go to the City first, and he'll have all his ground work done and make sure he has a license before he puts up this kind of money. But I think in the meantime we are legislating against 2 or 3, and as I say, I can think of these myself at the moment, and I don't specifically think that this is the right idea.

Mr. Commissioner: I could just maybe elaborate on that a little. This is not my understanding of this legislation. I believe this is to do 2 things. I think it is everybody's feeling, possibly not everybody, but the majority of people's feelings, that there are enough liquor outlets in this City

Mr. Taylor reported as follows:

Committee convened at 10:40 a.m. this morning to discuss Bills, Memoranda, Sessional Papers and Motions. Committee first discussed Bill#4 Vote #15, with Mr. Murphy in attendance. Mrs. Collier attended discussions relative to Vote #14. Committee recessed at 12 Noon and re-convened at 2:30 P.M. this afternoon to discuss Bill #10, with Mr. Commissioner, Mr. Hughes and Mr. MacKenzie. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Shaw, that the Commissioner may change the liquor store hours when adequate arrangements have been completed for retail sale for off-premises consumption and subsection 2 be restated to provide for hours presently in force. MOTION CARRIED.

Council accepted the Report of the Chairman of Committees, and discussed the Agenda for next day. Council then adjourned until 10:00 o'clock, a.m. Friday, April 9<sup>th</sup>, 1965.



Friday, April 9, 1965.  
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memoranda, from the Commissioner, were tabled for Council's consideration:

- |  |                  |
|--|------------------|
|  | Sessional        |
| (1) Regarding Assessment of Land Values in the City of Whitehorse - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 53)        | Papers<br>No. 53 |
| (2) Respecting Motion No. 36 - Title of Commissioner - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 54)                     | #54              |
| (3) Respecting Motion No. 34 - Protection of Children at Haines Junction - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 55) | #55              |
| (4) Regarding Insurance - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 56)  | #56              |

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. MacKinnon, that it is respectfully requested that the Administration amend the Motor Vehicles Ordinance to provide for a separate licence classification to specifically cover skidoos and snow sled type of motor vehicles. #45

Mr. Watt: Apparently at the last session this was brought up and it was mentioned by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles, at the time, that it wasn't necessary to make such an amendment but since that time I think it has been discovered that there is a need for a separate classification for the skidoo and snowmobile type of motor vehicles. I feel as if there should be a separate licence issued, not necessarily a car licence or the regular motor vehicle licence, in the neighborhood of \$300 or \$4.00 to cover these vehicles. It is a request that the Administration amend the Motor Vehicles Ordinance or provide amendments to Council for the fall session. If they could do it through Regulation themselves, this is fine, but if not, present us with amendments that will cover this situation at the fall session so at that time we can amend the Ordinance and cover these vehicles which are becoming more plentiful in this country. If the way these things are being used outside is any indication there will be a lot of these running around in the next few years.

Mr. Taylor: I am not too conversant with this but I do recall that it was laid down by the Motor Vehicles Branch, if I am not mistaken, that any skidoo or snowsled type of motor vehicle, as described here, that travelled on a public road, had to be licenced and insured, I believe, and any skidoo or snowsled type of motor vehicle that travelled in the bush did not require a licence unless it travelled on a public trail or road. I would like to ask Mr. Clerk if there is a problem here and what he would recommend be done with this particular situation?

Clerk-of-Council (as Registrar of Motor Vehicles) There isn't exactly a problem except that when this problem was first mentioned to me I thought that I could put all these skidoos and jiggers, etc. in the motorcycle category but I found out I couldn't. They are an actual motor vehicle and they haven't got a separate category so the only category I could put them in was the lowest motor vehicle licence which is \$12.00 a year. Of course the skidoo and snowmobile type is not in use until snow is on the ground so they aren't licenced until October when the licence fees are half price. The mere fact of giving them a separate item on the schedule of fees wouldn't

alter the fact that if they were used strictly in the bush they wouldn't need to be licenced or insured as applies to any vehicle under the Ordinance. Only when used on the highways do they need a licence and insurance, the same would apply to these skidoos but I can't see any problem in giving them a separate item in the schedule of fees possibly at half the automobile licence fee. For instance in the real early spring someone might wish to licence one, when there is still snow on the ground, he would then come under the quarter licence fee, January, February and March or if he licences it after the first of October in the fall, he would only have to pay half the licence fee so if we set them up for a yearly licence fee of \$3.00, in reality we would only be collecting \$1.50 for the winter season, which I think is a little too low. If you would like to pass the motion and leave it with me we will come up with an item in the fall session and you can kick it around then.

Mr. Southam: Talking about skidoos, they are beginning to be used quite a bit in and around Mayo. Several times when I was in town last winter they were dashing about the streets and some of the women were having quite an enjoyable time with them, and I don't blame them, taking the kids out for a ride and while they weren't making any trouble, as I brought to your attention last fall, there were some young blades that galloped down the sidewalks with them and of course this has been put a stop to. I have spoken to two or three owners of these skidoos and they are quite willing to pay a licence, and I agree with them, it should be a reduced fee, so there would be no trouble. This particular man I was talking has to get to the bush with his skidoo, he goes down the road a piece and then cuts off. I think that probably there should be a licence where the man is covered. It doesn't have to be out of proportion, as the Clerk has already stated, if it was for six months of the year or \$6.00 for a certain period of time, whatever the case might be. I certainly think they should be licenced so that the man running the skidoo is just as responsible as you and I are when we drive our car on the roads, when he comes out on the road with his skidoo.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering what the insurance coverage is required at the present time regarding these vehicles. Can the Clerk inform me on this matter?

Clerk-of-Council: They have the same minimum requirements which apply to an automobile, \$10.22 I believe right now.

Mr. MacKinnon: As seconder of the motion I think that it is a very necessary thing that the licence be reduced. This skidoo is mainly used by the trapper and I think he should have every consideration in giving him as low a fee as possible. Mr. Clerk has mentioned a \$3.00 licence, I believe that would be very favorable or for six months \$1.50, that is still more favorable.

Mr. Watt: There is one comment I would like to make with respect to what Mr. Herb Taylor said and that is that some of these skidoo type of machines that are being designed now are being designed, the newer types, with removable type tracks and they can be used in the bush when there isn't quite so much snow around. I think that in the future we will be getting some of these licenced earlier so I think a new schedule would help quite a bit. If you were thinking in the neighborhood of half the motor vehicles, this would be fine.

alter the fact that if they were used strictly in the bush they wouldn't need to be licenced or insured as applies to any vehicle under the Ordinance. Only when used on the highways do they need a licence and insurance, the same would apply to these skidoos but I can't see any problem in giving them a separate item in the schedule of fees possibly at half the automobile licence fee. For instance in the real early spring someone might wish to licence one, when there is still snow on the ground, he would then come under the quarter licence fee, January, February and March or if he licences it after the first of October in the fall, he would only have to pay half the licence fee so if we set them up for a yearly licence fee of \$3.00, in reality we would only be collecting \$1.50 for the winter season, which I think is a little too low. If you would like to pass the motion and leave it with me we will come up with an item in the fall session and you can kick it around then.

Mr. Southam: Talking about skidoos, they are beginning to be used quite a bit in and around Mayo. Several times when I was in town last winter they were dashing about the streets and some of the women were having quite an enjoyable time with them, and I don't blame them, taking the kids out for a ride and while they weren't making any trouble, as I brought to your attention last fall, there were some young blades that galloped down the sidewalks with them and of course this has been put a stop to. I have spoken to two or three owners of these skidoos and they are quite willing to pay a licence, and I agree with them, it should be a reduced fee, so there would be no trouble. This particular man I was talking has to get to the bush with his skidoo, he goes down the road a piece and then cuts off. I think that probably there should be a licence where the man is covered. It doesn't have to be out of proportion, as the Clerk has already stated, if it was for six months of the year or \$6.00 for a certain period of time, whatever the case might be. I certainly think they should be licenced so that the man running the skidoo is just as responsible as you and I are when we drive our car on the roads, when he comes out on the road with his skidoo.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering what the insurance coverage is required at the present time regarding these vehicles. Can the Clerk inform me on this matter?

Clerk-of-Council: They have the same minimum requirements which apply to an automobile, \$10.22 I believe right now.

Mr. MacKinnon: As seconder of the motion I think that it is a very necessary thing that the licence be reduced. This skidoo is mainly used by the trapper and I think he should have every consideration in giving him as low a fee as possible. Mr. Clerk has mentioned a \$3.00 licence, I believe that would be very favorable or for six months \$1.50, that is still more favorable.

Mr. Watt: There is one comment I would like to make with respect to what Mr. Herb Taylor said and that is that some of these skidoo type of machines that are being designed now are being designed, the newer types, with removable type tracks and they can be used in the bush when there isn't quite so much snow around. I think that in the future we will be getting some of these licenced earlier so I think a new schedule would help quite a bit. If you were thinking in the neighborhood of half the motor vehicles, this would be fine.

Friday, April 9, 1965.  
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memoranda, from the Commissioner, were tabled for Council's consideration:

- |  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| (1) Regarding Assessment of Land Values in the City of Whitehorse - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 53)        | Sessional Papers No. 53 |
| (2) Respecting Motion No. 36 - Title of Commissioner - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 54)                     | #54                     |
| (3) Respecting Motion No. 34 - Protection of Children at Haines Junction - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 55) | #55                     |
| (4) Regarding Insurance - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 56)  | #56                     |

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. MacKinnon, that it is respectfully requested that the Administration amend the Motor Vehicles Ordinance to provide for a separate licence classification to specifically cover skidoos and snow sled type of motor vehicles. #45

Mr. Watt: Apparently at the last session this was brought up and it was mentioned by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles, at the time, that it wasn't necessary to make such an amendment but since that time I think it has been discovered that there is a need for a separate classification for the skidoo and snowmobile type of motor vehicles. I feel as if there should be a separate licence issued, not necessarily a car licence or the regular motor vehicle licence, in the neighborhood of \$300 or \$4.00 to cover these vehicles. It is a request that the Administration amend the Motor Vehicles Ordinance or provide amendments to Council for the fall session. If they could do it through Regulation themselves, this is fine, but if not, present us with amendments that will cover this situation at the fall session so at that time we can amend the Ordinance and cover these vehicles which are becoming more plentiful in this country. If the way these things are being used outside is any indication there will be a lot of these running around in the next few years.

Mr. Taylor: I am not too conversant with this but I do recall that it was laid down by the Motor Vehicles Branch, if I am not mistaken, that any skidoo or snowsled type of motor vehicle, as described here, that travelled on a public road, had to be licenced and insured, I believe, and any skidoo or snowsled type of motor vehicle that travelled in the bush did not require a licence unless it travelled on a public trail or road. I would like to ask Mr. Clerk if there is a problem here and what he would recommend be done with this particular situation?

Clerk-of-Council (as Registrar of Motor Vehicles) There isn't exactly a problem except that when this problem was first mentioned to me I thought that I could put all these skidoos and jiggers, etc. in the motorcycle category but I found out I couldn't. They are an actual motor vehicle and they haven't got a separate category so the only category I could put them in was the lowest motor vehicle licence which is \$12.00 a year. Of course the skidoo and snowmobile type is not in use until snow is on the ground so they aren't licenced until October when the licence fees are half price. The mere fact of giving them a separate item on the schedule of fees wouldn't

Mr. Thompson: Could I ask what the present licence fee is for a motorcycle?

Clerk-of-Council: It is \$3.00.

Mr. Thompson: It seems to me that they are on the roads all year round I don't think that the skidoo are going to be any more problem and I feel that this is a reasonable price to consider.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Southam moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw, that in the opinion of Council, the Administration is respectfully requested to undertake a detailed study in order to locate a townsite to service Elsa-Calumet-Keno and surrounding area. It is imperative that this be done at the earliest opportunity in order that sound planning for the future of this area can be made to assure orderly and sound economic development. Motion #46

Mr. Southam: As we all know things are kind of an upside down sort of thing in the Elsa area at the present moment and it has been stated that there is going to be a new survey made to see if they can locate a place for a new townsite. I think that the sooner that this is done the better it will be for all concerned. There is a growing desire on part of the people up there, I think, to be in a townsite more or less all together. That is containing the camp of Elsa, Calumet and Keno City. If this is done and a townsite can be found that is suitable to all concerned and laid out, I think, the sooner we will get our school and other facilities that are needed up there. One thing that is badly needed is good stores and I understand from talking to different people in Whitehorse, they are quite willing to put them there. Now this is a thing that we sadly lack for this community and if such a survey is made and a townsite laid out I am sure that it will be on a more orderly plan than what is at the present time and I think it is a thing that should be done as soon as possible.

Mr. Boyd: I don't think there is any need for controversy over this subject. A certain amount has already been discussed, understood and proposed and I would like to call question on the motion.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. MacKinnon that it is respectfully requested that the Administration attempt to amend the Low Cost Housing Ordinance to provide for: Motion #47  
(1) Second mortgages available to applicants where the total cost of the home is up to \$10,000.00; and  
(2) That building contractors be permitted to build up to two homes on speculation for resale at any one time.

Mr. Watt: The first part of this motion (1), the present ordinance reads \$7,000.00 and as we have seen from the number of applications, second mortgage applications, that have been accepted over a two year period has been one. The applications that have been in is one and we haven't been assured that the single application itself has been approved yet. It shows a real deficiency in our Low Cost Housing Ordinance. There could be some reluctance to amend the Low Cost Housing Ordinance on the part of the Administration but I think it is absolutely necessary if these low cost second mortgages are to be effective at all. If we don't amend this they may

as well not have that section in the Low Cost Housing Ordinance at all. It is just something that is there and cannot be used at the present time. This is simply a request to increase the total value of the home to \$10,000.00 rather than \$7,000.00 now. At the present if the value of the home constructed is \$1.00 over \$7,000.00 then the Administration will not approve a second mortgage loan. This includes the persons labour. Now a person can build a home, if this is approved and passed by the Administration, the estimated total value including labour could be \$10,000.00 instead of \$7,000.00 and this would bring it to a more realistic figure. It is out of line in this day and age to even consider building a new home, and you have to build a new home, for less than \$10,000.00. This part of it is important to make second mortgage low cost housing loans available at all. The second part of the motion, this principle involved here is accepted by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation with higher income homes and this is simply a request that the Administration change the Low Cost Housing Ordinance to provide the same privilege for contractors that are building lower cost homes. I think it would be a spur to house building in the area.

Mr. Taylor: We discussed this I believe in Committee of the Whole at some length during the debates on Housing and Area Development, Bill 4, and it was pointed out quite clearly that the reason we have a Low Cost Housing Ordinance is to provide a means by which people in a low income bracket can build modest housing. Now we are talking about taking this and we are building it up to a CMHC standard. As was pointed out by Mr. Commissioner and Mr. Spray this is <sup>not</sup> the intention of the Low Cost Housing Ordinance. We would be heading away from the people we want to help through this Ordinance. Secondly we can't alter that Ordinance in any manner without first having prior consent of Ottawa and Treasury Board. Thirdly, I don't think it is a very good idea to alter the Low Cost Housing Ordinance or recommend that it be altered. Fourthly, it seems to me that this is a product of a lobby by some contractor who wants to build houses or something and resell them, build a house I imagine and get the money from the government and then the individual who buys the house pay back the government. That is what it would appear to me. I am unalterably opposed to this motion.

Mr. Watt: In answer to the objections by the Member from Watson Lake and I think we could pursue this argument a little bit further and have a couple more debates on it and I think it will come into a classification of personal slander that we have been running upon, uncontrolled personal accusations that we have ran upon in Council in the past.

Mr. Taylor: Question of privilege Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker: Would you please leave out reference to personal slander, I don't think that is necessary. Please proceed.

Mr. Watt: With respect to his objection number 4. that this is a personal campaign by some contractor that I am acting on behalf of, I would say it is not true. We have had a submission made to all Councillors here and we have discussed part of this with Mr. Spray and he has pointed out that the first part of this motion has not been of any effect at all in the Territory. To be effective at all it has to be changed. The second part of it, this is the part of it which the Member from Watson Lake is saying that I am here representing a contractor, well I assure you that I am not and I assure you that the Member from Watson Lake has been encouraged to make statements like that in this Council. But I think if the

as well not have that section in the Low Cost Housing Ordinance at all. It is just something that is there and cannot be used at the present time. This is simply a request to increase the total value of the home to \$10,000.00 rather than \$7,000.00 now. At the present if the value of the home constructed is \$1.00 over \$7,000.00 then the Administration will not approve a second mortgage loan. This includes the persons labour. Now a person can build a home, if this is approved and passed by the Administration, the estimated total value including labour could be \$10,000.00 instead of \$7,000.00 and this would bring it to a more realistic figure. It is out of line in this day and age to even consider building a new home, and you have to build a new home, for less than \$10,000.00. This part of it is important to make second mortgage low cost housing loans available at all. The second part of the motion, this principle involved here is accepted by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation with higher income homes and this is simply a request that the Administration change the Low Cost Housing Ordinance to provide the same privilege for contractors that are building lower cost homes. I think it would be a spur to house building in the area.

Mr. Taylor: We discussed this I believe in Committee of the Whole at some length during the debates on Housing and Area Development, Bill 4, and it was pointed out quite clearly that the reason we have a Low Cost Housing Ordinance is to provide a means by which people in a low income bracket can build modest housing. Now we are talking about taking this and we are building it up to a CMHC standard. As was pointed out by Mr. Commissioner and Mr. Spray this is <sup>not</sup> the intention of the Low Cost Housing Ordinance. We would be heading away from the people we want to help through this Ordinance. Secondly we can't alter that Ordinance in any manner without first having prior consent of Ottawa and Treasury Board. Thirdly, I don't think it is a very good idea to alter the Low Cost Housing Ordinance or recommend that it be altered. Fourthly, it seems to me that this is a product of a lobby by some contractor who wants to build houses or something and resell them, build a house I imagine and get the money from the government and then the individual who buys the house pay back the government. That is what it would appear to me. I am unalterably opposed to this motion.

Mr. Watt: In answer to the objections by the Member from Watson Lake and I think we could pursue this argument a little bit further and have a couple more debates on it and I think it will come into a classification of personal slander that we have been running upon, uncontrolled personal accusations that we have ran upon in Council in the past.

Mr. Taylor: Question of privilege Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker: Would you please leave out reference to personal slander, I don't think that is necessary. Please proceed.

Mr. Watt: With respect to his objection number 4. that this is a personal campaign by some contractor that I am acting on behalf of, I would say it is not true. We have had a submission made to all Councillors here and we have discussed part of this with Mr. Spray and he has pointed out that the first part of this motion has not been of any effect at all in the Territory. To be effective at all it has to be changed. The second part of it, this is the part of it which the Member from Watson Lake is saying that I am here representing a contractor, well I assure you that I am not and I assure you that the Member from Watson Lake has been encouraged to make statements like that in this Council. But I think if the

Mr. Thompson: Could I ask what the present licence fee is for a motorcycle?

Clerk-of-Council: It is \$3.00.

Mr. Thompson: It seems to me that they are on the roads all year round I don't think that the skidoo are going to be any more problem and I feel that this is a reasonable price to consider.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Southam moved, seconded by Mr. Shaw, that in the opinion of Council, the Administration is respectfully requested to undertake a detailed study in order to locate a townsite to service Elsa-Calumet-Keno and surrounding area. It is imperative that this be done at the earliest opportunity in order that sound planning for the future of this area can be made to assure orderly and sound economic development. Motion #46

Mr. Southam: As we all know things are kind of an upside down sort of thing in the Elsa area at the present moment and it has been stated that there is going to be a new survey made to see if they can locate a place for a new townsite. I think that the sooner that this is done the better it will be for all concerned. There is a growing desire on part of the people up there, I think, to be in a townsite more or less all together. That is containing the camp of Elsa, Calumet and Keno City. If this is done and a townsite can be found that is suitable to all concerned and laid out, I think the sooner we will get our school and other facilities that are needed up there. One thing that is badly needed is good stores and I understand from talking to different people in Whithorse, they are quite willing to put them there. Now this is a thing that we sadly lack for this community and if such a survey is made and a townsite laid out I am sure that it will be on a more orderly plan that what is at the present time and I think it is a thing that should be done as soon as possible.

Mr. Boyd: I don't think there is any need for controversy over this subject. A certain amount has already been discussed, understood and proposed and I would like to call question on the motion.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Watt moved, seconded by Mr. MacKinnon that it is respectfully requested that the Administration attempt to amend the Low Cost Housing Ordinance to provide for: Motion #47

- (1) Second mortgages available to applicants where the total cost of the home is up to \$10,000.00; and
- (2) That building contractors be permitted to build up to two homes on speculation for resale at any one time.

Mr. Watt: The first part of this motion (1), the present ordinance reads \$7,000.00 and as we have seen from the number of applications, second mortgage applications, that have been accepted over a two year period has been one. The applications that have been in is one and we haven't been assured that the single application itself has been approved yet. It shows a real deficiency in our Low Cost Housing Ordinance. There could be some reluctance to amend the Low Cost Housing Ordinance on the part of the Administration but I think it is absolutely necessary if these low cost second mortgages are to be effective at all. If we don't amend this they may

Low Cost Housing Ordinance is going to be effective these changes have to be made. We have in the past changed the Low Cost Housing Ordinance and there has been no objection in Ottawa to this. When we were first presented with that Ordinance, it sat for six months and wasn't used at all because it wasn't effective, we couldn't use it, and we had to make an amendment to it and we did, it became effective and it did a lot of good. Now we are asking for further amendments to help make it more useful and help upgrade some of the housing. Mr. Taylor said that \$10,000.00 is putting it into the classification of a Central Mortgage and Housing Loan. I would like to point out that this \$10,000.00 includes labour, material, and everything else. If you break that down approximately 50% of the cost of a house is labour so this means that if you put \$5,000.00 worth of material into a house, this is the house that you are going to get. Now \$5,000.00 I wouldn't call a spectacular house, \$5,000.00 worth of material. If you are putting a basement into it you are going to wind up with \$1500.00 before you even get above the surface of the ground, even get a floor on the main floor. So I don't think this is out of line at all, as a matter of fact the experience that this Low Cost Housing mortgage has had in the last three years has simply proven that this change is necessary and I would like to have the support of Council on this.

Mr. Taylor: I would just like to point out that this submission that Councillor Watt speaks of has never been tabled in this House. There has never been any submission other than individually. I received one of these letters, I haven't had a chance to read it yet, from a gentleman you states - I speak primarily as an interested individual but I am also concerned from the point of view of my profession which is building construction. My proposals, I believe, are important to both construction and orderly development - It would indicate that this gentleman is quite concerned over building houses, I believe he represents a construction company in town here. In this so called letter he says - I am submitting this proposal for your consideration in my capacity as a private individual in the building business - this is the lobby I speak of Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MacKinnon: As seconder of the motion I believe it is very good. You cannot build very much today for less than \$10,000.00 and it is a matter of a small extension to the existing plan and it is very necessary in this country where prices are so high. Why encourage people to have a home that is not well insulated to stand the severe winter months that we have here. I suggest let them have a few extra dollars and build a home properly.

Mr. Boyd: Since this \$7,000.00 figure was set Ottawa has tacked on a tax, a building tax amounting to I think 13%, so the \$7,000.00 value that the man had at the time that was instigated has now disappeared by 13% and he finds himself <sup>with</sup> probably \$6,000.00 to spend instead of \$7,000.00, as far as getting value for your money is concerned, plus the fact that everything else has gone up. But the Mortgage company or Ottawa have not changed their ideas one iota so there is room for improvement somewhere along the line and I would go along with that part of the thinking in that motion. But we are building contractors be permitted to build up to two homes on speculation for resale at any one time, I will go along with this. I say he is perfectly at liberty to build 50 homes if he wants to but not with government money, not with government money. He runs the risk not the government, not the people. If there are people wanting these homes they are perfectly within their right to come along and say I

want a home and make arrangement to buy it but I don't think we should give contractors a chunk of money and say you build the homes and we will finance you. Let the people have their say first and keep the money where it should be.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, I agree, lets keep this Low Cost Housing Ordinance to some sort of happy medium whereby we can assist the people to build there own homes in the low income bracket. I agree I could not vote for the motion in any event as long as subsection (2) remains.

Mr. Watt: The main objection Mr. Boyd had is point No. 2. I assure the members here that I am not representing a contractor, I am here representing the constituency of Whitehorse West and I think this would be.-- This is a principle that has been accepted by the Federal Government in Central Mortgage and Housing costs loans. They allow this construction up to two homes and the idea behind it is that a lot of these homes, both the higher and lower class homes are not ordered when times are slack and if the contractor is allowed a certain leeway in this then he can go ahead in the fall of the year, when things are slack, and start the construction of two homes and he is doing some of this financing himself. Then when spring comes along, he can operate all winter, and employ labour and carry on with this home construction up to two homes, and in the spring he can sell these. Next fall he may do the same thing. Otherwise if somebody is building a low cost home he may be swamped with 7 or 8 orders in the spring, can't handle them, can't get the labour and in the fall he has nothing to do because everybody wants to build in the spring of the year when things are a little bit cheaper to buy and operate and construction is a little bit cheaper. Further to emphasize the principle that is involved here, the Federal Government also adds a \$500.00 incentive loan and we are not asking for this low cost housing loan. So the principle is firmly established and it is a good one, particularly in a country like this where you have a lot of seasonal employment. I think it should be given a try for a year to see how it will work.

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to point out one small item concerning this motion. No-one and I repeat no-one, who is not on a serviced lot, and by this I mean serviced with a sewer and water system, they are not eligible for a Central Mortgage and Housing Loan. So this excludes everybody outside of the main townships. If anybody in Crestview, Porter Creek, Haines Junction, any of these places want to build they are not eligible under Central Mortgage and Housing. All this motion is doing is giving these people the same opportunity that is presently enjoyed by people who are in the built up areas. What this in fact means is that your second mortgage will be raised from \$1,000.00 to \$4,000.00 and I can see nothing wrong with this. This is just extending the terms of the Ordinance but if a person wants to build a \$6,000.00 home or a \$7,000.00 home there is nothing to prevent him from doing this. He is quite at liberty to do this. But by the same token if somebody would like to build an \$8,000.00 or \$9,000.00 home or even a \$10,000.00 home, then he also will ber permitted to do so. I heartly concur with this. The Central Mortgage and Housing cover contractors at the present time for building homes. I think that under this low cost housing ordinance that this seems reasonable at the same time.

Mr. Taylor: I would like to ask Councillor Watt if this (2) means that, he refers to the \$1,000.00 second mortgage repayable at \$100.00 a year, is this what he is getting at here?

want a home and make arrangement to buy it but I don't think we should give contractors a chunk of money and say you build the homes and we will finance you. Let the people have their say first and keep the money where it should be.

Mr. Taylor: Yes, I agree, lets keep this Low Cost Housing Ordinance to some sort of happy medium whereby we can assist the people to build their own homes in the low income bracket. I agree I could not vote for the motion in any event as long as subsection (2) remains.

Mr. Watt: The main objection Mr. Boyd had is point No. 2. I assure the members here that I am not representing a contractor, I am here representing the constituency of Whitehorse West and I think this would be. - This is a principle that has been accepted by the Federal Government in Central Mortgage and Housing costs loans. They allow this construction up to two homes and the idea behind it is that a lot of these homes, both the higher and lower class homes are not ordered when times are slack and if the contractor is allowed a certain leeway in this then he can go ahead in the fall of the year, when things are slack, and start the construction of two homes and he is doing some of this financing himself. Then when spring comes along, he can operate all winter, and employ labour and carry on with this home construction up to two homes, and in the spring he can sell these. Next fall he may do the same thing. Otherwise if somebody is building a low cost home he may be swamped with 7 or 8 orders in the spring, can't handle them, can't get the labour and in the fall he has nothing to do because everybody wants to build in the spring of the year when things are a little bit cheaper to buy and operate and construction is a little bit cheaper. Further to emphasize the principle that is involved here, the Federal Government also adds a \$500.00 incentive loan and we are not asking for this low cost housing loan. So the principle is firmly established and it is a good one, particularly in a country like this where you have a lot of seasonal employment. I think it should be given a try for a year to see how it will work.

Mr. Thompson: I would just like to point out one small item concerning this motion. No-one and I repeat no-one, who is not on a serviced lot, and by this I mean serviced with a sewer and water system, they are not eligible for a Central Mortgage and Housing Loan. So this excludes everybody outside of the main townships. If anybody in Crestview, Porter Creek, Haines Junction, any of these places want to build they are not eligible under Central Mortgage and Housing. All this motion is doing is giving these people the same opportunity that is presently enjoyed by people who are in the built up areas. What this in fact means is that your second mortgage will be raised from \$1,000.00 to \$4,000.00 and I can see nothing wrong with this. This is just extending the terms of the Ordinance but if a person wants to build a \$6,000.00 home or a \$7,000.00 home there is nothing to prevent him from doing this. He is quite at liberty to do this. But by the same token if somebody would like to build an \$8,000.00 or \$9,000.00 home or even a \$10,000.00 home, then he also will be permitted to do so. I heartily concur with this. The Central Mortgage and Housing cover contractors at the present time for building homes. I think that under this low cost housing ordinance that this seems reasonable at the same time.

Mr. Taylor: I would like to ask Councillor Watt if this (2) means that, he refers to the \$1,000.00 second mortgage repayable at \$100.00 a year, is this what he is getting at here?

Low Cost Housing Ordinance is going to be effective these changes have to be made. We have in the past changed the Low Cost Housing Ordinance and there has been no objection in Ottawa to this. When we were first presented with that Ordinance, it sat for six months and wasn't used at all because it wasn't effective, we couldn't use it, and we had to make an amendment to it and we did, it became effective and it did a lot of good. Now we are asking for further amendments to help make it more useful and help upgrade some of the housing. Mr. Taylor said that \$10,000.00 is putting it into the classification of a Central Mortgage and Housing Loan. I would like to point out that this \$10,000.00 includes labour, material, and everything else. If you break that down approximately 50% of the cost of a house is labour so this means that if you put \$5,000.00 worth of material into a house, this is the house that you are going to get. Now \$5,000.00 I wouldn't call a spectacular house, \$5,000.00 worth of material. If you are putting a basement into it you are going to wind up with \$1500.00 before you even get above the surface of the ground, even get a floor on the main floor. So I don't think this is out of line at all, as a matter of fact the experience that this Low Cost Housing mortgage has had in the last three years has simply proven that this change is necessary and I would like to have the support of Council on this.

Mr. Taylor: I would just like to point out that this submission that Councillor Watt speaks of has never been tabled in this House. There has never been any submission other than individually. I received one of these letters, I haven't had a chance to read it yet, from a gentleman you states - I speak primarily as an interested individual but I am also concerned from the point of view of my profession which is building construction. My proposals, I believe, are important to both construction and orderly development - It would indicate that this gentleman is quite concerned over building houses, I believe he represents a construction company in town here. In this so called letter he says - I am submitting this proposal for your consideration in my capacity as a private individual in the building business - this is the lobby I speak of Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MacKinnon: As seconder of the motion I believe it is very good. You cannot build very much today for less than \$10,000.00 and it is a matter of a small extension to the existing plan and it is very necessary in this country where prices are so high. Why encourage people to have a home that is not well insulated to stand the severe winter months that we have here. I suggest let them have a few extra dollars and build a home properly.

Mr. Boyd: Since this \$7,000.00 figure was set Ottawa has tacked on a tax, a building tax amounting to I think 13%, so the \$7,000.00 value that the man had at the time that was instigated has now disappeared by 13% and he finds himself <sup>with</sup> probably \$6,000.00 to spend instead of \$7,000.00, as far as getting value for your money is concerned, plus the fact that everything else has gone up. But the Mortgage company or Ottawa have not changed their ideas one iota so there is room for improvement somewhere along the line and I would go along with that part of the thinking in that motion. But we are building contractors be permitted to build up to two homes on speculation for resale at any one time, I will go along with this. I say he is perfectly at liberty to build 50 homes if he wants to but not with government money, not with government money. He runs the risk not the government, not the people. If there are people wanting these homes they are perfectly within their right to come along and say I

Mr. Watt: The suggestion is there is no request here to increase the mortgage from \$1,900.00 to a greater amount because I think this would be too difficult to get. I think it would be realistic to do so but I haven't asked for this because I don't think it would pass, we would have difficulties with Ottawa and the Administration here. So I was very moderate in my request and I simply requested that the over all increase to the cost of the home be \$10,000.00 instead of \$7,000.00. I would like to request that the second mortgage itself be increased too but I figured that would be too much to ask. This is moderate and I don't think is too much to ask.

MOTION CARRIED with  
Mr. Taylor contrary.

Mr. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. Taylor, that it is respectfully requested that in the event that the Commissioner should #48 proclaim a Daylight Saving Time for the Yukon that consideration should be given to the harmful effects this will definitely have on the tourist industry at Dawson City as well as respecting the wishes of the people of that area and therefore it is requested that the Dawson District be allowed to continue on Yukon Standard Time as it has since the formation of the Yukon Territory.

Mr. Shaw: I will not take too much of Council's time because we have gone into this in considerable length on previous occasions. However, it will have certain detrimental effects on this industry which is something we can ill afford at this particular time. It may be fine for the southern areas of the Territory, if they so wish, but my request is that consideration be given to keeping the time as it is in this Dawson area. This, Mr. Speaker, is something that has not happened in any province of Canada, to have a two hour change from their neighbors. A one hour change is considerable but when we get into a two hour change with our neighbors, and our neighbors in this case is the State of Alaska, that will be in the consideration of the people of that area, most detrimental. We do have daylight saving in British Columbia but I think if you trot along east, Alberta, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, I don't think you will find that they bother with this until you get to Ontario. As you know it has always been my wish, before this was instituted, that the people should a plebescite on this to determine just what the people want, if the people want this then I have no choice but to agree with it. In the area which I represent, they apparently do not want it and I have had little time to find out what the people do want, however, I have written the Mayor of that area and they hustled around and got a few names and they have sent to the Commissioner a petition with 200 names in which they want the time to remain as it is. I have the typewritten copy of the petition, not the original, the Commissioner has the original, therefore in view of this and my other remarks at this time and on previous occasions I would ask that Council accept this motion which I have put in.

Mr. Watt: First of all I would like a ruling as to whether this motion is in order. We have already had a motion before Council with respect to this item and it was passed and this is an attempt to overcome the intent of that motion or at least part of it.

Deputy Speaker: I would rule that the motion is quite in order.

Mr. MacKinnon: This motion is a duplication of a question that has already been asked to the Commissioner by Mr. Shaw just the other day here. I do think that it is a bit ridiculous.

Deputy Speaker: The question raised, referred to by the Honourable Member, was raised in relation to whether or not Yukon time would be instituted in the Yukon Territory. The matter of implementing this is up to the Commissioner and I would feel that Motion #48, as presented by Councillor Shaw, is in fact quite in order and we will deal with it as such.

Mr. Watt: I accept your ruling Mr. Speaker, I kind of thought you would rule that way. First of all, with respect to the motion, that a couple of years ago after we had a plebescite in Whitehorse, we requested that daylight saving time be allowed for the municipality of Whitehorse and even if the outlying areas did not want it and they suggested that they did not want it. The members from the outlying areas said no we can't have that we all have to fall in line with Whitehorse. So at that time they rejected the idea that is being put forward now because the tables were turned. Then the next session asked that a plebescite be held throughout the whole Territory and those in the outlying areas said no, we don't want a plebescite in the outlying areas, \$20,000.00 is too much. Now they want a plebescite in the outlying areas, now we have a petition with 200 names on it and it appears to me that this is partly as a result, probably primarily a result of a campaign that the CBC seems to be promoting. Apparently they are getting a lot of assistance from the Member from Dawson City to overcome a motion that Council has passed and the Commissioner has acted upon. All I can say is that I cast my vote here because of the result of the plebescite in Whitehorse and this is the only indication that I had, outside of the indication that the Commissioner had given us as to what happened in Watson Lake and the results of his demand for objections from people through the newspaper. Now I think that if the CBC is going to start a campaign like this there is nothing I can do to stop them but they should have started this campaign when they were having this plebescite in Whitehorse. We had a pretty poor turnout at that plebescite but it is the only one we have had in this area for me to pass a decision upon. Now if the CBC is starting a campaign they should have started it and got people out to vote at that plebescite in Whitehorse. Now that this is done they are pointing their fingers at us and saying - you fellows are trying to push something on us. Now I think it is time the CBC started to look at their own conduct in this, and if Mr. Shaw is trying to get a little bit of personal mileage out of this, he is doing fine, and it is to the detriment of the whole Council.

Mr. Shaw: Being a politician I would get mileage out of anything that I can get mileage out of. Now the accusation that the CBC has cooked this up, we will see about that. Yesterday, Mr. Speaker, it was the 8<sup>th</sup> of April when the CBC came around and asked various people what was their opinion on daylight saving time. That was the 8<sup>th</sup> of April, this letter here is dated April 7<sup>th</sup> so I don't think we can blame the CBC for this particular matter. I was not responsible for the CBC AND the CBC did not tell me what to say or any other member, or any other person that asked. If we restrict the CBC from asking questions on what might be controversial matters, matters in which we don't agree and we condemn them, we would resort to freedom of speech. In relation to the plebescite that you referred to in the City of Whitehorse, the plebescite was taken quite some time ago and I believe it was for one hour change

Mr. MacKinnon: This motion is a duplication of a question that has already been asked to the Commissioner by Mr. Shaw just the other day here. I do think that it is a bit ridiculous.

Deputy Speaker: The question raised, referred to by the Honourable Member, was raised in relation to whether or not Yukon time would be instituted in the Yukon Territory. The matter of implementing this is up to the Commissioner and I would feel that Motion #48, as presented by Councillor Shaw, is in fact quite in order and we will deal with it as such.

Mr. Watt: I accept your ruling Mr. Speaker, I kind of thought you would rule that way. First of all, with respect to the motion, that a couple of years ago after we had a plebescite in Whitehorse, we requested that daylight saving time be allowed for the municipality of Whitehorse and even if the outlying areas did not want it and they suggested that they did not want it. The members from the outlying areas said no we can't have that we all have to fall in line with Whitehorse. So at that time they rejected the idea that is being put forward now because the tables were turned. Then the next session asked that a plebescite be held throughout the whole Territory and those in the outlying areas said no, we don't want a plebescite in the outlying areas, \$20,000.00 is too much. Now they want a plebescite in the outlying areas, now we have a petition with 200 names on it and it appears to me that this is partly as a result, probably primarily a result of a campaign that the CBC seems to be promoting. Apparently they are getting a lot of assistance from the Member from Dawson City to overcome a motion that Council has passed and the Commissioner has acted upon. All I can say is that I cast my vote here because of the result of the plebescite in Whitehorse and this is the only indication that I had, outside of the indication that the Commissioner had given us as to what happened in Watson Lake and the results of his demand for objections from people through the newspaper. Now I think that if the CBC is going to start a campaign like this there is nothing I can do to stop them but they should have started this campaign when they were having this plebescite in Whitehorse. We had a pretty poor turnout at that plebescite but it is the only one we have had in this area for me to pass a decision upon. Now if the CBC is starting a campaign they should have started it and got people out to vote at that plebescite in Whitehorse. Now that this is done they are pointing their fingers at us and saying - you fellows are trying to push something on us. Now I think it is time the CBC started to look at their own conduct in this, and if Mr. Shaw is trying to get a little bit of personal mileage out of this, he is doing fine, and it is to the detriment of the whole Council.

Mr. Shaw: Being a politician I would get mileage out of anything that I can get mileage out of. Now the accusation that the CBC has cooked this up, we will see about that. Yesterday, Mr. Speaker, it was the 8<sup>th</sup> of April when the CBC came around and asked various people what was their opinion on daylight saving time. That was the 8<sup>th</sup> of April, this letter here is dated April 7<sup>th</sup> so I don't think we can blame the CBC for this particular matter. I was not responsible for the CBC AND the CBC did not tell me what to say or any other member, or any other person that asked. If we restrict the CBC from asking questions on what might be controversial matters, matters in which we don't agree and we condemn them, we would resort to freedom of speech. In relation to the plebescite that you referred to in the City of Whitehorse, the plebescite was taken quite some time ago and I believe it was for one hour change

Mr. Watt: The suggestion is there is no request here to increase the mortgage from \$1,900.00 to a greater amount because I think this would be too difficult to get. I think it would be realistic to do so but I haven't asked for this because I don't think it would pass, we would have difficulties with Ottawa and the Administration here. So I was very moderate in my request and I simply requested that the over all increase to the cost of the home be \$10,000.00 instead of \$7,000.00. I would like to request that the second mortgage itself be increased too but I figured that would be too much to ask. This is moderate and I don't think is too much to ask.

MOTION CARRIED with  
Mr. Taylor contrary.

Mr. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. Taylor, that it is respectfully requested that in the event that the Commissioner should #48 proclaim a Daylight Saving Time for the Yukon that consideration should be given to the harmful effects this will definitely have on the tourist industry at Dawson City as well as respecting the wishes of the people of that area and therefore it is requested that the Dawson District be allowed to continue on Yukon Standard Time as it has since the formation of the Yukon Territory.

Mr. Shaw: I will not take too much of Council's time because we have gone into this in considerable length on previous occasions. However, it will have certain detrimental effects on this industry which is something we can ill afford at this particular time. It may be fine for the southern areas of the Territory, if they so wish, but my request is that consideration be given to keeping the time as it is in this Dawson area. This, Mr. Speaker, is something that has not happened in any province of Canada, to have a two hour change from their neighbors. A one hour change is considerable but when we get into a two hour change with our neighbors, and our neighbors in this case is the State of Alaska, that will be in the consideration of the people of that area, most detrimental. We do have daylight saving in British Columbia but I think if you trot along east, Alberta, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, I don't think you will find that they bother with this until you get to Ontario. As you know it has always been my wish, before this was instituted, that the people should a plebescite on this to determine just what the people want, if the people want this then I have no choice but to agree with it. In the area which I represent, they apparently do not want it and I have had little time to find out what the people do want, however, I have written the Mayor of that area and they hustled around and got a few names and they have sent to the Commissioner a petition with 200 names in which they want the time to remain as it is. I have the typewritten copy of the petition, not the original, the Commissioner has the original, therefore in view of this and my other remarks at this time and on previous occasions I would ask that Council accept this motion which I have put in.

Mr. Watt: First of all I would like a ruling as to whether this motion is in order. We have already had a motion before Council with respect to this item and it was passed and this is an attempt to overcome the intent of that motion or at least part of it.

Deputy Speaker: I would rule that the motion is quite in order.

of time, which is half as bad as two hours change of time. Had it been a two hour change of time, you may have had a different result from the plebescite, even as it was it was only 417 for and 365 against. The statement that the members from the so called hinterland did not agree with a plebescite, is incorrect. I think you will find on the records of this previous Council that all agreed to holding a plebescite at the time an election was conducted. The reason the outside members did not want to go to a plebescite at that time and wanted to carry it forth until when an election was held was for the purpose of economy. However, the Chief Electoral Officer ruled that out of order and as a result we were faced with \$20,000.00 to hold a plebescite. I don't think that that would cost \$20,000.00 however that is not the point I am arguing. I have stated my case on many occasions, I have had the privilege allowed me to speak and I have answered the different questions and I would ask that a vote be taken on the matter.

Mr. MacKinnon: I voted against daylight saving and I felt that it could have had more consideration but seeing the motion has passed this House and my vote was defeated now I cannot ask for say an exception of Canyon Creek.

Mr. Boyd: What Mr. Shaw is asking for has been suggested on several occasions and on each and every instance it has been deemed not practical. I agree with that reasoning. Furthermore, it is as one Councillor has stated, Mr. Shaw asked verbally that this consideration as indicated in this motion, be granted to Dawson City and an answer was given along the lines that I have just mentioned, it is not practical. For the time being the Administration had no intention of changing their thinking. It should also be pointed out that it is very easy to get 200 names on something, a man will sign his name to most anything if the right man goes to him and puts so many words in front of him. I noticed by last night's paper that there is one man who seems to be respected, has lived quite a while, and he can see the reasoning for this proposal. So in view of all the circumstances I am going to be compelled to leave the situation as is and I will not vote in favor of this motion.

Mr. Shaw: When the petition was in favor, a very small group, was in favor of daylight saving time it was stressed by various members, very forcefully, that this is what the people want, there were 225 names for it. At that time I didn't feel that this was valid. Those were my words because I felt that one could get any type of a petition they wanted, they could have it the way they wanted to have it, it depends on who they approach and various and sundry circumstances. Of course that was not right so here we have one that is the opposite way around, now almost as many names. I just wanted to point out that particular matter that Councillor Boyd brought up.

MOTION DEFEATED with all  
opposed and Mr. Shaw in  
favor.

Mr. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. Southam that in the opinion of Council it is a sound policy to help the Indian peoples economy by encouraging them to help themselves and that a co-operative venture successfully launched and then well managed in the Indian Arts and Crafts industry could provide an income that would have the two-fold purpose of uplifting their economic status as well as their pride of accomplishment and as it is a proven fact that the people of the Village of Old Crow have shown their resourcefulness and industry by

Motion  
#49

their past performance it would indicate that this village could set a model for this type of experiment in the Yukon Territory and if successful could be expanded further.

It is therefore respectfully requested that the Department of Northern Affairs and/or the Department of Indian Affairs send a qualified man to Old Crow to discuss this type of a project with the people of this village and assess the possibility of embarking on such a program.

Mr. Shaw: Over the years, at least since I have been in the country, the policy of the Indian Affairs Department in my mind has not been to progressive or aggressive in the manner of helping these people help themselves. The tendency has been in the form of assisting them financially when they didn't have employment and not having any formula whereby they could help themselves. Now we have quite a number of older people, Indian people, who do not go to school, they are too old, they cannot go and learn how to become first aides, nurses, welders, machinists, etc. many of them have had no education whatsoever, and their sustenance comes from exactly what they can do with their hands. Projects such as this, I think is something that has been done in the Northwest Territories. They have cooperatives there. There is one, the Sulivick Industries in Inuvik that I believe is starting to get off the ground. Now certain things will be required of that person that goes up there, he will have to have a knowledge of this, they must have people in some of these departments that have got these projects off the ground in the Northwest Territories, and one of those could come here and go to this village and naturally the first thing that will be necessary will be to see these people and get their cooperation. You can't force this into them, you have to ask if they need it and point out the advantages of it to them for their economy and get their assent first to go along with the program. Say this is agreed to then there is a possibility they could assess the possibility of starting this up as a cottage industry. Along with this plan, of course, the government will have to provide the initial capital to form a type of a revolving fund to acquire the necessary material, the stockpile, which cannot be produced locally or any equipment that may be required, also means of paying for the initial production as these people manufacture. Now I might say that in Switzerland they have cottage industries there that produce a tremendous amount of watches, they have had it for years. Where these people produce in their own home certain parts of watches or assemble them and that is one of the reasons why Switzerland is known so well for producing watches, you might say it is in their blood because so many people do it. But it is done and a tremendous amount of watches are made in very very small factories and what you might call cottage factories. In starting this off the ground there will be certain subsidy factors, however, I think that the objective of this should be to make it self-sufficient once it gets on the way. The next problem will be the marketing of the products of this cooperative. It is obvious that Old Crow itself has no market. The market which would be in the Yukon Territory would be too small for the output which they could produce so therefore I feel it would be a part of this government planning that they would sell the products the same way they sell soapstones and so forth which the Eskimoes make in the Northwest Territories. The people of the Northwest Territories have this system set up, they have the advantage of this system and the government assist them with it but this does not seem to be available in the Yukon and I cannot see why it cannot be instituted. In view of that I would ask the Council's support of this motion.

their past performance it would indicate that this village could set a model for this type of experiment in the Yukon Territory and if successful could be expanded further.

It is therefore respectfully requested that the Department of Northern Affairs and/or the Department of Indian Affairs send a qualified man to Old Crow to discuss this type of a project with the people of this village and assess the possibility of embarking on such a program.

Mr. Shaw: Over the years, at least since I have been in the country, the policy of the Indian Affairs Department in my mind has not been to progressive or aggressive in the manner of helping these people help themselves. The tendency has been in the form of assisting them financially when they didn't have employment and not having any formula whereby they could help themselves. Now we have quite a number of older people, Indian people, who do not go to school, they are too old, they cannot go and learn how to become first aides, nurses, welders, machinists, etc. many of them have had no education whatsoever, and their sustenance comes from exactly what they can do with their hands. Projects such as this, I think is something that has been done in the Northwest Territories. They have cooperatives there. There is one, the Sulivick Industries in Inuvik that I believe is starting to get off the ground. Now certain things will be required of that person that goes up there, he will have to have a knowledge of this, they must have people in some of these departments that have got these projects off the ground in the Northwest Territories, and one of those could come here and go to this village and naturally the first thing that will be necessary will be to see these people and get their cooperation. You can't force this into them, you have to ask if they need it and point out the advantages of it to them for their economy and get their assent first to go along with the program. Say this is agreed to then there is a possibility they could assess the possibility of starting this up as a cottage industry. Along with this plan, of course, the government will have to provide the initial capital to form a type of a revolving fund to acquire the necessary material, the stockpile, which cannot be produced locally or any equipment that may be required, also means of paying for the initial production as these people manufacture. Now I might say that in Switzerland they have cottage industries there that produce a tremendous amount of watches, they have had it for years. Where these people produce in their own home certain parts of watches or assemble them and that is one of the reasons why Switzerland is known so well for producing watches, you might say it is in their blood because so many people do it. But it is done and a tremendous amount of watches are made in very very small factories and what you might call cottage factories. In starting this off the ground there will be certain subsidy factors, however, I think that the objective of this should be to make it self-sufficient once it gets on the way. The next problem will be the marketing of the products of this cooperative. It is obvious that Old Crow itself has no market. The market which would be in the Yukon Territory would be too small for the output which they could produce so therefore I feel it would be a part of this government planning that they would sell the products the same way they sell soapstones and so forth which the Eskimoes make in the Northwest Territories. The people of the Northwest Territories have this system set up, they have the advantage of this system and the government assist them with it but this does not seem to be available in the Yukon and I cannot see why it cannot be instituted. In view of that I would ask the Council's support of this motion.

of time, which is half as bad as two hours change of time. Had it been a two hour change of time, you may have had a different result from the plebescite, even as it was it was only 417 for and 365 against. The statement that the members from the so called hinterland did not agree with a plebescite, is incorrect. I think you will find on the records of this previous Council that all agreed to holding a plebescite at the time an election was conducted. The reason the outside members did not want to go to a plebescite at that time and wanted to carry it forth until when an election was held was for the purpose of economy. However, the Chief Electoral Officer ruled that out of order and as a result we were faced with \$20,000.00 to hold a plebescite. I don't think that that would cost \$20,000.00 however that is not the point I am arguing. I have stated my case on many occasions, I have had the privilege allowed me to speak and I have answered the different questions and I would ask that a vote be taken on the matter.

Mr. MacKinnon: I voted against daylight saving and I felt that it could have had more consideration but seeing the motion has passed this House and my vote was defeated now I cannot ask for say an exception of Canyon Creek.

Mr. Boyd: What Mr. Shaw is asking for has been suggested on several occasions and on each and every instance it has been deemed not practical. I agree with that reasoning. Furthermore, it is as one Councillor has stated, Mr. Shaw asked verbally that this consideration as indicated in this motion, be granted to Dawson City and an answer was given along the lines that I have just mentioned, it is not practical. For the time being the Administration had no intention of changing their thinking. It should also be pointed out that it is very easy to get 200 names on something, a man will sign his name to most anything if the right man goes to him and puts so many words in front of him. I noticed by last night's paper that there is one man who seems to be respected, has lived quite a while, and he can see the reasoning for this proposal. So in view of all the circumstances I am going to be compelled to leave the situation as is and I will not vote in favor of this motion.

Mr. Shaw: When the petition was in favor, a very small group, was in favor of daylight saving time it was stressed by various members, very forcefully, that this is what the people want, there were 225 names for it. At that time I didn't feel that this was valid. Those were my words because I felt that one could get any type of a petition they wanted, they could have it the way they wanted to have it, it depends on who they approach and various and sundry circumstances. Of course that was not right so here we have one that is the opposite way around, now almost as many names. I just wanted to point out that particular matter that Councillor Boyd brought up.

MOTION DEFEATED with all  
opposed and Mr. Shaw in  
favor.

Mr. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. Southam that in the opinion of Council it is a sound policy to help the Indian peoples economy by encouraging them to help themselves and that a co-operative venture successfully launched and then well managed in the Indian Arts and Crafts industry could provide an income that would have the two-fold purpose of uplifting their economic status as well as their pride of accomplishment and as it is a proven fact that the people of the Village of Old Crow have shown their resourcefulness and industry by

Motion  
#49

Mr. MacKinnon: It appears to me the motion is a little narrow. It is too bad that it did not include other parts of the Territory. The idea, I would suggest, is very sound and good.

Mr. Southam: As seconder of this motion I concur most heartily with Councillor Shaw. I think his idea sound and good and works in other places. I would take it, at least it is my understanding, that this is not just for Old Crow alone but eventually it would spread throughout all the Territory and anybody with straight thinking, I think would think that way. If you start something it has got to spread, it has got to go somewhere, now in my way of thinking this is a thing that is badly needed in the Yukon and has been needed for years gone by. These Indian people they are more or less on their own, the older folks, a lot of them, are not used to our ways and will never conform with our ways from what I can see of it. Now we, as their guardians to a certain extent, we must do something about it and this is one way we can do it. Now in the Northwest Territories as Councillor Shaw has said, you have these places. In Yellowknife, when I was in Yellowknife two years ago, they have a cooperative right in Yellowknife, a very nice store with a woman looking after it that knows the Territory, the Indian people and Eskimo crafts and anything that you want to go there and buy. You can buy things in there and you can walk across the street to the drugstore and it will cost you anywhere from \$25.00 to \$50.00 more and I know that because I bought a rug there and know what I am talking about. This is a thing that we need. We need somebody to look after the Indian crafts and teach them what they can do and make these things and sell them at a reasonable price. You walk into a store here and buy a belt, all beaded nicely and you get outside and unwrap it and what is stamped on the inside, Made in Hong Kong. This is what you are up against. This is what we must do, try to get these Indian people to do these crafts and somebody to teach them, to marketing, the cooperative sense of the thing, it has been done all over, it has been done in Nova Scotia with the fishermen, why can't we do it here in the Yukon with the Indians.

Mr. Boyd: This is a request to investigate into a possibility, this is all it is, it is a good motion and I would suggest we call the question on the motion.

MOTION CARRIED.

Commissioner Cameron attended Council for the question period.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I have a question I would like to direct to the Commissioner this morning. Is there any possibility, or anything in the wind, related to the taking over of the Alaska Highway prior to the next 5-Year Fiscal Agreement?

Commissioner Cameron: No, there is not Mr. Speaker. We will be very fortunate if we have the take over complications solved by 1967, it is very involved. We meet once a month and we have a planned programme we are discussing to make it as smooth as possible when it does come.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if the Commissioner could tell me under what Ordinance or Regulation do the Administration have the authority to increase the value of Territorial lots after such lots have been sold?

Question #8

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Speaker, I will have to have some clarification on that. I don't think I understand the particular problem. Could Mr. Thompson give me an example of what he is referring to.

Mr. Thompson: Yes, Mr. Speaker, this concerns an additional \$65.00 that has been added to the cost or value of Territorial lots as against their original sale. This was the way it was worded through Area Development. It reflects in our taxes so I was wondering under what authority this increase was allowed.

Commissioner Cameron: I am afraid I don't know under what authority Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker: Perhaps this could be notice of a question to which you could get a written answer to or perhaps Mr. Clerk might be able to answer the question.

Clerk-of-Council attempted to answer the question but Mr. Thompson was not satisfied and decided to let it stand as a written question requiring a written answer. See Question #8.

Mr. Watt: I have one question. We have had some discussion about the Territorial mill rate and you have been corresponding with Ottawa on this for further reduction. Have you had any answer yet?

Commissioner Cameron: No Mr. Speaker, we have not had an answer as yet. We are still working on it.

Mr. Speaker: Are there any further questions?

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Speaker, if there are no further questions, I have a couple of questions I would like to ask. I was wondering, Mr. Speaker, if the Council had brought up the subject of payment of an additional \$1600.00 to the Chamber of Commerce in regard to the Robert Service Campground and I do believe Councillor Watt had discussed it some time and I am not sure what the wishes of Council were.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, it was mentioned and it was supposed to add into a figure, and I asked that Council leave it until it could be discussed with Mr. MacKenzie and with a view that we possibly wouldn't have to change the book figures and create a lot of work. There could be another way to get around it other than that. We are only talking about \$1600.00 which in principle all you need is our indication that we are willing.

Commissioner Cameron attended Council for the question period.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Speaker, I have a question I would like to direct to the Commissioner this morning. Is there any possibility, or anything in the wind, related to the taking over of the Alaska Highway prior to the next 5-Year Fiscal Agreement?

Commissioner Cameron: No, there is not Mr. Speaker. We will be very fortunate if we have the take over complications solved by 1967, it is very involved. We meet once a month and we have a planned programme we are discussing to make it as smooth as possible when it does come.

Mr. Thompson: I was wondering if the Commissioner could tell me under what Ordinance or Regulation do the Administration have the authority to increase the value of Territorial lots after such lots have been sold? Question #8

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Speaker, I will have to have some clarification on that. I don't think I understand the particular problem. Could Mr. Thompson give me an example of what he is referring to.

Mr. Thompson: Yes, Mr. Speaker, this concerns an additional \$65.00 that has been added to the cost or value of Territorial lots as against their original sale. This was the way it was worded through Area Development. It reflects in our taxes so I was wondering ~~under what~~ authority this increase was allowed.

Commissioner Cameron: I am afraid I don't know under what authority Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker: Perhaps this could be notice of a question to which you could get a written answer to or perhaps Mr. Clerk might be able to answer the question.

Clerk-of-Council attempted to answer the question but Mr. Thompson was not satisfied and decided to let it stand as a written question requiring a written answer. See Question #8.

Mr. Watt: I have one question. We have had some discussion about the Territorial mill rate and you have been corresponding with Ottawa on this for further reduction. Have you had any answer yet?

Commissioner Cameron: No Mr. Speaker, we have not had an answer as yet. We are still working on it.

Mr. Speaker: Are there any further questions?

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Speaker, if there are no further questions, I have a couple of questions I would like to ask. I was wondering, Mr. Speaker, if the Council had brought up the subject of payment of an additional \$1600.00 to the Chamber of Commerce in regard to the Robert Service Campground and I do believe Councillor Watt had discussed it some time and I am not sure what the wishes of Council were.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Speaker, it was mentioned and it was supposed to add into a figure, and I asked that Council leave it until it could be discussed with Mr. MacKenzie and with a view that we possibly wouldn't have to change the book figures and create a lot of work. There could be another way to get around it other than that. We are only talking about \$1600.00 which in principle all you need is our indication that we are willing.

Mr. MacKinnon: It appears to me the motion is a little narrow. It is too bad that it did not include other parts of the Territory. The idea, I would suggest, is very sound and good.

Mr. Southam: As seconder of this motion I concur most heartily with Councillor Shaw. I think his idea sound and good and works in other places. I would take it, at least it is my understanding, that this is not just for Old Crow alone but eventually it would spread throughout all the Territory and anybody with straight thinking, I think would think that way. If you start something it has got to spread, it has got to go somewhere, now in my way of thinking this is a thing that is badly needed in the Yukon and has been needed for years gone by. These Indian people they are more or less on their own, the older folks, a lot of them, are not used to our ways and will never conform with our ways from what I can see of it. Now we, as their guardians to a certain extent, we must do something about it and this is one way we can do it. Now in the Northwest Territories as Councillor Shaw has said, you have these places. In Yellowknife, when I was in Yellowknife two years ago, they have a cooperative right in Yellowknife, a very nice store with a woman looking after it that knows the Territory, the Indian people and Eskimo crafts and anything that you want to go there and buy. You can buy things in there and you can walk across the street to the drugstore and it will cost you anywhere from \$25.00 to \$50.00 more and I know that because I bought a rug there and know what I am talking about. This is a thing that we need. We need somebody to look after the Indian crafts and teach them what they can do and make these things and sell them at a reasonable price. You walk into a store here and buy a belt, all beaded nicely and you get outside and unwrap it and what is stamped on the inside, Made in Hong Kong. This is what you are up against. This is what we must do, try to get these Indian people to do these crafts and somebody to teach them, to marketing, the cooperative sense of the thing, it has been done all over, it has been done in Nova Scotia with the fishermen, why can't we do it here in the Yukon with the Indians.

Mr. Boyd: This is a request to investigate into a possibility, this is all it is, it is a good motion and I would suggest we call the question on the motion.

MOTION CARRIED.

I don't think it is necessary to change a whole book.

Commissioner Cameron: This is correct Mr. Speaker. If Council agrees why it is necessary to go into supplementaries with it.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I did make a motion on that and it was ruled out of order. I had a resolution that in the opinion of Council that this be put back into the budget and the Chairman of Committees ruled it out of order and Council seemed to agree. Then Mr. Boyd got up afterwards and said it doesn't need to be included, but if you would like a motion, I think we should make one. I think it should be put back into the budget or if it does leave the Department of Travel and Publicity short of funds for this coming summer then you could put it in the supplementary. I would certainly agree on it.

Mr. Taylor: On a point of order, Mr. Speaker, I wonder if possibly this could not be handled better in Committee of the Whole during the discussion period we will be holding with the Commissioner this morning.

Mr. Speaker: The question has not been settled yet and can be discussed better in the discussion period.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums Sessional Papers and other items.

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:  
of the  
Whole

Commissioner Cameron: Possibly, Mr. Chairman, I could receive agreement in principle from Committee that this money be paid - whether you require a motion - I don't care how - all I am interested in is the agreement of Council that this be paid. If it can be paid out of the present funds allowed, well and good, but if we have a greater drain on them than we expect by a grant sharing basis why it will show in the supplementaries.

Mr. Thompson: I feel, Mr. Chairman, that this is in principle correct and if a motion is required, I will so move. I just want it understood, as you say, that this will not affect the present budget. If there isn't sufficient funds then it will appear as a supplement.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to ask one question. Has the situation changed concerning this particular area since we last talked to you and is there any chance that it will change?

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, the only way the situation has changed, as far as I am concerned, is that the gentleman from Chenechee came in to see me this morning and they wanted to lay down the swords and say that although it wasn't what they really wanted they were quite prepared to go along with it and give it a try for this year assuming that the \$1.00 is to be charged per unit for public service campground. I have heard rumours, and rumours only, that the Chamber of Commerce voted against charging this \$1.00. However, there will be no payment of \$1600.00 or anything else unless they carry out as they agreed to in my office.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, this matter came up last fall and on the recommendation that the members from the Whitehorse area - not knowing the situation - I went along with the motion that it be deleted from the budget at this time. Apparently

there has been no change whatsoever, and the Councillors from this area are recommending payment, no change. Personally I would like to see somebody make up their mind on this particular matter. I have no objections to having it paid but it is very, very confusing.

Mr. Watt: I would like to say that there has been a lot of changes, in what is sought, and what is being done now, from last fall, and if Mr. Shaw hasn't recognized it, I am sorry for him. I think the \$1600.00 should be spent for our portion of the contributory grant - that has already been spent and I think that we have found out the information we want but I am also of the opinion that if the Chamber of Commerce does start charging and if we go along with this that no further contributory grant be made to it without coming to Council again in the fall. I think this is getting close to the classification of commercial enterprise. The Commissioner has come up with a solution, it may be good, it may not be good, I don't whole heartedly agree with it but it is a solution that at least should be tried for the summer.

All Agreed.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, the next point is Motion #26 which has not been answered. The reason it has not been answered is that I would like some more information on it. It states that in the opinion of Council, land purchased for agriculture be exempt from taxes for a period of three years providing a genuine effort is being made to bring the land into production. The problem here is, assuming that we went along with this three year exemption, how would we apply it? What about cases we have at the present time where they have had the land for some years and are having difficulty paying the taxes. In one case the land is reverted now back to the Territory for non-payment of taxes. It is up for tax sale and has not been sold. There are other cases where operators are presently trying to make the agricultural venture pay off. The taxes are very small, and I don't know that we would be doing anything except possibly setting a bad precedent at this time. For example in one case the taxes of a farm area that has been pretty well established for a number of years now in the Territory came to approximately \$70.00, and there was quite the push on to have them reduced by \$28.00. I feel that where we are talking about agriculture and the taxes are so low that it doesn't speak too well for the possibility of the immediate future success of agriculture, if they can't pay \$70.00 taxes - and I am wondering what benefit we could give to this individual where they have been operating this farm for a number of years. Now it says providing a genuine effort is being made - I looked over a number of these places where agriculture is being attempted and there are various methods that the individuals are using, there are various amounts of effort being put into this, in some cases very little effort. I am wondering how you would decide what would be a genuine effort. Because obviously it is meant that the man who is doing nothing but holding land should have no exemption. But if he built a few yards of fencing would that be a genuine effort or how much would he have to fence or how much would he have to plow? What sort of an effort would he have to put into it? The point I am trying to make is it is a very difficult motion to really give effect to, and in answering the other motion on the availability of agricultural land - I have no doubt the members got the idea that the government certainly is not very enthusiastic towards promoting agriculture, we want to do an absolute minimum as far as construction is concerned, we don't want to prevent agriculture but we do feel that agriculture must be developed to a certain stage by private enterprise and when they prove that they have a market and can get maximum land use then would be the time for the government to step in and look towards some type of

there has been no change whatsoever, and the Councillors from this area are recommending payment, no change. Personally I would like to see somebody make up their mind on this particular matter. I have no objections to having it paid but it is very, very confusing.

Mr. Watt: I would like to say that there has been a lot of changes, in what is sought, and what is being done now, from last fall, and if Mr. Shaw hasn't recognized it, I am sorry for him. I think the \$1600.00 should be spent for our portion of the contributory grant - that has already been spent and I think that we have found out the information we want but I am also of the opinion that if the Chamber of Commerce does start charging and if we go along with this that no further contributory grant be made to it without coming to Council again in the fall. I think this is getting close to the classification of commercial enterprise. The Commissioner has come up with a solution, it may be good, it may not be good, I don't wholeheartedly agree with it but it is a solution that at least should be tried for the summer.

All Agreed.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, the next point is Motion #26 which has not been answered. The reason it has not been answered is that I would like some more information on it. It states that in the opinion of Council, land purchased for agriculture be exempt from taxes for a period of three years providing a genuine effort is being made to bring the land into production. The problem here is, assuming that we went along with this three year exemption, how would we apply it? What about cases we have at the present time where they have had the land for some years and are having difficulty paying the taxes. In one case the land is reverted now back to the Territory for non-payment of taxes. It is up for tax sale and has not been sold. There are other cases where operators are presently trying to make the agricultural venture pay off. The taxes are very small, and I don't know that we would be doing anything except possibly setting a bad precedent at this time. For example in one case the taxes of a farm area that has been pretty well established for a number of years now in the Territory came to approximately \$70.00, and there was quite the push on to have them reduced by \$28.00. I feel that where we are talking about agriculture and the taxes are so so low that it doesn't speak too well for the possibility of the immediate future success of agriculture, if they can't pay \$70.00 taxes - and I am wondering what benefit we could give to this individual where they have been operating this farm for a number of years. Now it says providing a genuine effort is being made - I looked over a number of these places where agriculture is being attempted and there are various methods that the individuals are using, there are various amounts of effort being put into this, in some cases very little effort. I am wondering how you would decide what would be a genuine effort. Because obviously it is meant that the man who is doing nothing but holding land should have no exemption. But if he built a few yards of fencing would that be a genuine effort or how much would he have to fence or how much would he have to plow? What sort of an effort would he have to put into it? The point I am trying to make is it is a very difficult motion to really give effect to, and in answering the other motion on the availability of agricultural land - I have no doubt the members got the idea that the government certainly is not very enthusiastic towards promoting agriculture, we want to do an absolute minimum as far as construction is concerned, we don't want to prevent agriculture but we do feel that agriculture must be developed to a certain stage by private enterprise and when they prove that they have a market and can get maximum land use then would be the time for the government to step in and look towards some type of

I don't think it is necessary to change a whole book.

Commissioner Cameron: This is correct Mr. Speaker. If Council agrees why it is necessary to go into supplementaries with it.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Speaker, I did make a motion on that and it was ruled out of order. I had a resolution that in the opinion of Council that this be put back into the budget and the Chairman of Committees ruled it out of order and Council seemed to agree. Then Mr. Boyd got up afterwards and said it doesn't need to be included, but if you would like a motion, I think we should make one. I think it should be put back into the budget or if it does leave the Department of Travel and Publicity short of funds for this coming summer then you could put it in the supplementary. I would certainly agree on it.

Mr. Taylor: On a point of order, Mr. Speaker, I wonder if possibly this could not be handled better in Committee of the Whole during the discussion period we will be holding with the Commissioner this morning.

Mr. Speaker: The question has not been settled yet and can be discussed better in the discussion period.

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Bills, Memorandums Sessional Papers and other items.

MOTION CARRIED.

Committee IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:  
of the  
Whole

Commissioner Cameron: Possibly, Mr. Chairman, I could receive agreement in principle from Committee that this money be paid - whether you require a motion - I don't care how - all I am interested in is the agreement of Council that this be paid. If it can be paid out of the present funds allowed, well and good, but if we have a greater drain on them than we expect by a grant sharing basis why it will show in the supplementaries.

Mr. Thompson: I feel, Mr. Chairman, that this is in principle correct and if a motion is required, I will so move. I just want it understood, as you say, that this will not affect the present budget. If there isn't sufficient funds then it will appear as a supplement.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to ask one question. Has the situation changed concerning this particular area since we last talked to you and is there any chance that it will change?

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, the only way the situation has changed, as far as I am concerned, is that the gentleman from Chenechee came in to see me this morning and they wanted to lay down the swords and say that although it wasn't what they really wanted they were quite prepared to go along with it and give it a try for this year assuming that the \$1.00 is to be charged per unit for public service campground. I have heard rumours, and rumours only, that the Chamber of Commerce voted against charging this \$1.00. However, there will be no payment of \$1600.00 or anything else unless they carry out as they agreed to in my office.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, this matter came up last fall and on the recommendation that the members from the Whitehorse area - not knowing the situation - I went along with the motion that it be deleted from the budget at this time. Apparently

tax relief or exemption period such as they have in the mineral field.

Mr. Poyd: Well Mr. Chairman, this was my motion, and I had in mind - I visualize a man with 150 possibly, 200 head, maybe more of cattle. He has to have some hay that will grow, he has to have possibly some grain, it will grow for feed. So he would not be a pot gardener, but he is a man who comes in here with knowledge of what he is up against. If he were to do this outside, without a doubt, clear across Canada, the government would say here we will help you, we will pay for half the cost of clearing this and get you into business quick, but here we say no, we don't want you around, virtually that is what it boils down to - we will not help you, and you can't expect anybody to come in when they can get up to \$26.00 an acre anywhere else - Peace River and all to raise stock and so on. What prompted this motion was we had a man who knew his business and he was willing to venture, he knew the agriculture business, he bought a piece of land that was worth to the government - \$1.00, \$2.00 or \$3.00 if you like, the government sold it to him. Immediately that land for tax purposes was worth \$10.00 an acre, and the man hadn't turned a sod, he had done nothing, and before he could get it into production he would have to fence it, clear it, break it, and spend about \$60.00 an acre all told, but while he is doing this we are cracking him for taxes on the basis of \$10.00 an acre. I am not blaming anybody, I am just trying to say that we have no respect. Mr. Cameron says we don't want to encourage, I maintain we are discouraging. I was told by one who knows, not long ago had \$2,000.00 who comes from Alberta, the thousands were in the \$20's - he wanted some information about this place, and the first thing he asked about was there any incentive and so on, the answer was no of course - now you take a look at that tract of land at Peace River that they've got I forget how many miles, but it is pretty fabulous - those fellows are getting government assistance - they are millionaires virtually speaking, they are going on a big scale - they'll be able to supply the Yukon and a lot more of the United States and so on. But we need cattle here and we need to be able to kill them and eat them instead of having this meat shipped in by truck under refrigeration and so on and I cannot see why it is not possible to do it.

Mr. Shaw: It appears to me that this doesn't present too much of a problem - when we have mining leases, I appreciate the fact that this is a lease and not a sale - but the same principle would be involved that a certain price would be put on - a certain amount of work involved in farming, the same as in digging holes and making tunnels in mining and a value of so much must be done each year for a 5 year period to get this tax relief. That way it shouldn't present any problems. If the man pays \$100.00 taxes well you may say that he has to do \$200.00 or \$300.00 or \$400.00 or any amount of work per year and upon application - inspected and found correct - that he be allowed tax exemption for this period of time. I think that should work fairly easy once a formula could be involved that - other Provinces they must have similar type of legislation.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Boyd in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, in regards to this question raised by Councillor Boyd, on March 1 or 2nd in Ottawa I asked the - as a member of the Financial Advisory Committee - I asked the Federal Northern Affairs Administration if they would provide for this session a copy of Committee recommendations on agriculture in the Yukon Territory. I noted that they were a little reluctant to provide this at the time because they indicated that they

did not wish to encourage agriculture in the Yukon Territory and as a matter of fact they were on this Arda kick at the time. However, they assured me that they would send this thing along. I arrived back here on March 15 when we opened Council and of course this report was not available. On the 17th of March I submitted on the Order Paper a Motion for the Production of Papers which states : The Administration is respectfully requested to provide Members of Council with copies of the "Agricultural Committee on Yukon Recommendations" and "Report on Agricultural Possibilities in Alaska". Same to be tabled at the earliest possible moment. It is now the 9th of April and it doesn't appear that we are going to get this report. It is a report on the Yukon. I have seen a copy of it and I know there is a copy of it in this building. The reason I wanted this report was for the very purpose of this discussion here today. They made some very specific recommendations on tax incentives, on items such as breaking plows, on land use, and in all aspects of agriculture, it was very good and sound. If this has been an oversight on the part of Ottawa I would hope that they would have this down to us between now and the next session so that all members could get a copy and study it and if Ottawa quite flatly do not wish this report to be made known to the Council of the Yukon Territory, I would deplore this situation. Within that report gentlemen you will find the answers to the questions you are looking for.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to rise once more Mr. Chairman in this respect. In management of the Experimental Farm, they indicate and state, that in this Yukon there is, that can be classified as fair to good, for the purpose I am talking about so I don't think you should want to overlook this and rule it out. As Mr. Southam mentioned a little while ago if we start something it will spread, but let's let it start for one thing.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, with respect to the motion, I would like to say that my opinion is that it is dangerous precedent to start to give it three year tax incentive. It is very possible that somebody goes out on a sunny day such as this and thinks that they would like to go out and do a little farming - stake 15 acres, 20 acres, 150 acres, a little way from Whitehorse, but not too far from town - so we give him a three year tax holiday to begin with, and a couple of weeks later he forgets about it so now we have a chunk of land that is tied up - we can't touch for three years - so then we start taxing him, then the taxation Ordinance comes into effect and a couple of years later it is taken back by the government to be re-used by somebody else - they want to do something else with it such as take the trees off it for logging or cord wood, or mining or something like this. I think that if Mr. Boyd and Mr. Taylor would like to pursue agriculture further and offer incentives I think it could be better done in some different direction without tying up land for 5 or 6 years that may otherwise be used and be of some use to the Territory. I don't think that Ottawa is discouraging agriculture, I think they want us to hold back on enticing people up here for agricultural purposes. Mr. Taylor says they do have a report, and I am looking forward to seeing that because I think it has something to offer. Personally I feel that some kind of taxation should be given on every piece of land in the Territory, so that if it goes completely out of use by the first that wants it and they have no more interest in it that the Government should be able to take it back in case somebody else wants to use it.

Mr. Boyd: The motion covers that Mr. Chairman, it says providing let us end this now I think Mr. Chairman if he's got the picture, and if he hasn't he'll have to wait as far as I am concerned.

did not wish to encourage agriculture in the Yukon Territory and as a matter of fact they were on this Arda kick at the time. However, they assured me that they would send this thing along. I arrived back here on March 15 when we opened Council and of course this report was not available. On the 17th of March I submitted on the Order Paper a Motion for the Production of Papers which states : The Administration is respectfully requested to provide Members of Council with copies of the "Agricultural Committee on Yukon Recommendations" and "Report on Agricultural Possibilities in Alaska". Same to be tabled at the earliest possible moment. It is now the 9th of April and it doesn't appear that we are going to get this report. It is a report on the Yukon. I have seen a copy of it and I know there is a copy of it in this building. The reason I wanted this report was for the very purpose of this discussion here today. They made some very specific recommendations on tax incentives, on items such as breaking plows, on land use, and in all aspects of agriculture, it was very good and sound. If this has been an oversight on the part of Ottawa I would hope that they would have this down to us between now and the next session so that all members could get a copy and study it and if Ottawa quite flatly do not wish this report to be made known to the Council of the Yukon Territory, I would deplore this situation. Within that report gentlemen you will find the answers to the questions you are looking for.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to rise once more Mr. Chairman in this respect. In management of the Experimental Farm, they indicate and state, that in this Yukon there is, that can be classified as fair to good, for the purpose I am talking about so I don't think you should want to overlook this and rule it out. As Mr. Southam mentioned a little while ago if we start something it will spread, but let's let it start for one thing.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, with respect to the motion, I would like to say that my opinion is that it is dangerous precedent to start to give it three year tax incentive. It is very possible that somebody goes out on a sunny day such as this and thinks that they would like to go out and do a little farming - stake 15 acres, 20 acres, 150 acres, a little way from Whitehorse, but not too far from town - so we give him a three year tax holiday to begin with, and a couple of weeks later he forgets about it so now we have a chunk of land that is tied up - we can't touch for three years - so then we start taxing him, then the taxation Ordinance comes into effect and a couple of years later it is taken back by the government to be re-used by somebody else - they want to do something else with it such as take the trees off it for logging or cord wood, or mining or something like this. I think that if Mr. Boyd and Mr. Taylor would like to pursue agriculture further and offer incentives I think it could be better done in some different direction without tying up land for 5 or 6 years that may otherwise be used and be of some use to the Territory. I don't think that Ottawa is discouraging agriculture, I think they want us to hold back on enticing people up here for agricultural purposes. Mr. Taylor says they do have a report, and I am looking forward to seeing that because I think it has something to offer. Personally I feel that some kind of taxation should be given on every piece of land in the Territory, so that if it goes completely out of use by the first that wants it and they have no more interest in it that the Government should be able to take it back in case somebody else wants to use it.

Mr. Boyd: The motion covers that Mr. Chairman, it says providing let us end this now I think Mr. Chairman if he's got the picture, and if he hasn't he'll have to wait as far as I am concerned.

tax relief or exemption period such as they have in the mineral field.

Mr. Poyd: Well Mr. Chairman, this was my motion, and I had in mind - I visualize a man with 150 possibly, 200 head, maybe more of cattle. He has to have some hay that will grow, he has to have possibly some grain, it will grow for feed. So he would not be a pot gardener, but he is a man who comes in here with knowledge of what he is up against. If he were to do this outside, without a doubt, clear across Canada, the government would say here we will help you, we will pay for half the cost of clearing this and get you into business quick, but here we say no, we don't want you around, virtually that is what it boils down to - we will not help you, and you can't expect anybody to come in when they can get up to \$26.00 an acre anywhere else - Peace River and all to raise stock and so on. What prompted this motion was we had a man who knew his business and he was willing to venture, he knew the agriculture business, he bought a piece of land that was worth to the government - \$1.00, \$2.00 or \$3.00 if you like, the government sold it to him. Immediately that land for tax purposes was worth \$10.00 an acre, and the man hadn't turned a sod, he had done nothing, and before he could get it into production he would have to fence it, clear it, break it, and spend about \$60.00 an acre all told, but while he is doing this we are cracking him for taxes on the basis of \$10.00 an acre. I am not blaming anybody, I am just trying to say that we have no respect. Mr. Cameron says we don't want to encourage, I maintain we are discouraging. I was told by one who knows, not long ago had \$2,000.00 who comes from Alberta, the thousands were in the \$20's - he wanted some information about this place, and the first thing he asked about was there any incentive and so on, the answer was no of course - now you take a look at that tract of land at Peace River that they've got I forget how many miles, but it is pretty fabulous - those fellows are getting government assistance - they are millionaires virtually speaking, they are going on a big scale - they'll be able to supply the Yukon and a lot more of the United States and so on. But we need cattle here and we need to be able to kill them and eat them instead of having this meat shipped in by truck under refrigeration and so on and I cannot see why it is not possible to do it.

Mr. Shaw: It appears to me that this doesn't present too much of a problem - when we have mining leases, I appreciate the fact that this is a lease and not a sale - but the same principle would be involved that a certain price would be put on - a certain amount of work involved in farming, the same as in digging holes and making tunnels in mining and a value of so much must be done each year for a 5 year period to get this tax relief. That way it shouldn't present any problems. If the man pays \$100.00 taxes well you may say that he has to do \$200.00 or \$300.00 or \$400.00 or any amount of work per year and upon application - inspected and found correct - that he be allowed tax exemption for this period of time. I think that should work fairly easy once a formula could be involved that - other Provinces they must have similar type of legislation.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Boyd in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, in regards to this question raised by Councillor Boyd, on March 1 or 2nd in Ottawa I asked the - as a member of the Financial Advisory Committee - I asked the Federal Northern Affairs Administration if they would provide for this session a copy of Committee recommendations on agriculture in the Yukon Territory. I noted that they were a little reluctant to provide this at the time because they indicated that they

Mr. Shaw: Just one comment Mr. Chairman, we are discussing something that Members of this Council want not what Ottawa want in the first instance. If a person does have a piece of land, farming land, and he works on it and does this work in 5 years and then decides he can't carry on - he has got tax exemption for that 5 years - on the other hand he has done a certain amount of work towards improving this land otherwise he wouldn't have kept it this period of time. So in view of that we have nothing to lose we have everything to gain.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, I might say that what I would think we are looking for is this gentleman out on the Mayo Road-what he is doing-just for the benefit of Council I will pass these pictures around. This man has only had this area for one year, he has 3,000 acres on lease, this is what he has done since then. I would say he has probably got 12, 15 thousand dollars or better in there. He has come in, he has some money to start up, he hasn't complained or asked for any assistance, he thinks the country has possibilities he is going at it very vigorously, he has caterpillars, 2 or 3 tractors, he has a Kenworth and two big trailers, he is running ponies right now and a number of cattle and he is bringing in a lot more and I would say a fellow that operates like this someday would come to the government and say well I feel I should have a little assistance here because I have a certain number of cattle, I have the market I can get rid of these animals, my feed costs are a little high maybe I would like to have a feed subsidy or he can give us some ideas of the best advantages to be received by agriculture in the Territory. It is pretty well an accepted fact that it takes up to 80 acres per head for natural graze for cattle in the bad lands or the normal land of the Yukon Territory. Grass land of the Yukon Territory you still require 30 or 40 per head, and with a minimum of treatment you can get that down to 10 or 15 acres and with a maximum treatment the Experimental Farm has brought that down to I believe 1½ acres per head for a three or four month period. This is a very expensive acre of land by the time they have finished treating it, but I don't think we have any real stumbling block as far as the purchasing or the reasoning of agricultural land for anybody that has the money in their pocket wishes to come in and bring in a few hundred or a few thousand head of cattle, in the meantime it is a little difficult to say what the best way to handle the small chap that is trying to get by as I say he is paying \$70.00 a year taxes and loses his land on tax sale, so it doesn't speak very well for the possibilities of the little man to operate in agriculture.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to point out something that happened in my district about four years ago. This farmer came along, staked a piece of land which was a good meadow he plowed up the meadow which ruined it and it is sitting that way today. This was over four years ago, and now the meadow I would say is ruined for all time. I don't think we should encourage this.

Committee recessed until 2:00 p.m.

Friday, Apr. 9, 1965  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Chairman called Council to order.

Mr. Chairman: We will proceed with Bill #10, an Ordinance Bill #10 to amend the Liquor Ordinance. We are at Item 18, could I have your concurrence or otherwise in this regard. Pardon me, we are on Item 17.

Mr. Boyd: To start it off, this is a recommendation which was made 2 years ago. We are faced now with several places which have merely rooms, nothing more, except a big bar, maybe, or a bar, or a tavern, and the travelling public, if they stay there, are required to leave and go into the cold or rain, and so on, in order to get their breakfast, for midnight snacks it's the same thing, and any meal, for that matter. In a true sense it is not a hotel, not in its true sense. We have a considerable number of these kind of places, too many, maybe, but they are becoming detrimental to established good service for the travelling public, inasmuch as if we have nothing but these we are never going to have adequate services for the travelling public, such as the aged people, school teachers, and so on who travel, travellers as well, or any other type of people. We just haven't got the accommodation for the travelling public, and that is what is behind this proposal, it's a suggestion to correct the situation, that is badly needed. I think maybe we could call Question on the Motion unless others have something more to say about it. Question on the suggestion, I should say.

Mr. Watt: This one part, I made the suggestion yesterday and I think it should be given more thought, and that is the existing owners should have their establishments, should have to upgrade their establishments over a period of, as was suggested yesterday, 10 years. Even if you want to specify a time of 15 years, but there should be some time specified when existing owners should have to upgrade their establishments. As Mr. Boyd has said, the purpose of this part of the Amendment to the Liquor Ordinance is to upgrade establishments and get more rooms into the Whitehorse area, and other areas of the Yukon too. I think if you are going to make anybody that is presently, or anybody that wants to build here, have 30 rooms, and then you also say in the Ordinance, the proposed Ordinance, that they have to have them available to the travelling public at all times, whereas the existing operations don't have to have 30 rooms, and they don't have to have them available to the travelling public at all times. Don't you think that's unfair? Don't you think the purpose of the Liquor Committee would be better served if we did specify a period. I'm not strong on the point of the period, but I think some time should be set. Is that right, Mr. Boyd?

Mr. Boyd: I would suggest that Mr. Watt is now on what could be classified as another subject, and better left alone at this session. We could deal with it at some other time, possibly, but I don't think it really falls into what we are talking about at the present time.

Mr. Shaw: I feel that Councillor Watt has a very good point there, myself. To get into this at this time, I think would possibly take some surveying, without jumping into something just immediately, like that. But it's a very good suggestion and I think that it would be a very good idea to have something at the next Session in relation to what he has suggested.

Friday, Apr. 9, 1965  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Chairman called Council to order.

Mr. Chairman: We will proceed with Bill #10, an Ordinance Bill #10 to amend the Liquor Ordinance. We are at Item 18, could I have your concurrence or otherwise in this regard. Pardon me, we are on Item 17.

Mr. Boyd: To start it off, this is a recommendation which was made 2 years ago. We are faced now with several places which have merely rooms, nothing more, except a big bar, maybe, or a bar, or a tavern, and the travelling public, if they stay there, are required to leave and go into the cold or rain, and so on, in order to get their breakfast, for mid-night snacks it's the same thing, and any meal, for that matter. In a true sense it is not a hotel, not in its true sense. We have a considerable number of these kind of places, too many, maybe, but they are becoming detrimental to established good service for the travelling public, inasmuch as if we have nothing but these we are never going to have adequate services for the travelling public, such as the aged people, school teachers, and so on who travel, travellers as well, or any other type of people. We just haven't got the accommodation for the travelling public, and that is what is behind this proposal, it's a suggestion to correct the situation, that is badly needed. I think maybe we could call Question on the Motion unless others have something more to say about it. Question on the suggestion, I should say.

Mr. Watt: This one part, I made the suggestion yesterday and I think it should be given more thought, and that is the existing owners should have their establishments; should have to upgrade their establishments over a period of, as was suggested yesterday, 10 years. Even if you want to specify a time of 15 years, but their should be some time specified when existing owners should have to upgrade their establishments. As Mr. Boyd has said, the purpose of this part of the Amendment to the Liquor Ordinance is to upgrade establishments and get more rooms into the Whitehorse area, and other areas of the Yukon too. I think if you are going to make anybody that is presently, or anybody that wants to build here, have 30 rooms, and then you also say in the Ordinance, the proposed Ordinance, that they have to have them available to the travelling public at all times, whereas the existing operations don't have to have 30 rooms, and they don't have to have them available to the travelling public at all times. Don't you think that's unfair? Don't you think the purpose of the Liquor Committee would be better served if we did specify a period. I'm not strong on the point of the period, but I think some time should be set. Is that right, Mr. Boyd?

Mr. Boyd: I would suggest that Mr. Watt is now on what could be classified as another subject, and better left alone at this session. We could deal with it at some other time, possibly, but I don't think it really falls into what we are talking about at the present time.

Mr. Shaw: I feel that Councillor Watt has a very good point there, myself. To get into this at this time, I think would possibly take some surveying, without jumping into something just immediately, like that. But it's a very good suggestion and I think that it would be a very good idea to have something at the next Session in relation to what he has suggested.

Mr. Shaw: Just one comment Mr. Chairman, we are discussing something that Members of this Council want not what Ottawa want in the first instance. If a person does have a piece of land, farming land, and he works on it and does this work in 5 years and then decides he can't carry on - he has got tax exemption for that 5 years - on the other hand he has done a certain amount of work towards improving this land otherwise he wouldn't have kept it this period of time. So in view of that we have nothing to lose we have everything to gain.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, I might say that what I would think we are looking for is this gentleman out on the Mayo Road-what he is doing-just for the benefit of Council I will pass these pictures around. This man has only had this area for one year, he has 3,000 acres on lease, this is what he has done since then. I would say he has probably got 12, 15 thousand dollars or better in there. He has come in, he has some money to start up, he hasn't complained or asked for any assistance, he thinks the country has possibilities he is going at it very vigorously, he has caterpillars, 2 or 3 tractors, he has a Kenworth and two big trailers, he is running ponies right now and a number of cattle and he is bringing in a lot more and I would say a fellow that operates like this someday would come to the government and say well I feel I should have a little assistance here because I have a certain number of cattle, I have the market I can get rid of these animals, my feed costs are a little high maybe I would like to have a feed subsidy or he can give us some ideas of the best advantages to be received by agriculture in the Territory. It is pretty well an accepted fact that it takes up to 80 acres per head for natural graze for cattle in the bad lands or the normal land of the Yukon Territory. Grass land of the Yukon Territory you still require 30 or 40 per head, and with a minimum of treatment you can get that down to 10 or 15 acres and with a maximum treatment the Experimental Farm has brought that down to I believe 1½ acres per head for a three or four month period. This is a very expensive acre of ladd by the time they have finished treating it, but I don't think we have any real stumbling block as far as the purchasing or the reasoning of agricultural land for anybody that has the money in their pocket wishes to come in and bring in a few hundred or a few thousand head of cattle, in the meantime it is a little difficult to say what the best way to handle the small chap that is trying to get by as I say he is paying \$70.00 a year taxes and loses his land on tax sale, so it doesn't speak very well for the possibilities of the little man to operate in agriculture.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to point out something that happened in my district about four years ago. This farmer came along, staked a piece of land which was a good meadow he plowed up the meadow which ruined it and it is sitting that way today. This was over four years ago, and now the meadow I would say is ruined for all time. I don't think we should encourage this.

Committee recessed until 2:00 p.m.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would suggest that we leave that entirely out. A man has a hotel, maybe he has 15 rooms, maybe 20. Maybe his existing hotel foundation was not designed to carry an extra story. Are you going to force him to tear it down and build from the ground? I don't think this is too sensible.

Mr. Southam: If I understand this thing right, and evidently I don't, isn't this for new buildings that are coming in to the Territory, or into the City, so why worry about the existing ones, if it's only covering new buildings? What are we arguing about? There's nothing to argue about. It's new buildings, buildings that you're trying to bring in.

Mr. Watt: The think that I'm trying to point out is that you've got 2 sets of rules, one for Mr. X and one for Mr. Y. The only difference is, one is old and one is new. But I would like to ask the Legal Advisor what the effect(I think this is the proper part of the Ordinance to put it in) what would the effect of such an Amendment be, and would we be allowed to make an amendment like this would be, would we be allowed to make this amendment when the existing operators originally received their licenses and we change the rules. Could I have your opinion?

Mr. Hughes: I think to put extra words on would be a surplusage there, there would be, shall we say, non-comforming users, but that's not uncommon, and you carry on. That's my view. So really, it isn't necessary to say new licenses, because each year the licenses are new, every year these new licenses come around, so on the facts as they exist today, the present owners, the present operators, will continue. I trust that answers the Councillor's question.

Countinued through Items 18 to 20 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Shaw: In relation to subsection (7) of Section 31, that to me I would say would be illegal, immoral, and unconstitutional, because the Government will not permit price-fixers tomorrow, because I do not think we have the right to tell a person what he will charge for his goods and services in matters such as this. This is not a public utility. It would be just as consistent to say how much we would charge for rent of a house, or how much we should charge for a package of soap. I am not questioning anything in relation to the prices charged at the present time, whether it's high, or whether it's low, I don't know. But the principle of establishing something in private enterprise areas in something like this is something that I am afraid I could not agree with. There is a difference, some people may say, this is liquor, we have control of liquor. Well, for example, if we are permitting stores to sell bottled beer while the liquor store is closed, as it is proposed, I would say on occasions like that you could say that shall not be sold over, you can establish the price on that. That is something I would say, to me would appear quite reasonable. But when we set, when we tell somebody that they must charge so much for their products in a store, it's against my principles, and one of the reasons I would say is this, we are putting ourselves up as an authority to know what it costs that person to operate his particular business. I don't think we are qualified to know how much it costs Joe Blow to operate his grocery store, and John Doe to run his hardware business, and so on,

however, we are taking it upon ourselves to say that you can make a profit on this. Maybe they're making a big profit, maybe they're charging ten times too much, I don't know, but I think the principle is wrong, and as I stated in my first remarks, to add to this three sections, I think that it would boil down to being unconstitutional.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Hughes if such a thing would be unconstitutional, and if so, did he recommend that this be drafted by those who drafted it, or did he draft it himself, or why is it here, if it is unconstitutional? Or, is that right?

Mr. Hughes: Well, which question should I answer first? To deal with the last question, the Councillors will remember that in the explanatory notes it shows "the members are requested that legislation be drafted for consideration at this Session, and that the following items be dealt with", and Item 5 "to require the serving of draft beer in a 12-ounce glass with a minimum serving of 10 ounces, and to establish a maximum price of 30¢ a glass in the Southern Yukon", now those were the instructions. The difficulty of drafting in a hurry is that one cannot give the fullest possible consideration to the questions. I have had to work alone, I have not got the benefit of a professional colleague with whom I can talk things over, and I think I have to perform a duty for the Councillors when they come and want something worked up. If something is obviously wrong, and obviously illegal, then I'm going to tell them that. But I don't expect to get all my bets down on the right horses, especially when it's done in a hurry. The point has been suggested by some authorities that this might indeed be illegal. The authorities I have talked to weren't quite as severe as Councillor Shaw, they didn't think it would be immoral as well. Between being illegal and immoral one could find everything that I rather like, but to add unconstitutional as well, makes the position very serious. I do have some misgivings, I wouldn't be frank if I didn't ask at this time for the Councillors not to press this thing. Give me a little more opportunity. I've put it in, those were my instructions, but I do hold the view that it's not illegal or immoral, but I would like more time, and if there is no special urgency on this particular point I would appreciate it very much if the Councillors would take note of that and possibly I could, through the Commissioner, send a message during the course of the Summer or the next Session. There is an area of argument. I've heard arguments by professional men whose opinions I respect very much, so could I ask indulgence of the Committee, particularly the members who asked for this, to give me a little leeway on that.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): I concur with the opinions expressed by Mr. Hughes. Initially this was proposed as a means of bringing down the price to the consumer of draft beer, in other words we were legislating in this case a little bit to assist and aid the consumer, who feels that the price of beer is far too high. Possibly the approach has not been proper in the sense of constitutional grounds or something else. However, we have attempted to effect a solution to this problem, and I'm quite prepared to see Subsection (7) deleted at this time, and follow along the lines as suggested by Mr. Hughes.

however, we are taking it upon ourselves to say that you can make a profit on this. Maybe they're making a big profit, maybe they're charging ten times too much, I don't know, but I think the principle is wrong, and as I stated in my first remarks, to add to this three sections, I think that it would boil down to being unconstitutional.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Hughes if such a thing would be unconstitutional, and if so, did he recommend that this be drafted by those who drafted it, or did he draft it himself, or why is it here, if it is unconstitutional? Or, is that right?

Mr. Hughes: Well, which question should I answer first? To deal with the last question, the Councillors will remember that in the explanatory notes it shows "the members are requested that legislation be drafted for consideration at this Session, and that the following items be dealt with", and Item 5 "to require the serving of draft beer in a 12-ounce glass with a minimum serving of 10 ounces, and to establish a maximum price of 30¢ a glass in the Southern Yukon", now those were the instructions. The difficulty of drafting in a hurry is that one cannot give the fullest possible consideration to the questions. I have had to work alone, I have not got the benefit of a professional colleague with whom I can talk things over, and I think I have to perform a duty for the Councillosrs when they come and want something worked up. If something is obviously wrong, and obviously illegal, then I'm going to tell them that. But I don't expect to get all my bets down on the right horses, especially when it's done in a hurry. The point has been suggested by some authorities that this might indeed be illegal. The authorities I have talked to weren't quite as severe as Councillor Shaw, they didn't think it would be immoral as well. Between being illegal and immoral one could find everything that I rather like, but to add unconstitutional as well, makes the position very serious. I do have some misgivings, I wouldn't be frank if I didn't ask at this time for the Councillors not to press this thing. Give me a little more opportunity. I've put it in, those were my instructions, but I do hold the view that it's not illegal or immoral, but I would like more time, and if there is no special urgency on this particular point I would appreciate it very much if the Councillors would take note of that and possibly I could, through the Commissioner, send a message during the course of the Summer or the next Session. There is an area of argument. I've heard arguments by professional men whose opinions I respect very much, so could I ask indulgence of the Committee, particularly the members who asked for this, to give me a little leeway on that.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in Chair): I concur with the opinions expressed by Mr. Hughes. Initially this was proposed as a means of bringing down the price to the consumer of draft beer, in other words we were legislating in this case a little bit to assist and aid the consumer, who feels that the price of beer is far too high. Possibly the approach has not been proper in the sense of constitutional grounds or something else. However, we have attempted to effect a solution to this problem, and I'm quite prepared to see Subsection (7) deleted at this time, and follow along the lines as suggested by Mr. Hughes.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would suggest that we leave that entirely out. A man has a hotel, maybe he has 15 rooms, maybe 20. Maybe his existing hotel foundation was not designed to carry an extra story. Are you going to force him to tear it down and build from the ground? I don't think this is too sensible.

Mr. Southam: If I understand this thing right, and evidently I don't, isn't this for new buildings that are coming in to the Territory, or into the City, so why worry about the existing ones, if it's only covering new buildings? What are we arguing about? There's nothing to argue about. It's new buildings, buildings that you're trying to bring in.

Mr. Watt: The think that I'm trying to point out is that you've got 2 sets of rules, one for Mr. X and one for Mr. Y. The only difference is, one is old and one is new. But I would like to ask the Legal Advisor what the effect (I think this is the proper part of the Ordinance to put it in) what would the effect of such an Amendment be, and would we be allowed to make an amendment like this would be, would we be allowed to make this amendment when the existing operators originally received their licenses and we change the rules. Could I have your opinion?

Mr. Hughes: I think to put extra words on would be a surplusage there, there would be, shall we say, non-conforming users, but that's not uncommon, and you carry on. That's my view. So really, it isn't necessary to say new licenses, because each year the licenses are new, every year these new licenses come around, so on the facts as they exist today, the present owners, the present operators, will continue. I trust that answers the Councillor's question.

Continued through Items 18 to 20 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Shaw: In relation to subsection (7) of Section 31, that to me I would say would be illegal, immoral, and unconstitutional, because the Government will not permit price-fixers tomorrow, because I do not think we have the right to tell a person what he will charge for his goods and services in matters such as this. This is not a public utility. It would be just as consistent to say how much we would charge for rent of a house, or how much we should charge for a package of soap. I am not questioning anything in relation to the prices charged at the present time, whether it's high, or whether it's low, I don't know. But the principle of establishing something in private enterprise areas in something like this is something that I am afraid I could not agree with. There is a difference, some people may say, this is liquor, we have control of liquor. Well, for example, if we are permitting stores to sell bottled beer while the liquor store is closed, as it is proposed, I would say on occasions like that you could say that shall not be sold over, you can establish the price on that. That is something I would say, to me would appear quite reasonable. But when we set, when we tell somebody that they must charge so much for their products in a store, it's against my principles, and one of the reasons I would say is this, we are putting ourselves up as an authority to know what it costs that person to operate his particular business. I don't think we are qualified to know how much it costs Joe Blow to operate his grocery store, and John Doe to run his hardware business, and so on,

Mr. Shaw: I did not wish to impute any disrespect to the drafter of this. I realize this was requested by some members possibly of the Council. I was just giving my opinion, that is not strictly legal either, that's my opinion of the situation.

Mr. Boyd: When this was asked for it was hoped that Administration might have found enough profits in their handling of the liquor business whereby they could see that they could probably help out, even to the tune of part of 5¢, but apparently there's not any co-operation along these lines. Now, when we talk about the price, whether it be illegal, or some of these other smart words that I hear people using, without disrespect, I maintain that the price of beer today has been fixed, by the Government, or their employees. It's not in writing anywhere. Otherwise why is everybody charging 35¢? They were asked if they would sell it at 35¢. It's no secret about this, the Government set a price and said now will you sell this at 35¢? This is virtually what happened. So everybody assumes the Government is saying the beer must be 35¢ a glass. Some people operate very good establishments costing considerable money, getting 35¢. Others operate establishments that cost considerably less and are getting 35¢. So I see no harm in us trying to get the price down, I don't care what you sell it for, as long as it's down a little bit. This is the attempt, because the public do feel, beyond all doubt, that they're paying too much for beer. However, I am prepared and suggest, gentlemen, that we delete this paragraph, and that it be dealt with at a later date. In the meantime I would like to ask if I may, of the Administration, if they could obtain, between now and the Fall Session, a comparison of figures for the 4 Western Provinces, namely, What do they buy their beer at?, What do they sell it at?, so that we will be able to use something here as a guide. Certainly there is a very considerable spread between purchase and sale, and so on. Whether it's too much or too little I don't know, but I want to find out, and I'd like to know, and I think I should know these things before we press any further in this direction.

Mr. Commissioner: If I might just say a word on that. The Government is in no way, to my knowledge, setting the price - the retail price - of draft beer. I mean, they can drop the price to any amount if they wish, and the present profits from our figures, on draft beer, indicate from 108% to 140%. If any operator of draft beer wishes to sell for 30¢ a glass or 25¢ a glass - I don't think there is anything in the Government regulations or rules that would prevent them. If we were to take up this slack and take the 5¢ per glass, it was suggested, the Government absorb would be \$18,000 at least, under our present sales on draft beer alone.

Mr. Thompson: I understood that originally this request came from Watson Lake, so that the operators down there could sell it on a comparable basis to the people of British Columbia. If you say there is nothing in the regulations to say how much they could sell it for then I don't see why we need this. If they want to sell it for 30¢ then they're quite at liberty to do so. But I was of the opinion from what I heard here previously, that the price had been set at 35¢, and they weren't at liberty to lower it if they so desired.

Mr. Taylor: In this case, when draft beer first came to the Yukon, these people had to compete with Northern British Columbia, who have a pretty high price too. They have 30¢ on theirs. So Watson Lake looked it over and we thought we could make a reasonable profit on a keg of beer at 30¢, and this is the way it's been. Although I must admit that they feel they are in a rather bad position with people in Whitehorse here, it costs them 60¢ a keg more, and they're making \$10 a keg more from this in Whitehorse. That's the only difference.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to rise just once more to say that this originated in Watson Lake is not so. It was in the Liquor Committee's Brief - the price charged for these commodities. It was recommended there that they be decreased. I'm getting letters, even, concerning the price of beer, from Whitehorse.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if I might ask a question. I have heard, I have not any factual information on this, but this is a good opportunity to perhaps get the answer to the question, and that is - these outlets in British Columbia, I think even as far as Lower Post, that the brewery companies pay the freight up to these areas. In other words they equalize the cost, something like General Motors with their automobiles, so that they can sell at a fairly consistent price. The amount of beer coming up in to the Yukon Territory does not get the advantage of we'll say the distance between Vancouver to the border. In other words, they pay the freight all the way from Vancouver up here, and do not get what they get in the subsidy factor in British Columbia. If there is any way I could get that question answered some time, Mr. Chairman, it would perhaps throw a light on the matter too, as to the relationship between prices charged in one place and prices charged in another. I wonder if I got my question over.

Mr. Shaw: I can second this for Mr. Shaw. He wants to, as I understand it, Mr. Shaw would like to know the price of beer and the freight differential, if there is any, the freight costs. I will have to check with the Liquor Superintendent.

Mr. Shaw: I brought this up because of the possibility that it might assist in the particular area to lower the price of it.

Mr. Commissioner: We, the Territorial Government could lower the price of beer, providing we are satisfied with the profits that are being made on liquor. In other words, lower our profits in the liquor business. The markup at the present time on beer is just, I believe, under 80%, and on liquor it's 100%, as far as the Government liquor store is concerned.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to ask Mr. Cameron if he thinks we could have some figures to use for comparison from the four Western Provinces. It would be interesting to know how much of a markup they get in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and so on. I'm not talking about the Government, I'm talking about the operators, so that we could have something to look at. I'm not concerned with the Government profit, I'm concerned with the markup from the time the Government sells it to the time the consumer gets hold of it.

Mr. Taylor: In this case, when draft beer first came to the Yukon, these people had to compete with Northern British Columbia, who have a pretty high price too. They have 30¢ on theirs. So Watson Lake looked it over and we thought we could make a reasonable profit on a keg of beer at 30¢, and this is the way it's been. Although I must admit that they feel they are in a rather bad position with people in Whitehorse here, it costs them 60¢ a keg more, and they're making \$10 a keg more from this in Whitehorse. That's the only difference.

Mr. Boyd: I would just like to rise just once more to say that this originated in Watson Lake is not so. It was in the Liquor Committee's Brief - the price charged for these commodities. It was recommended there that they be decreased. I'm getting letters, even, concerning the price of beer, from Whitehorse.

Mr. Shaw: I wonder if I might ask a question. I have heard, I have not any factual information on this, but this is a good opportunity to perhaps get the answer to the question, and that is - these outlets in British Columbia, I think even as far as Lower Post, that the brewery companies pay the freight up to these areas. In other words they equalize the cost, something like General Motors with their automobiles, so that they can sell at a fairly consistent price. The amount of beer coming up in to the Yukon Territory does not get the advantage of we'll say the distance between Vancouver to the border. In other words, they pay the freight all the way from Vancouver up here, and do not get what they get in the subsidy factor in British Columbia. If there is any way I could get that question answered some time, Mr. Chairman, it would perhaps throw a light on the matter too, as to the relationship between prices charged in one place and prices charged in another. I wonder if I got my question over.

Mr. Shaw: I can second this for Mr. Shaw. He wants to, as I understand it, Mr. Shaw would like to know the price of beer and the freight differential, if there is any, the freight costs. I will have to check with the Liquor Superintendent.

Mr. Shaw: I brought this up because of the possibility that it might assist in the particular area to lower the price of it.

Mr. Commissioner: We, the Territorial Government could lower the price of beer, providing we are satisfied with the profits that are being made on liquor. In other words, lower our profits in the liquor business. The markup at the present time on beer is just, I believe, under 80%, and on liquor it's 100%, as far as the Government liquor store is concerned.

Mr. Boyd: I would like to ask Mr. Cameron if he thinks we could have some figures to use for comparison from the four Western Provinces. It would be interesting to know how much of a markup they get in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and so on. I'm not talking about the Government, I'm talking about the operators, so that we could have something to look at. I'm not concerned with the Government profit, I'm concerned with the markup from the time the Government sells it to the time the consumer gets hold of it.

Mr. Shaw: I did not wish to impute any disrespect to the drafter of this. I realize this was requested by some members possibly of the Council. I was just giving my opinion, that is not strictly legal either, that's my opinion of the situation.

Mr. Boyd: When this was asked for it was hoped that Administration might have found enough profits in their handling of the liquor business whereby they could see that they could probably help out, even to the tune of part of 5¢, but apparently there's not any co-operation along these lines. Now, when we talk about the price, whether it be illegal, or some of these other smart words that I hear people using, without disrespect, I maintain that the price of beer today has been fixed, by the Government, or their employees. It's not in writing anywhere. Otherwise why is everybody charging 35¢? They were asked if they would sell it at 35¢. It's no secret about this, the Government set a price and said now will you sell this at 35¢? This is virtually what happened. So everybody assumes the Government is saying the beer must be 35¢ a glass. Some people operate very good establishments costing considerable money, getting 35¢. Others operate establishments that cost considerably less and are getting 35¢. So I see no harm in us trying to get the price down, I don't care what you sell it for, as long as it's down a little bit. This is the attempt, because the public do feel, beyond all doubt, that they're paying too much for beer. However, I am prepared and suggest, gentlemen, that we delete this paragraph, and that it be dealt with at a later date. In the meantime I would like to ask if I may, of the Administration, if they could obtain, between now and the Fall Session, a comparison of figures for the 4 Western Provinces, namely, What do they buy their beer at?, What do they sell it at?, so that we will be able to use something here as a guide. Certainly there is a very considerable spread between purchase and sale, and so on. Whether it's too much or too little I don't know, but I want to find out, and I'd like to know, and I think I should know these things before we press any further in this direction.

Mr. Commissioner: If I might just say a word on that. The Government is in no way, to my knowledge, setting the price - the retail price - of draft beer. I mean, they can drop the price to any amount if they wish, and the present profits from our figures, on draft beer, indicate from 108% to 140%. If any operator of draft beer wishes to sell for 30¢ a glass or 25¢ a glass - I don't think there is anything in the Government regulations or rules that would prevent them. If we were to take up this slack and take the 5¢ per glass, it was suggested, the Government absorb would be \$18,000 at least, under our present sales on draft beer alone.

Mr. Thompson: I understood that originally this request came from Watson Lake, so that the operators down there could sell it on a comparable basis to the people of British Columbia. If you say there is nothing in the regulations to say how much they could sell it for then I don't see why we need this. If they want to sell it for 30¢ then they're quite at liberty to do so. But I was of the opinion from what I heard here previously, that the price had been set at 35¢, and they weren't at liberty to lower it if they so desired.

Mr. Commissioner: Yes, we might have that available and in the office here on Monday.

Mr. Watt: There are just a couple of questions I would like to ask. I'm not contrary to it, but there are a couple of questions I would like to ask on that that may help in future. First of all, Mr. Boyd said the Government is fixing the prices. Is that right, Mr. Commissioner?

Mr. Commissioner: No. I believe there was just a maximum set. I'm not sure if that was set by Regulation or by Ordinance, but there's no minimum. We haven't established a fixed price on it. Is this correct, Mr. Legal Advisor?

Mr. Hughes: No. There's no maximum in Regulation or Ordinance. From what I hear, the Liquor Superintendent did leave the operators with the idea that a certain price shouldn't be exceeded, or should be the prevailing price. It is unfair to quote the Superintendent in his absence, but I can only offer that as the way in which this impression has been gained. There's nothing in the legislation or Regulations.

Mr. Watt: Just one more thing. I think that Mr. Shaw had a pretty good idea. I think the thought of the Section was to lower the cost of beer, in keeping with the Liquor Committee reports, and there have been different suggestions on the ways this may be done, to lower the cost of beer here, so that the Government could resell and still maintain the profit that they have. There are probably different ways in which this could be done. Maybe the original purchasing could be looked into, then the freighting charges, and Government profits could possibly be looked into a little bit further. Mr. Shaw has made a suggestion that if B. C. would pay it to their border, this would be a pretty appetizing suggestion, because we don't have to pay it 15 miles this side of Carcross to Whitehorse, that would be pretty attractive. That is where it comes in from B. C., I believe. I'd like to suggest that Mr. Boyd act as a Committee of one to further look into this cost to see if he can come up with any suggestions in the Fall to further reduce the price of beer, and look into these facets that have been mentioned here.

Mr. Boyd: I'd just like to say that by comparison the sellers of anti-freeze prepay the freight to the Border, there's an equalization set-up, and I think this is pretty good anti-freeze too, and it should fall somewhere near that category.

Mr. Chairman (Mr. Taylor back in Chair): Mr. Hughes, have you noted the amendment in Item 20?

Mr. Hughes: The deletion of (7)? Yes.

Mr. MacKinnon: I'm very much in favour of a one-man Committee, such as Mr. Boyd, to look into this, and give it a lot of serious thought. It's a thing of importance, and it should be looked into very deeply before we make any changes.

Council continued through Items 21 and 22 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: If you read Section 48 of the present Ordinance it reads - "No person shall transport or carry liquor in a motor vehicle unless (a) the package containing the liquor

has not been opened since it was purchased ; or (b) if the package containing the liquor has been opened since it was purchased it is (1) in the trunk or space of a vehicle designated or designed for the carriage of baggage and parcels; or (2) in some other receptacle on the exterior of the vehicle" and then it goes on "And not in any case in that part of the vehicle intended for the accommodation of the driver and other persons being carried therein." You get into the situation, particularly the 9-seater station wagon, and I don't see that the thing makes sense any more with the present type of vehicle. I may misconstrue the section but it's very difficult to see where you're going to put the liquor at all, even if the package hasn't been opened, so I suggest it might be improved by the deletion of that part of the section.

Mr. Shaw: Just one question. This would mean that it would be alright to have it in the trunk of a sedan, would it?

Mr. Hughes: What is it you are having in the trunk of a sedan?

Mr. Shaw: The bottle of liquor that has the seal broken.

Mr. Hughes: Has the seal broken? Yes.

Council continued through Item 23 and explanatory note.

Mr. Hughes: I don't know whether I succeeded in making the point very clear, but the section did say, "The possession by a person in a restaurant of liquor in any container other than a package with the seal unbroken, or other than a beer bottle from which the cap is not removed is prima facie proof that such person is consuming liquor in such public place." Well, this is for the purpose of evidence, it doesn't say it is an offence in itself. But after all, today you would have this situation where a man might be sitting there with a bottle of wine and a policeman might come in and look at him very wisely and say "That's prima facie proof that you're consuming in a restaurant", and the man might say "Yes, and it's perfectly legal." What you really want is evidence of consumption in a public place. This is where an offence would lie today, not just a restaurant. You've really got a choice of continuing to make use of that section by changing the reference to public place, or by taking it out and putting some alternative section in elsewhere. I've taken the stand of simply changing the wording. That's all I would be prepared to recommend to you at this time.

Mr. Watt: No. I'm not clear. Maybe I'm wrong in my interpretation of this, but does this mean that if you are taking a bag of beer home, and the seal is broken on this bag of beer this is prima facie proof of consuming in a public place, say if you've got it in your car, or something like this? Or carrying it home in your hand? Is my interpretation right here?

Mr. Hughes: Taking a bag with some beer in it home? This would not be prima facie proof, it wouldn't be an offence in itself. The offence would lie elsewhere. This is just evidence, that makes the prosecution's task a little easier. That's all it is. There's no offence there, and if you had it in a motor vehicle, already, under the last section discussed, dealt with the question of motor vehicles, and if the beer was stored in the appropriate place in the vehicle there would be no offence there.

has not been opened since it was purchased ; or (b) if the package containing the liquor has been opened since it was purchased it is (1) in the trunk or space of a vehicle designated or designed for the carriage of baggage and parcels; or (2) in some other receptacle on the exterior of the vehicle" and then it goes on "And not in any case in that part of the vehicle intended for the accommodation of the driver and other persons being carried therein." You get into the situation, particularly the 9-seater station wagon, and I don't see that the thing makes sense any more with the present type of vehicle. I may misconstrue the section but it's very difficult to see where you're going to put the liquor at all, even if the package hasn't been opened, so I suggest it might be improved by the deletion of that part of the section.

Mr. Shaw: Just one question. This would mean that it would be alright to have it in the trunk of a sedan, would it?

Mr. Hughes: What is it you are having in the trunk of a sedan?

Mr. Shaw: The bottle of liquor that has the seal broken.

Mr. Hughes: Has the seal broken? Yes.

Council continued through Item 23 and explanatory note.

Mr. Hughes: I don't know whether I succeeded in making the point very clear, but the section did say, "The possession by a person in a restaurant of liquor in any container other than a package with the seal unbroken, or other than a beer bottle from which the cap is not removed is prima facie proof that such person is consuming liquor in such public place." Well, this is for the purpose of evidence, it doesn't say it is an offence in itself. But after all, today you would have this situation where a man might be sitting there with a bottle of wine and a policeman might come in and look at him very wisely and say "That's prima facie proof that you're consuming in a restaurant", and the man might say "Yes, and it's perfectly legal." What you really want is evidence of consumption in a public place. This is where an offence would lie today, not just a restaurant. You've really got a choice of continuing to make use of that section by changing the reference to public place, or by taking it out and putting some alternative section in elsewhere. I've taken the stand of simply changing the wording. That's all I would be prepared to recommend to you at this time.

Mr. Watt: No. I'm not clear. Maybe I'm wrong in my interpretation of this, but does this mean that if you are taking a bag of beer home, and the seal is broken on this bag of beer this is prima facie proof of consuming in a public place, say if you've got it in your car, or something like this? Or carrying it home in your hand? Is my interpretation right here?

Mr. Hughes: Taking a bag with some beer in it home? This would not be prima facie proof, it wouldn't be an offence in itself. The offence would lie elsewhere. This is just evidence, that makes the prosecution's task a little easier. That's all it is. There's no offence there, and if you had it in a motor vehicle, already, under the last section discussed, dealt with the question of motor vehicles, and if the beer was stored in the appropriate place in the vehicle there would be no offence there.

Mr. Commissioner: Yes, we might have that available and in the office here on Monday.

Mr. Watt: There are just a couple of questions I would like to ask. I'm not contrary to it, but there are a couple of questions I would like to ask on that that may help in future. First of all, Mr. Boyd said the Government is fixing the prices. Is that right, Mr. Commissioner?

Mr. Commissioner: No. I believe there was just a maximum set. I'm not sure if that was set by Regulation or by Ordinance, but there's no minimum. We haven't established a fixed price on it. Is this correct, Mr. Legal Advisor?

Mr. Hughes: No. There's no maximum in Regulation or Ordinance. From what I hear, the Liquor Superintendent did leave the operators with the idea that a certain price shouldn't be exceeded, or should be the prevailing price. It is unfair to quote the Superintendent in his absence, but I can only offer that as the way in which this impression has been gained. There's nothing in the legislation or Regulations.

Mr. Watt: Just one more thing. I think that Mr. Shaw had a pretty good idea. I think the thought of the Section was to lower the cost of beer, in keeping with the Liquor Committee reports, and there have been different suggestions on the ways this may be done, to lower the cost of beer here, so that the Government could resell and still maintain the profit that they have. There are probably different ways in which this could be done. Maybe the original purchasing could be looked into, then the freighting charges, and Government profits could possibly be looked into a little bit further. Mr. Shaw has made a suggestion that if B. C. would pay it to their border, this would be a pretty appetizing suggestion, because we don't have to pay it 15 miles this side of Carcross to Whitehorse, that would be pretty attractive. That is where it comes in from B. C., I believe. I'd like to suggest that Mr. Boyd act as a Committee of one to further look into this cost to see if he can come up with any suggestions in the Fall to further reduce the price of beer, and look into these facets that have been mentioned here.

Mr. Boyd: I'd just like to say that by comparison the sellers of anti-freeze prepay the freight to the Border, there's an equalization set-up, and I think this is pretty good anti-freeze too, and it should fall somewhere near that category.

Mr. Chairman (Mr. Taylor back in Chair): Mr. Hughes, have you noted the amendment in Item 20?

Mr. Hughes: The deletion of (7)? Yes.

Mr. MacKinnon: I'm very much in favour of a one-man Committee, such as Mr. Boyd, to look into this, and give it a lot of serious thought. It's a thing of importance, and it should be looked into very deeply before we make any changes.

Council continued through Items 21 and 22 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: If you read Section 48 of the present Ordinance it reads - "No person shall transport or carry liquor in a motor vehicle unless (a) the package containing the liquor"

Mr. Watt: If this is passed, then all beer that is sold in a liquor store or over a table or over a counter, to take out, will have to be sealed by the liquor seller. Is that right?

Mr. Hughes: We're not going to sell draft beer, so I don't quite see how the point is going to arise. We're going to sell bottled beer in a case. If the Councillor could show me exactly how the point could arise?

Mr. Watt: If a person went down to a tavern and purchased 2 bottles of beer (they do sell bottled beer in a tavern, too) and put it in a bag, and you carry it home, and there's no seal on the bag at all, this is prima facie proof of consumption?

Mr. Hughes: No. It says "other than a bottle from which the cap has been removed". It's not a question of whether it's in a paper bag, but whether the cap is still on. Certainly if you go sashaying down the street with a open bottle in your hand, this is going to be prima facie proof that you're consuming. But if the cap's on you're alright.

Council continued through items 24 and 25 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: Could I at the same time refer the Committee to Section 9 which is being prepared in the lunch hour. You might want to couple your discussion of these 2 section.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish to go back to 9 before you consider this one, gentlemen?

Mr. Hughes: Section 9 would be meaningless if you throw out this proposed 52A, then, 9 would have to be reworked again. This is the point I'm making, because there is reference to our off-premises consumption in there.

Council agreed with Item 25.

Council continued through items 26 and 27 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Thompson: Did this come out of the Brief?

Mr. Boyd: No. The change is nothing. The price and the money and everything else are already in effect, but as it states, it applied to bottled beer and did not apply to draft beer, as far as the Ordinance was concerned. It's tidying up the Ordinance.

Council continued through items 28 and 29 and explanatory notes, and Schedule.

Mr. Shaw: Isn't this Schedule just the same as is enforced at the present moment?

Mr. Hughes: No. There are changes. There's a change in respect of item 4 in (e). "Off-premises sale from liquor licenses", that's just been put in there. This is, as you know, a new item, and I'm not too sure whether, I think actually the wording of the entertainment license where permitted occupancy is up to 40. No, the wording has remained the same, I wasn't sure whether it was "up to 40" or "including 40" before, but I think it is unchanged there.

Council returned to amended Item 2 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Boyd: I think there's nothing left, except to move this Bill be passed out of Committee as amended.

Mr. Chairman: Well, I would assume that the normal procedure is, first of all, are you agreed with the Amendment.

Council agreed to Amendment.

Mr. Chairman: I think the procedure generally followed is that the Bill now will be taken and retyped, and once we have received it back, then that would be the time to Move it out of Committee. Mr. Hughes, will you kindly take note.

Mr. Watt: I would just like to mention something. I don't know whether this is deficient, or what is wrong, but anyway I have had quite a few complaints, I don't know how justified they are, maybe the Administration will know, about places that have licenses, and they have them in operation. They close down. I'm referring to one place, I think Mr. Boyd said they closed down because of alterations, they actually did close down because of alterations, is this lack in the Administration? Can anybody close down for the winter because they move a couple of chairs in their establishment when business is a little bit bad? Do you get the problem? I think possibly the Ordinance is deficient in respect of this, or is it the Administration?

Mr. Hughes: I've really no comment. It's obvious the Councillor has in mind one particular case. I'd have to look at that particular case as a starting point. I wonder whether the Councillor would favour us with a communication on this, and I can discuss it with the Superintendent when he comes back on duty. There may be a particular case which has been able to conduct its affairs so as to evade obligations. I'd like the facts of that case as a starting point, but to try and give you general remarks now I don't think would be very helpful.

Mr. Watt: I'd like to ask the Legal Advisor if he is familiar with the case, and is there a deficiency in the Ordinance, or is there a deficiency in the Administration here, to allow an operator in effect to overcome the intention of the Ordinance.

Mr. Hughes: I've already indicated that I don't know anything about the case. I am not the least bit familiar with the place the Councillor has in mind, I don't know anything about it, so I just couldn't plunge into an answer at this time.

Mr. Commissioner: I can think of one or two cases where an establishment on the highway has written in and asked for permission to close for a specific period of time, I think it was something like 3 or 4 days, or a week, for medical reasons. In other words, the owner went out during the winter for medical purposes and came back. I think there was an establishment in Dawson that closes up for the winter. Isn't that right, Councillor Shaw, the "Occidental" is locked up during the winter time, isn't it? The "Westminster", pardon me.

Mr. Shaw: That's another place. I hate to see it locked up, but on the other hand a person takes all his money for fuel, and so forth in the winter, you have a problem there too.

Council returned to amended Item 2 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Boyd: I think there's nothing left, except to move this Bill be passed out of Committee as amended.

Mr. Chairman: Well, I would assume that the normal procedure is, first of all, are you agreed with the Amendment.

Council agreed to Amendment.

Mr. Chairman: I think the procedure generally followed is that the Bill now will be taken and retyped, and once we have received it back, then that would be the time to Move it out of Committee. Mr. Hughes, will you kindly take note.

Mr. Watt: I would just like to mention something. I don't know whether this is deficient, or what is wrong, but anyway I have had quite a few complaints, I don't know how justified they are, maybe the Administration will know, about places that have licenses; and they have them in operation. They close down. I'm referring to one place, I think Mr. Boyd said they closed down because of alterations, they actually did close down because of alterations, is this lack in the Administration? Can anybody close down for the winter because they move a couple of chairs in their establishment when business is a little bit bad? Do you get the problem? I think possibly the Ordinance is deficient in respect of this, or is it the Administration?

Mr. Hughes: I've really no comment. It's obvious the Councillor has in mind one particular case. I'd have to look at that particular case as a starting point. I wonder whether the Councillor would favour us with a communication on this, and I can discuss it with the Superintendent when he comes back on duty. There may be a particular case which has been able to conduct its affairs so as to evade obligations. I'd like the facts of that case as a starting point, but to try and give you general remarks now I don't think would be very helpful.

Mr. Watt: I'd like to ask the Legal Advisor if he is familiar with the case, and is there a deficiency in the Ordinance, or is there a deficiency in the Administration here, to allow an operator in effect to overcome the intention of the Ordinance.

Mr. Hughes: I've already indicated that I don't know anything about the case. I am not the least bit familiar with the place the Councillor has in mind, I don't know anything about it, so I just couldn't plunge into an answer at this time.

Mr. Commissioner: I can think of one or two cases where an establishment on the highway has written in and asked for permission to close for a specific period of time, I think it was something like 3 or 4 days, or a week, for medical reasons. In other words, the owner went out during the winter for medical purposes and came back. I think there was an establishment in Dawson that closes up for the winter. Isn't that right, Councillor Shaw, the "Occidental" is locked up during the winter time, isn't it? The "Westminster", pardon me.

Mr. Shaw: That's another place. I hate to see it locked up, but on the other hand a person takes all his money for fuel, and so forth in the winter, you have a problem there too.

Mr. Watt: If this is passed, then all beer that is sold in a liquor store or over a table or over a counter, to take out, will have to be sealed by the liquor seller. Is that right?

Mr. Hughes: We're not going to sell draft beer, so I don't quite see how the point is going to arise. We're going to sell bottled beer in a case. If the Councillor could show me exactly how the point could arise?

Mr. Watt: If a person went down to a tavern and purchased 2 bottles of beer (they do sell bottled beer in a tavern, too) and put it in a bag, and you carry it home, and there's no seal on the bag at all, this is prima facie proof of consumption?

Mr. Hughes: No. It says "other than a bottle from which the cap has been removed". It's not a question of whether it's in a paper bag, but whether the cap is still on. Certainly if you go sashaying down the street with a open bottle in your hand, this is going to be prima facie proof that you're consuming. But if the cap's on you're alright.

Council continued through items 24 and 25 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Hughes: Could I at the same time refer the Committee to Section 9 which is being prepared in the lunch hour. You might want to couple your discussion of these 2 section.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish to go back to 9 before you consider this one, gentlemen?

Mr. Hughes: Section 9 would be meaningless if you throw out this proposed 52A, then, 9 would have to be reworked again. This is the point I'm making, because there is reference to our off-premises consumption in there.

Council agreed with Item 25.

Council continued through items 26 and 27 and explanatory notes.

Mr. Thompson: Did this come out of the Brief?

Mr. Boyd: No. The change is nothing. The price and the money and everything else are already in effect, but as it states, it applied to bottled beer and did not apply to draft beer, as far as the Ordinance was concerned. It's tidying up the Ordinance.

Council continued through items 28 and 29 and explanatory notes, and Schedule.

Mr. Shaw: Isn't this Schedule just the same as is enforced at the present moment?

Mr. Hughes: No. There are changes. There's a change in respect of item 4 in (e). "Off-premises sale from liquor licenses", that's just been put in there. This is, as you know, a new item, and I'm not too sure whether, I think actually the wording of the entertainment license where permitted occupancy is up to 40. No, the wording has remained the same, I wasn't sure whether it was "up to 40" or "including 40" before, but I think it is unchanged there.

Mr. Chairman: Would you care to proceed on with the Main Supply Bill? If you do, we will probably require the services of Mr. MacKenzie, because we'll have the new liquor store in Vote 20, and Loan Capital, Debt Redemption, Loans and Investments.

Council agreed to this, and Mr. Hughes was excused, and a recess was declared for tea.

Committee continued with discussion on the Main Supply Bill, Vote 20, Liquor, with Mr. MacKenzie in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish this item deleted?

All: Agreed.

Next was Government of Canada - Whitehorse Sewer and Water Loan \$14,096.03.

Mr. Shaw: How come that it has gone down?

Mr. MacKenzie: This is the instalment of principle that is due during this fiscal year on the \$700,000.00 loan that we negotiated with the Federal Government for our share of the Whitehorse Sewer and Water System. The balance now is around \$485,000.00.

Next - Government of Canada-Whitehorse Sewer and Water Loan \$24,681.47.

Mr. Shaw: Is this the same thing?

Mr. MacKenzie: It is the same subject, and this figure represents the City of Whitehorse's share of the cost which we borrow from the Federal Government and then turn round and give to the City of Whitehorse who will pay to us the instalments of principle interest which we passed along to them.

Mr. Shaw: Have they been in a position to pay the capital yet?

Mr. MacKenzie: They are paying a bit of the capital every year and this figure that you see here is the capital instalment. The interest instalment is in the figure of \$330,000.00.

Mr. Watt: If the City of Whitehorse did take in the Camp Takhini area, would we have to finance new sewer and water lines up there? I believe these are in a pretty bad state right now. Would we have to finance it in the same way as we do here?

Mr. MacKenzie: I think it would be dealt with in the same way. The area would probably be taken in by the City to the Municipality and they would have to put in a new sewer and water system. It would have to be financed by loans in the same way.

Next - New Whitehorse Hospital Loan \$17,152.74.

Mr. Chairman: Does this loan mean that it is not entirely Federal? Will we eventually purchase this building?

Mr. MacKenzie: It will be taken over by us. I don't know what value we will be given in exchange. I think we pay 3/12ths of the cost which comes to \$357,000.00.

Next - Government of Canada - Capital Loan \$643.15.

Mr. Chairman: What was this for?

Mr. MacKenzie: It was for project capital purposes, as are all these loans.

Committee continued with discussion on the Main Supply Bill, Vote 20, Liquor, with Mr. MacKenzie in attendance.

Mr. Chairman: Do you wish this item deleted?

All: Agreed.

Next was Government of Canada - Whitehorse Sewer and Water Loan \$14,096.03.

Mr. Shaw: How come that it has gone down?

Mr. MacKenzie: This is the instalment of principle that is due during this fiscal year on the \$700,000.00 loan that we negotiated with the Federal Government for our share of the Whitehorse Sewer and Water System. The balance now is around \$485,000.00.

Next - Government of Canada-Whitehorse Sewer and Water Loan \$24,681.47.

Mr. Shaw: Is this the same thing?

Mr. MacKenzie: It is the same subject, and this figure represents the City of Whitehorse's share of the cost which we borrow from the Federal Government and then turn round and give to the City of Whitehorse who will pay to us the instalments of principle interest which we passed along to them.

Mr. Shaw: Have they been in a position to pay the capital yet?

Mr. MacKenzie: They are paying a bit of the capital every year and this figure that you see here is the capital instalment. The interest instalment is in the figure of \$330,000.00.

Mr. Watt: If the City of Whitehorse did take in the Camp Takhini area, would we have to finance new sewer and water lines up there? I believe these are in a pretty bad state right now. Would we have to finance it in the same way as we do here?

Mr. MacKenzie: I think it would be dealt with in the same way. The area would probably be taken in by the City to the Municipality and they would have to put in a new sewer and water system. It would have to be financed by loans in the same way.

Next - New Whitehorse Hospital Loan \$17,152.74.

Mr. Chairman: Does this loan mean that it is not entirely Federal? Will we eventually purchase this building?

Mr. MacKenzie: It will be taken over by us. I don't know what value we will be given in exchange. I think we pay 3/12ths of the cost which comes to \$357,000.00.

Next - Government of Canada - Capital Loan \$643.15.

Mr. Chairman: What was this for?

Mr. MacKenzie: It was for project capital purposes, as are all these loans.

Mr. Chairman: Would you care to proceed on with the Main Supply Bill? If you do, we will probably require the services of Mr. MacKenzie, because we'll have the new liquor store in Vote 20, and Loan Capital, Debt Redemption, Loans and Investments.

Council agreed to this, and Mr. Hughes was excused, and a recess was declared for tea.

Next - Capital Loan \$589.37.

Mr. Shaw: Is that interest?

Mr. MacKenzie: This is not interest. All this is capital. It is the annual instalment.

After Vote 19, Committee turned back to Vote 20 to go over Loan Capital.

Mr. Watt: Is \$5,000.00 all that you anticipate you will need this year?

Mr. MacKenzie: That is all Mr. Spray anticipates will be necessary. I am going along with his ideas on the subject.

Mr. Watt: If we do need more, would additional funds be able to be found?

Mr. MacKenzie: I wouldn't anticipate any difficulty in getting more money. The authority for the expenditure by us would be covered in supplementary estimates. It would be no problem whatsoever.

Committee then turned to Vote 13 - Justice.

Mr. Boyd: I am going to say clear, and think about it for another six months.

Mr. Thompson: I am not going to say clear, and I am not going to think about it for another six months. 40% of the estimated cost of policing the Yukon Territory is \$200,000.00. The fee to cover the operation of the jail is \$175,000.00. Then there is a little item down here for provision for costs of administration such as salaries, travel expenses, legal fees, etc., of \$121,000.00. I feel we are entitled to a little bit more detail than just this. They are asking for \$500,000.00 and we just sit here and say "fine, go ahead and spend it".

Mr. MacKenzie: These figures were worked out by the Department of Justice in Ottawa, and they were included in the calculations backing up the financial agreements; in other words, the expenditures provided for in the operating deficit grant. As to detail, I believe we are entitled to enquire of the R.C.M.P. for details of their costs. I seem to recall that we did have somebody in Ottawa on the Finance Committee to answer questions on this matter. There were one or two R.C.M.P. officers present in Ottawa to answer questions and I thought this matter had been enquired into there.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): That is correct. We did have two members from the R.C.M.P. there, but this was to discuss the Air Division of the R.C.M.P. and our share of the cost of this. They gave a balance sheet, which is here if anyone would care to see it, and we had a short discussion on this subject and found that we were getting a pretty fair and reasonable deal in relation to the Provinces. However, this figure of \$487,469.00 has been firmed up by our fiscal agreement, but the thing I deplore about this is the same thing I deplore about the liquor department which is that we can't get at it in the budget. If you go to the R.C.M.P. here, they very often do not have the information you require or if they do have the information they have to

first have headquarters' approval for the release of this information. It is my understanding that when we were given a senior legal advisor in the Territory you could go to him and ask questions related to any aspect of justice in the Territory. Unfortunately, his position hasn't been clearly defined. I don't believe his terms of reference have been clearly defined as yet. This is why I didn't want to let that police agreement go; until all these problems were resolved. However, we've let it go so we'll have to just wait now and see what Ottawa is going to do. We have firmed this up in the five year fiscal agreement so we can't very well get out of it, but I think we should have more information on justice whenever we do have questions.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think it is pretty well impossible to go too deeply into these figures because they are percentages of R.C.M.P. total expenditure throughout Canada. You would have to examine the entire R.C.M.P. budget. You will have to be content with the knowledge that this money is provided for in the five year agreement and the figures are provided by Ottawa and Justice and are reasonably correct.

Mr. Watt: If we did want to know the cost of a specific item, could we ask that question and if you haven't got the answer could you see if you could get it for us?

Mr. MacKenzie was excused for a few minutes and came back with his Justice papers to explain what he meant.

Mr. MacKenzie: I should like to refer to the police costs of 40% at \$91,469.00. In 1962/63 it was \$170,215.00. That was the maximum amount payable by the Territory in the police agreement. It was fixed at that, and that was the amount paid but I have a breakdown here of what they were. 40% of the total was \$229,000.00, so had we paid purely and simply on a percentage we would have had considerably more. That is made up of these figures; Headquarters administration, operation and maintenance \$7,439,716.26. They were charging us with .5 of 1%. To investigate that figure, you would have to examine this figure of \$7,439,000.00 which is an impossible task. We haven't got the information here. Another large one is Training Divisions, Operation and Maintenance N. Division - \$1,223,996.01; Depot Division - \$2,619,016.43, giving a total of \$3,843,064.44 and they were charging us with 1/2 of 1% again.

Mr. Shaw: You could do the training up here for nothing.

Mr. MacKenzie: You would have to break that down and then follow it up. And so it goes: Payroll costs of the Yukon Territory - \$2,444.86; Special constable - \$656.25. That is 12% of the expenditure charged. I am just mentioning this to show how impossible it is to attempt to go into too great detail in these figures. We are protected by these maximum figures.

Mr. Watt: How much does the Department of Justice pay to lawyers in Whitehorse for legal fees for both prosecution and defence? Could these figures be found?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, that information could be obtained from the local R.C.M.P. I am sure they would be willing to come in and try to explain it. It is part of the deal that one of their men shall be available to Council for explanations.

first have headquarters' approval for the release of this information. It is my understanding that when we were given a senior legal advisor in the Territory you could go to him and ask questions related to any aspect of justice in the Territory. Unfortunately, his position hasn't been clearly defined. I don't believe his terms of reference have been clearly defined as yet. This is why I didn't want to let that police agreement go; until all these problems were resolved. However, we've let it go so we'll have to just wait now and see what Ottawa is going to do. We have firm'd this up in the five year fiscal agreement so we can't very well get out of it, but I think we should have more information on justice whenever we do have questions.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think it is pretty well impossible to go too deeply into these figures because they are percentages of R.C.M.P. total expenditure throughout Canada. You would have to examine the entire R.C.M.P. budget. You will have to be content with the knowledge that this money is provided for in the five year agreement and the figures are provided by Ottawa and Justice and are reasonably correct.

Mr. Watt: If we did want to know the cost of a specific item, could we ask that question and if you haven't got the answer could you see if you could get it for us?

Mr. MacKenzie was excused for a few minutes and came back with his Justice papers to explain what he meant.

Mr. MacKenzie: I should like to refer to the police costs of 40% at \$91,469.00. In 1962/63 it was \$170,215.00. That was the maximum amount payable by the Territory in the police agreement. It was fixed at that, and that was the amount paid but I have a breakdown here of what they were. 40% of the total was \$229,000.00, so had we paid purely and simply on a percentage we would have had considerably more. That is made up of these figures; Headquarters administration, operation and maintenance \$7,439,716.26. They were charging us with .5 of 1%. To investigate that figure, you would have to examine this figure of \$7,439,000.00 which is an impossible task. We haven't got the information here. Another large one is Training Divisions, Operation and Maintenance N. Division - \$1,223,996.01; Depot Division - \$2,619,016.43, giving a total of \$3,843,064.44 and they were charging us with 1/2 of 1% again.

Mr. Shaw: You could do the training up here for nothing.

Mr. MacKenzie: You would have to break that down and then follow it up. And so it goes: Payroll costs of the Yukon Territory - \$2,444.86; Special constable - \$656.25. That is 12% of the expenditure charged. I am just mentioning this to show how impossible it is to attempt to go into too great detail in these figures. We are protected by these maximum figures.

Mr. Watt: How much does the Department of Justice pay to lawyers in Whitehorse for legal fees for both prosecution and defence? Could these figures be found?

Mr. MacKenzie: Yes, that information could be obtained from the local R.C.M.P. I am sure they would be willing to come in and try to explain it. It is part of the deal that one of their men shall be available to Council for explanations.

Next - Capital Loan \$589.37.

Mr. Shaw: Is that interest?

Mr. MacKenzie: This is not interest. All this is capital. It is the annual instalment.

After Vote 19, Committee turned back to Vote 20 to go over Loan Capital.

Mr. Watt: Is \$5,000.00 all that you anticipate you will need this year?

Mr. MacKenzie: That is all Mr. Spray anticipates will be necessary. I am going along with his ideas on the subject.

Mr. Watt: If we do need more, would additional funds be able to be found?

Mr. MacKenzie: I wouldn't anticipate any difficulty in getting more money. The authority for the expenditure by us would be covered in supplementary estimates. It would be no problem whatsoever.

Committee then turned to Vote 13 - Justice.

Mr. Boyd: I am going to say clear, and think about it for another six months.

Mr. Thompson: I am not going to say clear, and I am not going to think about it for another six months. 40% of the estimated cost of policing the Yukon Territory is \$200,000.00. The fee to cover the operation of the jail is \$175,000.00. Then there is a little item down here for provision for costs of administration such as salaries, travel expenses, legal fees, etc., of \$121,000.00. I feel we are entitled to a little bit more detail than just this. They are asking for \$500,000.00 and we just sit here and say "fine, go ahead and spend it".

Mr. MacKenzie: These figures were worked out by the Department of Justice in Ottawa, and they were included in the calculations backing up the financial agreements; in other words, the expenditures provided for in the operating deficit grant. As to detail, I believe we are entitled to enquire of the R.C.M.P. for details of their costs. I seem to recall that we did have somebody in Ottawa on the Finance Committee to answer questions on this matter. There were one or two R.C.M.P. officers present in Ottawa to answer questions and I thought this matter had been enquired into there.

Mr. Taylor (Mr. Southam in the Chair): That is correct. We did have two members from the R.C.M.P. there, but this was to discuss the Air Division of the R.C.M.P. and our share of the cost of this. They gave a balance sheet, which is here if anyone would care to see it, and we had a short discussion on this subject and found that we were getting a pretty fair and reasonable deal in relation to the Provinces. However, this figure of \$487,469.00 has been firmed up by our fiscal agreement, but the thing I deplore about this is the same thing I deplore about the liquor department which is that we can't get at it in the budget. If you go to the R.C.M.P. here, they very often do not have the information you require or if they do have the information they have to

Mr. Watt: There is no urgency on this, but could I just leave the question with you so you could send the answer to us?

Mr. MacKenzie: Could it be made as a formal question?

Mr. Watt: I could put it in as a written question at the next sitting. On another point, I asked the Commissioner a question the week before and he referred me to the Legal Advisor who in turn referred me to Justice. This was with respect to a Public Defender to defend those who are picked up on different charges for minor offences. There are a great number of these and I think that there is something lacking in Justice. How could we proceed with this?

Mr. MacKenzie: I recollect reading your comments in the Votes and Proceedings. I think it was said that in a criminal case no accused person was likely to get representation. That is not so in long criminal cases. I think the situation is going to be investigated by the Administration.

Committee then went through Schedule 'B', after which Schedule 'A' was studied from start to finish. It was noted in Vote 3 that some question was raised respecting the Yukon Foundation of Home and School Associations Grant in the amount of \$500.00.

Mr. Shaw: I think it was decided to leave it there.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think you were going to wait for me to produce the Votes and Proceedings and relative Sessional Paper from last year. I did so and it should have reached you long since. Has it reached you?

Mr. Clerk: Yes, it has.

Mr. MacKenzie: The question was whether it was a one time deal or an annual affair. I said that the Votes and Proceedings and Sessional Paper indicated that it was an annual affair.

Mr. Chairman: Would you then agree to leave this in the budget?

All: Agreed.

Mr. Chairman then read through to Vote 8 where it was found that two items were deferred; one in relation to Property Insurance and the other in relation to Equipment Insurance.

Mr. Boyd: The property insurance subject is being taken care of and I assume we will have an answer advising what will be done and how they intend to proceed. I am prepared to leave it at that.

Mr. MacKenzie: I take it that Committee received the paper I wrote on the subject.

All: Yes.

Mr. Chairman then read through to Education in Vote 20 where a deletion was noted of \$170,000.00, on account of Elaa School being reduced to \$30,000.00. Mr. Chairman asked if everyone was clear on Education.

Mr. Thompson: Don't go barging through like a bull at a gate.

Mr. Chairman: If any gentleman at this table has anything to say, would he kindly rise from his feet and say it.

Mr. Thompson (standing up): I said "Don't go barging through like a bull at a gate".

Mr. Chairman: It is not the intention of the Chair to do this. Possibly the trouble is that you are reading from your reference book and I am reading from the Bill of Legislation.

Mr. Thompson: Fine. If Mr. Chairman will say so it will clarify matters considerably.

Mr. Chairman: I believe I pointed this out on three or four different occasions already this afternoon.

Mr. Thompson: Then once more won't hurt.

Mr. Chairman: May I proceed with Education.

All: Proceed.

The reading was continued and a deletion of \$22,350.00 was noted on Health.

Mr. Clerk: A deletion of 68% of \$22,350.00.

Mr. Chairman: I believe it was the intention of the Treasurer to come up with the appropriate figure here.

Mr. MacKenzie: We are deleting \$20,000.00 and our share is 68.9% of that plus one vehicle at \$23.50. Do you want the figure?

Mr. Boyd: No, we will figure it out.

Reading was continued and \$310,000.00 for liquor was noted for deletion. Discussion was held on Vote 31, Garage Operation - Revolving Fund.

Mr. Boyd: Is this not in operation yet?

Mr. MacKenzie: The fund itself has been in operation for years. This is simply the authority. We have had one or two legal difficulties in getting the authority properly handled. We made a mistake in our way of dealing with it first and it wasn't corrected properly the second time. This is the third attempt to get it set up right.

Schedule 'A' having been read through, Mr. Chairman instructed Mr. Clerk to prepare an amended Bill.

Mr. MacKenzie was excused and left the Council Chambers.

It was moved by Mr. Boyd, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the Chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Thompson: Don't go barging through like a bull at a gate.

Mr. Chairman: If any gentleman at this table has anything to say, would he kindly rise from his feet and say it.

Mr. Thompson(standing up): I said "Don't go barging through like a bull at a gate".

Mr. Chairman: It is not the intention of the Chair to do this. Possibly the trouble is that you are reading from your reference book and I am reading from the Bill of Legislation.

Mr. Thompson: Fine. If Mr. Chairman will say so it will clarify matters considerably.

Mr. Chairman: I believe I pointed this out on three or four different occasions already this afternoon.

Mr. Thompson: Then once more won't hurt.

Mr. Chairman: May I proceed with Education.

All: Proceed.

The reading was continued and a deletion of \$22,350.00 was noted on Health.

Mr. Clerk: A deletion of 68% of \$22,350.00.

Mr. Chairman: I believe it was the intention of the Treasurer to come up with the appropriate figure here.

Mr. MacKenzie: We are deleting \$20,000.00 and our share is 68.9% of that plus one vehicle at \$23.50. Do you want the figure?

Mr. Boyd: No, we will figure it out.

Reading was continued and \$310,000.00 for liquor was noted for deletion. Discussion was held on Vote 31, Garage Operation - Revolving Fund.

Mr. Boyd: Is this not in operation yet?

Mr. MacKenzie: The fund itself has been in operation for years. This is simply the authority. We have had one or two legal difficulties in getting the authority properly handled. We made a mistake in our way of dealing with it first and it wasn't corrected properly the second time. This is the third attempt to get it set up right.

Schedule 'A' having been read through, Mr. Chairman instructed Mr. Clerk to prepare an amended Bill.

Mr. MacKenzie was excused and left the Council Chambers.

It was moved by Mr. Boyd, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the Chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Watt: There is no urgency on this, but could I just leave the question with you so you could send the answer to us?

Mr. MacKenzie: Could it be made as a formal question?

Mr. Watt: I could put it in as a written question at the next sitting. On another point, I asked the Commissioner a question the week before and he referred me to the Legal Advisor who in turn referred me to Justice. This was with respect to a Public Defender to defend those who are picked up on different charges for minor offences. There are a great number of these and I think that there is something lacking in Justice. How could we proceed with this?

Mr. MacKenzie: I recollect reading your comments in the Votes and Proceedings. I think it was said that in a criminal case no accused person was likely to get representation. That is not so in long criminal cases. I think the situation is going to be investigated by the Administration.

Committee then went through Schedule 'B', after which Schedule 'A' was studied from start to finish. It was noted in Vote 3 that some question was raised respecting the Yukon Foundation of Home and School Associations Grant in the amount of \$500.00.

Mr. Shaw: I think it was decided to leave it there.

Mr. MacKenzie: I think you were going to wait for me to produce the Votes and Proceedings and relative Sessional Paper from last year. I did so and it should have reached you long since. Has it reached you?

Mr. Clerk: Yes, it has.

Mr. MacKenzie: The question was whether it was a one time deal or an annual affair. I said that the Votes and Proceedings and Sessional Paper indicated that it was an annual affair.

Mr. Chairman: Would you then agree to leave this in the budget?

All: Agreed.

Mr. Chairman then read through to Vote 8 where it was found that two items were deferred; one in relation to Property Insurance and the other in relation to Equipment Insurance.

Mr. Boyd: The property insurance subject is being taken care of and I assume we will have an answer advising what will be done and how they intend to proceed. I am prepared to leave it at that.

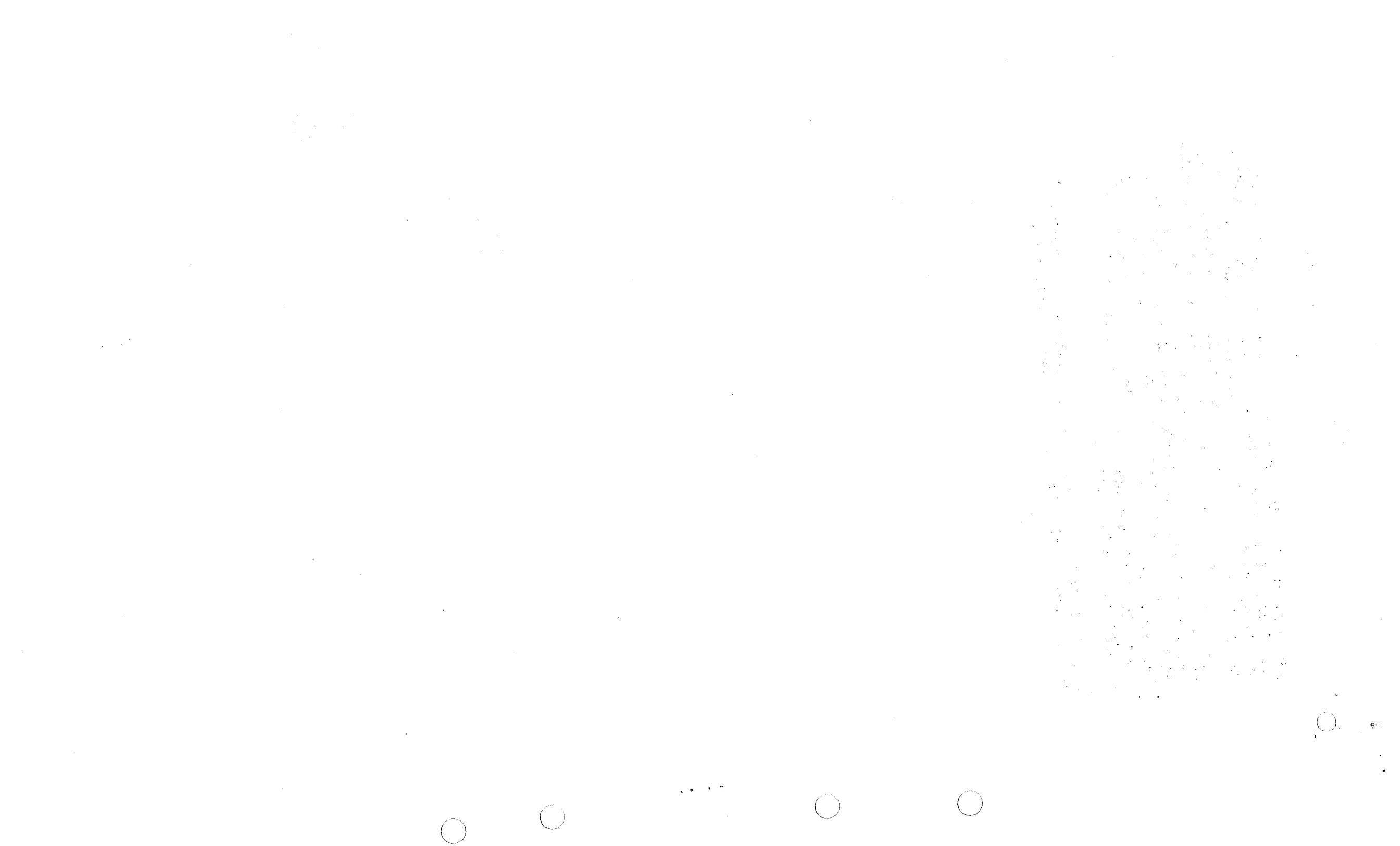
Mr. MacKenzie: I take it that Committee received the paper I wrote on the subject.

All: Yes.

Mr. Chairman then read through to Education in Vote 20 where a deletion was noted of \$170,000.00, on account of Elas School being reduced to \$30,000.00. Mr. Chairman asked if everyone was clear on Education.

Mr. Taylor: Committee convened at 11:25 a.m. this morning to discuss Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions. Committee first held a general discussion period with Mr. Commissioner. Committee recessed at 12 noon and reconvened at 2 p.m. this afternoon to discuss Bil #10 with Mr. Commissioner in attendance. I can report progress on Bill #10. Mr. MacKenzie attended Committee to discuss The Main Supply Bill. I can report progress on Bill #4. It was moved by Mr. Boyd, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the Chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committees. Motion carried.

Council accepted the report of the Chairman of Committees and adjourned until 10:00 a.m. on Monday April 12th, 1965.



Monday, April 12, 1965  
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers and Council was called to order.

The following memoranda, from the Commissioner, were tabled for Council's consideration:

- (1) Regarding Motion No. 14, 1963 Spring Session, Smelter Potential - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 57) Sessional Papers #57
- (2) Reply to Question No. 6 regarding R.C.M.P. Warrants - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 58) #58
- (3) Reply to Question No. 7 stating that the first two miles of the Cassiar Road are maintained by the Department of Public Works highway crews for the Department of Northern Affairs. Reply Question #7
- (4) Reply to Question No. 5, regarding status of land inhabited by Isaac Stout of Porter Creek, - (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 59) #59

Mr. Taylor: I have one question to direct to Mr. Clerk. Could he assure members of Council that the answers to Motion for the Production of Papers No. 1 and Question No. 1 will be relayed by mail to all Councillors when they are received?

Clerk-of-Council: Yes, Mr. Speaker, any matter that is left on the Order Paper will be attended to and forwarded to the Councillors at the earliest possible time.

Mr. Watt: I direct the following question to the Administration: What funds have been paid last year to lawyers, both within the Territory and outside the Territory and both for the prosecution and defense and, who received these funds and in what quantity? Question #9

Mr. Boyd moved, seconded by Mr. Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair and Council resolve into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing bills, memoranda, sessional papers and any other subjects that might come before us.

MOTION CARRIED.

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE:

In Committee

Committee proceeded to discuss Motion No. 12, regarding Medical Treatment Facilities - Teslin.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair) This is a situation which has remained in existence for some time in the community of Teslin. In the past four years we have graduated to the degree of having a dispenser nurse and we have also altered an old school building. I think most members had a chance to see the new health station located in the teacherage area, school complex. The present dispenser nurse is very much over worked and I might say for the amount of time she does spend on this business, that she is very highly and grossly underpaid. For both reasons it appears that she may be unable to continue this work all by herself. Secondly, that she is in no position, being resident in the community, to extend treatment services outside of the community. This of course is normally while treatment services are provided by means of getting an ambulance or someone with a vehicle to drive you to Whitehorse, which is 100 miles distant, Discussion Motion #12

or a 200 mile round trip. This spring there was quite an increase in the problem of children becoming ill and transporting them to Whitehorse. It seemed that almost daily, or every other day, somebody was driving into town with a sick child or being sick themselves, was seeking medical care. The proposal, as outlined here, would be that a permanent registered nurse would be placed in the community to serve that community and approximately say 200 miles of highway or less and the dispenser nurse would be able to continue and assist this permanent nurse, especially at times when she is away at other communities such as Brooks Brook, Swift River, Johnson's Crossing. So this is the request. The people of Teslin had intended on sending a delegation in, I had suggested to them this would not be required at this time and so this is the context of the motion, the reasoning behind it, and I would ask for your support on behalf of the people of Teslin.

Mr. Thompson: I wonder if the Member from Watson can tell me what the stipend is for the nurse at the present time?

Mr. Taylor: I am not too clear on what the stipend is although I have been informed it is quite low.

Mr. Boyd: I can't conceivably see, in my own idea, that these people are too hardly done by. In most cities you can't get to a hospital within an hour, sometimes longer, and here we have two hours. It is not too bad, after all is said and done. You have to look at the financial setup as well. What is there that warrants a fully trained nurse to sit in Teslin when she could well serve where her services could be used to much better advantage. As far as Johnson's Crossing is concerned there is nobody living there other than Porsild. Brooks Brook is a camp much closer still to Whitehorse. We collect about \$2,000 in property taxes from Teslin which would indicate that it's population is not great. It is all very well for certain people to sit and demand of others. I think if it was worthy of what is being asked for the Department of Health would have seen that it was already there. To me I think they are doing a very good job, they know their business and I think it is wrong, for instance myself anyway, to attempt to say that I am a better judge of what should be and what should not be than they are. Until I know a lot more than I know now, I am not going to put myself in the position of forcing the Administration into something that I have very grave doubts about and I say this with all due respect to the people of Teslin too.

Mr. Taylor: In answer to Councillor Boyd, I can see his fears but cannot agree that 100 miles distance from a city is no worse, from the city of Whitehorse places these people in as good a position as someone in a city. In a city it may take you an hour to get to a hospital, it is not likely, but in event there are doctors available throughout the city and medical attention, ambulances, this type of thing can be provided at any point in a city whereas it can't be here. We have not the personnel to cope with this problem especially from a diagnostic point of view. I think this is one thing to bear in mind. The existing nurse, as I stated, is overworked to the point of trying to hold clinics in the day time and trying to answer telephones when people become ill during all hours of the day or night - she is virtually running a 24 hour service to the best of her ability, she can't cope with it all but she copes with what she can of it and then trying to raise a family at the same time, which is quite a chore, proving the needs for a permanent nurse. They have been asking for one for 4 or 5 years now. They are a good contributor, in total, to Territorial revenues in all fields, gas tax, property

tax and everything else, they certainly are a big contributor in the area. This nurse would serve about 500 people, not including the travelling public who stay in our motels and hotels throughout this particular area. Every night they are generally full during the summer and these people must be in a position to receive care as well plus the travelling public on the Alaska Highway which add a considerable number of people to this 500 figure. The public health services are being meted out by this dispenser nurse and on monthly visits by the Public Health Nurse. The problem here is not public health in so much as it is treatment. The people have continued to point out this gross inadequacy and they have asked for a nurse and it is my duty, as a representative of those people, to place this matter before Council and ask for your assistance on behalf of themselves. I think it should also be pointed too, at this session, we have had a request for five nurses in one manner or another, from Carmacks, Beaver Creek, we talked to the dispenser nurse at Carmacks and she pointed out the situation somewhat similar to Teslin in that area, in Watson Lake we are short two nurses, the two that are there can't cope with it, they can't be expected to go 24 hours a day and of course the community of Teslin. I would once again gentlemen ask for your support of this motion.

Mr. Watt: Speaking to the motion, I recall some of the other motions that were made with regard to nurses and I think in each case it was a request for the Administration to look into the need there. In this motion in the third paragraph it puts us in the position of agreeing that they are in a great hardship there and I don't know if they are or not. I take Mr. Taylor's word for it. If this were worded that the Administration look into the need for a nurse, such as the other motions have suggested, just bring to their attention that there may be an additional need for this, that didn't appear last year, then I think I could support it a lot easier. This puts us in the position of saying, well there isn't adequate facilities, I don't know if there is adequate facilities in Teslin or not. I think that if the Member, who has put this motion in, had a little bit more faith in the Administration and asked our support for further consideration there, I would certainly have gone along with the motion. I hope, if this motion does pass, that the Administration doesn't put a full time nurse in there if they don't need one, and she could, as Mr. Boyd said, be of better use somewhere else. So my feelings are mixed on this subject. I would certainly like to see them given consideration but I wouldn't want to see somebody stuck there because we had passed the motion and this person is not being used to the fullest ability.

Mr. Taylor: In answer to that there is a dire need for a nurse, that is why these petitions which I display here, this one is from Teslin, this one from Brooks Brook and one from Swift River. These people are certainly the people involved and they do point out the very very strong need for a nurse and medical facility in Teslin. It was also agreed, by compromise in the negotiation of the last Fiscal Agreement, in relation to the Health Services Plan, that this nurse would be provided at Teslin and for one reason or another it has not been provided as yet. At least to that degree the petitioning of the people and their willingness, as I say, they were going to send a delegation to this table to back up their request. This points out the need, I think, quite clearly.

Mr. Shaw: Since I have been here the people from there have been asking for a nurse. When you have almost 500 people, many of them have children I suppose, many times they or their children get sick and the average person would not know whether the illness was serious or whether it was just some mild malady. A nurse in such an area as that would have a lot more experience in which to judge whether it was serious or otherwise. This is quite a number of people and they are a long ways away from any facility whatsoever. If a registered nurse were placed in that particular area I don't see why this couldn't be worked on a basis where she would be an employee of the Government and at the same time would make certain fixed charges for people that utilized her services. In other words this would prevent, to a great extent, people taking advantage of the situation. When you consider 500 people it seems that we do have laws that are just a little bit lopsided. We don't have to have a law in relation to what I'm going to discuss right now but we are contemplating putting a law in as we see the necessity for it which inadvertently is struck from the Ordinances a number of years ago, that is when you have so many employees that you must have a doctor there. The company concerned must provide a doctor. Now on the one hand, for a lot less than 500 people, possibly one-tenth of that, you say to a private organization - you must provide care for these people, they need care, you must provide it, however, conversely when we have a situation where there is no large employer and the people for their own protection wish to have some small amount of security and care, 500 people, it is disregarded - they don't need it, they can go a 100 miles but later on we will tell a private company - oh, you can't do that, you are putting these people's health or lives in jeopardy. I think there is time to reflect<sup>94</sup> just where you start and stop and where the principles are involved in looking after people. If we have to accept them, - no dice - but if someone else has to accept them, pay the shot, we say you must do this, that is worthy of consideration. I would support this motion and they could possibly try something like this for six months and see how it works. But this charge, I think it is very necessary that there should be a charge to give the person a break that is doing the job otherwise there could be many people that phone up at 3:00 in the morning just for the fun of calling up.

Mr. Thompson: I think we are overlooking one fact here. You say that placing a registered nurse in Teslin<sup>we</sup> will have someone there with diagnostic powers and therefore alleviate any undo hardships. There is a registered nurse there now and she is doing this work, as Mr. Taylor has pointed out, to the best of her ability, highly overworked and underpaid, but she is there. If it is doctor treatment she requires then it is a case of coming to Whitehorse. For the area I would feel that the problem would be to increase the means at her disposal so that she would conceivably be able to do a broader job until such time as a permanent employee can be based there. It seems to me before this were done, I don't know maybe Mr. Taylor has looked into this possibility, I believe that each of these nurses in these various locations that do this type of work, submit a monthly report, be it to Dr. Kinloch here or Ottawa, I am not just certain, but this could conceivably give us some indication as to the volume. He says that they are being bombarded with night phone calls and many and varied demands on their time. I feel that this would be an indication as to the overall picture and probably give us a better idea of what we are discussing.

Mr. Taylor: In this regard I don't think that the present existing nurse will be able to carry on and she is the only one in the community at the present time. As I say the work

load is too great for her and does not give her adequate time to spend with her growing family. This is one of the major problems. The situation is quite critical, I would say, in Teslin, there is no doubt about it because the people are very very concerned, moreso than ever before. This is the only thing I could add to that.

Mr. Boyd: I think when Mr. Taylor states that the nurse already there is grossly underpaid, he is talking very loose, be it true or be it not. He doesn't know how much she is earning, so how can you make a statement like that. When a man says the situation is critical, I would like to have some actual proof not just talk. I cannot see, I know it is very easy for people to stand up and ask for things. A few individuals in the community can make quite a noise, the rest will listen and go along with it but it doesn't say that it is right, it doesn't say that it is necessary. Until I know more than I know now I am going to have to vote -- I don't accept the fact that it is critical especially with a nurse there now and as for charging these people for a call, you can charge it and then throw it in the wrong file because you aren't going to collect it Mr. Shaw. The charge is a waste of time and would add to the nurses troubles to a greater degree. I will vote against this motion.

Mr. Taylor: I certainly hope that the member would come and join me at Teslin and tell me how you would cope with a problem when you have someone stand up, right in front of you, at the meeting and say - how come my baby has to die, people that have lost children and there have been plenty at Teslin, for want of this nurse.

Mr. Watt: With reference to that last remark from Don Taylor you can get that same question asked anyplace in the Yukon Territory. I have the same question asked around Whitehorse here, what happened in these situations. I think I would possibly vote for the motion, I don't like it, it is putting words in our mouths that aren't there but I will vote for it and I want my vote to be interpreted as simply to have the Administration look into it. These words would be on the Votes and Proceedings, I hope, and this is why. I don't agree with parts of the motion that there is inadequate facilities and the last part of the motion, I don't agree with, that we mandatorily jump<sup>up</sup> and say stick a nurse in there whether she has the work to do or not. I think that if the Member from Watson Lake had given this Council a little bit more consideration then he would have worded this quite a bit different. I am not going to make an amendment to the motion and vote against it because I don't like the wording, but I will vote for the motion and my words will be in the Votes and Proceedings and this is all I mean in casting my vote, is that this should be looked in to.

Mr. Boyd: I would reiterate that if you vote for this motion you mean just what the motion states. You cannot go in the center of the road and still stay on the tracks. You mean to vote just according to the wording of the motion. I don't care whether you vote for it or against it but don't try to kid us that you are going to vote for something in between. You are going for the motion if you vote for it regardless of what is recorded.

Mr. Taylor: Before we get into a big long hassle over this that or the other thing, in all honesty, as Chairman of Committees, it is not my intention to leave any gentleman in the Chair as long as things come up, no matter how important they are to me and I have spoken my last on this motion, I would have hoped that every Member of Council could give me support on this, however, I will resume the Chair and you gentlemen may decide the issue.

Mr. Shaw: It is fine for somebody to look at this attitude when they have adequate medical facilities right in their hand and have had it for years and years. When somebody is out a 100 miles from anyplace and their children get sick, this is a very deep concern of a lot of people. The nurse is not qualified to act as a doctor, I quite realize that, but it does give a lot of assurance to the parents and <sup>it</sup> is something. It is unfortunate that the country is so sparsely settled and we have such long distances to go to get treatment. If there are 500 people, 500 people does appear to me; I don't know the population, but if there are 500 people out of that people are going to have problems from time to time and to have someone to assist - I don't think that this will be such a fantastic expenditure and furthermore I couldn't quite go along with Councillor Boyd when he says they won't pay, does he know all the people there, does he know that they won't pay, I mean this is a rather broad statement. There may be some that don't pay, in the Indian category we have to look after them anyway. I will go along with the motion.

Mr. Watt: There is one thing I would like to say and that is that I think there must be something lacking in our rules if a Chairman can come along and say - well I'll take the Chair back so I don't have to vote on this. I think that we should have gone over our rules when we first started the Council here. When a Chairman passes the Chair to someone else to take then the original Chairman doesn't say I'll take it back again, I'll give it back, I'll take it back, I'll give it back, I think that Mr. Taylor should have been allowed to vote, he doesn't have to make the supreme sacrifice and say I won't vote on this, it's intimate in my constituency, therefore Mr. Southam I'll take the Chair back. I think it is time we had a look at some of these rules we've got around here. I don't think that Mr. Southam objected to sitting in the Chair while this vote was taken on something that was intimate to the Watson Lake constituency. I know that I certainly believe that if there is something of importance to Watson Lake, I will gladly take the Chair and I am sure anybody in here will take the Chair and hang on to it while the vote is being taken. I don't think the Member from Watson Lake should feel that he is making a supreme sacrifice and take the Chair back so he doesn't have to vote on this motion he has presented.

Mr. Chairman: Speaking from the Chair, it is quite within my rights to ask another Member of Committee to take the Chair in such matters, however, I think in all fairness that the duty of Chairman of Committees as such, that it is only a courtesy to retain the duties and I have no qualms. In any event were a deciding issue to come I have explained my position in this regard and would of course vote accordingly so I see no problem.

Mr. MacKinnon: I would like to have seen this <sup>little</sup> a/broader. I would have liked to have seen it include such places as Carmacks, not only Teslin. We have a bigger development at Carmacks, we need a nurse much worse in my estimation. I have to go along with you but it is not too broad.

MOTION CARRIED with  
Mr. Boyd opposed.

Committee proceeded to discuss Sessional Papers with Commissioner Cameron and Mr. MacKenzie, Territorial Treasurer in attendance.

The following discussion took place concerning Sessional Paper No. 16 - Amusement Tax, in relation to Motion #38.

Discussion  
Sessional  
Paper #38

**Mr. Shaw:** Mr. Chairman, in relation to this particular matter it was requested last fall, a year ago, that the theatres present to the Administration the balance sheets and the profit and loss statements duly audited, and I believe this has been done. It has been done for a two year period I think in the area where I am from, and the people there have had no decision or very little communication since they submitted this, and they are asking that they be allowed to sell a certain amount of tickets before they have to collected this amusement tax in order to continue. I wonder if Mr. MacKenzie could enlighten us on the results of these communications that we have had from these people.

**Mr. MacKenzie:** I have here, Mr. Chairman, Financial Statement for the Orpheum Theatre, Dawson City, received from Collins & Collins for the year ending May 31, 1964. I don't think I have seen anything from any other theatre, but I don't think that is too important. We know that they are operating marginally and not making any money out of it - you don't need Financial Statements to be aware of that.

**Mr. Shaw:** Mr. Chairman, this is a question of doubt, a discriminatory type of tax. Taxes have always been based on the ability to pay and when the ability is no longer there what is the point of continuing with something that was established many, many years ago, when this was the form of entertainment. Now there is competition in every facet that is possible, including the Government. If the government wishes to continue to assess these people, I would say it would be unfair because if there is any profit made from these particular things, they will pay this profit in income tax in the normal course of events. When this was formed that was the only entertainment - there was not even any radio up here when I first came, there were no provisions for radio, there was no television, the Government itself were not going around putting on free shows here and there, Practically any mining company that comes into the Territory of any size, immediately as they have established their camps and so forth, they send outside and they bring in pictures to show these people. There is no tax naturally because they don't charge anything for admission, and they have shows coming in continually. In the Dawson area for example they have the finest shows in the country coming up regular for their employees, which is a good thing, and the Yukon Consolidate, in the summer, and possibly in the winter I am not sure, does likewise. The Government goes up there, they put on shows. I guess if I took an assessment I would have a list as long as my arm of the people that provide entertainment - and of course they don't pay any tax, which is quite fine - I very much agree with that. However, you have one small industry that is trying to make livelihood out of public entertainment - so we immediately start saying you pay this percentage of tax. My plea, Mr. Chairman, is to at least allow them to make some form of a livelihood in their venture before you start putting an added burden of taxation, which other people are absolutely exempt from, allow them to make a living - allow them to make sell \$800.00 worth of tickets before they have to pay tax or \$1000.00 per month and then they pay tax after that. It is still unfair but at least it is giving a person a break. I am sure that Mr. MacKenzie has gone through these figures, now I haven't seen them myself, I don't know what they contain but they are done by a firm of auditors in Whitehorse, I think the

Treasurer has two or three years of the profit and loss and papers necessary for any firm of reputable auditors to submit. This is here and I believe that it will prove just about what I have stated. These people just aren't even making a living at it with this large investment.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, I would like to say that I believe the amusement tax should be eliminated, but I think we are dealing basically with a principle here. In fact the amusement tax is paid by you and I when we go to the theatre, it is not as though if this amusement tax was given back to these operators that they would give it back to the people themselves. When these gentlemen went into this business they knew the amusement tax set-up at the time, and it was agreed in the 5-Year Agreement that we would carry on with the amusement tax as it presently is. If we were to make a variation - we do weaken our bargaining position for the next 5-Year Agreement any time we change a principle of collecting amounts of revenue. The amusement tax revenue collected last year I believe was \$16,000.00. If we make any exceptions outside of the City of Whitehorse we will have some terrific cries from theatre operators in Whitehorse because they approached Government, I am quite sure because I heard it discussed on the street, a number of years ago when television first came into Whitehorse, and said well this is unfair competition because this organization has wrecked competition to our theatres and yet they pay no amusement tax; and I feel that we would be in a position where we would have to say either all or nothing. I don't think we could go to the one or two operators in question, in Watson Lake, or Dawson City at this time. In 1967 it is our intention that this will be eliminated. There will be no amusement tax, but to make a partial change at the present time I believe we would put ourselves in a very bad position from the standpoint of the operators in any other area, and particularly in Whitehorse, and also in a weaker position as far as Ottawa is concerned because we have backed down you might say on an agreement in principle.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would just like to get one matter straight, I didn't say that the people in Whitehorse don't get exactly the same thing. This isn't just for one or two, this is for all theatres, whether they be in Whitehorse or Timbuktu - as far as we have control over it - that they would get the first say \$800.00 of sales in any month exempt from this tax. If you wanted to collect this amount say we would increase beyond \$1000.00 instead of paying 10% it would be 12%, if you want to collect this same amount, but the initial start you have to have sufficient money in order to operate something. You have to have enough revenue and enough money left so that it will pay for reasonable wages, amortization, and the cost of operation. It is fine to say well we can raise the tax - a show in Dawson for example cost \$1.00, it used to be \$ .75 , but the cost went up and it is now \$1.00, and I think it is practically the same in this area now. When you have a show there you may get 75 or 50 people whereas \$1.00 in a place like this you would get 200 or 300 people to the show. You could have better pictures, you could pay more for pictures, you have more population to draw from and therefore you can have a more satisfactory business. But when you are in a place that has a smaller population you can only get so much revenue from this in the course of a year, and if you are just operating for peanuts you are liable to just close the thing up, and one of the reasons is that this amount of tax on this 1000 tickets a month could be sufficient to provide the profit - the difference between a profit and loss situation.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, it seems to me that the individual is paying this tax, I don't know what the problem seems to be if the price of admission what ever it is - if the tax is added on to it - so this isn't coming out of the operators pocket as far as I can see. I wonder just what Mr. Shaw is trying to prove.

Mr. Shaw: What I am trying to prove Mr. Chairman, is that amusement tax is a tax on amusement. It is put on one form of amusement only, it is not put on any other form of amusement. It is not put on television, not on radio, it is not put on any shows that you have but it is put on movie theatres. If you wish to have a bunch of shows, you can have a bunch of shows, if you don't charge for them you don't have to pay amusement tax but that is competition to the person that is paying the tax and there is a limit to how much you can charge people to go to a movie theatre. As already established, it is established in such a way that they have cut it out in most of the provinces, in fact it is a thing of the past it is almost obsolete. I don't want to say just kick it out, I say give them a chance to make a reasonable profit on their investment and after that proceed with the tax until 1967. I am sure if the Department of Northern Affairs could be shown the statements and those statements showed that they were not making a profit and this would possibly make the difference between operating at a loss or a profit I am sure that they would look at that and say well for goodness sake that certainly is reasonable, we can't complain about that.

Mr. Taylor (with Mr. Southam in the Chair): Mr. Chairman, I think there is one other point that should be pointed out in relation to this and that is that the operator in the small outlying district provides the only visual form of entertainment to the general travelling public that we have in the whole shooting match. We have no television, we have none of these basket ball games or hockey games or anything of this nature which we can go and enjoy. Another problem with the outside operators is that we have these line films, I believe the Department of Transport have one, and the Army have one, and as Councillor Shaw has pointed out some of the other larger organizations have one. Canadian National Telegraphs have one and this drains off a lot of potential customers from the private enterprise theatres and they of course don't pay tax. They are exempt. If they show there own people these films these people see all the movies they want and they don't patronize the local theatre which is providing service for the average citizen outside of the government organizations. This is one problem he is faced with. He feels that if he has to run competition with these people, these other people should be paying these taxes as well or else it is in fact discriminatory. I can agree with Mr. Commissioner that it may not be a wise thing to reduce the revenues of the Territory at this time in view of the coming 5-Year Fiscal negotiations. However I do think that we can resolve this problem, and believe me we have been two years trying to find an answer to it, I think that the idea suggested by Councillor Shaw of using an arbitrary profit figure to start with could well resolve the problem, and not decrease the revenues to the extent where they could be damaging to our next fiscal position because it seems the small person who is not doing the big business is the man who is going to be given some relief and a larger organization who is doing the most business will not be too much affected. I wonder if Mr. MacKenzie could give us an outline in this regard.

Mr. MacKenzie: I would say, Mr. Chairman, that you want to avoid setting up an arrangement which would be difficult to administer. The more complicated you make it, the more time it would take to do, and time costs money. I should like to suggest, as the Commissioner suggested, that this tax be eliminated in the next 5-Year Agreement but left as is until then. It has been operating in this way for years at a steady level of \$15,000.00 a year, another year wouldn't make any difference to the operator.

Commissioner Cameron: Further to that, and back to what I believe Councillor Thompson pointed out that if we were giving the taxpayer or the people back something it would have a little more impact, but what we are doing in fact is saying to a particular business operator - we will allow you to make more profit - he is still going to charge the public the same amount for the picture show and while I do think it is a bad tax, I think it is rapidly disappearing throughout Canada. It is not as though we have just done this, everybody went into this with their eyes wide open over the last number of years, and if it was a case that the theatre operator was going to get more people in, which was suggested here that they have the opposition of clubs and organizations, Department of Transport, Department of Public Works and so on that have these good films in and don't pay tax, well if these organizations will continue to get these good films in then the people will continue to go there. So you are not going to increase the number of people going to the man's theatre. Therefore he is not going to give any kick-back, I am quite sure, he is going to keep his price at the same level and make himself some more money. I have no objections to that, I think its fine, but I don't know that it would go down too well.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Chairman, I think you would find that it is a generally accepted policy with government, both Federal and Territorial, to stay out of a business in a community where there is private enterprise providing the business, and of course, here again we have a problem, we could possibly assist resolving of this problem by having governments quite showing motion pictures in communities where theatres exist but until such a time as we can remove this tax, but we've got two years to go and in two years you could break these people right out of business. Then of course there is no means of providing this facility to the public. The only entertainment we have today other than the motion picture show, quite frankly, is the bar, and you can either sit in the bar and get stoned or you can go to a picture show and enjoy yourself.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I would like to know if Mr. MacKenzie would have from the top of his head - how much of the \$15,000.00 falls within the vicinity of Whitehorse?

Mr. MacKenzie: The greater part of it. Take for example the year 1963/64, to Whitehorse \$11,300.00; Dawson \$1200.00 Watson Lake 1500.00; Takhini Hot Springs \$600.00.

Mr. Boyd: Here we have some people asking for the tax to be discontinued wherein if it is so done the people will in no way benefit. The operator will benefit. At the same time they will represent practically nil in so far as the revenue of this particular tax is concerned. It seems to me to be pushing pretty hard. We have no complaints in Whitehorse on this score and I would not want to see these operators here in Whitehorse get this reduction and not give it to the public. People pay tax no matter where they go, I pay tax when I go to the hot springs, where ever you like, and these people are paying some kind of a tax for other shows. It is just pushing this thing pretty high I think. The people are not going to benefit and the very fact that they are not going

to benefit isn't going to increase your patronage to the show. I think we had better think about it.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I think the Honourable Member on my left is doing a lot of loose thinking - how do you know people won't benefit - if they can make \$1200.00 a year you might get better shows so you would benefit that way. This may be their profit in this particular outfit, \$1200.00. You charge one little outfit \$100.00 a month of a licence, that's what it boils down to - so he's got to get it off the public to pay it naturally. Now, we'll go to the Federal Government and see what the Federal Government does in the way of sales tax and excise tax - now this is a huge corporation this Federal Government. I happen to have a licence to manufacture jewellery in which I have to pay approximately 16% on everything I manufacture and of course the public in turn pay for it when they buy the merchandise. However, the Federal Government states that unless you sell over \$3,000.00 worth of merchandise a year of what you manufacture, you do not have to pay sales and excise tax - they allow a small person to operate before they start plonking this sales and excise tax on. I know what I am talking about because I am involved in it and have been for years, I just got over the hump so I had to pay it. None the less that is the attitude of the Federal Government on sales and excise tax which is similar to amusement tax, it boils down to the same thing. I would just like to point that out for this Committee's edification and if they pay an amount of \$1200.00, I don't know, Mr. MacKenzie will have the figures, if they got this and if they use it themselves would they be making a fantastic amount, an abnormal amount or an unreasonable amount?

Mr. MacKenzie: In the case of the Orpheum Theatre I think their Financial Statements show they had a net profit for that year of \$578.56.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask Mr. Shaw how he can account for putting a show on six days a week, make it 7 days a week, with the aid of government money and their very own citizens, 7 days a week, is he not taking this money and business away from the theatre? If you didn't have that show going six days a week these people would all be at the theatre wouldn't they? How do you account for this kind of a deal?

Mr. Shaw: Well Mr. Chairman, I think this is getting somewhat ridiculous. I would say that if you don't want that show there 6 days a week all you've got to do is cut out the \$6,000.00, that's no problem. You just cut that out and that will be quite and it will be the sorriest day that was ever made by the Territorial Council. There might be snickers on the left but I'm used to those snickers. We are in a different category altogether. Here are the auditor's statements showing a profit of \$500.00, these shows are put on for two nights in the theatre and this other deal is for tourists it doesn't make any effect on the local people and the tourists as a general rule don't go to picture shows especially the shows that we are able to get up there they have seen those many years ago, so I don't think that is a very good simile the Member from West has brought up.

Mr. Boyd: Well I think it has a bearing on it Mr. Chairman you can't tell me that this 500 people in a town and there is a play going on that this won't detract from the theatre. So it has a bearing.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Chairman, I would like to say that if you are forced by reason of profit not to be able to provide a decent type of film, if you have to go back to something that

you people can watch on television here in Whitehorse then certainly you won't have much of a turn out because we saw those years ago. If you can provide the public with a reasonably up to date film, good clean entertainment, fine. I might point out that the operator in Whitehorse attempted to keep his theatre open six days a week but was forced by this same situation to reduce his operations to four days a week during the winter months. Whether or not he will be able to keep this thing open for the six days a week during the summer months will largely depend on our ability to find some relief from this amusement tax.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, I still can't see what all the hollering is about. In all of Mr. Shaw's submissions he hasn't once said that the price to the consumer is going to come down. All he has intimated is that the operator is going to absorb this tax, or this amount, for his profit so that he can conceivably have a higher standard of living and greater profits. You can see by the figures here the amount that is produced in Whitehorse and this tax is added to the price of admission. This is over and above the operator's profit. If he can't make a profit on what he is doing now then I would suggest that he ups his prices to show a little better balance sheet at the end of the year and as far as all of these other organizations having films, I don't know what the policy is in Dawson and in Watson, but in the Whitehorse area any of these organizations are at liberty to have films but none of them can bring a film in here until it has been shown at the local cinema. In other words the theatres here have the first say, they have the first run. Then after that then these other organizations can bring the films in for the benefit of their own employees. So as far as I can see it is only a case of if they are not making any money to raise the price of admission.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Chairman, I would conclude from those remarks that possibly what the Member can't see is the forest for the trees.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I would conclude that sarcasm isn't going to get us any where and we should end this discussion.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, I won't take up too much time here but as Mr. Cameron said, there is principle involved here. This topic has been brought up almost every session for the last two or three years and the answer has been pretty well the same. In our last 5-Year Agreement we made certain commitments on behalf of the people of the Territory that we were going to levy taxes in consideration for assistance given to us and this was one of the taxes that we agreed to levy. Now the Members from Watson Lake and Dawson City wish to back out of this agreement, they seem to think that things are different in Watson Lake and Dawson City than the rest of the Territory. I notice the ideas behind their motion is to exempt putting anything over \$800.00 a month, this type of thing on it. The suggestion is, for all practical purposes - to tax Whitehorse and not tax Dawson City and Watson Lake. As we can see out of \$15,000.00, \$1700.00 of it is collected from Watson Lake and Dawson City and I think this is an indication of distribution of population. In other words just over 10% of the population wish to break open this agreement to save the people up there \$1700.00. I don't like to levy taxes any more than anybody else but this is something that we have already done, and we have done so with our eyes open, and I don't think it is fair of the Members from Watson Lake and Dawson City to ask us to break into that 5-Year Agreement and give these two areas this exemption from this tax which is the effect of the motion. We say in this audit statement that the profit was only such & such - auditor's statements are strange things

Their wages may have been taken out before the statement was presented, and this is profit after the wages and everything else was taken out. I can't see anybody staying in business and wasting any time on it at all if they are only making \$250.00 a year, that's \$1.00 a day and I don't think it's fair that the Members from Dawson and Watson Lake should keep bringing this motion before Council and saying that we want to levy taxes on you in Council. We have as a Council agreed upon this tax years ago and its not very popular and there is every indication that it will be eliminated by 1967 and I think that we should let it go at that and hope that it is eliminated by 1967.

Mr. Shaw: Mr. Chairman, I would just like to bring the fact that talking about breaking into agreements - there is no problem in breaking into the agreement when there was a re-assessment in the City of Whitehorse about six months ago, there was no problem at all.

Mr. Taylor: Yes Mr. Chairman, I would also remind the Honourable Member that we are attempting to do here is clear up what is right and what I think everyone agrees is a grossly unfair situation. Secondly is we have no intention of asking anyone to back out of any agreement. The suggestion from the two members referred to is that we find some relief but not that we take this tax off and that this relief would be extended to all parts of the Territory, and those with the ability to pay would pay, and those with the ability not to pay would be given some relief until such time as they obtain a position where they can pay. There is nothing unfair about this and insofar as the situation being different in the outlying districts in this regard than in Whitehorse this is quite correct, it is quite different.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, I just want to say that I sympathize with Dawson and Watson Lake, but they are in what I would call a "Jam". They haven't got the business to warrant carrying on or something of this nature, but to turn around and say that 90% of the revenue shall disappear or be handled so that those places can do better is not the answer. You've got to come up with something different to this, at this stage of the game.

Mr. Taylor: Mr. Chairman, I can only point out that I think one point to consider here is costs of operation are far excessive over what they are in Whitehorse, both in fuel, power, utilities, construction, in all fields, and I think this is a matter that also should be taken into consideration. I would respectfully ask the Administration to come up with a problem before the - we have two years to go - these people have to live with this for two more years and it is very well to say in the next Agreement we'll knock this out, no doubt we will, but I would say that if the Federal Government would be willing to allow us to do this negotiation two years from now, they should be able to give this consideration now without damaging our position in the next agreement. As I say, what we ask for here is not to totally knock it out, we do of course mean relief, and I do believe that the Administration would be in a position to do this and could be in a position even though it will present possibly some day to day difficulties.

Mr. Shaw: In conclusion, Mr. Chairman, I would request that the Administration look it over and see if there is some possible way to look at this in a sensible manner. We moved it when the City of Whitehorse wanted relief six months ago that was no problem. Everybody was on their horse and it was changed and that involved a tremendous amount of money because it was unfair, it was unfair to the people of Whitehorse the

way the Ordinance and the Agreement was set up. Then it went to the Minister or somebody, and then relief was granted. So this is not inflexible and I would ask that the Administration do take everything into consideration and try and see if something can be done.

Mr. Chairman: Gentlemen, this concludes the matter related to Amusement Tax.

Discuss-  
ion re  
Applic-  
ation  
for  
Liquor  
Licence

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, may I bring up one subject. On Friday I received an application with a certified cheque for a new liquor outlet in the City of Whitehorse and I can see why it was submitted on Friday because a party knew that the new legislation would not become law at that time. However, I just want to clarify in my own mind - my thinking, and get the clarification from Council that I am thinking in the right lines. About one year ago or a year and a half ago when the Liquor Committee sat and began the study on the Liquor Regulations and problems throughout the Territory it was recommended by Council at that time that no further liquor outlets be granted in the City of Whitehorse until the Committee had made their report. Then on March 30th, of this year, during this session, Motion #31 made this very definite recommendation that the Whitehorse Metropolitan Area receive no new liquor licences for taverns, cocktail lounges, or cabarets, unless they have a minimum of 30 rooms. Therefore, it is my intention, and I see I have no other alternative but to turn this application down, and it is my intention to do so, but if you gentlemen wish to discuss it any further, I am quite happy to hear the discussions - if you don't wish to discuss it we will consider the matter closed. Am I reading the correspondence correctly, is this the feeling?

Mr. MacKinnon: Has any work been done on this building? Has he gone to the trouble of building a bar or is he going to build one?

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, I had the Liquor Inspector examine this building this morning. There is a large open space that is not lined nor has it any ceiling, there is no furniture what so ever, there is no bar, there is no shelving, there is space available that could be made into a liquor lounge. There are, I believe, 16 or 18 rooms, but there is no bar on the premises, nor is there any cocktail lounge built or completed as such.

Mr. Boyd: It seems to me that when a man is going to do something with a building, he first of all assures himself that he can get a licence. It is quite true that in the Liquor Report the submission regarding new outlets it says that "for the area of Whitehorse and nearby vicinities, no new licences for new outlets be issued unless the premises has a minimum of 30 rooms to accommodate the travelling public". This in itself should have indicated something. No man can say we are legislating against anybody, it has been carried on for two years and - I should say this is two years old, this reasoning - and it has been before the public at all times. If we were to do it two years from now we would be faced with the same subject. I can't see where there is anything wrong with what we have done.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, I disagree a little bit with Mr. Boyd, because I think in two year's time it would be a little different because what we have legislated for would be in fact enacted. At the moment all we have are recommendations, submissions, we have nothing that has changed the

Ordinance from -what- two, three years ago. There was nothing in it at that time - certainly the Committee studying liquor made these recommendations, but there was no law that I know of that was enacted to say that this would be so. This is, to my way of thinking, putting the cart before the horse. Granted you have the intent there but it hasn't become law so far as I can understand so I would imagine that this application is being submitted on the law as it stands in the books at the moment.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask the Commissioner what was the date of that motion?

Commissioner Cameron: March 30th, Mr. Chairman, it was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Taylor.

Committee agreed with the action to be taken by the Commissioner.

Committee proceeded to discuss Sessional Paper #11 related to Motion #17 - Dust Control. Discussion S.P. #11

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, there is just one matter that I think has come to light since this time. There is an item in here that says that "the expenditure of \$17000.00 cannot be justified at this time. No dust control program is in the 5-Year agreement and we are now dealing with a situation where funds under this Agreement are not as plentiful as they were during 1964". I understand there has, since we went over this, the possibility of both the City and the Department of Public Works being interested in using a machine if we so approve and this might throw an entirely different light on the matter whereas some of the capital costs could be recovered and if this were so I would like to heartily recommend that this oiler in fact be purchased and that the programme as it is so listed be carried out without undue delay.

Commissioner Cameron: Mr. Chairman, I just received a memorandum this morning asking the Area Development Officer to start negotiations immediately for the purchase of this equipment, and it will cost in the neighbourhood of \$16,000.00. The programme as laid down, I think in that Sessional Paper shows the application costs and the cost of the oil at \$17,000.00 - some odd dollars - and we have come up with a new set of figures at between \$7,000.00 and \$8,000.00 which we feel will certainly be a good starting point. Also after discussions with the Territorial Engineer he has informed me that the Department of Public Works are interested in using such a machine and so would the City of Whitehorse be, plus the fact that we will have further use for it in the Whitehorse area, by the Territorial Government, and even the local paving contractors would be possibly interested. So it would appear that we would get good utilization out of it and have it available to rent out to these other government organizations and on that basis we will be submitting this on the supplementary estimates this fall, hoping that our friend Mr. MacKenzie will be able to dig up the funds now so that we can have this machine ordered right away because it will take a couple of months for delivery.

Mr. MacKenzie: No problem.

Mr. Thompson: Mr. Chairman, I wonder if I could ask one further question regarding this. You say you slashed it from \$17,000.00 to between \$7,000.00 and \$8,000.00, I take it then that this is cutting the overall programme pretty well in half. I am wondering if you are not contemplating three applications for these various areas - I am wondering if you are contemplating two at a lot less density than

previous or one at the prescribed density?

Commissioner Cameron: I am not sure that I can answer that too well because it involves engineering, but basically it is the same localities that will be done throughout the Territory. The applications I believe will be two instead of three and the quantity in each application - the first amount of figures were recomputed, re-worked, and found that it was fairly heavy application and in fact would probably tend to pothole the road much faster on the first application. They feel they can get the same efficiency with one application less and I am not sure but what they didn't get a better price on some road oil as well, but all the communities will be done the same as before.

Discussion Committee proceeded to Sessional Paper #15, Housing Takhini S.P. #15 Area.

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask the Commissioner if any decision has been made on these houses.

Commissioner Cameron: Yes, Mr. Chairman, they have been put back on the sale and in the letter to Crown Assets we pointed out that should these houses not go on the public sale we wish to be notified again. They have assured us they will do this. The procedure is basically this, that if there are, we'll say 10 or 12 houses left, that were not sold, nobody bid on, they would be turned back to the Department of Public Works who in turn could give them or transfer them to us for \$1.00. Then it would be up to us to think of some sort of a programme where we would be able to at least move them. The main thing I am trying to point out is that we don't want to see any of these destroyed. So we give everybody an opportunity to bid on them - I would suggest that they <sup>would</sup> be sold for between \$200.00 and \$1000.00 a piece for removal from site. If the low income people are interested then they will have the opportunity to purchase them, they can't say that we are discriminating against anybody, anyone will have a chance to purchase. If there are a number that are not sold, and I have a feeling there might be, then we will come up with some other arrangement to get utilization of these places. If they are all sold then this is good because regardless of who buys them it will make more housing available and even if the people who buy them just upgrade themselves well the people in the very low income bracket will have the opportunity of moving into them.

Mr. Boyd: Did I understand you to say that if and when these houses are sold it is on the basis of removal off the ground?

Commissioner Cameron: This is correct Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Boyd: Would these houses be permitted to be torn down and rebuilt in the municipality of Whitehorse?

Commissioner Cameron: I would imagine so Mr. Chairman, yes. In fact I don't know that they would have to be torn down, as I understand it they meet the bare minimum building requirements so it would be a case of, right now the main thing would be rewiring, they all have to be rewired. This was where the problem was originally created. If in the first instance when they were put up for sale it was found that they did not meet the bare minimum building code you wouldn't have any problem, they would have to be destroyed or taken out into the woods somewhere beyond the 10 mile area of Whitehorse as summer cottages, but the Engineering

Department said that they do come to the minimum building requirements, the bare minimum.

Mr. Thompson: Are these houses all the same size?

Commissioner Cameron: Yes.

Mr. Thompson: Would you know roughly what the measurements are?

Commissioner Cameron: The figure of 730 square feet goes through my mind but I am not sure whether this is correct or not. I think I am probably high on that, I would say they would be closer to 500 square feet.

Mr. Watt: Just one question. The major objection appeared to have been - for selling the houses on site - appears to have been the plumbing, water and sewer hook-ups up there. Is that objection for the whole area - is there no section of this where this water and sewer is adequate? I really believe that if these are sold to be removed I think the government would be fortunate to get \$200.00 for them or in that neighbourhood. In many cases they would be lucky to get that.

Commissioner Cameron: Well, Mr. Chairman, it wasn't just the plumbing. It is a strange type of plumbing because it was done as a war time measure but they are generally a very low assessed value, and I certainly agree with Councillor Watt that they might go for \$50.00 as far as that goes.

Clear.

Committee continued to Sessional Paper #23 - Amendments to the Municipal Ordinance. Discussion Sessional Paper #23

Clerk-of-Council: Mr. Chairman, there was an item in that paper that was left in abeyance. Item #41 on Page 10. If you remember, I requested that this be left in abeyance until my assistant returned from the Assessors' Conference in Edmonton. He has returned, and I obtained the information I was after. My recommendation at this time would be that in the second paragraph of section 41, Item (b) and Item (d) should be deleted because they are definitely out as far as the Province of Alberta is concerned. Item (b) states "Land to be assessed at fair actual value exclusive of any improvements thereon;" this is exactly opposite to the trend in the Provinces. They very definitely consider the improvements on the land and consider the use to which it is being put at present. Item (d) is where the BRA, Business Residential Adjustment is referred to. This is definitely out in Alberta, the Assessors are no longer allowed to use it. They used it several years ago. So I would suggest that those items be deleted.

Mr. Boyd: Mr. Chairman, does this mean that land in a business district will be taxed on this business assessed value in the business district without any further adjustment? If you are using it for a private home does this mean you can juggle the figures and get them back to a dwelling tax rather than business tax? What is the meaning of this?

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Tax Assessor): Paragraph (d) is an old system that they used several years ago in Alberta, and they used it here when

they assessed the City of Whitehorse. It is what they call a Business Residential Adjustment. It is quite a complicated system. It is arrived by determining the difference in value between a commercial and residential lot and deducting the difference from the value of the improvements which could conceivably leave you quite a high assessed value on your lot if you should be in a commercial area and had a house on your lot. In other words you would be practically getting a commercial assessment on your lot rather than a residential assessment. This is something that they are not allowed to do in Alberta any longer. Why this assessor made this recommendation here I will never know. It definitely is out, they are not allowed to use it in Alberta, and they are not using it in any other Province in Canada.

Mr. Thompson: In other words then, Mr. Chairman, if I had a private dwelling in a business district I would pay residential tax for my property.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Tax Assessor): This is quite right. The only time that would change is if you bought a lot in a commercial area after it had been zoned commercially, then built a house on it, you would then pay a commercial tax, but if the area has been re-zoned after your house is built or after you have purchased your lot etc., and built a house on it - if the area is then re-zoned to a commercial area - as long as that house remains on that lot and you are using it for strictly residential purposes you would get a residential assessment. This is the same right across Canada in all the Provinces.

Mr. Thompson: Well Mr. Chairman, if this is the same right across Canada how did it happen to get in here, and what has it done with respect to this last assessment in Whitehorse.

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Tax Assessor): As I said I don't know why it came here, the Assessor obviously made a mistake. The information we obtained from Edmonton is that this is not done in any of the provinces. I can only assume that he made a mistake in that recommendation and what it has done to the City of Whitehorse, I think, should be rectified next year and I am going to go on record as recommending very strongly that it be rectified next year, but I can't say what will be done until the time arrives.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, I would just like to ask the Clerk how would this affect land? The assessment of land with a house on it in a commercial area - take these dwellings across the street, they are in commercial area, would the land there be assessed at the normal rate of the building lot, or would it be assessed at the actual value of the land?

Clerk-of-Council (in his capacity as Territorial Tax Assessor): The lots which you are looking at would be assessed as residential lots and residential lots only as long as those houses remain on those lots and they are being lived in and they are being used for residential purposes they would be given a residential assessment, not a commercial assessment.

Mr. Shaw: Well Mr. Chairman, I think the Tax Assessors assessment of the situation is very fair and I would recommend that we go along with that.

Mr. Watt: Mr. Chairman, I find it difficult to believe that they are doing this all across Canada because I can see a situation like we see right here where there is a limited amount of commercial land and to be able to tie this up for years with a very minimum of taxes just by leaving a house on it with these prime services going by such as the pavement. There are people who will be able to hold this land for years and have these prime services. It is hard for me to believe this.

Committee agreed with this Item.

Committee recessed until 2:00 p.m.

.../763

Monday, April 12th, 1965.  
2:00 o'clock P.M.

Committee was called to order to discuss Sessional Paper #24 related to Jury Fees.

Discuss.  
S.P. #24

Mr. Watt: I would like to ask Mr. Hughes if he has got enough information on that.

Mr. Hughes: The Councillor was present at all the discussions and I thought that the position had been established. I have not got my notes here. As I remember, the fees will remain the same but, in cases of hardship, after a case has gone for four days the Judge will certify hardship and the fee could be increased to I think \$18.00. That is my recollection but naturally, when preparing the matter formally, I will be looking at the Votes and Proceedings to make sure.

The Chairman continued to read through the Sessional Papers and Mr. Watt had a question on #29 respecting payment of fines.

Mr. Watt: Has Mr. Hughes got anything specific enough from Council on this to try to enact as you had suggested near the end of the memorandum? Are you going to try to enact that after this Session to see if it would work.

Question  
re S.P.29

Mr. Hughes: I was not present when that was discussed in Council and perhaps Council could tell the Administration that the proposed plan is acceptable. It is not quite what Council wanted originally but for the reasons indicated there are difficulties. We could put that in this summer to see how it works if it meets with your approval as an attempt to come up with a satisfactory solution at this time. I would welcome a positive direction although it may be that you gave an analysis when it was discussed and that I was not present at that time.

Mr. Watt: That is why I brought it up here. I don't feel that it was discussed and a proposal accepted. I would like to suggest that we do accept your proposal and put it into operation as soon as we possibly can so that it has a fair run this summer. Then we can have a report on how it has worked during the summer so that if further changes are needed, they can be made next fall.

Mr. Hughes was excused and left the Council Chambers.

Next discussion was on Sessional Paper #37 related to historical copies of Hansard.

Re: S.P.37

Mr. Thompson: The Administration says that they have money which can be made available for shelving requirements and proper storage. I thought the intent was that they be placed in the local library where they would have shelving and storage facilities.

Mr. Commissioner: I can't answer that definitely at this time. The only thing that is going through my mind at this time is that the order we placed is for Hansards back to some time ago, I think a complete set since they have been brought out. I imagine that some of the original issues will be put in cold storage. After all, it is quite feasible and will probably be in some part of the library system but

there will be such a large volume of material that we still felt we would have to put in additional shelving over and above normal library requirements in order to store them. I hope it will be in the library. It might take the whole room.

Mr. Shaw: Did we not get these volumes so that later on if and when there were proper legislative chambers, there could be a library in connection with this in which we could have these and the current issues and also the issues of the past Territorial Councils where they had records. In the discussions I felt that this was going to be an amazing number of books and if they were put in the library we would not have enough space to put the library books.

The Chairman finished reading through the Sessional Papers and Mr. Commissioner and Mr. MacKenzie were excused.

Mr. Chairman: We have one remaining item and that is the matter of bills. We have two bills remaining which have been amended and returned to Committee. With respect to Bill #4, I will draw your attention to the fact that the total gross expenditure prior to amendment was \$10,172,250.55 and the amended bill has reduced this amount to \$9,676,851.75.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam that Bill #4 be reported out of Committee as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

Mr. Chairman: What is your pleasure with Bill #10?

Mr. Boyd: I would suggest that the paragraphs which required amendment be read.

Mr. Chairman: These have already been read once but I will try to locate them and re-read them if you wish.

Mr. Chairman read Item 2 and Section 20 of the new subsection 7.

It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor Watt, that Bill #10 be reported out of Committee as amended.

MOTION CARRIED.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the Chair and hear the report of the Chairman of Committee.

MOTION CARRIED.

Mr. Taylor: Committee convened at 10:35 a.m. this morning to discuss Bills, Memorandums, Sessional Papers and Motions. Committee first discussed Motion #12 related to Medical Facility at Teslin. Motion #12 was carried in Committee. Amusement Tax problems were next discussed with Mr. Commissioner and Mr. MacKenzie in attendance. Committee next reviewed Sessional Papers. Committee recessed at 12 noon and reconvened at 2 p.m. this afternoon. Mr. Commissioner, Mr. MacKenzie and Mr. Hughes attended Committee for further discussions related to Sessional Papers. It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Bill

#4 be reported out of Committee as amended. Motion carried.  
It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor Watt, that Bill #10 be reported out of Committee as amended. Motion carried.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that Mr. Speaker do now resume the Chair and hear the Report of the Chairman of Committee. Motion carried.

Committee accepted the report of the Chairman of Committees.

Mr. Speaker: We have the amendments to Bill #4 and Bill #10 to process. Are there any other bills outstanding?

Mr. Clerk: No.

It was moved by Councillor Taylor, seconded by Councillor Boyd, that we revert to the orders of the day and process the bills accordingly.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that first reading be given to Bill #4 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor MacKinnon, that second reading be given to Bill #4 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor Boyd, that third reading be given to Bill #4 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Southam, seconded by Councillor Boyd, that the title to Bill #4 be adopted as written.

MOTION CARRIED

Bill #4 was passed by the House.

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that first reading be given to Bill #10 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that second reading be given to Bill #10 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that third reading be given to Bill #10 as amended.

MOTION CARRIED

It was moved by Councillor Boyd, seconded by Councillor Southam, that the title to Bill #10 be adopted as written.

MOTION CARRIED

Bill #10 was passed by the House.

Council held a short recess.

Mr. Speaker: I will now call this Council to order. The business on hand is an event we have been conducting for quite a number of years - the answer to the Commissioner's Opening address.

	Sessional Papers Nos
Mr. Boyd gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 60)	60
Mr. Thompson gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 61)	61
Mr. MacKinnon gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 62)	62
Mr. Watt gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 63)	63
Mr. Southamm gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 64)	64
Mr. Taylor gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 65)	65
Mr. Shaw (with Deputy Speaker in the Chair) gave his closing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 66)	66
Mr. Speaker: Mr. Clerk, Would you escort the Commissioner here for his closing address.	
Mr. Commissioner and Mr. Hughes enter Council Chamber.	
Mr. Speaker: The Council of the Yukon Territory has, at its present sittings thereof, passed a number of Bills which, in the name of, and on behalf of the said Council, I respectfully request your assent.	
Mr. Clerk-in-Council: Bills Nos. 1, 2, and 3 were given assent on March 26, Bills Nos. 8 and 9 were assented to on April 8, the balance of the Bills are as follows:	
Bill No. 4 - AN ORDINANCE FOR GRANTING TO THE COMMISSIONER CERTAIN SUMS OF MONEY TO DEFRAID THE EXPENSES OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY, (2nd Appropriation Ordinance 1965-66)	
Bill No. 5 - AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE ENGINEERING PROFESSION ORDINANCE	
Bill No. 6 - AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE SCHOOL ORDINANCE	
Bill No. 7 - AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE WORKMENS COMPENSATION ORDINANCE	
Bill No. 10 - AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE LIQUOR ORDINANCE	
Mr. Commissioner: Thank you, Mr. Speaker, and Members of Council. Have you reached the end of your deliberations for this Session? It is my privilege to make a few closing remarks before Council prorogues.	
Mr. Commissioner gave the proroguing address (Set out as Sessional Paper No. 67)	67

Mr. Speaker: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner, for your kind words. I would like at this time, on behalf of the Council, to thank you and the members of your staff, who have assisted us so greatly during this past Session. This is a difficult task that we have at times in order to try and make everything work out, but with the cooperation we have had I am sure that we will benefit collectively in this year. Thank you.

Mr. Clerk-in-Council: It is the Commissioner's will and pleasure that this Council be now prorogued, and this Council is accordingly prorogued.

Council prorogued April 12th, 1965.